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t Received.
lues in our China, Glass,
week will be a recent con-
bright decorations.
ou may make just the size set
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tely the lowest we have ever
, and lower than many infe-
r elsewhere. Third floor.

New Lamps.

mps for the parlor,
all, or the library;
he Oriental room
e cozy corner. The
n of these values
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$3.00, $6.75, $10.00,
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mps, in a large as-
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75.00 each.



$5.00 Complete.

*onze Vases, Incense Burn-
ers and Jardinieres.*
wedding presents there are very many
propriate suggestions in this selection and
hese prices Christmas presents may be
cipated at great savings.
onze Incense Burners, each $3.00 up.
onze Jardinieres, each $15.00 up.
onze Vases, each $2.00 up.

Items.
19 inch, yard 60c; 21 inch, yard
85c; 36 inch, yard $1.00, $1.25,
inch, yard $2.50. Special Pure

Novelties, consisting of ½ yard
ths of from 2 to 10 yards, all

riegated stripes, White Corded
des, Light, Medium and Dark
ncies. Prices $1.00 to $2.00 yard.
Basement Section.
ue, yard 75c.
t, suitable for whole dresses and waists,
ue, yard 50c.

New Dress Trimmings.
Our Trimming Section now
bounds with a most complete as-
ortment of all the newest domes-
c and Parisian novelties.
Most exquisite creations in colored
opliques—hand painted trimmings, with
ised flowers of chiffon daintily traced with
e beads and gold thread—chiffon roses, in
ink, blue, yellow and heliotrope.
Dainty little bands of velvet studded in
eel beads, with medallions of puffed taffeta
delicate colorings, garnitures in all the
test shapes matching trimmings, so that
oth can be used together.
A complete stock of black and colored
rilliant Silk Braids. We particularly call
ttention to a new imported braid, called
he Tresse Secession, the success of the
eason. This braid comes in black and
olors and can be used as a straight braid
r pulled into almost any shape.
First floor.

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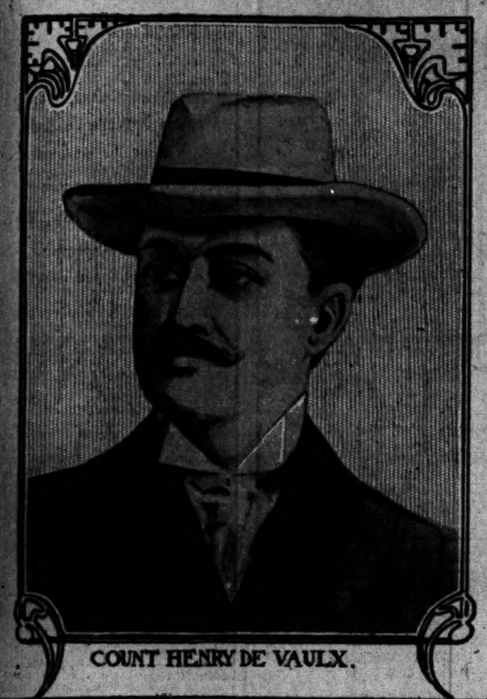
nd Rugs.
Fifth floor.
and exclusive line of Carpet-
and colorings, consisting of
Wiltons, Bigelow and Lowell
Whittall Body Brussels, and
Velvets, 6000 Velvets, and

Prices.
ighest grades from last season's
prices to close stock.
Bigelow Axminsters, yd., $1.25
Best Body Brussels, yd., $1.10
k Rug.
very artistic in design. Colors
$100.00; 10 ft. 6 in. x18 ft. 6 in.
Rugs.
Body Brussels and Smyrna Rugs,
extent and variety.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 288. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MAN WHO IS BALLOONING MEDITERRANEAN.



COUNT HENRY DE VAULX.

Count de la Vaulx is the intrepid French balloonist who is now crossing the Mediterranean sea with a view of testing the possibility of using balloons between France, Corsica, and Algeria in time of war. The Count is accompanied by two other aeronauts and a naval lieutenant. He has received semi-official support from the French government in the shape of subscriptions from the Ministers of Marine and War. He started with seventy-two carrier pigeons, which he is releasing at stated intervals. At last reports the Count's balloon was traveling at a fairly good rate some forty or fifty feet above the water. He hopes to reach Algeria Wednesday night or Thursday morning. He set sail from Les Saintes, near Toulon, France, Saturday evening.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— TUESDAY, OCT. 15, 1901.

Fair and slightly warmer Tuesday, southerly winds; Wednesday, fair and cooler, northwest winds.

Sun rises at 6:12; sets at 5:21. Moon sets at 7:06 p. m.

LOCAL:—

Ordinance for extension of Union Traction line in Kedzie avenue defeated in Council through the offer of a substitute requiring the company to waive claims under "99-year" act. Resolution to investigate all city fee offices defeated.

Robert E. Burke began habeas corpus proceedings before Judge Dunne to avoid trial under the indictments charging embezzlement of oil fees, on the ground that he is guilty of no offense.

In the investigation of the Rev. G. K. Reeve's management of the Home Finding association, witnesses charged him with getting money by misrepresentation and with misappropriation.

Mrs. Grace Snell Walker, who was recently divorced from James Walker, to marry Frank Coffin, whom she had married twice before and from whom she was twice divorced.

Thomas Nelson Page, in discussing recent books, declared that most of the novels issued out by publishers lack the quality of literature.

Governor Yates was a visitor to the Rock River Conference, which pledged him its support in measures to stamp out anarchy.

Levi Whitman, a traveling man, jumped from a third floor window of the Garden City Hotel during a fire and was killed.

Thomas McDonough killed by the earth caving in on him while working in a tunnel.

Judge Baker decided policemen must be paid salaries tied up by assignments.

Ex-Alderman George McGregor committed suicide because of financial troubles.

Two women held up on the South Side, one of whom was brutally treated.

Police rounded up professional street beggars, making sixteen arrests.

Matthias Thorssen and his son asphyxiated by gas.

DOMESTIC:—

At the meeting of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Pythians today at Springfield charges of mismanagement will be filed against C. H. Cushing, Vice Grand Chancellor, and H. P. Cottrell, Grand Keeper of Records.

Mary Witwer arraigned at Dayton, O., charged with the murder of Anna C. Fish. If convicted she will be accused with deaths of seventeen other persons.

Thomas W. Lawson and New England agent of Standard Oil company making separate fight for control of the Boston power market.

Omaha City Council and Edward Cudahy increase reward offered for arrest of Pat Crowe. Outlaw expected to give himself up.

American Board of Foreign Missions issued an appeal for more money to free Miss Stone. Declared $50,000 needed.

Dr. Senn and party arrived at San Francisco after trip around world. Predicted war over China.

Episcopal House of Deputies adopted canon prohibiting remarriage of divorced persons.

FOREIGN:—

President Castro of Venezuela declared Colombia guilty of the first open act of aggression in the trouble between the two nations. Favors arbitration by United States.

English in ignorance of what is happening in South Africa, General Kitchener allowing only such news as suits him to be sent out.

Robert Hart suggested waiver of Chinese tax on all goods certified in transit as relief of ootrol trouble.

Pretender Count de la Vaulx reported near the Balearic Islands.

WASHINGTON:—

Captain Cook of the Brooklyn testified in the Schley inquiry that he ordered the warship's movements during the celebrated loop, but that at no time did it endanger other ships. Did it to lay the vessel parallel with the enemy.

Colonel Van Horne, Commandant of Fort Sheridan, was recommended for retirement because of physical disabilities by the Medical Retiring board.

President Roosevelt seeking to learn public sentiment on the question of trusts. Trying to formulate how the problem should be solved.

President Roosevelt expected to adopt a policy of non-interference in military courts-martial.

PAGES.

1 Proceedings of the Council.
Four Marriages for Grace Snell.
Hotel Burns; Guest Killed.
Colonel Van Horne Incapacitated.
Captain Cook Routs Schley's Foes.

2 Ex-Alderman a Suicide.
Dr. Senn in San Francisco.
Renew Appeal for Stone Ransom.

3 Decides Divorce Decree is Final.
Teacher's Vigor Cause for Removal.
Boy Beggars Are Arrested.
Sir Thomas Lipton Arrives Today.
South Side Infested by Robbers.

4 General News of New York.
Johann Most Sent to Prison.
Dark Silence in Africa.
New Turn to Chinese Tax Puzzle.
Venezuela President Talks War.

5 Henry Irving in New York.
News of the Theaters.

6 Northwestern Will Play Michigan.
Shadow Times Loses at Lexington.
Hildreth Fair Is Defeated.
Driscoll and Judge Draw.

7 Bowling Record Is Broken.
Fight Expected by Pythians.
Industrial Commission in Harmony.

8 Burke's Defense Attack on Law.

9 Roosevelt Asks Views on Trusts.
Passengers Say Fog Caused Wreck.
Mrs. Witwer Held for Murder.
Fat Crowe's Terms Accepted.
Presbyterian Synod Meets Tonight.

10 In the Commercial Markets.

11 Financial News of the World.
News of the Railroads.
Insurance Affairs.
Record of the Courts.
Lake Marine.

12 Editorial Comment.

13 Plans for Yale Celebration.

16 Women Observe Hat Ordinance.
Short Story of the Day.
Yates at the Conference.
Among the New Books.
Fontenoy Letter.
News of Society.

NEW YORK:—

Johann Most sentenced to one year in prison for publishing an incendiary article in his Anarchist paper, Freiheit, a short time before McKinley's murder.

C. H. Hays, who resigned Presidency of Southern Pacific, was given $155,000 to surrender his five-year contract with the road.

Policemen who favor Seth Low for Mayor transferred to prevent their registering.

Woman robbed of $16,000 in jewelry, which was mysteriously returned to her.

Edward M. Shepard and Richard Croker conferred on Mayoralty campaign.

Wardman J. J. Nesbit arrested for tipping off a raid.

POLITICAL:—

Senator Mason to attend Sangamon County Republican convention to ask approval of his work at Washington.

Henry Watterson said to be a candidate for Governor of Kentucky.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

New line of freight steamships from New York to Hamburg established by the Baltimore and Ohio road.

SPORTING:—

Long of the Boston National league refused offer of $4,000 to play with Chicago White Stockings.

Shadow Chimes easily beaten by Mazette at Lexington. Leola won Johnston Stake.

Northwestern football team to play Michigan at Ann Arbor on Saturday.

Bowling Alley Keepers' association adopted constitution and bylaws.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
GIBRALTAR	Trave	Laurentian.
GLASGOW	Minneapolis	
LONDON	Tunisian	
LIVERPOOL	Nomadic	
NEW YORK	Minnehaha	
NEW YORK	Astoria	
NEW YORK	American Maru.	
S. FRANCISCO		Olympia.
YOKOHAMA		

BAR TO GROWTH IN "99 YEAR" ACT.

Union Traction Ordinance for a Kedzie Avenue Extension Fails in Council.

WAIVER OF CLAIM ASKED.

Substitute Calling for Renouncement Tabled and Then the Original Measure Is Defeated.

ORDER FOR TRANSFERS.

Resolution to Investigate the Various City Offices Which Collect Fees Fails of Adoption.

BRIDGEPORT PUMPS TO BE SOLD.

WORK OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Defeated an Amendment refusing a grant to the Union Traction company except on condition that it waive its claims under the ninety-nine-year act. Then in turn defeated the grant.

Instructed the Corporation Counsel to enforce the ordinance requiring transfers at all junction points of the same street car company.

Referred a plan for a system of down-town subways.

Referred a plan for compensation to the city for extension of existing street car franchises.

Instructed the Corporation Counsel to report what has been done toward getting more cars in Robey street.

Made the "no seat, four-cent-fare ordinance" a special order for next Monday.

Instructed the Finance committee to prepare an ordinance providing for a department of inspection and abolish all fees, including interest drawn by the City Treasurer.

Defeated a resolution calling for an investigation into the Oil Inspector's and other fee offices, including that of City Treasurer.

Instructed the Corporation Counsel to make a demand on the County Treasurer for interest money claimed to be due the city.

Authorized the Mayor to appoint a commission to urge the calling of a constitutional convention.

Urged the Committee on Track Elevation to hasten work in elevating the Forty-first street tracks.

Referred an ordinance allowing the Illinois Northern road to construct fixed bridges over the West Branch.

Defeated the passage of an ordinance changing the bridge hours.

Established a prohibition district in Mayfair.

Ordered the Bridgeport pumping works to be advertised for sale.

Defeated a plan to change the appropriations for street cleaning among several wards.

Animated disputes over street railway matters made the session of the City Council last evening noisy and interesting. When the Aldermen were not debating traction questions they were considering others growing out of the recent developments in the Oil Inspector's office.

The lively fight over the traction matters came up when Alderman Brennan (Twelfth) called up for passage an ordinance granting the Union Traction company permission to lay tracks in Kedzie avenue, from Twelfth street to Ogden avenue. Alderman Foreman was on his feet in a moment with a substitute ordinance, in which was inserted a clause that the ordinance should not become operative until the Union Traction company had filed with the City Clerk a waiver of all rights its underlying companies, the West and North Division companies, might claim under the "ninety-nine year" act of the Legislature, the validity of which act the companies are now seeking to establish by a suit in the federal court.

Alderman Brennan attacked the substitute, claiming it was merely intended to defeat his ordinance, which, he said, was wanted by the people of the territory affected, and he was supported by Alderman Cullerton, who made a speech, asserting that the substitute was a discrimination against the Union Traction company, as similar ordinances had been granted recently to the Chicago City railway company without any such amendment being added.

Substitute Laid on Table.

Brennan finally moved that the substitute be laid on the table, and this prevailed by the vote of 39 to 22, the roll call being:

YEAS.

Coughlin,	Brennan [12],	Eisfeldt,
Kenna,	Zimmer,	Ehemann,
Thompson,	Gary,	Williston,
Alling,	Scully,	Dunn,
Doubek,	Maypole,	Blake,
Martin,	Bellfuss,	Wulff,
Mayor,	Kunz,	Keeney,
Bennett,	Conlon,	Raymer,
Moynihan,	Brennan [18],	Connery,
Novak,	Powers,	McInerney,
Sindelar,	Roach,	Butterworth,
Byrne,	Sullivan,	Hackley,
Cullerton.	Herrmann.	Race—39.

NAYS.

Jackson,	Strauss,	Werno,
Foreman,	Leininger,	Carey,
Litzinger,	Oberndorf,	Hart,
Young,	Smulski,	Bord,
Jones,	Finn,	Badenoch,
Fick,	Minwegen,	Eidmann,
Brenner,	Palmer,	Hunter—22.
Fowler.		

Then Alderman Foreman followed with another amendment to the ordinance providing, as in the former one, that the company must waive all rights claimed under the "ninety-nine year" act before the ordinance became of effect and adding:

"But the rights of said companies to lay down, maintain, and operate horse or street railways in the City of Chicago shall be governed and limited in all respects by ordinances of the City of Chicago heretofore passed without modification or alteration by said act of Feb. 6, 1865."

Alderman Brennan (12th) also moved to lay this amendment on the table, and it was done by a vote of 43 to 19, the difference between the two roll calls being that Alderman Young, Jones, Fick, and Zimmer on the latter one changed their votes from nay to aye and Alderman Goldzier, who had not voted on the former ballot, voted nay on the second.

Ordinance Fails by Close Vote.

After this the ordinance without the amendments came up for passage, and it in turn was beaten, receiving 35 votes to 26 against it. It requires 37 votes, a majority of all the Aldermen elected, to pass an ordinance of this character. During this roll call the point was raised that the passage of the ordinance under the circumstances, the Council having refused to demand a waiver from the railway companies of their

(Continued on third page.)

WILL WED COFFIN AGAIN.

GRACE SNELL GOES BACK TO OLD LOVE—TWICE HER HUSBAND.

Divorced from James C. Walker Six Weeks Ago, She Is Granted a Permit to Marry for Fourth Time by Judge Dick, That Course Being Necessary Under a New Wisconsin Law—Ceremony to Be Performed Soon—Romantic Feature of Third Separation.

Grace Snell Coffin Walker is to be married for the fourth time. The bridegroom is a former husband from whom she has been divorced twice—Frank N. Coffin of Chicago.

News of this unique matrimonial venture came to light yesterday in Waukesha when Albert J. Stone of Chicago, brother-in-law of the bride-to-be, appeared in court as attorney in fact for Mrs. Walker to procure permission for his client to wed again.

Mrs. Walker's petition, which was granted by Judge James J. Dick, asked the permission to marry because a new law passed by the Wisconsin Legislature last winter prohibits divorced persons from marrying for one year after divorce without consent from a court of record. The Walker appeal was the first made under the new statute in the Circuit Court at Waukesha.

Says Coffin Is Bridegroom.

While the petition did not give the name of the prospective bridegroom, Mr. Stone stated in Waukesha that Frank Coffin was the man and that the wedding would take place in a few days.

Mrs. Walker's last divorced husband is James C. Walker, manager of the Fountain House at Waukesha. The charge against him was cruelty. He made no answer. The decree was granted about six weeks ago.

Mrs. Walker is a daughter of Chicago's murdered millionaire, Amos J. Snell. Of late years she has been putting in odd moments as a writer of fiction. The alleged failure to appreciate her writing is one of the causes that led to the estrangement with Mr. Walker. It is said that on one occasion he consigned to the flames a large quantity of dainty manuscript, not heeding his wife's appeals to save at least a portion of her writings.

Prior to her marriage with Mr. Walker Mrs. Walker was the wife of Frank Nixon Coffin, to whom she was married in 1884. After ten years of wedded life they were divorced in Boston. But three years ago, when their 12-year-old boy was given up to die by the physicians, the father was summoned, the boy wishing to see him. They were remarried over the sick bed, but three months later, when the boy died, they again separated. Evidently the marriage had been made to give peace to the last days of the boy, for a divorce followed after the separation.

When the news of the trouble between Mrs. Walker and her husband became public, Mr. Coffin called on his former wife and offered her any assistance in his power.

Interested in Walker's Voice.

When Mr. Coffin and his wife were living at the Virginia Hotel, Walker was chief clerk there. He had a fine voice, and the Coffins sent him abroad for a year to cultivate it. When he returned the divorce had just been granted to Mrs. Coffin, and Walker and she were married. On the day of their marriage, it is said, she gave him $50,000. They went to Europe for their honeymoon, and when they returned, according to Mrs. Walker, the money had been spent.

Much of Mrs. Walker's money and many of her jewels are gone, but she says that under the terms of her mother's will her financial future is secure. She spends her autumns and winters on her farm, Greenacre, near Antioch, Wis., and seems happy despite her troublesome times in the matrimonial line.

ELOPERS ELUDE PURSUERS UNTIL AFTER THE WEDDING.

Virginia Couple Followed to Washington, Baltimore, and Towson, and When Captured Are Given Blessing.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—An elopement as replete with romance and adventure as any pair of young lovers could desire ended happily here this evening in the marriage and parental forgiveness of the runaways. Alexander Foster, a young dentist of South Carolina, and Miss Marie A. Tompkins, aged 18 years, disappeared from Richmond, Va., the home of the young woman, Saturday. Miss Tompkins' family objected to the match. Her stepfather, R. W. Henry, notified the Richmond police authorities. The police here and in Washington were wired and railway stations and wharves watched, but the couple eluded the detectives, arrived in Washington yesterday, and, being unable to secure a license, came to Baltimore.

Mr. Henry and his wife followed to Washington, thence to this city, where they arrived this morning.

Then the pair started in a carriage for Towson, eight miles away. Four mounted policemen followed. The lovers had about ten minutes' lead. They arrived at Towson, the license was secured, and as the policemen dashed into the town the lovers were at the rectory of Rev. W. N. Powers, an Episcopal clergyman. A man at the courthouse informed the police as they were about to ride to the rectory that the couple had not gone that way. The two were married and gone by this time, and behind a pair of fast horses were speeding for Ruxton, where they expected to take the train.

The parents were waiting here. There was a scene, in which parental displeasure was soon dispelled by the tears of the bride, and congratulations and blessings followed.

The bride belongs to one of the most prominent families in Virginia.

FATHER CROWLEY LOSES CASE.

Injunction Against Priest Who Denounced Bishop Muldoon Upheld by Freeport Court.

Freeport, Ill., Oct. 14.—Judge Baume today refused to dissolve what is known as the Rev. J. J. Crowley-Archbishop Feehan injunction case. This involves the pastorate of the churches at Polo, Oregon, and Byron. Father Crowley having originally been enjoined from acting as pastor of either one.

The legal proceedings were the result of charges made by Father Crowley against Bishop Muldoon of Chicago at the time of his promotion. Father Crowley sent in his resignation, then withdrew it, but not until Archbishop Feehan had accepted it.

Father Crowley attempted to retain his pastorate, but the church authorities secured the injunction, which today was upheld.

Serious trouble at one time promised to result from the controversy.

SEND BATTLESHIP TO SAMOA.

Wisconsin Sails from Seattle for Islands by Way of Honolulu Under Sealed Orders.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 14.—The United States battleship Wisconsin sailed under sealed naval orders for Samoa by way of Honolulu today.

BLAZE IN HOTEL; MAN JUMPS; DIES.

Flames Sweep So Swiftly Through the Garden City House That Many Have Narrow Escapes.

CARRIED DOWN LADDERS.

Several Are Overcome by the Smoke and Owe Their Lives to the Daring of the Firemen.

LEVY WHITEMAN IS VICTIM.

One man was killed and several others had narrow escapes from death in a fire which swept through the Garden City Hotel, 48 and 50 Sherman street, at 6 o'clock last night.

The Dead.

WHITEMAN, LEVY, killed by jumping from third-story window into a courtway in the center of the building. Body taken to Rolston's undertaking rooms, 22 Adams street.

The Injured.

Gillen, Martin, overcome by smoke while being led down rear stairway by firemen. Revived after reaching the street.

Gillen, Mrs. Martin, overcome by smoke and carried out by firemen. Not serious.

Moran Patrick, pipeman, Engine Company 1, badly burned about feet and legs; hands and face burned.

West, Mrs. Sarah, overcome by smoke; taken from rear fire escape by firemen of Engine Company 1; injuries not serious.

Fire Starts Under Stairs.

A number of guests were not in their rooms when the fire started in a pile of paper under the stairs. But for that the loss of life might have been much greater, for the halls and stairways were filled with smoke and flame before the alarm could be sounded.

The fire was discovered by Robert L. Comstock, one of the guests at the hotel, who opened the door to his room on the first floor of the building and saw that the hallway was filled with smoke. Before the fire engines arrived the stairway leading to the upper floors was nearly consumed. With almost incredible swiftness the fire spread from the first floor to the third.

Meanwhile the guests of the place that were on the upper floors were aroused by the calls of the proprietor. Whiteman, who occupied a room on the second floor, found escape by the front stairs cut off. Although near the fire-escape and also the rear stairway the man evidently became panic-stricken and leaped from the window of his room into the court. He was killed instantly by the fall, and after the fire his body was found by the firemen.

Guests Carried Down Ladders.

Lieutenant Smith, commanding Engine Company 1, was the first at the fire. The hallways were then filled with smoke and a ladder was run to the upper floors. Many of the occupants of the building were carried down the ladders. Lieutenant Smith and Fireman Michael Hurley climbed to the top floor and made a search of the building after it was supposed that all the occupants had escaped. On the floor near the door to their room they found Gillen and his wife prostrated by the smoke. They were removed to the Samaritan Hospital, where they were soon revived.

Mrs. West was also rescued.

When the smoke cleared away and the fire was put out it was found that the building, a three-story brick structure, had been damaged to the extent of $2,000, the stairway and much of the hall being completely ruined.

Property Is Not Insured.

The same loss is estimated to have been sustained in the furnishings of the hotel. The building carries $25,000 insurance and is valued at $50,000. It is owned by Charles A. Chapin, whose offices are in the Fisher Building. The proprietor of the hotel is James Calverley. The hotel furnishings were not covered by insurance.

Thornton Village School Burns.

The Thornton village school building was burned last evening. The loss is $10,000, and 450 pupils are given an unexpected vacation. The building was a two-story frame structure, contained five rooms, and was situated in the center of the village. The fire started in the basement, it is believed from a defective furnace, and when it was discovered it had gained so much headway that the bucket brigade was powerless.

REVIEW CHARITY WORK AT END OF FIFTH YEAR.

Members of Northern District, Bureau of Charities, Hold Annual Meeting at Residence of George E. Adams.

The fifth annual meeting of the Northern District, Chicago Bureau of Charities, took place last night at the residence of George E. Adams, 580 Belden avenue. A report of the year's work showed that 5,006 applications had been made for help and employment, of which 595 were referred to other districts and organizations.

A summary of the work showed: Number of visits made, 2,126; medical aid extended to, 145; legal aid extended to, 98; total employment secured for, 285; transportation provided for, 38; number of families aided, 1,290; number of individuals aided, 3,807.

Officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows:

President—The Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, D. D., 17 Roslyn place.

First Vice President—John B. Carse, 1035 Evanston avenue.

Second Vice President—The Rev. Frank M. Carson, D. D., 1060 Evanston avenue.

Third Vice President—Walter Butler, 624 Fullerton avenue.

Secretary—I. W. Litchfield, 231 Belden avenue.

Treasurer—James B. Clow, 80 Buena avenue.

Miss Jane Addams and Mrs. C. J. Sterling delivered adresses on "Friendly Charity."

JOHN S. PILLSBURY IS DYING.

All Hope for Recovery of the Former Governor of Minnesota Given Up by Friends.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 14.—Practically all hope has been given up for the recovery of ex-Governor John S. Pillsbury. He is suffering with Bright's disease, and during the last week he was unconscious the greater portion of the time. He was weaker yesterday than at any time during his present illness, and it is believed that the end is not far away. Mr. Pillsbury is 78 years old and has not the vitality necessary to fight the disease.

COL. VAN HORNE IS UNFIT.

RETIRING BOARD REPORTS HIM PHYSICALLY INCAPACITATED.

Commander at Fort Sheridan Held to Be Unequal to Severe Task Demanded of Him and Is Recommended for Retirement—Adjutant General Corbin Withholds Report, but It Is Learned That Illness Takes Form of Epilepsy—Soldier Record Excellent.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Colonel William M. Van Horne, in command at Fort Sheridan, has been found by the Army Retiring board physically incapacitated for military duty. The report of the Retiring board was received here today and it leaves no doubt of the physical condition of Colonel Van Horne.

The board as originally constituted included General Otis, who made the charges on which Colonel Van Horne was brought before the board. The Colonel naturally objected to General Otis, and General Bates was substituted on the board, but without affecting in any way the subsequent finding. Out of consideration for the feelings of Colonel Van Horne, Adjutant General Corbin this afternoon refused to make public the details of the report of the Retiring board. He merely admitted that Colonel Van Horne had been found unfit for actual military service and recommended for retirement.

Suffers with Epilepsy.

From another source, however, it was learned that the disability specified is something akin to epileptic attacks, during which the patient becomes temporarily irresponsible and unable to control his own actions. It was this serious mental disablement which apparently caused Colonel Van Horne to lose his temper at Fort Sheridan, particularly when visited by the clergymen who were opposed to the operation of the canteen, and his physical condition was also supposed to be responsible for the fact that each pay day at Fort Sheridan was followed by extraordinary scenes of disorder which the commandant seemed wholly unable to prevent.

The recommendation of the Retiring board will undoubtedly be approved by the Secretary of War and the President, so Colonel Van Horne will go on the retired list within a short time.

Good Record as Soldier.

Colonel Van Horne was a brave soldier and fought through the civil war as a private in the Second Ohio Infantry. He went into the regular establishment in 1866 as Second Lieutenant in the Seventeenth Infantry. He was Major first in the Twenty-second and then in the Eighth Infantry, and became Lieutenant Colonel of the Eighteenth the year of the Spanish war.

He was promoted to the grade of Colonel only last February, when he took command of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, now located at Fort Sheridan.

HUSBAND IN BED HELPLESS, TROUSERS LOOTED BY WIFE.

Novel Charge in Petition for Divorce—Nathan Cahn Alleges Better Half Then Went on Excursion.

While Nathan Cahn lay helpless in bed suffering from injuries received in a fall from a buggy, it is said, Lillie Cahn, his wife, before his eyes rifled the pockets of his trousers and took all the money they contained. Then she went away on a pleasure trip to South Haven. At least that is one of the charges alleged by the husband in his trial for divorce filed in the Superior Court yesterday. Here are some of the other things that the man lays at the door of his wife:

When he was about to leave on a business trip last June he offered to kiss her goodbye. She spat in his face.

When he returned he tried to shake hands with her. "O, I'll take your word for that," said the woman and turned away.

That night she told him she had never loved him. This surprised Mr. Cahn. She added that she would be glad if he would leave her, as she was working and could support herself.

Then came the finishing touch to his marital infelicity when his wife looted the pockets of his trousers.

Cahn is a traveling salesman. He married his wife in Indianapolis in 1883.

SAYS WATTERSON SEEKS OFFICE

Louisville Paper Announces Rival Editor Will Run for Governor, Then for President.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Evening Post today says Henry Watterson is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Kentucky. The Post adds that Mr. Watterson hopes to carry Kentucky in 1903 with a view to being the Democratic candidate for President in 1904.

Mr. Watterson said today:

"I have not announced that I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination, but for some time my friends have been urging me to make the race. I cannot be quoted further on the subject."

When Mr. Watterson saw the publication he smiled and remarked: "Our afternoon contemporary seems to have what the boys call a scoop."

It is believed Mr. Watterson's announcement will take the form of a speech.

FISHWAYS FOR LOCKPORT DAM.

Sanitary Trustees to Build One After Receiving Notice from the Government.

To save the fish of Lake Michigan from being swept over the Lockport dam and down the Illinois River into the Mississippi and the gulf, the Sanitary Trustees propose to build fishways to give the finny tribe a chance to swim back. After going over the dam, it was pointed out at the meeting of the Engineering committee yesterday, the fish cannot possibly make their way up the waterfall. A communication has been received from the government stating that the Sanitary Trustees are violating the law in not building such fishways as are required by the government.

COUNT DE LA VAULX STILL SAFE.

Balloonist Trying to Cross Mediterranean Is, However, Making Slower Progress than He Expected.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Count de la Vaulx, the aeronaut, is making the slowest of progress in his attempt to cross the Mediterranean in a balloon. Reports by carrier pigeons state that he has been tacking in rough weather over the northern Mediterranean.

The latest record of his journey is contained in a telegram received at the Ministry of Marine this evening from the cruiser Sfax, reporting that the balloon was signaled a few miles north of the Balearic Islands at midday today.

The Count reported all well.

CAPTAIN COOK PUTS SCHLEY'S FOES TO ROUT.

Brooklyn's Commander Tells Story of Santiago, Supporting Every Claim of Applicant.

SAYS HE ORDERED LOOP.

Declares He Directed Famous Turn Before His Superior Officer Issued the Same Command.

TEXAS NEVER IN DANGER

States Sampson Was Responsible for Uncoupling of Engines and Explains Trouble Experienced in Coaling.

SCHLEY "BRAVE AND PATRIOTIC."

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Captain Francis A. Cook's recital of the battle of Santiago was so simple and dramatic, as told by him before the court of inquiry today, it not only commanded the admiration of the audience, but the manner in which it was told carried conviction with it. Captain Cook, who was in command of the Brooklyn during the Spanish war, gave the strongest testimony in favor of Admiral Schley that has yet been heard by the court.

When questioned as to Admiral Schley's conduct while under fire, Captain Cook said: "I have always regarded him as an enthusiastically brave and patriotic officer."

This eulogy almost carried the audience off its feet and for the first time during the three weeks' session of the court the guard of marines was called upon to check the round of applause which was started.

There were so many telling points developed during the dramatic recital it is almost impossible to say which is the most important. The story created such a profound impression and had such a marked effect there was some talk on the part of Admiral Schley's counsel of putting Admiral Schley upon the stand for the purpose of making a brief statement, and then close the case.

This plan was discussed because the Navy department has closed its side of the case, Captain Cook being practically the last witness called by the department.

Says He Gave Order to Turn.

The Judge Advocate got little comfort out of Captain Cook's testimony, as that officer sent a number of thirteen-inch shells through the case of the government. Captain Cook said he himself gave the order directing the Brooklyn to turn away from the Spanish fleet on the day of the battle, and that later, when Admiral Schley gave a similar order, it had already been executed.

Captain Cook said the Texas was never endangered by the turn of the Brooklyn; he defended the loop as a justifiable strategical movement, and its wisdom was demonstrated, as if the Brooklyn had turned toward the Spaniard there would have been danger of the American ships being rammed by Cervera's fleet.

Captain Cook said the thought of a collision with the Texas never entered his head, but, on the other hand, if the Brooklyn had been turned toward the enemy there would have been danger of blanketing the fire of the Texas and interfering with the movements of the Oregon. Captain Cook testified that the leading Spanish ship upon coming out of the harbor steamed directly toward the American fleet and was apparently attempting to pass between the Brooklyn and the Texas.

Schley Did Not Know Signals.

Admiral Schley was not acquainted with the signals arranged with the insurgents until after the arrival of Captain McCalla with the Marblehead. Captain McCalla, Admiral Schley, and Captain Cook were in the cabin of the Brooklyn discussing the signals which had been seen on shore, and Captain McCalla then manifested considerable surprise, threw up his hands, and told the Admiral the insurgents were trying to communicate with him.

McCalla then went toward the shore, communicated with the insurgents, found the Spanish fleet was not in Cienfuegos, and within an hour after this information was in the possession of Admiral Schley the flying squadron was on the way to Santiago.

The testimony on this point stands almost alone, as a number of other officers have testified the flying squadron was several hours in getting away after Admiral Schley knew the Spaniards were not in Cienfuegos.

During the conversation about the signals observed on shore Admiral Schley said he believed they were signals to the Spanish fleet, which the Admiral was quite sure was in Cienfuegos. These signals he believed to be evidence of a jollification on the part of the people because of the arrival of Cervera's fleet.

Explains Visit of British Ship.

When the Adula, the suspicious English craft, asked permission to enter Santiago Commodore Schley granted it, with a view to acquiring information as to the presence of the Spanish fleet when the Adula came out. The Adula, however, remained inside the harbor, and this convinced Admiral Schley that the Spaniards were there. The movements of the flying squadron were masked in order to keep the Spaniards in ignorance of its departure.

Weather Bad for Coaling.

Captain Cook said the weather off Cuba was the worst, so far as it related to coaling, he had ever experienced in all his sea service. Admiral Schley endeavored to coal at every opportunity and frequently spoke of the importance of having plenty of coal, and often referred to the worthlessness of the ships without a full supply.

There was never any anxiety as to the coal supply of the Brooklyn, and Captain Cook testified that the flagship was always ready for action.

Speaking of a plan of battle, Captain Cook said there was none so far as he knew, except that the commanding officers had standing orders to attack the enemy wherever it was encountered. Referring to the blockade at Santiago and asked why the circular

formation had not been maintained, Captain Cook replied that Admiral Schley desired the Spaniards to come out of the harbor so as to attack them, and therefore the ships of the flying squadron steamed up and down before the harbor in columns so as to induce Cervera to come out and meet the Americans in the open.

Sampson Ordered Engines Uncoupled.

Perhaps one of the most important points developed was the fact that Admiral Sampson himself had ordered the engines of the ships of the fleet to be uncoupled, and on the day of the battle neither the Brooklyn nor any other ship of the fleet was enabled to make full speed because the engines were uncoupled. Admiral Dewey himself brought out this important point.

The Judge Advocate has endeavored to show that Commodore Schley was responsible for the engines being uncoupled.

During the running battle, when the Colon was gaining on the Brooklyn, there was some discussion about stopping the flagship to couple up the engines, so as to make faster time. This operation would have occupied twenty-five minutes, according to Captain Cook.

Captain Cook heard nothing of the alleged colloquy between Admiral Schley and Lieutenant Hodgson, nor did he have a colloquy with Hodgson. When the Brooklyn was making the turn, Hodgson approached Captain Cook and called his attention to the position of the Texas. Captain Cook informed Hodgson that he saw the Texas. This was all he knew about the matter and he dismissed it as of no importance, as the Texas was not in danger.

Intended to Hold Cienfuegos

It was brought out that Admiral Sampson as well as Admiral Schley had intended to hold Cienfuegos, as it was supposed Cervera would enter the port of Havana. In response to a question from Admiral Dewey, Captain Cook said while the loop was being made the helm of the Brooklyn was not eased, and that he never saw a ship equal to the Brooklyn responding to the helm.

Admiral Schley was always persistent about keeping enough coal on board, and he coaled at every opportunity. The commanding officer of the Texas, Captain Philip, was on board the Brooklyn several times, and was much concerned about his coal supply and about coaling at sea owing to the sponsons of the Texas. Schley frequently consulted charts with a view to finding a landing place where the fighting ships could be coaled.

Speaking of the delay en route to Santiago Captain Cook said this was caused by trouble with the Merrimac and the smaller vessels, together with the weather.

Dramatic Story of Battle.

Then Captain Cook began the recital of the story of the battle. It was extremely impressive and dramatic. Captain Cook, who was in full-dress uniform, is well proportioned physically, has a handsome face, well-shaped head, with fine hair. He is a pleasant-mannered, big-hearted, modest fellow, and his manner not only carried conviction with it but commanded the admiration of all his hearers.

He told how the Spaniards came out of the harbor, made directly for the Brooklyn, how the Brooklyn loop was made, and how the Brooklyn was alone with three of the Spanish ships and some distance from the other ships. He told of the relief of all on board when the Oregon came in sight, and of the exciting chase after the Spaniards.

There was no blow or bluster about this gallant man, but he told his story in plain and simple language, as if the destruction of an enemy's fleet were an every-day occurrence.

Once during the dramatic recital Mr. Hanna interrupted Captain Cook, and Admiral Dewey, who was eagerly following the interesting story, directed the Judge Advocate's assistant to permit the witness to proceed without interruption.

During his story Captain Cook testified that he did not say, "Damn the Texas," as he had every reason to bless it.

Says Dispatches Were Mutilated.

The day was undoubtedly a great one for Admiral Schley. The last witness for the department turned out to be the best witness for Admiral Schley. He was followed by Joseph Beale, who translated Admiral Schley's dispatch to the department which was so badly mutilated. This translation took place on board the Harvard, and the testimony of Mr. Beale related exclusively to the dispatch of Admiral Schley in which the latter advised the department it was impossible to obey orders. Although this witness was called by the department, he proved every claim Admiral Schley has made as to the mutilation of his dispatches.

Schley's Scout Testifies.

Eduardo Nunez, the pilot whom Admiral Schley sent ashore for the purpose of getting information with regard to the presence of the Spanish fleet in Santiago, was the next witness. He required the services of an interpreter.

It has been charged Admiral Schley made no efforts whatever to find out whether or not the Spaniards were in Santiago. But this witness entirely disproved these charges by testifying that he had gone inland to a Cuban camp and secured absolute information as to the presence of the Spanish fleet.

He brought back the names of the vessels and not only communicated them to Admiral Schley, but also to Admiral Sampson, who arrived after Nunez returned from shore. This information was conveyed to Admiral Sampson by order of Admiral Schley.

Details of Cook's Testimony.

After previous witnesses had corrected their testimony Captain Cook was called. He was questioned by Mr. Hanna, and responded in clear and distinct tones. He said he had been at Key West on May 19.

"What information did you have at that time concerning the whereabouts of Cervera's fleet?" asked Mr. Hanna.

"My impressions now are simply from rumor that they had left the Canary Islands and a part of them had been sighted at Martinique, and from consular information, or perhaps information sent by the Harvard, that they had gone to Curacoa. That is all from impression."

Giving the reasons for the departure of the flying squadron for Cienfuegos, Captain Cook said the squadron had been sent to that port "to intercept and meet the Spanish squadron, it having been determined, as we believed at that time, by them to make Cienfuegos their objective point." He had understood that the Spanish fleet carried munitions of war for Havana, and it was believed they would go to Cienfuegos, because of its accessibility to Havana.

Schley Inquires as to Coaling.

Captain Cook detailed a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Chester while the squadron was en route to Cienfuegos. He said there had been talk between them about coaling on the southern coast of Cuba.

"The only thing I recollect," he said, "was that Commodore Schley questioned Captain Chester closely as to the facilities for coaling ships on the south side of Cuba."

"I think they consulted a chart and something was said about Cape Cruz. I know the subject of coaling was early considered even before leaving Key West."

Captain Cook recalled the meeting of the Marblehead with the flying squadron en route to Cienfuegos, but could recall only indistinctly the fact that the Scorpion had delivered to the Brooklyn any information from the Eagle at that time.

Blockade at Cienfuegos.

Captain Cook said that upon arriving off Cienfuegos on the morning of May 22 a blockade was immediately established, as the firing of guns was heard, and it was believed that Cervera had arrived and a fête in honor of his appearance was on.

"I think between that time and the arrival of the Adula, it was presumed that the whole beach was occupied," he said. "We saw cavalry and others on the beach. The possibility of a boat landing was talked of. The idea was that we would have to go in pretty well to the westward and at night. I may have had some conversation with the Commodore about it, but I do not recollect. On the arrival of the Adula we fully expected to get all information."

"Did you see any signal lights on shore while you were there?"

"Yes, the first thing after we arrived, on May 22."

"Where were those signal lights and what were they?"

"I judged them to have been about six or seven miles to the westward, three lights, one ahead of the other, very distinctly, and the discussion that took place on the ship, in which I think the Commodore took part, was pretty clear evidence that it was a signal of some kind to assist that fleet, and that he certainly had them in there. I know he felt doubly sure at that time that he had them there. There was some discussion whether these were signals that they were going there or whether they were already there. But of one thing I am positive, that the Commodore was satisfied he had them in there at that time."

Mr. Hanna questioned the witness concerning the arrival of the Iowa and the Dupont off Cienfuegos. Captain Cook said they had brought dispatches, and he had gathered from conversation with Commodore Schley after their receipt that it was the idea both of Sampson and Schley that they should continue to hold Cienfuegos.

He did not, he said, recall the receipt of the McCalla memorandum concerning a landing place near Cienfuegos. After reading the dispatch he said: "I never saw or heard of it. It may have been received, but if I had seen it I certainly would remember it."

Tells of McCalla Interview.

Mr. Hanna asked: "Were you present at any interview between Captain McCalla and the Commodore?"

"I was in consultation. I think Captain McCalla informed him he had mining materials for the insurgents and that he was going to communicate with the insurgent camp.

"We brought up the question about the camp and where it was, and then the Commodore said to him:

"'We have seen three peculiar lights, one ahead of the other here, but we cannot make out what they are, and I believe it is something in connection with the Spanish fleet.' Captain McCalla gave a start, threw up his hands, and said:

"'That is the signal from the insurgent camp. They want to communicate with you.' And added, 'Well, I can go there and find out at once.'

"The Commodore told him to go, to get off as soon as possible, and added, 'You can send a boat across and let me know as soon as possible.'

"Then the subject of coaling came up again—about the great difficulty we were going to have in coaling from colliers, and Captain McCalla said, 'You need not be at all concerned about me. I will get coal if there is any coal to be obtained.'

Arrival of the Adula.

"In the meantime came the arrival of the Adula. This steamer came in from Jamaica and reported that the Spanish fleet had gone into Santiago and had left on the 19th. I recollect that particularly, because that seemed to confirm the Commodore's idea that they had reached Cienfuegos. It was a suspicious craft. They did not give any clear reason for going in except they wanted to communicate with their subjects, and in my conversation with the Commodore my impressions were that he looked upon that as entirely suspicious.

"Not understanding the matters, and not knowing exactly his object, I said something to him about letting that steamer go in. He said: 'I don't care anything about that steamer, but I am bound to get information from it. If the Captain does not give it I will certainly get it out of some of the passengers.'

"It was arranged that when it came out the officers should go aboard and question the passengers and get information from them. It did not come out. That confirmed him still more that they were there. Then the Eagle came down in the evening and reported that they had communicated with the insurgent camp, and that the Spanish squadron was not in Cienfuegos."

Texas' Coal Supply Light.

Speaking of the coal supply of the vessels of the flying squadron while at Cienfuegos, Captain Cook said his only anxiety was concerning the Texas, whose supply was light. It had been found difficult to coal that ship on account of its sponsons. He said in this connection that Commodore Schley had always been persistent in keeping the ships as full of coal as possible, availing himself of every opportunity to take on fresh supplies.

He said he had not been especially anxious about the coal supply of the Brooklyn and never had been.

Captain Cook said he recalled the arrival of the dispatch boat Hawk on May 24 with dispatches. He was told that the information was to the effect that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago, "but," he said, "I was not especially impressed with that fact as I had heard it before." The commodore, he said, had told him the Hawk brought orders to the effect that the squadron should proceed to Santiago if he (the commodore) was satisfied that the Spaniards were not Cienfuegos, but he said Commodore Schley had said "I am not satisfied that they are not here. I still believe they are here."

Departure from Cienfuegos.

"If satisfied that the Spaniards were at Cienfuegos, why did you leave there?" asked Mr. Hanna.

"Because of McCalla's report from the insurgents on shore."

"That, then, made it clear that the Spaniards were not there?"

"Entirely."

Describing the departure of the flying squadron for Santiago, the witness said it was made after dark in order to conceal its intentions, and that the lights were darkened for the same purpose. The run on the night of the 24th was, he said, fairly good. The next day the weather was squally and stormy, with a sea which was "moderate to rough." On the 26th the weather moderated, but there was "a long and nasty sea," with the ships rolling a good deal. They had been compelled to slow up in order to accommodate the Eagle, the Commodore desiring to keep the fleet intact, as it was in column formation.

There was then, he said, considerable talk on the part of the Commodore concerning the coal supply, he feeling that if the then present expenditure was to continue it would not continue long. He was still especially concerned about the Texas, and had said to him (Captain Cook) that "we must keep the ships in fighting trim." They had consulted charts and talked over the case looking for a place fit for coaling. Finally, he said, they had hit upon Gonaives Bay, and had decided to lay a course for that point. "The idea," he said, "was that we should proceed in the direction of Santiago and that if we found the sea such that we could coal we would immediately institute the blockade, but if not practicable to do that we would proceed to Gonaives Bay and coal there."

"What, if anything, did you say to the Commodore after he started toward Santiago?"

"He started as soon as he found the Texas had enough coal. My impression is that he said he should go to Santiago, that he found it practicable to coal from colliers, and there he would stay. If they got too short of coal he would go to Gonaives Bay or try somewhere else."

Describes Retrograde Movement.

Referring to the retrograde movement, Captain Cook said he had not been consulted with reference to it, and speaking of the visit on board the Brooklyn of Captain Sigsbee of the St. Paul he said that officer had brought the Cuban pilot Nunez aboard. In reply to an inquiry from Commodore Schley as to whether he had information concerning the Spaniards Nunez had replied that he had been up near the entrance of Santiago harbor and had seen nothing of the Spanish fleet.

Mr. Hanna asked: "What took place to delay the westerly movement there?"

"It was the attempts to get the line to the Merrimac. We were waiting for the Yale to take the Merrimac in tow."

Captain Cook said that he and Admiral Schley watched the weather closely, and on the evening of May 27, the weather having moderated, witness said he remarked to Commodore Schley he believed they could coal. The Commodore made signal for them to coal.

"I knew the Commodore wanted to get coal as soon as he could. I spoke to him about it at that time. I think he had given orders for the Texas and Marblehead to coal. He may have given these to me. At any rate, the signals were made. The Marblehead commenced coaling at once. Signal was made to the Texas. That was the only ship we were particularly anxious about, and I presumed they were watching the weather, too, but they did not ask, so the Texas was signaled to coal and the answer came back that it would try. They did try and succeeded in coaling.

"The only solicitude was about the sponsons of the Texas—whether it would be able to lay alongside the Merrimac. The Merrimac was quiet and able to keep up with such a sea as they had and they commenced coaling. They signaled that they were getting coal on board, and conditions changed at once."

"So that when the sea became smooth on the evening of the 27th——"

"I did not say 'smooth.' I said the sea was better. There was always a long swell there."

Try to Draw Out Spaniards.

Concerning the blockade of Santiago, Captain Cook said Commodore Schley's constant idea was that the vessels should be kept well supplied with coal and kept moving constantly, as his theory was that the Spanish fleet would come out of the harbor.

"Why was the circular blockade not adopted?" Mr. Hanna asked.

"There are many forms of blockade, and I have nothing but praise for the circular blockade," replied the witness, "but the idea was to get the Spaniards to come out and to have our ships moving and ready for action."

"What were your orders of battle from May 19 to June 1?"

"We did not have any. The fleet was always in condition for action."

"Do you call that a battle order?"

"It is possible to have an order for battle if you know just what conditions you are going to meet. The idea with us was to be able to fight the Spanish fleet whenever we should meet it. I think that was understood by all. I certainly so understood it."

"Were the fighting ships always in order for battle?"

"I always supposed they were; the Brooklyn was always in excellent order.

Tells of the Battle.

General interest was manifested throughout the courtroom when Mr. Hanna began his inquiries about the battle of July 3. He asked:

"Were you on deck when the fleet came out of Santiago harbor on July 3? When were they first sighted?"

Captain Cook said he was in the cabin at that time.

"How did you first learn the fleet was coming out?"

The reply to this brought Captain Cook's story of that engagement as follows:

"I heard the executive officer call out: 'Clear ship for action,' and as I had given directions to have the ship ready for inspection, I knew at once something was happening. I went on deck immediately."

"Had you had any intimation the night before that the fleet was coming out?"

"No. I turned in the night before about midnight, feeling rather the other way, all hope of their coming out having been given up."

"When you came on deck where were the Spanish vessels? What were they doing?"

"When I first arrived on the forecastle there were two in sight. The third one was just outside the entrance, and the fourth appeared immediately afterward."

"What did they do when they came out, which way did they head?"

"We were to the westward. The entrance to us was about northeast by north. The fleet came out south and turned as they left the entrance to four points southwest, so that they turned in our direction. When I first got on deck the helm had been starboarded, heading a little to the northward.

"When I saw the fleet, they were heading southwest, and seemed to be coming straight for the interval between the Texas and the Brooklyn. I went in the conning tower and directed the helmsman. I told him what I wanted to do was to keep straight for the fleet. They wavered a little, sometimes they turned one way and then another. We shifted helm once or twice, but little indeed, and finally, when we were getting up fairly close, say between 1,500 and 2,000 yards, it seemed to me clear that they wanted to pass between the Texas and the Brooklyn.

"The Texas was well on our starboard hand and headed to the northward and westward. All ships were carrying out the instructions of the Commander-in-Chief, and that was to head in for the entrance. We were well to the westward and headed to the northeast. When I saw that, I ported the helm, perhaps half way over. It was swinging starboard rapidly.

Gives Order for Loop.

"The Spanish fleet was coming straight for this interval. I stepped out of the tower on the port side to get a good look at this fleet, to see just what they were going to do as to our relative positions, and I saw they evidently put helms hard aport and were turning to the westward.

"We were then turning very rapidly to starboard with port helm, and we had turned, I think, almost to the east. The Texas was well on our starboard side. I then gave the order 'Hard aport' to the helmsman, ran through the opening between the shield and the conning tower to the other side on purpose to see our own fleet and our relative positions.

"Quicker than I could tell it the commodore called to me 'Cook, hard aport' or 'Is your helm aport?'

I answered 'The helm is hard aport, turning as rapidly as possible.'

"As I watched the Texas the bow of the Brooklyn seemed first to point to her port bow. I never saw the starboard bow of the Texas, and changing its bearing very rapidly the bow of the Brooklyn passed along the port side of the Texas until there was a clear opening between us and the stern of the Texas. We made a complete turn, a very quick turn, with helm hard aport until we came around and paralleled the fleet on the other side. As we paralleled the Spanish fleet the Vizcaya——"

Never Thought of Collision.

Admiral Dewey—May I interrupt? How near did you pass to the Texas?

"I never thought of a collision. It never entered my head. I never for a moment had one idea of vicissitude in that respect. We passed, I judge, about 400 yards. I had handled the ship under all circumstances and got so I could judge pretty correctly, and my impression was that we were about the distance we sailed in squadron. But a collision I never thought of.

"It turned perfectly clear of the Texas, came around, and then we had the Viscaya on our starboard bow, and about abeam was the Oquendo, and then the Colon. At the time I thought it was the Teresa, but I soon discovered this vessel was dropping out and heading for the beach.

"That was about the hottest time of the action. It was a critical time. There was not any time for indiscretion, and I do not think there was any. I have always felt in my mind, in studying the positions, that the chances would have been for a disaster had we shifted helm at such a time. However, we got around and we had those three vessels. I looked and could see nothing but smoke astern, and vessels seemed enveloped in this smoke. I could not understand it. I could not understand exactly how we got there.

"They were all three firing on the Brooklyn, when, almost immediately, faster than I could tell it, I saw a large white bone in the water, and through this smoke I saw the bow of a vessel. I exclaimed at the time, 'What was that?' The navigator, who was near me, said it was the Massachusetts, or something to that effect. I said it was away, and he then said, 'That is the Oregon.' I felt perfectly assured from that moment. It came up rapidly. It was making more speed than we were at that time. It had all its boilers on, had shifted boilers that morning from forward to aft. It had steam and hot water on."

"Where was the Oregon with respect to the Brooklyn at that time?"

"I estimated 600 yards. It passed in between the Texas and the Iowa. It got in between that opening, came to the northward of the Texas, and came out about 800 yards from us, I mean a perpendicular course, and that would account for just what we made to the southward in turning. We made more than the tactical diameter because we passed part of that distance with helm half aport."

"What is the tactical diameter of the Brooklyn?"

"About 650 yards."

"Was it easy to handle the ship under such circumstances?"

"I never have seen one equal to it."

Engine Not Reversed.

"Was the starboard engine of the Brooklyn reversed during that turn?"

"It was not. There was some question about that. The reason I feel positive of that is in recalling the circumstance. My impression is, it may have been the Commodore or the navigator, one of the two, said something about backing the starboard engine. My reply, I remember well, was I did not want to lose the speed of the ship; that she was turning all right and rapidly and I wanted to keep the speed of the ship."

"At the time you saw the Oregon coming up out of the smoke was it on your starboard?"

"Starboard quarter."

"And between you and the Spanish ships?"

"Never between us and the Spanish ships."

"Where were the Spanish ships at that time?"

"There never was anything between us and the Spanish ships. It was on our starboard quarter."

"Nearer in shore?"

"Yes."

"I will ask you if your recollection is clear as to whether the helm was put hard aport by yourself or that you did it in obedience to an order from the Commodore?"

"I gave the order on my own responsibility. No question about that. It was not after having heard the Commodore. He called out to me, as I have stated, which I now think was simply to confirm himself in the idea it was turning with a hard aport helm."

No Fear of Being Rammed.

"Were you afraid of being rammed at the time the turn was made?"

"No. There was something said about it, but I did not give it a second thought from the fact that I knew they could not ram unless they got within my turning circle."

"Were you afraid of blanketing the fire of our fleet by turning one way or the other?"

"We might have done it by turning the other way."

"Had you turned with a starboard instead of a port helm would such action have advanced you so far as to bring you within the line of movement of the enemy's ships?"

"Provided they had taken advantage of it; that is to say, if they had continued on their course southwest straight for us and we had turned so as to bring them within our turning circle, it would have made ramming possible, certainly."

"How were they heading when this order hard aport was given?"

"They were heading southwest."

"Were they then headed so had you gone the other way——"

"And they discovered the movement? Yes, I think they would. The chart distance given at the time was 1,100 yards. I estimated 1,500 yards and so made it in my report. In the first place, we must have lost by shifting helm at such a time. Then if we had turned the other way we must have gone 700 yards. They would not have had much distance to run to get entirely within our turning circle. That is all conjecture."

Schley Brave and Patriotic Man.

Mr. Hanna—What was the conduct and bearing of Commodore Schley while under fire on such occasions that you had the opportunity of observing?

"I always regarded him as an enthusiastically brave and patriotic officer. Never in any other way."

"At the time the turn of the Brooklyn was made were you in such a position that you could observe whether or not the engines of the Texas were backed or reversed?"

"I think I ought to have seen it at the distance it was from us."

"Did you see any such?"

"I did not."

"In reference to Lieutenant Commander Hodgson's conversation with the Commodore, you say you did not hear the conversation between them?"

"Not one word of it."

"Did Hodgson make any suggestions to you or have any conversation with you during the battle?"

"The only thing I recollect, which I recollect clearly, is that this summer he asked if I recalled it, and I recalled that at the time we were turning, after we had been turning some time, and after the helm was put hard aport, he came across to me and said: 'Captain, do you see the Texas?' It was the nearest ship at that time. I was looking directly at it, and just about then we were pretty well clear of it. I said, 'O, yes,' and he told me that entirely reassured him, and he walked away."

"He did not make any suggestion to you or you to him respecting going in any nearer to be rammed, the danger from torpedo boats, or anything of that kind?"

"No."

Did Not "D—— the Texas."

"Did you use any expression or language which could have been understood by him as meaning 'D—— the Texas'?"

"Me! O, no. I had every reason to bless it, not d—— it."

"How was the turn of the Brooklyn written in the log?"

"So far as I know, with port helm. I never observed the erasure, which I suppose you are coming to, until it was shown to me here in Washington, and I did not understand it then. I could not recall anything in connection with it. I do not believe I looked at it within three or four days after that battle. The first real recollection I have of it was when my attention was called to the fact that the navigator wanted to make it more full and complete. I said, 'Write it up as you recollect it, and submit it to me, but no changes are to be made under any circumstances in the log as it stands now. It can be added to, but not any changes in the original log.' So he wrote this and I signed it. I have since read it and do not know which is the best account."

"You refer now to the addendum?"

"Yes. At that time there was no question about the way the ship turned. I suppose I would have noticed it had it been different, but I probably did not see it until after that change was made. I certainly would have seen it before."

The letter written by Captain Cook to Admiral Evans was then presented, but Admiral Dewey declined to hear it, saying Admiral Evans and Captain Cook were not on trial.

"Was the Brooklyn using full power during the fight of July 3?" was asked.

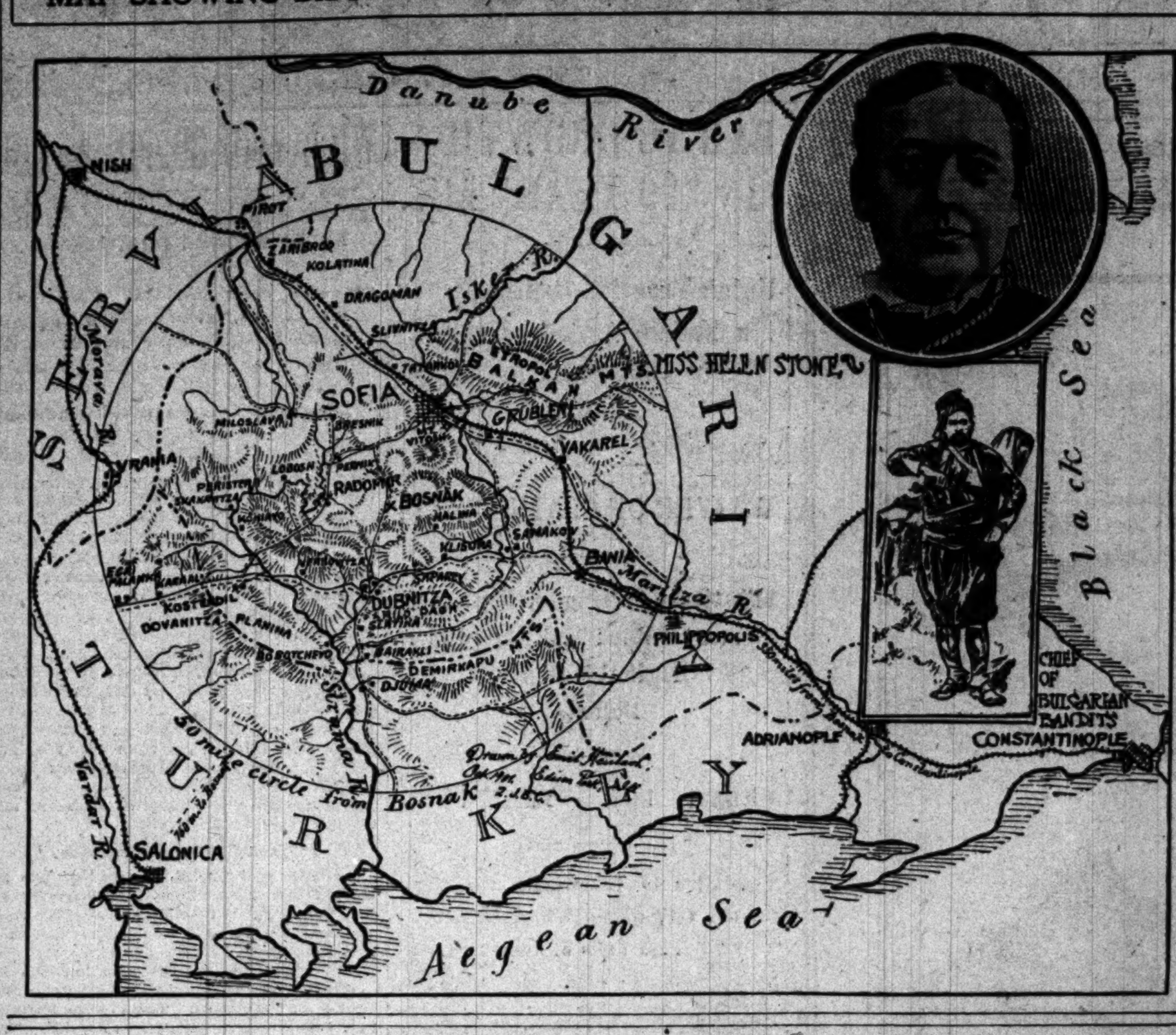
"No. We did not have full power until the end of the action, until just about when the Colon went ashore."

"Why not?"

"The order required us to keep steam for moving eight or nine knots, I think, with some of the engines uncoupled. We used the after engines. In the early part of the action we had steam enough to make twelve knots, and we kept on increasing the steam until we had all the steam we could use with the two engines. We continued to get steam, with the idea that if the Colon should go beyond the point we would lose time in coupling up all the engines. It would have taken twenty-five minutes to couple up. We had all the steam we could use in the after engines."

Indian Summer at French Lick.
Best time of year to drink "Pluto." Two trains daily, via Monon route. Through sleeper 9 p. m. Hotel open year round. City ticket office, 232 Clark street.

MAP SHOWING DISTRICT WHERE MISS STONE IS HELD BY BRIGANDS.



EX-ALDERMAN A SUICIDE.

GEORGE M'GREGOR DRINKS CARBOLIC ACID AND DIES.

Despondency Over Financial Matters and the Illness of a Foster Son Supposed to Be the Causes — Seen to Raise Bottle to His Lips in his Livery Barn, but Employe Cannot Stop Him —Succumbs to Effects of Drug in Few Minutes.

George McGregor, former Alderman of the old Thirteenth Ward and once active in West Side Republican politics, committed suicide yesterday afternoon in his livery stable at 715 West Lake street.

In sight of George Willets, an employé of the stable, he drank carbolic acid. Physicians were summoned, but McGregor died within ten minutes. His body was removed to his home at 665 Fulton street. McGregor, it is said, had been despondent for some time over financial troubles and the illness of his foster son, Chester Millington, 18 years old.

Mr. McGregor left a letter addressed to Robert Bryce, who had been an intimate friend for many years. In the letter was an order for $125, to be turned over to Mrs. McGregor, and he requested that the money which the Bryce Baking company owed him be paid to his wife.

Drinks Carbolic Acid.

McGregor had been around the stables for several hours during the day. Shortly after 1 o'clock he went into the office. He was nervous. Finally he sat down in front of a desk and spent several minutes in writing. Then Willets, who had been watching him, saw him take a bottle from his pocket and drain the contents. The physicians could do nothing for him.

Mr. McGregor came to Chicago more than thirty years ago from Dundee, Ill. He became a power in politics in the old Thirteenth Ward, and was President of the ward Republican club for many years. He was elected Alderman in 1887, and retained office for two years. He was a Mason. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at the family home.

Calls on Girl; Shoots Himself.

Oscar Wesneczki apparently wished a dramatic death last night, so he called on a young woman and there tried to kill himself. The case is a mystery.

Wesneczki went to the home of Tillie Lesniewicz at 328 Cornell street, whom he has known for three months. After talking for nearly an hour he asked her to go to the foot of the steps for a moment. She did so, and as soon as she left the room, she says, she heard the report of a revolver. She rushed back and found the man lying on the floor with a bullet wound in his face. He was removed to the County Hospital. The physicians consider the case critical.

Despondent because of his inability to secure work, and because his money was gone, Gustave Hager attempted to commit suicide in the morning by cutting the arteries in both his wrists. He was removed to the People's Hospital, where it is thought that he will die.

Frank H. Loab, 1409 North Clark street, is confined to the German Hospital suffering from wood alcohol poisoning, which, it is thought by the police, was self-administered with suicidal intent. The man was found unconscious by his roommate, C. L. Haws, with whom he boarded.

BURGLARS SET FIRE TO MILL TRYING TO BLOW OPEN SAFE.

Establishment at Bluffton, O., Burned Down and May Not Be Rebuilt in Consequence of Day's Disasters.

Lima, O., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—A gang of robbers blew the safe in the office of the Bluffton Milling company, and then fired on citizens who were attracted to the scene by the alarm of fire which followed. Only two of the men were seen.

In the excitement occasioned by the fire the thieves made their escape, and it is not known in which direction they went. The fire department could not quench the flames, which had gained much headway. The mill, together with adjoining buildings and sheds, was totally destroyed, with a loss of over $25,000, and only about $10,000 insurance.

It was learned after the fire that the robbers did not succeed in getting into the safe. The outer door, however, was blown off. All the money in the drawer was about $45 in cash. It is not known whether the mill will be rebuilt or not.

SOLDIER MURDERS COMRADE.

Sapper Gill of Royal Engineers Kills Gunner Clinnick in Effort to Shoot Gunner Mahoney.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Sapper Henry Gill of the Royal Engineers shot and killed Gunner Clinnick at Work Point barracks last night. Clinnick was playing cards in the canteen with Gunner Mahoney and three others when Gill entered with a carbine in his hands. He aimed at the back of Mahoney's head when he entered the room, and Gunner Foster, who sat at the table, shouted: "Look out!" Mahoney at once turned his head, and as he did so the carbine was discharged by Gill. The bullet passed by Mahoney's ear and struck Clinnick, who was sitting opposite. The murderer was knocked down by the others present, but said: "I'm glad I did it." When told that he had killed Clinnick, he said: "I meant it for Mahoney, and I would kill him now if I had a chance."

SENN RETURNS FROM TOUR

CHICAGOAN AT SAN FRANCISCO PREDICTS WAR IN EAST.

Surgeon and Party Reaches America After Exploring Foreign Lands—Enthusiastic Over Siberia and Japan—Says Japs and Russians Will Some Time Fight Over Corea—Island Progressing Rapidly and Applying Money with Excellent Results.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Dr. Nicholas Senn of Chicago, with Professor D. R. Brower and Dr. Jacob Frank of Chicago and Dr. Martin Martin of Mobile, arrived today on the steamer America Maru from a tour of the world. They went to Bremen, through Germany, to Russia, then across Siberia by the new railroad, and down from Vladivostok, through Corea to China and Japan. The only part of the Orient which they missed was the Philippines.

Talking of his trip Dr. Senn said: "The next question in the far East that will attract the attention of the world is the Corean. Japan and Russia are gaining strength in that country. The former is sending in men at the rate of 20,000 a year, while the Russians are slowly but surely advancing from the other side.

"The time is not far distant when the two forces will meet. If Russia does not object Japan will soon absorb the little country. The Coreans themselves favor the Japanese as against the Russians.

"The Coreans are friendly to the United States and would like nothing better than for America to declare a protectorate over their country and develop its really great resources. How favorable they are to us is shown by the fact that Leigh Hunt, along with rich mining concerns, received practical control of an entire province."

Dr. Senn was greatly impressed with Siberia. He saw no signs of suffering among the people, all seemed in good circumstances; the hastily built railroad is being replaced by the best construction. The time made now is about eighteen miles an hour.

Dr. Senn was struck with the remarkable development of Japan. He said: "I have no words to express my approval of the Japanese. The nation is heavily in debt, but the money which they borrowed was put to good use. It was largely spent in public improvements and in endowing schools and hospitals. The national debt will be paid without serious trouble, as the people are frugal, and if war should arise over Corea as I believe it will, every one from coolie to noble will give his last cent to help the government. No such spendid loyalty was ever seen in any Western land."

Of awakened China Dr. Senn spoke in high terms. He sees a great future before it if its leaders can keep it free from Western entanglements.

THREE MEN LOCKED UP FOR HOURS IN A CAR OF ICE.

Deadened Walls Make Cries for Help Useless—Doors Broken Open When All Are Near Death from Cold.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Locked in a refrigerator car, with the temperature at freezing point and little or no chance of rescue, was the experience of three Joliet men last night. They are: Isadore Hachstetter, salesman for Nelson Morris & Co.; Reginald J. Hinckley, driver for Armour & Co.; and Frank Meyers, a butcher.

After being imprisoned several hours they succeeded in breaking open the door of the car and effected their release. The men had gone into the car to look at beef, and as Hinckley climbed in he jarred the doors and they closed with a spring. The men turned, but the doors were locked fast.

The three threw themselves against the door, but it resisted their combined efforts. They then tried shouting, but the deadened walls muffled their cries for help. There were several tons of ice in the car and the temperature was freezing. The men soon became chilled, and, frantic with the fear that they would be frozen, they redoubled their efforts.

Finally, Hinckley, grasping the frozen carcasses of two sheep, stepped back, and with a running leap landed against the doors. The doors flew open and the three inmates staggered out.

ELEVATOR FALLS ON WORKMEN.

Compressors Save Them from Being Crushed—Excitement in Stock Exchange Building.

The dropping of an elevator in the Stock Exchange Building caused excitement yesterday. Two men, Max Schuman and James O'Leary, were injured. The accident occurred shortly before 3 o'clock. The elevator which caused the trouble was being repaired, and was stationed at the third floor. O'Leary and Schuman were at the bottom of the shaft, repairing the cables, when a cog snapped, letting the elevator drop. The compressors attached to the elevator saved the two workmen from death. They were caught under the elevator as it slowly descended. Schuman received injuries to both feet, while O'Leary received internal injuries.

Alma-Bromo Effervescent Salt—the great Tonic Laxative—clears and tones up the brain—cures constipation.

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The amendment of Dr. Huntingt York, making an exception in the innocent party of a divorce, was re vote of 158 to 173. The result of t the Committee of the Whole was r the House of Deputies, which will matter. The result, however, may same, for in the house the vote delegations is required to carry a the divided delegations virtually among the nays. No time was set vote by the house, but it presumal taken tomorrow.

Bishop Willis Resigns

Bishop Willis of Honolulu today his jurisdiction, and the American by resolution, formally accepted giving the late Bishop an honora the American house whenever he occupy it.

The Hawaiian Islands were missionary district, and at a soon a Bishop will be chosen fo

A missionary council in Mex three Bishops some months ag asked the American Bishops them. The latter have fram they cannot do so until furt complied with, but that then the sent to the consecration of two B ting the Mexican Church meanw the American presiding Bishop.

Church to Start in Mex

This means the formal sta Episcopal Church in Mexico. orders, just as a similar start Brazil three years ago.

The House of Deputies was in se this afternoon, and elected the no the jurisdictions of Olympia, Han Rico, and the Philippines, but elect the nominee for North election resulted in the choice ing: The Rev. James Addison of Hankow; the Rev. Charles trict of the Philippines; the Re William Keator, district of O Rev. William Cabell Brown, di Rico. The only nomination that of the Rev. Charles Cam be Missionary Bishop of North Rev. Mr. Pierce was a chaplain in

Debate on Marriage Ca

In the House of Deputies Fr of Philadelphia summed up the marriage canon. The chu ed. Three speeches were mad for the canon, and one aga for the canon were delivere Hodson Stuck of Texas and George C. Hall of Delaware, against by the Rev. Dr. R. Washington.

It was decided to limit the election of a Bishop to three m next decision reached was th sionary Bishop becomes perm bled his position may be declar was agreed that before a Bisho country is chosen the Bishops dence that he has been duly el follow a form of worship in acco established usage.

In case of disagreement betwe and a parish it was voted that in a council of conciliation may be

The Bishops adopted a canon that no woman can be formally a deaconess until she has att of 20 years, and declaring that ders her position vacant.

All the remaining portions of of the Committee of Canons w mitted to be reported to the n convention.

The House of Bishops agreed to ence report of marginal reading cepted by the House of Deputi

To Mediate in Labor T

The deputies, by unanimous important step in behalf of th labor. The resolutions recite the church ought to take as m peacemaker, and the disturbanc wage and hour question, and th the House of Bishops concurring—

"That a joint commission, co three Bishops, three presbyters, laymen, be appointed as a standing upon the relations of capital and l duty it shall be—

"First, to study carefully th purposes of the labor organizat country; second, to investigate th industrial disturbances that may third, to hold themselves in readi as arbitrators should their service between men and their employ view to bring about mutual conc harmony in the spirit of the Prince

MUSHAM ASKS MORE

Estimate for Fire Department $500,000 More than Allo for Present Year.

In his estimate for the expense cago Fire department for the y Marshal Musham will ask the C to pass his budget without cha doing so to give him $500,000 mo Finance committee allowed for the present year the Fire depa been allowed in round figures $1,5 appropriation left little room f ment.

The work of placing in some o town houses a reserve and a re pany, as well as building houses ing new companies in outlying would require $146,000. The surpl amount would go toward rebuil modeling apparatus, old in the toward buying new horses.

Chief Musham wants to instal in the following new locations:

Eighty-seventh street and Comme on property now owned by the city; which has been domiciled at the ho Company No. 46, 9321 South Chicag

At 3042 West Forty-first court on city.

At Forty-eighth avenue and W street.

Hook and ladder company adjoin of Engine Company No. 35, Nob North avenue.

At Pearson and Rush streets.

The Chief wants to add new c the following companies, the ne act as reserve:

Company 51, Sixty-fourth street a avenue.

Company 42, Franklin and Illinois

Company 13, 19 Dearborn street.

Company 1, Fifth avenue and Van

Company 18, Twelfth street and Ce

Lieutenant McBride Broug

Lieutenant John McBride, late of Volunteer Infantry, U. S. A., who arrested at his home in Detroit on a beny preferred by Mrs. Rose Rogan gan avenue, was brought back to Ch day by Detective Morris of Central gave bonds for $1,000, and his case before Justice Bradwell this morning.

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FOUR NOMINEES ELECTED.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The House of Deputies of the Episcopal Church of America, sitting as a Committee of the Whole, today adopted the proposed canon prohibiting the remarriage of divorced persons for causes not arising previous to their former marriage. The canon was adopted just as it came from the House of Bishops. The vote stood 182 for to 158 against.

The amendment of Dr. Huntington of New York, making an exception in the case of the innocent party of a divorce, was rejected by a vote of 158 to 178. The result of the vote in the Committee of the Whole was reported to the House of Deputies, which will vote on the matter. The result, however, may not be the same, for in the house the vote of thirty delegations is required to carry a measure, the divided delegations virtually counting among the nays. No time was set for a final vote by the house, but it presumably will be taken tomorrow.

Bishop Willis Resigns.

Bishop Willis of Honolulu today resigned his jurisdiction, and the American Bishops, by resolution, formally accepted over night, giving the late Bishop an honorary seat in the American house whenever he chooses to occupy it.

The Hawaiian Islands were erected into a missionary district, and at a special session soon a Bishop will be chosen for the same.

A missionary council in Mexico elected three Bishops some months ago and today asked the American Bishops to consecrate them. The latter have framed a reply that they cannot do so until further forms are complied with, but that then they will consent to the consecration of two Bishops, putting the Mexican Church meanwhile under the American presiding Bishop.

Church to Start in Mexico.

This means the formal starting of an Episcopal Church in Mexico, with complete orders, just as a similar start was made in Brazil three years ago.

The House of Deputies was in secret session this afternoon, and elected the nominees for the jurisdictions of Olympia, Hankow, Porto Rico, and the Philippines, but declined to elect the nominee for North Dakota. The election resulted in the choice of the following: The Rev. James Addison Ingle, district of Hankow; the Rev. Charles H. Brent, district of the Philippines; the Rev. Frederick William Keator, district of Olympia; the Rev. William Cabell Brown, district of Porto Rico. The only nomination rejected was that of the Rev. Charles Campbell Pierce, to be Missionary Bishop of North Dakota. The Rev. Mr. Pierce was a chaplain in the army.

Debate on Marriage Canon.

In the House of Deputies Francis A. Lewis of Philadelphia summed up the debate on the marriage canon. The church was crowded. Three speeches were made, two of them for the canon, and one against it. Those for the canon were delivered by the Rev. Hodson Stuck of Texas and the Rev. Dr. George C. Hall of Delaware, and the one against by the Rev. Dr. R. H. McKim of Washington.

It was decided to limit the time for the election of a Bishop to three months. The next decision reached was that if a missionary Bishop becomes permanently disabled his position may be declared vacant. It was agreed that before a Bishop for a foreign country is chosen the Bishops must have evidence that he has been duly elected and will follow a form of worship in accordance with established usage.

In case of disagreement between a Bishop and a parish it was voted that in the future a council of conciliation may be called.

The Bishops adopted a canon providing that no woman can be formally set apart as a deaconess until she has attained the age of 20 years, and declaring that marriage renders her position vacant.

All the remaining portions of the report of the Committee of Canons were recommitted to be reported to the next general convention.

The House of Bishops agreed to the conference report of marginal readings, already accepted by the House of Deputies.

To Mediate in Labor Troubles.

The deputies, by unanimous vote, took an important step in behalf of the interests of labor. The resolutions recite the part that the church ought to take as mediator and peacemaker, and the disturbances over the wage and hour question, and then resolve, the House of Bishops concurring—

"That a joint commission, consisting of three Bishops, three presbyters, and three laymen, be appointed as a standing committee upon the relations of capital and labor, whose duty it shall be—

"First, to study carefully the aims and purposes of the labor organizations of the country; second, to investigate the causes of industrial disturbances that may arise; and, third, to hold themselves in readiness to act as arbitrators should their services be desired between men and their employers, with a view to bring about mutual conciliation and harmony in the spirit of the Prince of Peace."

MUSHAM ASKS MORE MONEY.

Estimate for Fire Department Expenses $500,000 More than Allowance for Present Year.

In his estimate for the expense of the Chicago Fire department for the year of 1902 Marshal Musham will ask the City Council to pass his budget without change, and in doing so to give him $500,000 more than the Finance committee allowed for 1901. During the present year the Fire department has been allowed in round figures $1,500,000. This appropriation left little room for improvement.

The work of placing in some of the downtown houses a reserve and a regular company, as well as building houses and installing new companies in outlying districts, would require $146,000. The surplus over this amount would go toward rebuilding and remodeling apparatus, old in the service, and toward buying new horses.

Chief Musham wants to install companies in the following new locations:

Eighty-seventh street and Commercial avenue, on property now owned by the city; for a company which has been domiciled at the house of Engine Company No. 46, 9321 South Chicago avenue.

At 3042 West Forty-first court on lot owned by city.

At Forty-eighth avenue and West Harrison street.

Hook and ladder company adjoining the house of Engine Company No. 35, Noble street and North avenue.

At Pearson and Rush streets.

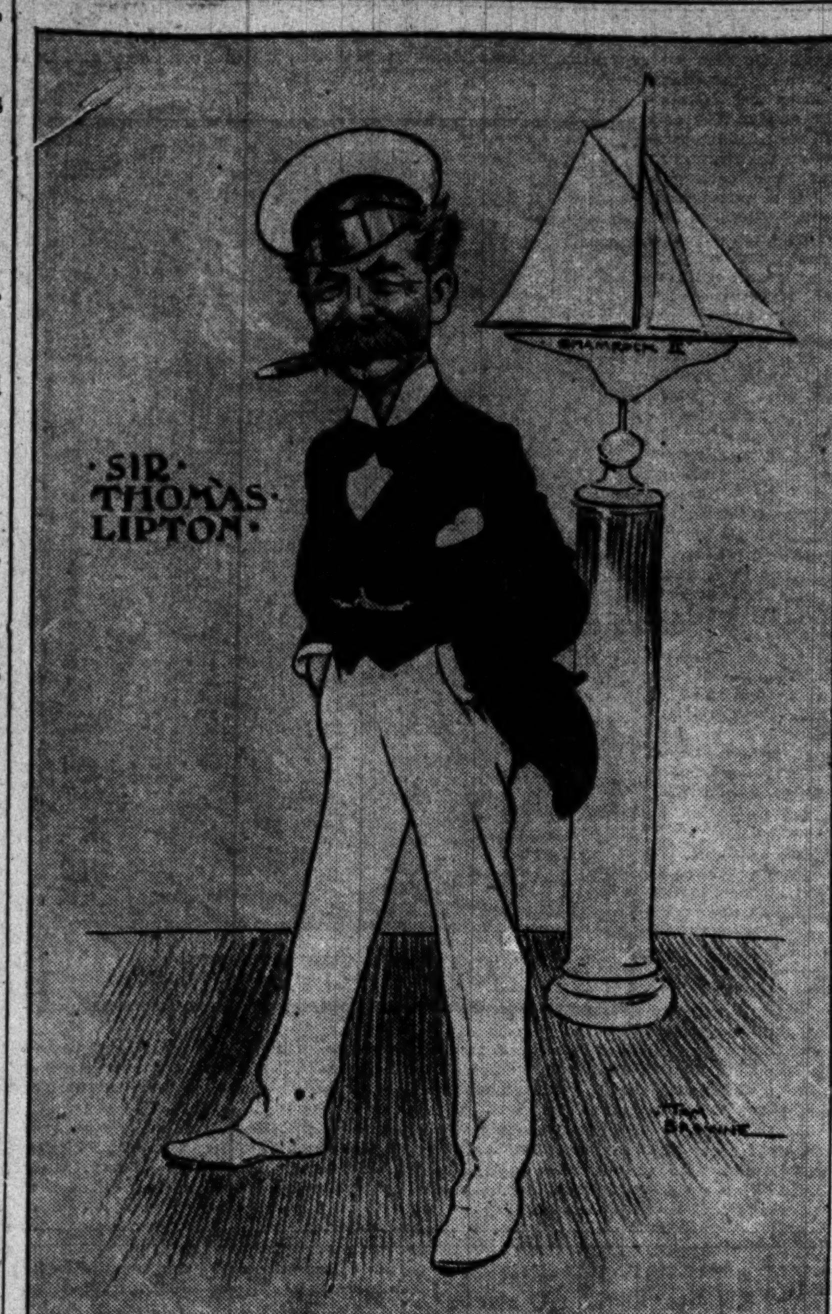
The Chief wants to add new companies to the following companies, the newcomers to act as reserve:

Company 51, Sixty-fourth street and Wentworth avenue.
Company 42, Franklin and Illinois streets.
Company 13, 19 Dearborn street.
Company 1, Fifth avenue and Van Buren street.
Company 18, Twelfth street and Center avenue.

Lieutenant McBride Brought Back.

Lieutenant John McBride, late of the Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, U. S. A., who was recently arrested at his home in Detroit on a charge of larceny preferred by Mrs. Rose Rogan, 5628 Michigan avenue, was brought back to Chicago yesterday by Detective Morris of Central Station. He gave bonds for $1,000, and his case will be heard before Justice Bradwell this morning.

ENGLISH ARTIST'S IDEA OF "YACHTING KNIGHT."



—From the Sketch.

Sir Thomas Lipton will arrive in Chicago this afternoon, and tonight will be the guest at a notable dinner at the Athletic club.

TEACHER'S VIGOR A FAULT

SO PRINCIPAL SMITH SAYS IN ASKING A DISMISSAL.

Mrs. Frances A. Temple of South Division High School on List for Retirement and Her Pupils Take Up the Matter and Send Protest to the Board—Fifty Residents of Chicago Sign the Remonstrance and More Will Have Opportunity.

"Because her vigor is a discouragement to the weak," is said to have been the reason why Mrs. Frances A. Temple of the South Division High School was included among the twenty-eight teachers recently retired by the Board of Education. This charge against her is selected by her former pupils as the only one worthy of attention. It is quoted in petitions against her removal which they have addressed to the board.

The first inkling of the reason advanced for Mrs. Temple's retirement came out in the School Management committee meeting yesterday. Mrs. Temple had a wide reputation as a teacher and the fact that she was included with the teachers to be dismissed occasioned surprise among her friends. She was a member of the Educational commission which deliberated for a year on a new educational law, and she took a prominent part in the debates.

Dismissal Asked by Principal.

Principal Spencer R. Smith of the South Division school was a member of the same commission. It was he who recommended Mrs. Temple for dismissal, when Superintendent Cooley asked all the principals to reduce their teaching forces. The words "because her vigor is a discouragement to the weak" are said to be the only answer Mr. Smith has given when asked why he did not let one of the younger or less experienced teachers go instead of recommending Mrs. Temple for dismissal.

This is the complaint that has been taken up by Mrs. Temple's friends, and they protest against her dismissal on such ground. Among those whose names were signed to the petitions were Louise Bacon of Vassar College, H. C. Cooper, instructor in the department of chemistry at Syracuse University, and Dr. Frances Dickinson. The names of fifty residents of Chicago followed.

Mrs. Temple has displayed some of the objectionable "vigor" in refusing to accept a dismissal without a statement of reasons. When the recommendations of the principals were read at the board meeting two weeks ago, and acted on favorably, the South Division school was omitted, and those who had followed affairs at the boardrooms knew it was because Mrs. Temple's name was on the list from the South Division.

Protest of the Pupils.

The testimony of Mrs. Temple's former pupils is stated in these words, "She is an able instructor, takes an individual interest in her pupils, is patient and sympathetic with the weak." For this reason, say the petitioners, "we protest against the removal of Mrs. Temple on the criticism that her vigor is a discouragement to the weak."

Mrs. Temple says the criticism of her vigor was made last June by Principal Smith, and from that fact her friends have believed she was recommended for dismissal on the same ground.

Mrs. Temple Deprecates Agitation.

Although Mrs. Temple has been working in a quiet way to retain her position she has so far refused to allow her friends to intercede for her. When informed of the petition last night, she expressed regret that the matter had been made public.

"When Mr. Smith made the criticism of my work as long ago as last June that it was too 'strenuous' and 'vigorous,'" said Mrs. Temple, "there was the suggestion that I might be dropped if I refused to give up certain things. I have preferred so far to keep back all this, and even now will not say to what Mr. Smith refers when he says I am 'too vigorous.' It seems that my friends have gotten hold of the matter, and for what they have done I cannot be responsible. My case has been placed before the officials of the Board of Education, and I hope to have it settled there."

Luncheons in High Schools.

The School Management committee transacted several minor matters of business. It was decided to furnish tables, heat, light, chairs, and gas for cooking in the high schools where there are lunchrooms, and to arrange as soon as possible for lunchrooms where there are none. No action on night schools will be taken until January.

GATHER UP BOY BEGGARS.

POLICE ARREST FIFTEEN CHILDREN IN A RAID.

Unusual Number of Complaints Causes Captain Gibbons to Send Forth Policemen in the Down-Town District—Patrol Wagon Load of Youthful Offenders Taken to Juvenile Home—Professional Mendicants Must Stay South of Van Buren Street.

Fifteen children, ranging in age from 5 to 12 years, were gathered up in a patrol wagon that was quietly driven through the downtown district last night and taken to the Juvenile Home at Honoré street and Jackson boulevard. The youngsters were arrested for begging and thieving on the streets and making themselves needlessly offensive at the entrances of the various theaters. Policemen Goggin and Short of the Juvenile Court, accompanied by four policemen from the Harrison Street Station, made the raid on the youthful beggars under the orders of Captain Gibbons, who has been receiving complaints daily against the liberties taken by the young offenders.

The lights on the patrol wagon were extinguished to prevent a warning of the vehicle's approach. In most cases the children were not aware the policemen were near until they were almost in their grasp. They would then set up a cry to their companions and all would scatter in their endeavors to escape. Several of the youngsters fought and tried to break away, but were finally loaded into the patrol wagon. The police will continue nightly until this class of beggars has been cleared from the streets. They will then take up the task of ridding the district of professional beggars and tramps.

Mrs. Fannie Gloss, who has been a familiar figure for years in front of the Morrison hotel on Madison street, holding a 2-year-old child in her arms while she sold papers, was told by the police that she would have to move from her accustomed stand. She consented to go voluntarily to the police station, and was taken to the Harrison street annex. Her child will be provided with a home, as she says she is unable to give it proper attention unless she carries it with her.

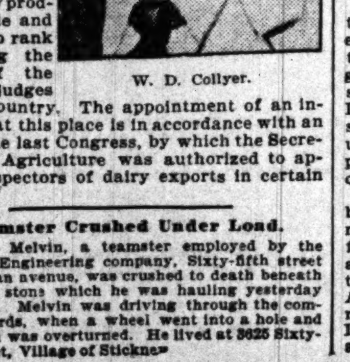
The professional beggar, Captain Gibbons declares, must remain south of Van Buren street, for he will not be allowed to ply his trade in the downtown district any more. The police say that these men have become so bold of late that if a pedestrian refuses to give him money he is either abused or assaulted.

In cases where women with children in arms sit in front of buildings and ask alms of passers by, the police say they will not be arrested, but will be asked to desist. If they return again to their accustomed places they will be arrested.

INSPECTOR OF DAIRY PRODUCTS.

W. D. Collyer of Chicago Appointed by the United States Department of Agriculture.

The United States Department of Agriculture has appointed W. D. Collyer of this city as inspector of dairy products for the district of which Chicago is the chief port. Notice of the appointment came to Mr. Collyer through Major Alvord, chief of the dairy division of the Agricultural department. The appointee is well known to the dairy produce trade and is said to rank among the first of the butter judges of the country. The appointment of an inspector at this place is in accordance with an act of the last Congress, by which the Secretary of Agriculture was authorized to appoint inspectors of dairy exports in certain points.



W. D. Collyer.

Teamster Crushed Under Load.

John S. Melvin, a teamster employed by the Western Engineering company, Sixty-fifth street and Hyman avenue, was crushed to death beneath a load of stone which he was hauling yesterday afternoon. Melvin was driving through the company's yards, when a wheel went into a hole and the wagon was overturned. He lived at 3625 Sixty-third street, Village of Stickney.

SIR THOMAS TO ARRIVE TODAY.

Members of the Chicago Athletic Club Will Honor Cup Challenger Tonight.

BANQUET AND RECEPTION

Plucky Irish Yachtsman Comes to the City This Afternoon for a Visit.

STAY TO BE MADE LIVELY.

Sir Thomas Lipton comes to the city this afternoon to taste the hospitality of the Chicago Athletic club and be a social lion for the remainder of the week. His stay in Chicago will be enlivened with banquets and receptions and a general demonstration of good-fellowship which will go a long ways toward compensating him for his failure to lift the America cup.

Sir Thomas and his party, consisting of his New York representative, David Barrie, Dr. F. Reid Mackay, and Secretaries Westwood and Duncan, will arrive in Chicago at 2:30 o'clock over the Pennsylvania railroad. A special committee from the Chicago Athletic club, composed of Frank J. Howell, J. K. Armsby, C. K. Wooster, James H. Channon, and Alexander H. Revell, will meet Sir Thomas at the Union Depot and escort him to the Auditorium Annex, where a suite has been reserved for the party.

Central Figure at Reception.

This evening at 6 o'clock Sir Thomas will be the central figure at a reception and banquet given in his honor by the Chicago Athletic club. Incidentally he will be presented with an unusually large and handsome silver loving cup, and will respond to the toast, "The President of the United States." The cup will be presented by the club President, Colonel J. K. Armsby, at the conclusion of an address of welcome, in which he will eulogize Sir Thomas for his courage, perseverance, and good-fellowship.

The reception will be a formal affair, but there is no limitation placed upon the privileges of the club members in bringing their friends, so that the welcome accorded Sir Thomas will be a hearty one and of large proportions. Every flag of the international signal code, with an extra number of American and English emblems entwined, will be the principal decorations.

Decorations of Nautical Design.

The banquet at 7:30 is limited to 300, including fifty invited guests. Decorations of a strictly nautical design, entwined with smilax, laurel, and evergreens, will be employed in the banquet hall. The design is an original one, and the most complicated combination of colors have resulted through the use of flags and bunting. A model of Shamrock II., complete with all sails set, will be placed on the banquet table near Sir Thomas.

The subjects and the speakers at the banquet during the evening are as follows:

"Athletics and the Nation," Herbert S. Duncombe, Vice President of the club.
"The Modern Knight in Sport," Alexander H. Revell.
"The Shamrock," William J. Hynes.
"The Real Alliance," George R. Peck.

Committees in Charge.

The different committees in charge of the affair are as follows:

RECEPTION.

Frank J. Howell,	E. R. Woodle,
John Jay Abbott,	E. W. Miller,
H. L. Green,	Alex. H. Revell,
John H. Jones,	H. S. Duncombe,
Sterling P. Wiley,	H. M. Higinbotham,
G. Harold Atkin,	F. E. Miller,
William E. O'Neill,	C. K. Wooster,
John Cudahy,	John F. Turrill,
P. M. Hanney,	A. P. Gilmore.
A. W. Masters,	

BANQUET.

James H. Channon,	F. E. Miller,
George Ade,	John F. Wolff,
E. Fletcher Ingals,	Alex. H. Revell,
George C. Rew,	E. D. Hulbert,
William E. O'Neill,	William H. Rehm,
H. F. Frink,	H. S. Duncombe.

INVITATION.

John F. Wolff,	Henry L. Green,
Herbert W. Allen,	O. C. Wells,
F. N. Pease,	F. L. Merrick,
H. S. Duncombe.	

To Arrange Future Programs.

The program for other entertainments during Sir Thomas' visit will be arranged after his arrival. The Columbia Yacht club will present him with a gold and silver key, probably on Thursday, and the Bankers' club is arranging a dinner for Saturday night.

MASON TO ASK APPROVAL AT SANGAMON CONVENTION.

Senator Going to Springfield Today for This Purpose—Dawes to Make a Short Tour Beginning Tomorrow.

Senator Mason is expected to be present at the convention for Sangamon County which meets at Springfield today. He is anxious to get that convention to adopt resolutions indorsing his career as United States Senator, and the general understanding is it will be done. It is possible, however, the indorsement will be refused, as that county is under the control politically of friends of Governor Yates.

This convention is like those already held or to be held in the sixteen counties in the State not under township organization. They are held to nominate candidates for County Supervisors and for no other purpose. It is customary at all such conventions to pass resolutions praising the federal and State administrations, the course of the Congressman from the district if he happens to be a Republican, and of both United States Senators.

Controller Dawes goes to Peoria tomorrow and on Thursday he will go to Macomb and address the Military Tract Medical association. On Friday he will be at Golden City, Adams County, and be back in Chicago to speak before the Bankers' club dinner at Kinsley's on Saturday evening.

A report was current that Major Dan Hogan of Mound City was showing signs of breaking away from the Governor's forces and allying himself with the opposition to the ambitions of the Governor. At present Hogan is a State appointee, however.

FRESHMEN TOLD TO SHUN SOCIETY AT UNIVERSITY.

Professor Shepardson Assures Young Students That the Fraternity Pin Is Not All There Is in College Life.

Abandonment of college society was urged on the freshmen of the University of Chicago yesterday. Professor Francis Shepardson, associate professor of American history, and private secretary to the President, in an address to the men of the junior college, told them to turn their backs on the blandishments of social life.

The address came with particular force to the new arrivals on account of the presence of the "rushing season" of the fraternities. Social affairs in abundance are given to influence freshmen in choosing the secret society with which they will affiliate. During the last few years, the students assert, there have been any number of failures in the freshmen class due to overpopularity with the fraternities and the social demands that resulted.

"It is easy to be drawn from your studies by the solicitations of affable fraternity men," said Professor Shepardson. "The fraternity pin and banner do not represent all there is in college life. Don't try to be too big a man while you are a freshman. A big man in a freshman class is apt to mean a worn out man in the senior class. Let your growth in university affairs be a natural one."

NEW PRESIDENT OF AUGUSTANA COLLEGE.

The installation next Thursday of Professor Gustaf Andreen, Ph. D., as the new President of Augustana College and Theological Seminary at Rock Island, Ill., will, it is claimed, mark an eventful epoch in the future history of this the largest and oldest of the Swedish-American colleges. For forty years the college has had a clergyman at its head. Since the death of the Rev. Dr. Olaf Olson last year the college has been without an executive head, and the final selection of Professor Andreen as its President is pointed out as a victory for those who desired the institution to take its place among American secular colleges.



Augustana College has been the principal training establishment for ministers for the pulpits of the churches of the Augustana Lutheran Synod with Swedish congregations, and about 500 ministers have graduated from it. Swedes born in America now desire the college to become a big secular institution. Slowly new departments have been added to the college, but still its reputation has been that of a training school for ministers.

The new President will not at once make determined efforts to transform the college into a purely secular institution, but will at first confine his efforts to secure for the college a permanent fund and place it on a solid financial basis.

Dr. Andreen was born at Balleytown, Ind., thirty-seven years ago. He is considered a leading authority on Scandinavian language and literature. After graduating from Augustana College he was called in 1888 to the chair of languages at Bethany College, Kansas. Eight years ago he went to Yale and was given the degree of doctor of philosophy. Soon afterwards he was appointed to the Scandinavian chair at Yale. To further increase his knowledge he spent two years in post-graduate study at the universities of Europe, after which he returned to Yale, whence he was called to Augustana.

MUST DROP "99-YEAR" ACT

UNION TRACTION REQUEST FOR A STREET DEFEATED.

Council Refuses to Grant Right to Extend Kedzie Avenue Line—Mr. Foreman Offers Substitute Requiring Waiver of Claims Under Old Law—This Is Tabled, but Move Proves Fatal to Whole Plan—Resolution to Investigate Fee Offices Does Not Pass.

(Continued from first page.)

claims under the ninety-nine year act, might act as a waiver by the city of its claims that the act is inoperative. This was denied by Alderman Bennett, chairman of the Committee on Local Transportation, but the defeat of the ordinance settled the question if there was one.

On motion of Alderman Bennett the Council unanimously passed the ordinance instructing the Corporation Counsel to enforce the terms of the ordinance of April 8, 1897, which provides for transfers at all "junction points of all street railways owned, leased, or operated by any company." Under this ordinance, if it is enforced, the Union Traction company will be compelled to issue transfers from North to West Side lines and vice versa at all points where the two lines of the company cross the downtown district.

At the request of Alderman Bennett the ordinance providing that in case no seat is provided a passenger only four cents fare shall be charged him was made a special order for next Monday evening.

Plan for a Subway.

Earlier in the evening Alderman Alling introduced a long preamble and resolution which, after reciting the congestion of street traffic in the down-town district and the claim that the only relief was a subway system through which the street cars could run, and the further fact that the city has no money to build such a subway, while, in the opinion of the author, it should own it, asked the Council to memorialize the Legislature to provide for a special taxing body such as the Drainage board, whose duty it should be to construct and maintain such a subway, as well as lower the tunnels under the river.

This board would be allowed to charge rentals from the street car companies for the use of the subway, and from the proceeds of these rentals pay the interest on the bonds issued to construct it and provide a sinking fund for their retirement. The matter went to the Committee on Local Transportation.

The same disposition was made of the resolution of Alderman Blake, providing it is the sense of the Council that a reduction of fares rather than money paid by the companies to the city to be the form of compensation for any extension of existing franchises.

The Alderman asked to have it made a special order for two weeks from last evening so it could be debated, saying he wanted an expression of opinion, but the Council promptly sent it to the committee.

Alderman Race added to the railway controversy by introducing a résumé of the ordinances of Toronto, where there are not only cheaper fares than in Chicago but compensation paid to the city, and it went to the committee.

Mayor Suggests a Reform.

Early in the meeting Mayor Harrison sent in a communication calling attention to the recent making of police magistrates salaried instead of fee officials, and, saying it had operated not only to a better administration of justice but the raising of revenue to the city, suggested it would be wise to do the same thing with all existing fee offices, including the Oil Inspector, City Sealer, Boiler Inspector, and others. He would recommend a Department of Inspection which would have charge of the work now done by all these officers and which would turn all fees into the city, while salaries would be paid to the men employed to do the work. In order to frame the necessary ordinance he recommended that the matter be referred to the Finance committee, which, with the Corporation Counsel, could work the ordinance out.

"Is the City Treasurer included in the list?" asked Alderman Jackson.

Being informed he was not Alderman Jackson remarked he ought to be, "for he is paid by interest drawn on the city's funds, and his office is a fit one to be included."

The office of City Treasurer was accordingly put into the list.

Then Alderman Blake introduced a resolution calling for an investigation by the Finance committee of all the fee offices of the city, as well as that of City Treasurer, and when a cry came up to refer it to the Finance committee, insisted on its passage. The motion to lay aside the rules for that purpose was, however, beaten by a vote of 37 to 27, not the necessary two-thirds, the roll-call showing almost a party vote. The Democrats opposed the investigation and the Republicans favored it.

Claim on County Treasurer.

Alderman Connery then followed with a resolution, which passed without opposition, reciting the claim that the County Treasurer was drawing interest on the funds in his care contrary to law and instructing the Corporation Counsel to make a demand on him for so much of that interest money as the city might rightly claim, and to bring suit to recover it in default of payment.

Commission to Plan Reforms.

At his own request the Mayor was authorized to name a commission consisting of himself, the Controller, the Corporation Counsel and eight Aldermen to consider such questions as a consolidation of the various taxing bodies in Chicago, a combination of bodies having similar municipal functions under one head, and other reforms of kindred nature which have been urged from time to, and the agitation of the demand for a constitutional convention as a means of accomplishing them. On this point the Mayor, in his message, said:

"The salvation of this city lies in an early constitutional convention, which, doing away with useless and cumbersome taxing bodies, shall establish a simple system of municipal government, sufficiently elastic to cover the necessities of the next century to come, but rigid enough to protect the taxpayer from the waste of the revenues he pays on ill-considered improvements, as well as in the maintenance of any army of useless employés."

New Bridge Rule Proposed.

Alderman Patterson introduced an amendment to the existing bridge ordinance, providing that in the main river, in the South Branch as far as Twelfth street, and in the North Branch to Kinzie street, the bridges be kept closed between 6 and 9 in the morning and 4 and 8 in the evening. The Alderman wanted the ordinance passed at once by suspending the rules, but Alderman Jackson objected that it was too important a matter to be acted on hastily, and after the roll had been called far enough to show his motion was hopelessly beaten Alderman Patterson allowed it to go to the Committee on Harbor, Viaducts, and Bridges.

The same disposition was made of an ordinance put in by Alderman Brennan (Twelfth) allowing the Illinois Northern railway to construct bridges across the west fork of the South Branch of the River, between Hoyne and Western avenues.

Track Elevation Urged.

Alderman Mavor called attention to the dangerous condition of the grade crossing at Fortieth and State streets, saying two school children had been killed there recently, and Chairman Goldzier of the Committee on Track Elevation promised that the tracks of the Chicago Junction railway leading to the Stock-Yards, of which complaint was made, would be elevated at soon as possible.

Alderman Cullerton asked that the City Engineer be asked to report on the feasibility of a system of high pressure water mains in the down-town district, into which water could be pumped from the fire tugs in case of fire—Chief Swenie's old plan—and the request was granted.

On motion of Alderman Herrmann the Council passed an ordinance designed to cure the title of the College of Physicians and Surgeons to the old West Side High School property. The city recently sold this land to the college for $176,000 without advertising for bids, as the law directs, and it has put a cloud upon the title.

A prohibition district was formed in Mayfair, the boundaries being Sunnyside avenue, Forty-third avenue, West Cullom street, and Forty-fifth avenue.

An attempt to take money from some ward appropriations for street cleaning and add it to that of other wards, recommended by the Commissioner of Public Works, failed utterly, every Alderman whose ward was to lose money protesting vigorously except Alderman Raymer, who said he was willing $1,000 be taken from the money belonging to his ward and spent in others.

REFERENDUM LEAGUE AT WORK.

Launches Movement for Municipal Ownership and Nomination of Candidates by Direct Ballot.

The movement of the Referendum league to secure municipal ownership of the Chicago street car system, gas and electric light plants, and the nomination of all municipal candidates by direct ballot at the primaries, was launched at a meeting at the Sherman House last evening. Permanent organization was effected by the election of Daniel L. Cruice, President; Joseph F. Ryan, Secretary, and Dr. M. F. Doty, Treasurer. D. W. Richardson, Professor G. C. Griffiths, F. W. Palmer, W. A. Sloan, D. B. Bradley, Thomas J. McElligott, Charles V. Peterson, and John J. Hess were chosen directors. The league hopes to get 25 per cent of the registered voters of Chicago to sign a petition, so that the municipal ownership propositions may be submitted for consideration at the next city election.

HEAR COLLERAN IN DEFENSE.

Civil Service Commissioners Resume the Captain's Case Today—Appears Before Judge Tuley.

The trial of Captain Luke P. Colleran, charged with neglect of duty, will be continued before the Civil Service commission this afternoon. The defendant will introduce witnesses in the effort to controvert the accusations of negligence launched against him for his conduct in the case of James Dunlap, bank burglar.

Should testimony be concluded in time, the head of the Detective bureau will be arraigned at once on similar charges in connection with the case of Harry Featherstone, notorious criminal, now serving twenty years in Joliet.

Colleran will attempt to prove today that his booking demands were proper. He will attempt, too, to clear himself of the charges that the evidence found in Dunlap's possession, and identified as the property of the Wellington Bank, was mutilated while in his custody.

Colleran was called on during the day to defend himself in the quo warranto proceedings instituted by the Civil Service Reform league. It is contended that, as he did not hold the rank of the next lowest grade he was not eligible for the examination by which he crept under the merit law as Chief of Detectives. The matter is scheduled to come up before Judge Tuley this morning. A motion for a change of venue from Judge Tuley was made, which will be argued today. Objection is made to Judges Horton, Burke, Tuthill, Smith, and Neely.

ROBBERS INFEST THE SOUTH SIDE.

Commit Many Depredations Within Twenty-four Hours Without Molestation.

LOCK WOMAN IN CLOSET.

Mrs. Charles Johnson Receives Brutal Treatment at Hands of Two Burglars.

OPEN SAFE IS A MYSTERY.

Thieves and holdup men operating on the South Side, in twenty-four hours' time, held up two women, one of whom was brutally treated, and committed several petty thefts and burglaries. The depredations demonstrated the fact that residents are not immune from attack when in their own homes. The following cases were reported to the police of the Stock-Yards and Fiftieth Street Stations:

Mrs. Charles Johnson, 5123 Wentworth avenue; house entered by two men, who strangled her, afterwards throwing her into a clothes closet and locking the door; $23, two gold watches, two revolvers, and other property taken.

Thomas Kane, 163 Wells street, robbed of $1[.] by three boys in his store.

Klopp's millinery store, 5123 Wentworth avenue; store broken into and ostrich plumes valued at $100 taken.

George W. McDonald's drug store, Forty-seventh street and Indiana avenue; burglars secured $25 from a cash till.

Harry Stout, 2306 Wabash avenue; robbed of $400 diamond stud on Saturday night.

Mrs. Fred Schorr, 750 East Forty-sixth street; followed into the flat entrance by a masked robber, who wrenched her purse, containing $35, from her grasp.

Vacant building at Fifth avenue and Garfield boulevard broken into and a barrel of white lead valued at $10 stolen.

Mrs. James Woody, 3244 Dearborn street; robbed of jewelry and other valuables worth $250 while locked in a room of her residence.

Lock Woman in Closet.

The attack upon Mrs. Johnson occurred early yesterday morning, while her husband, who is a milk dealer, was out on his route. He returned an hour afterward to release his wife from a closet, in which she had been imprisoned by the robbers. Mrs. Johnson's condition is serious as a result of the rough treatment she received at the hands of the holdup men. The robbers remained in the house fifteen minutes in their quest for valuables. They attacked Mrs. Johnson as she unlocked the rear door, where they had been waiting their opportunity. The woman screamed as one of the robbers seized her by the throat and thrust her backward into the room. She was forced into a chair and her head was bent back so far that her back was injured. Fearful that the woman would lose consciousness, one of the men hastened to give her a glass of water. After drinking this Mrs. Johnson was commanded to tell where her husband's money was on penalty of being shot, and she complied without loss of time.

Mrs. Schorr lives in the Idlewild flat building, Forty-sixth street and Indiana avenue. At 7 o'clock Sunday night she was returning to her home after a visit in Milwaukee. As she reached the first landing inside the building a masked robber rushed up the stairs, and grasping her about the shoulders tore her purse from her belt. As he darted down the stairs Mrs. Schorr screamed. Her cries alarmed the residents of the building, but before any one could act the robber had effected his escape.

McDonald's drug store, which was entered by burglars recently who secured $25 from a cash till, was again attacked early yesterday morning. Edward Michaels, a clerk, armed himself with a revolver and for two hours listened to the work of the burglars, but they became discouraged and went away.

Pick Lock of a Safe.

The safe of the Board of Trade Mutual Benefit association, 30 Board of Trade Building, was opened and robbed of $240 some time last Wednesday night. The fact of the robbery was suppressed until yesterday by the officials of the concern in the hopes of securing some clew to the parties who did the work. The loss was made good by the Executive committee of the association. The lock of the safe was picked, and the inside box, containing the money, was opened in a manner indicating that the work had been done by experts.

Mrs. James Woody, 3244 Dearborn street, was playing with her two small children in the front parlor of her home last night, when burglars turned the key in one of the doors and imprisoned her, as they thought, while they went leisurely about to rob the residence. They went down-stairs and took all the silverware they could find. Drawers in the sleeping rooms were ransacked, and every bit of jewelry was taken. Mrs. Woody did not know the burglars were in the house until she tried to get out of the door and found it was locked. By another door leading from the same room she made her way into the hallway, and then she saw that thieves had ransacked every room in the house and carried away valuables to the value of $250. She reported the robbery to the Stanton Avenue Police Station.

END OF PAY ASSIGNMENTS; MONEY LOANERS BEATEN.

Judge Baker Holds That Giving of Lien on Wages Before They Fall Due Is Contrary to Public Policy.

Assignments of salaries before the money is due are void, because contrary to public policy, Judge Baker decided yesterday in passing on the claims of money loaners to policemen's pay.

The court ordered that the money held out from the city pay rolls on account of loan agents' claims be paid to the employés. The amount is $16,000, and, in addition, the decision is a hard blow to the business of loaning to city employés and taking an assignment of their salaries.

At the last two monthly pay days claims by loan agents for money advanced were filed with the Controller, and with them what purported to be assignments of the salaries of the debtors made in favor of the holders of the claims. Instead of paying to the creditors the money thus claimed the city paid it into court, there to seek a decision as to whether it belonged to the loan agent or to the employé who had given the agent an assignment of his pay. The amount paid over for judicial determination amounted to about $8,000 for each pay day.

Suit was brought by Samuel Kanter, one of the loan agents, to recover the money and the case was defended by the city, Assistant Corporation Counsel Fitzgerald handling its case. The question at issue was the validity of these assignments of salaries.

The same question had come up before Judge Tuley some time ago as to whether a man could assign money which he had not yet earned, and the Judge decided in the negative, holding that the custom of the loan agents of requiring policemen and others to sign blank assignments in advance of the time when the money came due was illegal and the assignments void.

Judge Baker, however, not only sustained the position of Judge Tuley as to these blank assignments, but held that all assignments of salary in advance of the time it had accrued were against public policy and could not be allowed. The money was ordered returned to the city to be distributed among the employés.

It is thought by the city authorities that this decision will stop the practice of loaning money to city employés with their salaries as security. As long as the creditors had no difficulty in getting assignment of pay cashed at the City Treasurer's office they were willing to advance all the money the salaries amounted to. Now, however, it is not believed the practice will be continued.

LOST GEMS COME BACK TO OWNER.

Woman Robbed of $16,500 in Jewelry, Which Is Mysteriously Returned.

PAY TITHES TO TAMMANY

Labor Delegate Declares Police "Shake Down" City Employes Regularly.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE. New York, Oct. 14.

Mrs. Graeme Harrison, the sister of F. Storrs, a wealthy summer resident near White Plains, and a prominent social leader at Newport last season, was robbed, or thought she was, in a strange manner of $16,500 worth of gems and cash on Sunday, and tonight the valuables were returned intact in a manner equally as mysterious.

Woman Loses and Finds $16,500 in Jewelry.

Mr. Storrs has a house worth $150,000 overlooking Rye Lake, on the outskirts of White Plains, and Mrs. Harrison has been visiting there for some time. Mrs. Harrison left Rye Lake on Sunday afternoon to go to Manhattan, where she had arranged to meet her brother, Mr. Ogston. On reaching the Grand Central Station she was met by Mr. Ogston and went with him to Morristown, N. J.

On leaving the train at Morristown, Mrs. Harrison discovered that the chamois bag in which she had carried her diamonds was missing, and she reported the theft to her relatives, but not to the police. Mrs. Harrison searched Morristown and Manhattan today, but could get no trace of her gems. She returned to the home of Mr. Storrs tonight wornout and almost distracted over her loss. She had intended to sail for Europe on Wednesday with her daughters, the Misses Marquandt, to meet her husband at London.

She had hardly reached Rye Lake tonight when Mr. Storrs received a telephone message from Morristown for Mrs. Harrison, which said that her gems had been found. Mrs. Harrison said:

"The theft of my jewelry is all a mystery to me. It was all a mistake. The stolen jewelry has been returned to a member of my family, and tomorrow I shall go to New Jersey and get it. How the jewels were stolen I cannot say. I have been placed in an embarrassing position and don't care to say anything further. You can say, though, that on account of this good luck I shall sail for England on Wednesday."

The chamois bag contained three diamond brooches, several diamond rings and pins valued at $15,000, and $1,500 in cash. Information as to the one who took the bag and who returned it is secretly guarded, as it is said the person was prominent, and that he took it by mistake.

Mrs. Harrison is a Baltimore woman and was a widow, Mrs. Marquand, when she married Graeme Harrison, an Englishman, several years ago.

According to the statements of several policemen today, the great number of transfers recently made in the Police department have been for the purpose of preventing those members of the force who are believed to favor the candidacy of Seth Low from registering. Many of the policemen who have become victims of Devery's suspicion have been transferred so far from their homes that by the time they leave their posts and reach their homes the registration booths are closed.

Transfer Police to Keep Them from Voting.

The number of transfers which were made last week is said to have aggregated more than 300. Last Friday alone, the first day of registration, 168 patrolmen were changed from one end of the city to the other, and it is said that in the course of the preceding ten days men had been transferred in wholesale fashion, but as quietly as possible.

Edward M. Shepard met Richard Croker today by appointment in a hotel and they shook hands in private and talked politics. This was the second meeting in their lives between the Tammany leader and Mr. Shepard. The first time they met was on a platform in Madison Square Garden in the last Presidential campaign. Cheers for Mr. Bryan were ringing in their ears, and, as Mr. Shepard stepped forward to preside at the meeting he shook hands with Mr. Croker and a few words were exchanged. The interview today lasted half an hour.

Shepard Holds Conference with Croker.

Mr. Croker was asked after the meeting: "Was the interview satisfactory?"

"Yes, but I have nothing to say."

Mr. Shepard said: "I am not going to discuss the talks I have with any of the Democratic leaders. I am here to meet all the leaders."

James J. Martin and Phillip Britt had a talk with Mr. Shepard. In reply to one salutation Mr. Shepard said: "I am glad to meet Tammany men. They are going to make the fight with me."

In support of the charges made to the Central Federated union that the "shakedown" system widely prevails in the Department of Water Supply, Timothy Healy, the delegate of the eccentric firemen, made the following statement today:

Says Tammany "Shakes Down" City Employes.

"Besides the regular monthly shakedown, which goes to the Tammany leader of the district, every employé of the Water department must submit to a 'touch' on the 1st of October each year, amounting to 1 per cent of his salary. Most of the men get $600 a year. They have to give up $6 at this time, and the business is arranged in this way: When their pay is handed them they are given along with it a regular envelope. Nothing is said, but they are expected to put the 1 per cent toll into this and give it to the collector.

"Sometimes men will refuse to pay a cent. In that case they are sent out thirty miles in Long Island, or to Flushing, or Sheepshead Bay to work, until they get sick of the job.

"The system of shakedowns prevails in practically all the city departments in one form or another. In the Street Cleaning department they lay off 600 or 800 men every summer without pay. This is illegal, and the employés have to sue the city to get their money. Peter J. McNulty used to get these cases. He charged 20 per cent of what he got. This year Henry W. Unger, the Tammany candidate for District Attorney of this city, sent representatives to the street-sweepers telling them that he would look out for their cases, and that the charge would be 40 per cent."

William E. Reis, President of the National Steel company before the absorption of the latter by the United States Steel corporation, has purchased the new house at 18 East Eighty-second street for $200,000.

Justice Holbrook of Special Sessions, who is sitting as a magistrate this month, at the request of Justice Jerome, issued a warrant today for the arrest of Wardman John J. Nesbit of the Mulberry Street Station upon a charge of misdemeanor. Nesbit and another policeman of the Mulberry Street Station are accused by detectives of the Committee of Fifteen of "tipping off" a place which was to have been raided. The other man is on his vacation. It is understood that Justice Holbrook issued two warrants.

Wardman Nesbit Arrested on Warrant.

The complainants are Agents Isaac Silverman and Henry von Metzon. Nesbit is to be arraigned before Justice Holbrook in the Criminal Courts Building at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. Nesbit was appointed to the force in 1894, and has been Captain Thompson's wardman for five years. When the latter was transferred to Staten Island Nesbit went along with him, and when Thompson returned so did Nesbit.

The case of Colonel John C. Calhoun to recover $50,000 in commissions from the Atlantic Transport company for selling two vessels to the government during the war with Spain was withdrawn before Justice Beach in the Supreme Court today, as the parties had come to a settlement.

Mme. Sarah Grand, the novelist, is on her first visit to the United States. She arrived here this evening on the Minnehaha, and comes for the purpose of delivering lectures on "The Art of Happiness" and "Mere Man." The writer of "The Heavenly Twins" says she is taking a rest from her literary work and has delivered lectures on those subjects before eighty-six lyceums in Great Britain and upward of twenty times in London. She will open her American tour in Philadelphia on Oct. 25 and her first appearance in New York will be at the Lyceum Theater on Oct. 30.

Mme. Sarah Grand Comes on Lecture Tour.

General E. L. Molineux has just paid a visit to his son at Sing Sing prison. General Molineux reports that R. B. Molineux, who is charged with the murder of Mrs. Katharine Adams, is in excellent physical condition and confident that the State Court of Appeals will grant him a new trial in the next few days.

Banking Superintendent Kilburn has decided to refuse the Presidency of the reorganized Seventh National Bank. A week ago the report was circulated that he might be at the head of the new institution, which has been built up on the wreck of the old. At that time Mr. Kilburn declined to say "Yes" or "No," presumably for the reason that his reappointment as banking superintendent was uncertain. It is not known whether his intention to refuse means that Governor Odell has reappointed him.

Kilburn Declines Presidency of Seventh National.

Il Novimento, an Italian paper published in Paterson, N. J., makes the statement that scores of Italians have been discharged from the silk mills in that city since the assassination of the President because of their nationality. The paper protests, and declares there was nothing in common between the Italians and McKinley's slayer.

Judge Foster, in the Court of General Sessions, today denied the application of counsel for Albert T. Patrick, indicted for the murder of William Marsh Rice, that the case be dismissed and the defendant discharged. The application was made on the ground that the District Attorney showed no inclination to bring the defendant to trial and that there was not sufficient evidence to try him. The District Attorney said his office had been compelled to send to Louisiana and Texas and to foreign countries in search of evidence. He said he would be ready to move the trial of Patrick during the first week of December.

Refuses to Dismiss Case Against Patrick.

Señor Don Joaquin Walker Martinez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Chile to the United States, who was recently appointed to succeed the late Señor Don Carlos M. Vicuna, who died at Buffalo, was a passenger on the steamship Orizaba, which arrived this evening from Colon. Señor Martinez is accompanied by his family and staff. Señor G. Babanagua, the former Chilean Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, also arrived.

The October grand jury failed today to indict Police Captain Gannon for allowing disorderly houses to exist in his precinct while he was in command at the East Twenty-second Street Station, from which he was transferred to Central Park. The Gannon case was sent to the grand jury as a test in regard to its attitude toward recalcitrant police and city officials.

Grand Jury Fails to Indict Gannon.

The Board of Directors of the Maritime Association of the Port of New York today refused by a vote of 9 to 3 to adopt a motion made by Gustav H. Schwab favoring the construction of the 1,000-ton barge canal, as recommended by Governor Roosevelt's Canal committee.

E. R. L. Gould, the Treasurer of the Citizens' union, said today that his organization was still short of campaign funds and that the appeal for money sent out last week had not been generously responded to. He declared $100,000 at least was needed if the union is to do all that should be done between now and election day for the fusion county ticket as well as for the city ticket.

Citizens' Union in Need of Campaign Funds.

PATRIOTIC SECRET ORDER ORGANIZED AMONG BOYS.

Purpose Is to Impart Anti-Anarchy Lessons—The Rev. J. H. Acton and Lincoln J. Carter Back the Movement.

Under the direction of the North Side People's Church, a secret society for boys has been organized. It is known as the Order of the American Youth, and the territory covered by its present work is the vicinity of Sedgwick and Division streets.

The central idea of the organization is to instill anti-anarchy lessons in the mind of the boys. On this line following are some of the promises exacted from members:

"To love and honor the American flag.

"To respect the government of the United States and obey the laws of the land.

"To respect the President of the United States and never to do him or any other officer of the government any harm."

The prime movers in the order are the Rev. J. H. Acton, pastor of the North Side People's Church, which holds services in the Criterion Theater, and Lincoln J. Carter, who is the financial backer of the movement. The lodgerooms are a few doors north of the theater and neatly fitted. Boys fill all the offices except that of chaplain, which is occupied by the Rev. Mr. Acton. Adjacent to the lodgerooms are reading-rooms with innocent games.

SEEKS TO KIDNAP DAUGTHER.

Mrs. Martha C. Hunt Tries to Get Girl from Influence of Dr. Grumbine.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—President Grumbine of the College of Divine Sciences and Realisation, who was arrested on Saturday on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Martha C. Hunt, charging criminal libel, waived examination when his case was called in the police court today. The case went to the grand jury and Grumbine was released on $1,000 bail.

A few minutes later Mrs. Hunt, accompanied by her attorney, Thomas J. Mackey, appeared before Captain Boardman of the detective force and appealed for assistance in recovereing her daughter. Attorney Mackey told Captain Boardman that Mrs. Hunt had learned it was Grumbine's intention to leave the city tonight for New York and to take her daughter with him.

Mrs. Hunt desired Captain Boardman to use his influence to have Miss Hunt taken at once from the home of Grumbine, where, it is alleged, the girl has been staying. Mrs. Hunt and her counsel asked this on the ground that Miss Hunt is under 21 years of age. They charged that the girl had been hypnotized by Grumbine.

Captain Boardman, not having authority to act in the case, went at once to the District Attorney, who informed Mrs. Hunt that she had the right to take her daughter to prevent her from being taken to New York, and that in doing so in order to protect her against violence, she could be attended by a policeman or detective. The mother, accompanied by a detective, made a search for her daughter, but at a late hour tonight had not succeeded in locating the missing girl.

Grumbine left for New York, and, so far as is known, was not accompanied by Miss Hunt.

MOST IS SENT TO PRISON.

ANARCHIST GETS YEAR'S SENTENCE FOR URGING MURDER.

New York Justices Punish Agitator for Printing Article in Which He Advocated Killing Rulers—Condemned Man Pleads That He Meant No Harm, Saying Paper Was Out Before McKinley Was Assassinated—Breaks Down in Tombs.

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Herr Johann Most, the Anarchist, was sentenced in the Court of Special Sessions today to serve one year in the penitentiary for publishing in his paper, the Freiheit, just previous to the assassination of President McInley, an article entitled "Murder vs. Murder." The advocate of violence almost fainted when the rigor of the sentence was made plain to him. He collapsed completely on his way to the Tombs, proclaiming in a tearful voice that he meant no harm.

In his defense Most claimed the paper containing the article was printed and ready for distribution before the President was shot. Also that it was a quotation from an article published fifty years ago and republished by him fifteen years ago.

In sentencing Most the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions delivered a denunciation of anarchy and its principles. They expressed the hope that the laws of the nation will be so amended that men of the stamp of Most will not be allowed to live in the United States.

Judge Sees No Doubt of Guilt.

Mr. Hilquist, Most's lawyer, made a motion for a certificate of reasonable doubt. "Why," said Justice Hinsdale, "we have no doubt. One of the Justices is in favor of fining your client $500 in addition to his jail sentence. The motion is denied."

Mr. Hilquist then moved for a new trial and an arrest of judgment. Both motions were denied and Most was taken to the Tombs.

Justice Hinsdale brought out a new point of law when he quoted a section of the penal code under which the prisoner was found guilty. Here it is:

"A person who willfully or wrongfully commits any act which seriously injures the person or property of another, or which seriously disturbs or endangers the public peace or health, or which outrages public decency, for which no other punishment is expressly prescribed by this code, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Commenting on this section Justice Hinsdale said:

"The plain and obvious intent of this was to leave in the code a little of the flexibility of the common law to meet cases which they had failed to specify in the preceding sections."

Means Threat to Rulers.

Continuing, the decision says:

"It is impossible to read the whole article without deducing from it the doctrine that all rulers are enemies of mankind and ought to be hunted and destroyed 'through blood and iron, poison and dynamite.'

"It is no answer to the evil and criminal nature of this article to claim that it was written for the purpose of destroying crowned heads. It inculcates and enforces the idea that murder is the proper remedy to be applied against rulers.

"This we hold to be a criminal act. It is not necessary to trace any connection in this article with the assassination of the late President. The offense here in the eye of the law is practically the same as if that event had never occurred."

Most said in prison that his sentence was an outrage on justice.

NEELY INDICTMENTS ARE FILED.

Cuban Fiscal Asks That He and Two Others Be Given Heavy Sentences of Fines and Imprisonment.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Oct. 14.—The Fiscal has handed an indictment to the Audiencia in the post-office cases. He asks that Neely, Rathbone, and Reeves each be sentenced to from twenty-three to twenty-six years' imprisonment and to pay heavy fines. The defense now has twenty days to prepare, when the Audiencia will name a day for the trial.

The election law has been published in the Gazette. The date of the general elections is charged from Dec. 31, 1901, to Feb. 24, 1902.

After receiving full reports of the elections of Feb. 24, when a President, Vice President, and Senators will be elected, a board will name the date for the assembling of Congress, for the inauguration of the President and Vice President, and the transfer of the government to the duly elected Cuban representatives.

ROYAL PARTY ON WAY EAST.

Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York Pass Through Several Canadian Towns.

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 14.—The Duke and Duchess of York today covered a considerable distance of their eastward journey. Leaving Niagara-on-the-Lake this morning, the royal train went westward as far as Hamilton, where several hours were spent. The train stopped at Hamilton, where a royal salute was fired by the Fourth Battery on Point Hill. The royal party left for Brantford, Stratford, and Woodstock at 4 o'clock, the Governor General's section of the train leaving shortly afterwards for Toronto.

SHERMAN ESTATE OWES TAXES.

Executors for Late Secretary of State Notified They Must Pay at Once Sum of $263,928.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The County Auditor and Treasurer have information in their possession which shows that the late John Sherman was the owner of stocks, bonds, and securities of the value of nearly $1,000,000, which he returned for taxation at a nominal sum. The securities are deposited with a trust company at Washington, D. C. This was Sherman's home and he was buried in the Mansfield cemetery. Executors W. S. Kerr of this city and Myron M. Parker of Washington, D. C., have been notified that they have until tomorrow evening to pay $263,928 back taxes into the County Treasury. If this is not done suit will be filed at once.

CALEB POWERS' PLEA DENIED.

Defense Challenges Entire Jury at Georgetown, Ky., but Court Orders Case to Proceed.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 14.—After the jury was completed this afternoon in the trial of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers as accessory to the murder of Governor Gobel, the defense challenged the whole jury, charging it with political bias and the officers of the court with packing the jury for the purpose of conviction.

Judge Cantrill overruled the motion. Witnesses were then sworn and a list of attorneys on both sides furnished the court.

The first witness for the prosecution, D. Meade Woodson, was put on the stand and court adjourned for the day.

DECLARE HOOVER TOOK MONEY.

Two Witnesses Testify Against Manager of American Home Finding Association at Rock River Conference.

The testimony of two witnesses was given yesterday before the Methodist Investigating committee in Memorial Hall, at Evanston, against the Rev. George K. Hoover, general manager of the American Home Finding association. Mrs. George F. Swift testified that Dr. Hoover had obtained $50 from her by misrepresentation, while Levi Doty of Frankfort Station indicated that Dr. Hoover had misappropriated $25 which had been sent him for the transportation of a woman to Wyoming.

Don't keep her waiting for the diamond. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

DARK SILENCE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Kitchener Allows Only Such News as Suits Him to Go Out from There.

BOER REPRISALS FEARED

General Buller's Case in Hands of King, Who May Decide on Severe Discipline.

WAIL FROM WEST INDIES.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Oct. 15, 3 a. m.—Darkest Africa is entering upon a phase of total eclipse. So far as the newspapers are concerned Kitchener is the military dictator, and the country knows only what he chooses to reveal. He has proclaimed martial law in Cape Colony and is attempting to render treason at once odious and impossible. If he succeeds the rebellion will be stamped out in Cape Colony and the Boers repulsed from the invasion of Natal will be gradually starved out on their own territory.

Fear Boers Will Strike Back.

Much depends on the temper and ability of the Boers respecting reprisals, and they will lose the support of their Cape allies unless they can avail themselves of all resources for retaliation. Horrible as the alternative may be, the question is discussed with bated breath in London, and the opinion is expressed that Kitchener and Milner have waited, before adopting these strenuous measures, until the precise moment when Botha, De Wet, and Delarey are at the end of their resources and are unable to capture British soldiers and retaliate by shooting them in return for the hanging of Cape farmers and the execution of Lotter's death sentence.

The censorship of news in south Africa is regarded by many as a blessing in disguise, as neither the results of drum head trials and sentences nor reprisals which may be invited will be exhilarating reading for the present year of civilization and grace.

Buller Likely to Be Punished.

The issue of supreme interest, apart from this hideous theme, is Buller's fate, which lies in the hollow of the King's hand. Broderick's departure for Balmoral, as I suspected on Saturday and learned definitely yesterday, was sudden, and consequently it would be natural to connect it with Buller's outbreak as a talking General. He will return to London after knowing the King's mind respecting Buller's indiscretion in violating the requirements of good military and social form.

The King's intervention in the affair is expected and will be received by the press with acclaim. He decorated Baden-Powell and could further display his sympathy for Generals who sat tight and refused to surrender by suggesting the appointment of White as Buller's successor. The precise method of discipline cannot be forecasted, but the King's influence is likely to be strongly exerted as some vigorous measure would seem indispensable when the military writers are instituting comparisons between Buller and Admiral Byng, whom Samuel Johnson could not save from obloquy.

Gloomy Reports from West Indies.

Gloomy reports of the condition of the British West Indies are printed, and the moral is drawn that a reassembling of the Brussels Congress is indispensable for a revival of property given over to the sugar industry. English writers, however, always refrain from stating that while the British government has distributed a few small doles among the islands and paid a subsidy for a fruit line to Jamaica the American government has discriminated in favor of West Indian sugar against the bounty-fed beet sugar, and done much to repair their fortunes.

The Foreign office has made strenuous efforts to secure the reassembling of the Brussels Congress and the abolition of continental bounties. A member of Parliament who makes a specialty of the sugar question says that the congress will meet speedily and agree upon a general abolition of bounties.

Chamberlain on Social Reform.

Joseph Chamberlain has reappeared in his old character of a social reformer. Last night he devoted himself in his address to the Birmingham temperance society to showing that it is not by coercive legislation that drunkenness can be put down, but by a gradual improvement of the physical and moral condition of the people. If figures, which he read, are to be relied upon, there are 3,000,000 total abstainers in Great Britain at this moment, which is proof positive that the leaven of moral suasion is working rapidly. He referred to his old doctrine of municipal control of public houses and suggested that the sale of intoxicants by grocers and clubs should be subject to the approval of licensing authorities. No scheme of reform, which assumed the possibility of confiscating the interests of the publicans would, he asserted with the emphasis of conviction, ever be tolerated by public opinion. The speech is well received by this morning's papers.

New Measures Contemplated.

As the time draws near for the lodgment of parliamentary notices of schemes to be submitted during the coming session the details are forthcoming of various projects of electrical communication within the English metropolis. It is said that the London County Council experts approve of the adoption of a shallow tunnel system as in New York, but the difficulty of constructing any railway immediately under the surface of the central thoroughfares is great with such a maze of mains, sewers, and conduits belonging to water, gas, hydraulic, and electrical companies and the general postoffice. The total authorized for the proposed capital and borrowing power of existing and projected companies is nearly $250,000,000. I. N. F.

GERMANS SEEK AMERICAN COAL.

Two Leading Merchants of Berlin Sail for New York to Arrange for German-American Syndicate.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—Herr Paul A. Panckow and Herr Gustav Schultze, two of Germany's foremost coal merchants, sail for New York tomorrow to undertake the formation of a German-American syndicate designed to introduce American coal into Europe.

FEAR TROUBLE AT BOGOTA.

Hamburg Firms Secure Special Order for Protection for German Consul in Colombia.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—In accordance with an appeal from several Hamburg firms, Chancellor von Bülow has telegraphed the German Consul at Bogota, Colombia, instructing him to take steps to protect German interests in that country.

EXPLORER WHO MAY HAVE FOUND NORTH POLE.

A rumor has sprung up in Christiania that Captain Otto Sverdrup, the arctic explorer who won his reputation as an assistant of Nansen, whom he accompanied in 1888 on his famous expedition across Greenland and on Nansen's still more famous voyage on the Fram, has reached the north pole and is now returning home. There is no confirmation of this report, nor is anything known of its origin, but even the rumor has aroused the keenest interest.



OTTO SVERDRUP

Captain Sverdrup sailed on his expedition to the arctics on June 14, 1898. The ostensible purpose of the expedition was to explore Smith's Sound and the Robeson Channel, discover the northern limits of Greenland, study the origin of the palaeocryptic ice, and to note the tides and temperatures; but there was no doubt at the time the expedition sailed on the Fram from Christiania that the bold Sverdrup and at least one or two of his companions would push on and would try to reach the pole.

The outfit of the expedition consisted of ski, sledges, canoes, snowshoes, and everything necessary for transportation. Clothing and sleeping bags were taken along, while the food supplies were large and varied. The draft animals on the Fram numbered ten splendid elk dogs, a large variety of the Finn dog, wolfish in appearance. To these were added eighty Eskimo dogs, secured in Greenland. Of the sixteen members of the expedition five were executive officers and five were scientists.

The last heard of Sverdrup was during the summer of 1899, when he was on the northwest coast of Greenland. Lincoln's Sea, to the north of that point, was ice free the following summer, according to the American explorer, Lieutenant Peary, and Scandinavian scientists declare there is a strong probability that Sverdrup seized the opportunity and reached the pole.

TAX PROBLEM IN CHINA.

SIR ROBERT HART SUGGESTS TEMPORARY WAIVER OF OCTROI.

Settlement Is Expected by Nov. 10, but in Meantime He Asks Exemption of Goods Certified in Transit—Chinese Insist on Payment on Everything Within Eleven Miles Outside of the City — Serious Tone to Reform Edict.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Oct. 14.—Sir Robert Hart, the Imperial Commissioner of Maritime Customs, who is aware of the objections to the settlement of the octroi question in favor of the Chinese, has recommended that these taxes be waived where a transit certificate is presented. The Chinese object to this, and declare that all merchandise must pay the octroi eleven miles outside the city. They are now apprehending this class of goods, and are endeavoring to enforce the tax. This will cause much difficulty to all importers of merchandise pending the settlement of the question. The present outlook is that the merchants will carry their point.

A settlement of the question is expected by Nov. 10, which is the date that has been fixed by Sir Robert Hart when the imperial customs division will absorb the present native outfit and institute an effective 5 per cent tax on imports, as agreed upon in the protocol. Sir Robert Hart says that, owing to the difficulties of the inexperienced native customs officials in appraising merchandise the new rate will not produce any larger revenue in the interval between now and the time when the permanent schedule has been prepared by the commissioners.

The recent additional edicts in regard to reforms and the Dowager Empress' appeal to the Viceroys for support in instituting them, and mentioning Yung Lu, an ardent reformer, a former member of the Board of Reform, and Controller of the Revenue board, encourages the optimistic friends of China. Many others, however, are apprehensive of these wholesale measures, because the "show" edicts of this kind are always accompanied by more important ones which are not made public.

Li Hung Chang had another conference with the new Russian Minister to arrange for the withdrawal of the Russians from New Chwang. Mr. Conger is confident that the Russians will evacuate that place as they promised.

General Breckinridge, Military Inspector of the American army, will arrive here today.

BAKERS' STRIKE IN ITALY GRAVE.

Government Supply Men to Work in Bakeries, but They Are Too Few and Incompetent.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Rome, which the government censor would not pass and which had to be mailed to the frontier, describes the strike of the bakers as a grave affair. The people of Florence and Milan are in need of bread. The government is supplying the master bakers with men from the public service, but their output is not at all adequate to the demand.

KING LEOPOLD MAY PAY VISIT.

Belgian Ruler Anxious to Study American Ports and Shipping Methods in Ferson.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ANTWERP, Oct. 14.—King Leopold II., having in view future extensions and improvements of the port of Antwerp, has expressed a desire to visit New York and examine conditions there. He has asked the Mayor of Antwerp to acompany him. The visit is quite on the cards.

PRAISES ROOSEVELT'S COURAGE

London Standard Thinks His Declaration of Independence One of Vast Possibilities.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Oct. 15, 3 a. m.—The Standard says editorially this morning that it thinks that President Roosevelt's "declaration of independence" will make some of the late President McKinley's political associates shiver in their shoes. It would seem to portend, according to the writer, an open breach with the Republican managers.

"In taking up this ground," the paper says, "he is endeavoring to carry out what Washington and the framers of the constitution intended—namely: that the President, like the English Kings, is above and outside all factions.

"The experiment is fraught with immense possibilities. The President has put his hand to the colossal task of purifying the entire administration. He is doing for the union what he endeavored to accomplish in the anti-Tammany campaign in New York.

"It is a noble enterprise, worthy of Mr. Roosevelt's courage and talents. Englishmen will watch his progress with sympathetic admiration."

BOER LEADER IS EXECUTED.

Schoeman, Second in Command to Lotter, Put to Death and Third Officer Under Sentence.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 14.—Schoeman, second in command to Commandant Lotter, who was executed a few days ago, has been executed at Tarkstad. Wolfaardt, another of Lotter's officers, has been sentenced to death.

Seek to Bar Refugees at Cape.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 14.—The Refugee Relief committee has decided to request Sir Walter Hely-Hutchinson, Governor of the Cape Colony, to ask the imperial authorities to place a temporary check upon the large influx of the poorer classes, who are coming here from various places in the colony in the hope of obtaining permission to return to the Transvaal.

No passengers are allowed to sail from Cape ports without military permits.

Four additional squadrons of colonial troops are enlisting for active service.

The South African News, one of the Afrikander papers here, has suspended publication, alleging that it is impossible to continue under the present restrictions.

POLICE STOP IRISH ORATOR

John O'Donnell, in County Mayo, Dragged Five Times from Platform and Then Locked Up.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—John O'Donnell (Nationalist) attempted to address his constituents today in Kilmaine, County of Mayo, the scene of recent evictions. He was dragged off the platform five times by the police, and finally, after a fierce struggle, was taken to the barracks.

One hundred and fifty police were present at the meeting. The crowd hurled stones and several persons were injured.

O'Donnell is a young tenant farmer and a protégé of William O'Brien, M. P. He is secretary of the United Irish league, and was first returned to the House of Commons for South Mayo in February, 1900, succeeding Michael Davitt.

CASTRO BLAMES WAR ON COLOMBIA

President of Venezuela Says First Open Act of Aggression Was from There.

PEACE TERMS POSSIBLE.

Believes United States Might Arbitrate Affair to Satisfaction of Both.

ABLE TO FIGHT SOME TIME.

LA GUAYRA, Venezuela, Oct. 14.—General Sipriano Castro, President of Venezuela, made the following statement today regarding the Venezuelan-Colombian situation:

"I earnestly desire peace between Colombia and Venezuela, but I consider that by reason of the Venezuelan memorandum and our requests, communicated diplomatically through Dr. Rico (Colombian Minister to Venezuela) for an explanation of the invasion of Tachira in July by Colombian troops, Venezuela has taken the first step toward a peaceful settlement.

"It would be against the national dignity and honor of Venezuela to take another step in this direction until an explanatory answer had been received. The invasion of Tachira was the first openly aggressive act in this trouble. It was the act of Colombia; and therefore she should today follow up our initiative toward a peaceful settlement.

Is Colombia's Turn to Act.

"No, I do not consider Colombia's acceptance of the offer of the United States to extend their good offices and to mediate between the countries—which has been reported in the press here—as a conciliatory answer to our diplomatic requests through Dr. Rico. If Colombia would officially notify Venezuela that she had accepted the United States as a mediator, Venezuela could and would gladly consider the advisability of addressing the United States as the representative of Colombia with the idea of reaching a peaceful settlement.

"While awaiting Colombia's answer we most decidedly cannot, directly or indirectly, approach Colombia again in a conciliatory manner. Meantime we shall continue to guard our frontier against invasion. If Colombia does not answer difficulties will doubtless arise. With the two lines of armed men face to face on the frontier this is to be expected.

"Venezuela can get along without Colombia. We have no business, no commerce to speak of with her. There is no need of a continuance of diplomatic relations. These have been suspended during the last five years between Venezuela and France. Yet, together, both countries seem to be progressing without them.'

Republic Under a Burden.

"I sympathize with the Colombian Liberals who are revolting against the Conservative government of Colombia. Gladly would I see the downfall of that priest-ridden, incompetent government, which, so long as it continues in power, will, I believe, try to cause me trouble and will constitute a standing menace to the internal tranquillity of Venezuela.

"The Conservative government of Colombia has other opponents, notably Ecuador and Nicaragua, both of which states would be glad to witness its downfall and the end of the Conservatives.

"As for the present incipient revolution in Venezuela, I shall crush it so severely that there will never be another in the country. Every spasmodic uprising has thus far been rapidly and effectively repulsed. Already I have imprisoned many Nationalists, and I shall continue to imprison them. Within two months the movement against me will be crushed.

"It is costing us much money to maintain our present army on the frontier. Nevertheless, the country must defend order, preserve the national dignity, and be ready to repel invaders."

On the best authority it may be reiterated the statement that the government of Venezuela is still opposed to an attack upon Colombia, preferring to remain upon the defensive and to maintain the status quo. Venezuela wants peace, but peace on terms that would conserve the dignity and honor of the country.

Direct or indirect peace proposals from Colombia would be welcomed by the Caracas cabinet. The feeling is growing in Caracas, especially in official circles, that the mediation of a third party will eventually be required and that the United States government is logically the best qualified to act.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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IRVING ARRIVES; TALKS OF PLAYS.

British Actor-Knight Says Productions Must Be Pure to Succeed.

BRINGS A HUGE COMPANY.

Declares American Actors Are Well Received in London Despite Stories.

PLANS FOR PRESENT TOUR.

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—"Is it the sort of play you would like your sister to see? Would you take your mother or your sweetheart to see it? Those are the questions to my mind that will decide the real popularity of the present plays and plays to be. More than that, if the managers can only see it, and I believe they do, these questions will determine, or rather do determine, the playhouse where decent people will congregate."

This was the comment of Sir Henry Irving at the Hotel Bristol, when he was telling what pleasure it had given him in looking over the theatrical advertisements of the paper brought on board the steamship Minnehaha to see that, so far as he knew, the impure and suggestive had been avoided in New York.

Sir Henry, Miss Terry, Laurence Irving, and the sixty-nine members of the Lyceum company arrived on the steamer from London late this evening. Accompanying them were 300 sets of scenery and stage machinery. Both Sir Henry and Miss Terry said they were in splendid health and eager for their seventh tour of the United States.

London Favors American Actors.

"There is one thing that I feel is a mission," said the English actor, "and that is to correct the idea that American actors are not being well used in London. That is positively untrue and emanates from those who would decry all that is of the stage.

"William Gillette, in 'Sherlock Holmes,' is a triumphant success, and I am proud that at my suggestion it was produced in London. All the other plays meet with tremendous favor. 'Are You a Mason?' is meeting with the greatest favor, and Nat Goodwin, to the English, is simply inimitable. The only trouble, and that was on the opening night, was when some boys in the gallery made a noise in the Lyceum and were ejected.

"There is absolutely nothing whatever in the stories that the English are resenting an 'American invasion.' Why, you have welcomed us for years. I played with Charlotte Cushman and with Edwin Booth in the old days, with Booth in the '60s, and what a splendid, agile man he was, full of fire and splendid imaginative conceptions!

"American actors in England date back to the days of the sailing ships, and this talk of English dislike of American success is sinfully untrue. We two peoples are much alike.

"What you like we are apt to care for, and vice versa.

Tells of His Plays.

"We will open next Monday night at the Knickerbocker Theater for three weeks. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings and Saturday matinée we will present 'King Charles I.'; Friday and Saturday evenings we will give 'The Merchant of Venice' and 'Louis XI.' The program is not definitely settled for the other two weeks, but the other plays will be 'Mme. Sans Gene,' 'The Bells,' 'Waterloo,' 'The Lion's Head,' and 'Nance Oldfield.'

"'King Charles' is one of my favorites. He would have made a good King in these days, when he would not have too much power. He was a lover of art and the beautiful. He more than loved—he understood art. He was a gentleman, and I like to represent him. The play will be almost new in America, for it will appeal to a new generation.

Will Not Attempt "Coriolanus"

"We shall not attempt 'Coriolanus,' as the tremendous stage effects and the number of supers needed the greatest drilling, requiring more rehearsals than we have time to give. Another thing, I do not want to meet in America an experience I did in England, when, after I had drilled the supers, scene shifters, and carpenters until they were desperate, a carpenter advised his fellows to 'heave a brick at him.'

"When I return home I intend to revive 'Faust' and 'Thomas à Becket,' and that reminds me of two most remarkable audiences I ever met in America. I played 'Faust' before the cadets at West Point. They were threatened with sever punishment, dungeon cells, and the like, when they grew enthusiastic and threw their caps in the air, breaking all rules of military discipline.

"The other time was the night of the blizzard of 1888. I thought that, of course, we must perform though the snow was in some places three stories high. We performed, but my only auditors were actors, and they protested that I had not closed the house, as every one else in town had done."

Denies Quarrel with Sardou.

Sir Henry Irving was asked if it were true that he and Sardou had quarreled, as had been reported.

"Well," he said, "if that is true it is strange that he is so anxious for me to appear as Dante."

"You could be Dante without a makeup," was suggested.

"Now, my face is my own and not open to jest, but I think the theme a fine one, and I like the idea of Dante."

SEWER TUNNEL CAVES IN, KILLING ONE WORKMAN.

Thomas McDonough Buried Beneath the Falling Walls of Earth and Suffocated—Fellow-Employe Escapes.

By the collapse of a tunnel at 311 Dover street yesterday afternoon, Thomas McDonough, 41 years old, of 1126 George street, was buried beneath a great mass of earth and was suffocated before he could be reached by rescuers. James Ledger of 436 Lunt avenue, a fellow-workman, narrowly escaped a similar fate.

Both men had been engaged during the day in tunneling a sewer which was to connect the premises with a larger water main that runs through the alley in the rear. McDonough had crawled to the further end and was digging through the surface about 4 o'clock, when without warning the walls on both sides caved in upon him.

With one cry for help he began to move as rapidly as possible toward the outlet. Before he had gone far, however, the entire top of the excavation weakened and the dirt and débris poured down upon the victim. McDonough struggled to make his way through but failed.

Ledger had also become partly buried beneath the dirt. His cries for help attracted other workmen on the premises, and by prompt work they managed to extricate him from his position.

Then the men set to work with a will to rescue McDonough, who they hoped was still alive. When they finally succeeded in clearing away the débris they came upon the unfortunate man lying doubled up, but life was extinct.

The police of the Town Hall and Summerdale police stations were called and the victim was removed to Seeber's undertaking establishment, 2312 Lincoln avenue. Ledger, still suffering from his experience, was taken to his home by the police.

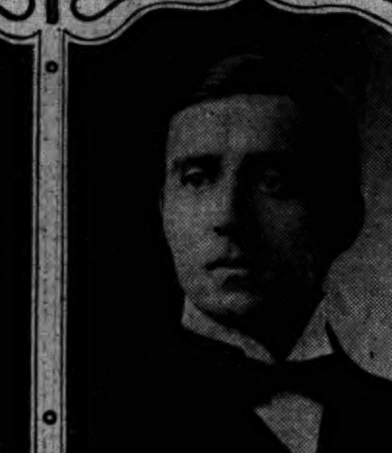
The men were employed by Robert F. Thologood, plumber at 713 Greenleaf avenue, Rogers Park.

"Garland" stoves and ranges. Awarded first prize, Paris Exposition, 1900.

THEATRICAL EVENTS LAST NIGHT IN THREE CITIES.



ROBERT DROUET.



E. H. SOTHERN.



ANNA HELD.



MAUDE ADAMS.

The Last Appeal.

A Romantic Play in Four Acts by Leo Ditrichstein. Presented at the Grand Opera-House by Robert Drouet and Company.

THE CAST.

The King ....Edwin Brandt
Prince Waldemar, Duke of Leiningen, the Crown Prince ....Robert Drouet
Count Jungfeldt ....Robert C. Turner
Major Baron von Bahlen ....Roy Fairchild
Baron Drost von Redern, chamberlain ....E. W. Morrison
Lieutenant Eric von Redern, his son ....Macey Harlam
Franz Arendt, banker ....John Glendinning
Friedrich, servant at Hohen-Ems ....J. C. Fenton
An Old Peasant ....H. Rees Davies
Adelaide Arendt, Arendt's wife ....Miss Eleanor Carey
Kathrin von Bensburg, his sister ....Miss Anne Sutherland
Frau Schulé, nurse ....Mrs. Clara Louise Glendinning
Hanna, servant ....Miss Nancy Paget
Fanny, maid at Arendt's ....Miss Myrtle Vinson
Melitta Arendt, Arendt's daughter ....Miss Kate Hassett

Royalty was set forth upon the stage of the Grand Opera-House last night. And the regal personage pictured was one who lives and reigns today, for the likeness to the Emperor of Austria was not to be mistaken. Even the makeup of the actor was faithful to its copy.

The ruler was no puppet thrown on for show. He was a vital quantity in the two best scenes of a play which had other good scenes. In truth, his Majesty is to be congratulated upon the appearance he made and the surroundings in which he made them. On the stage he did not act as he did in life in the affair that suggested the play to the daring dramatist, but the parallel was carried as far as it was serviceable and then cleverly discarded.

Leo Ditrichstein is the playwright who risked a ticklish theme, and who had the cleverness to set it into a well built play of unusual atmospheric appeal and an interest that kept close to the intense. It so happens that no other playwright could have done the particular feat, not because of any overpowering superiority on his part, but because he stood in the only spot from which work could be done. Mr. Ditrichstein is an Austrian by birth and up-bringing, an American by his own choice, and an actor-playwright by twofold profession. All these phases of him show in his play. But for his breeding and education he would have made a sorry exhibition in the effort to transplant old world royalty to the new world stage. He has done that difficult kind of dramatic gardening skillfully. Without his knowledge of the American stage his court realism would have run counter to the sympathies of his audiences. Instead it is a factor in arousing them. Without his cunning as play carpenter his materials would have counted for nothing. Once or twice last night one was tempted to wish, however, that he had never been an actor, for some of his expedients were theatrical to just the bend of an actor's imagination. The actor in him wrote the bad third act, but the sane, careful talent of the rapidly maturing dramatist wrote the other three acts.

The romance of the play being American it was not surprising that the heroine, Austrian though she was in name, should be American in nature. Melitta Arendt, that heroine, rebelled against her father, which Austrian daughters are not in the habit of doing. It was a pretty story, with tragedy just far enough away to cast an interesting shadow. In the first act, with a development as rational as if the premises of a society comedy instead of a romantic play were laid down, Melitta came to know that the young man who had been paying her secret suit was the Crown Prince of Austria. She had found him injured in the mountains and had nursed him, but the meeting the audience saw was in the garden of Banker Arendt's house. The banker himself was an early disclosure, and so was his plan for winning a title by having Melitta marry the son of the Court Chamberlain. The plan was conventional, but it didn't intrude. The Crown Prince made his confession of identity the moment after he had pleaded his love, and the abruptness of the change might have been disastrous had an actor of less ability than Robert Drouet been handling the speech. As it was, Mr. Drouet's conversational tones and direct manner made the incident appear natural. Melitta hesitated something less than a minute. She knew she had no right to aspire so high; had she been true Austrian she would have wept and gone away to marry the Chamberlain's son; but she was cast in the American mold, and when the Prince said he meant to make her his wife she put her hand into his.

In the second act duty came near winning a victory, but the spirit of romance was kindled anew before it was stamped out. As far as Melitta and the Prince were concerned they might have eloped at the end of the first instead of the second act. Had they done so, however, a striking scene between the two fathers—King and merchant—would have been lost. To the King went Banker Arendt at the head of a civic delegation. He was detained and accused of abetting his daughter and the Prince. The merchant had not known till then of the dangerous romance, and with the rage of a righteous man he faced his regal accuser. The King admitted his error before the scene ended. It was not only a strong scene, but admirably played by Edwin Brandt, even-toned and calmly dictatorial, as the King, and John Glendinning, sturdy and wrathful in his offended honor, but respectful as a subject facing his monarch. When they understood each other the two tried to settle the question, but while they talked the lovers fled and were married.

The third act was of melodramatic color, but with not enough action to earn it even the standing of melodrama. A year in exile had not lessened the love of Melitta and the Prince, but a son had been born, and as the state refused to recognize the marriage he had no rightful name nor could Melitta call herself a wife. Banker Ahrendt came to the gloomy castle to be forgiven and that was about all until Melitta was seized with the inspiration to take advantage of a ceremonial occasion. The King was to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his ascension to the throne by giving audience to his subjects and righting the wrongs of all who came. She decided to go to him.

That interview was the whole of the last act. While perhaps suggested by "L'Aiglon," it was none the less effective. The pleader won, and rose from her knees the recognized wife of the Prince, though he was made to resign his rights to the throne. The situation had another pleasant outcome. It was for Miss Kate Hassett, the actress who portrayed Melitta. From its contrasts from gayety to deep emotion and from the whimsical to the wistful it was a hard rôle.

Mr. Drouet was a manly figure as Prince Waldemar, and his performance was of romantic fervor without any undue feverishness. Edwin Brandt as the King and Mr. Glendenning as Banker Ahrendt were equally consistent in their differing rôles. Anne Sutherland contributed an attractive bit, and the Lieutenant was well taken off by Macey Harlam, but some of the smaller comedy rôles were not performed smoothly.

If I Were King.

A Play in Four Acts, by Justin Huntley McCarthy. Produced at the Garden Theater, New York, by E. H. Sothern and Company. The cast:

François Villon ....E. H. Sothern
Louis XI ....George W. Wilson
Tristan l'Hermite ....Arthur R. Lawrence
Olivier le Bain ....John Findlay
Thibaut d'Aussigny ....Norman Conniers
Noel le Jolys ....Henry Carvill
Rene de Montigny ....Sydney C. Mather
Guy Tabarie ....Rowland Buckstone
Colin de Cayeux ....Herbert Ayling
Toison d'Or, Burgundian herald ....Charles Vane
Montjoye, French herald ....Francis Powell
Katherine de Vaucelles ....Cecilia Loftus
Mother Villon ....Fanny I. Bert
Huguette du Hamel ....Suzanne Sheldon
Jehanneton, la Belle Heaulmiere ..Clara Blandick
Blanche ....Charlotte Deane
Guillemette ....Helen Logan
Isabeau ....Rachel Crown
Denise ....Annette Huntington
Queen ....Margaret B. Caskie

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—E. H. Sothern produced at the Garden Theater tonight a new play by Justin Huntley McCarthy, entitled "If I Were King." As is invariably the case when this actor comes forward in a new part, the theater was filled by an interested and friendly audience, which observed the progress of the performance with close attention and numerous evidences of warm approval.

The announcement that in this play the actor would have more ample opportunity than he of late had had for the display of his fascinating abilities as a comedian no doubt had much to do with the attitude of the assembly. It is one of the finest romantic pieces that have lately found the stage. It is positively brilliant in the beauty of its story, which is developed with admirable ingenuity and with a mastery of stagecraft and a literary force not often combined.

The four acts are absorbing in their interest. Each contains incidents of potent dramatic force, climaxes of stirring power, and suspense enough to make the fortunes of lesser plays. In characterization, too, Mr. McCarthy has shown himself an adept. His studies of Louis and François and the unfortunate creature who loves the poet and does die for him, though not at the behest of the King, are masterly. True, there is nothing new in the cunning and malice of Louis, but they have never been brought to the stage with higher skill than that of the present author.

The play came as a surprise to the audience. The vigorous first act awoke the house to a humor of enthusiasm which grew as the play went forward.

Mr. Sothern was most happy as Villon. He had to show the nature of a real poet sunk into evil ways, but not lost to all sense of nobility, wrought to high deeds and splendid spirit by the sudden thrust of grave responsibilities and the more sudden flaming of a master love. It was an opportunity for romantic acting of the most attractive sort, and Mr. Sothern was in the vein. He achieved a full and satisfying success, and all the many recalls he received were but the just due of his notable impersonation.

Mr. Wilson's Louis was admirably conceived and perfectly carried out in all its details. Miss Loftus was charming and womanly and gracious as the noble Katherine, and Suzanne Sheldon gave a touchingly pathetic performance of the lost one. Her death scene was extraordinarily effective. The play was mounted beautifully and richly.

An Arabian night's adventure on the part of Louis XI. of France sets the plot of the play to working. Desirous of finding what his subjects think of him, the monarch disguises himself and visits some of the lowest resorts of Paris. At the "Fir Cone" tavern he encounters François Villon, and hears plain truths from the vagabond poet. Villon adds to his unintentional treason by reciting his latest verses, "If Villon Were the King of France."

The punishment decided upon is arrest and the giving of a drug which stupefies the prisoner. While he is unconscious he is dressed out in robes of state and awakes to find himself hailed as the Grand Constable of France, second only to the King himself. This fairy transformation, however, is instilled with a bitter taste from the beginning, for Villon is informed that his power will endure only for a week, and that he will be hung when the period expires.

But the time is not too short for love. In Katherine de Vaucelles he discovers the woman he loved when he wore rags. She was a boundless distance away from him then, though she knew him as the man who had saved her from the unwelcome attentions of the real Constable of the kingdom. She knew that her humble defender had been arrested and to secure his release she came to the masquerading Constable. So Villon has his chance and he makes the most of it.

Before the week is over he and Katherine have plighted their troth.

Opportunely for the dangerously placed poet, Charles of Burgundy brings his army against Paris, and as the Constable of France Villon leads the French army. He leads it to victory, but marches back to find his own gibbet raised, his identity exposed, and his lady-love humiliated. The King, however, hardly can take the life of a man who has saved the country, and tells him he may go free if another will accept the death penalty. The humbled but loving Katherine vows she is ready for the sacrifice, and Louis is so much mollified by her devotion that he lessens the sentence to exile for both. And they go away content.

Faculty Concert.

Members of the faculty of the Chicago Musical College will present the following program in the Auditorium tonight.

Overture—Egmont ....Beethoven
Orchestra.
Recit. and Cavatina, La Reine de Saba....Gounod
John R. Ortengren.
Prelude—Meditation—Elegie ....Borowski
A la Marcia, from Fantasie op. 8....Brune
Dr. Louis Falk.
Aria from "Il re pastore" ....Mozart
Mary Forrest-Ganz.
Violin obligato—Walter Shulze.
Fantasie, op. 15....Schubert-Liszt
Hans von Schiller.
Slavonic Fantasie....Vieuxtemps
Bernhard Listemann.
"Faust"—The last act....Gounod
Marguerite....Mary Forrest-Ganz
Faust....M. Gauthier
Mephistopheles....M. Herman Devries

OBITUARY.

MRS. HANNAH POWDERLY of Washington, D. C., died yesterday. She was the wife of Terence V. Powderly, Commissioner General of Immigration and formerly General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor.

LANSING WARREN, publisher of the Milwaukee Sentinel, who died on Sunday, will be buried today at 1 o'clock from the Presbyterian Church, Lake Forest, Ill.

California-Oregon Excursions.

Chicago and Northwestern railway. Daily and personally conducted parties, in through sleeping cars. Lowest rates. Shortest time on the road. Finest scenery. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

The Little Duchess.

A Musical Piece in Three Acts. Book by Harvey B. Smith. Music by Reginald De Koven. Presented at the Casino Theater, New York. The cast:

Gustave, a bathing master and a hero ....Charles A. Bigelow
Maurice de Champignon, fencing master and duelist ....Joseph W. Herbert
Captain Ralph Egerton, an English officer in love with the Little Duchess ....Sydney Barraclough
Count Casabianca, a gambler ....George Marion
Baron Koffupsky of the Russian secret service ....Charles Swain
Baptiste, valet ....Joseph Welsh
Baroness Juliette Koffupsky ....Eva Davenport
Annette, maid ....Billy Norton
Georgette, maid ....Bessie Wynn
Philomene, Italian dancing girl ....Anna St Te
Cora, Nanette, Francine, Pierrette, Lucine, Nanon — Friends of Claire de Brion ....Vivian Blackburn, Frankie Bailey, Adele Orton, Helen Planche, Lillian Harris, Blanche West
The Little Duchess, Claire de Brion ....Anna Held

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—It has become a habit more or less general in the reviewing of the perennial light musical pieces to say "it will not be long before the airs will be whistled all over town." Not to depart too far from the accepted model and yet state facts, it is only necessary, in speaking of "The Little Duchess," produced at the Casino tonight, to change the tense—the music, credited to Reginald De Koven, has been whistled and sung all over town for ever so long. It is tantalizingly familiar, and yet one cannot definitely say just where he has heard it or what it is like.

Taking "The Little Duchess" as a whole, it is an entertainment that will appeal to those who like that sort of thing and like plenty of it. On the score of quantity there can surely be no complaint. It illustrates the introduction of the four-ring circus and "two Marks, two Little Evas, 'Uncle Tom's Cabin'" idea into the theater.

Its predecessor at this house enjoyed much popularity, largely on account of a sextet of pretty maidens. But this entertainment has two sextets, and in addition it has double sextets and quadruple sextets. Then it may be recalled in a play, "Naughty Anthony," produced a season or two ago, a mild sensation was caused by a girl who removed her stocking. Well, six girls do that in "The Little Duchess," and lest any one should be deceived let it be added that it is a perfectly innocuous exhibition, though tastes will differ as to just the degree of vulgarity.

There are several really pretty stage pictures, the one at the climax of the first act being notable, though a fine taste might object to the gowns and the colors as a bit garish. The second act especially, showing a boudoir done in pink, in which a lot of girls in rosebud dresses gyrate about the stage, though it is throughout no more and no less than a vaudeville entertainment, has a setting that is pleasing.

Charles A. Bigelow had little opportunity. Sydney Barraclough sang one song, "Violets," in a manner that evoked repeated encores. Joseph Herbert appeared in a French beard and dialect that it would be impossible to describe. George Marion, on the other hand, gave a really excellent performance, and in a dancing specialty with Anna St. Tel was received with enthusiasm.

Miss Held has trained herself into appreciable proficiency as an actress without losing any of that extreme artificiality which recommends her to many, nor gaining sufficient artistic strength to do anything dramatic. Her French accent is less confusing to the ear and helps her piquancy. She remains a vivified dummy for the display of boldly scant costumes. She is often an exhibit which, if she were not physically dainty and delicate, would strike most of us as indecent.

Miss Held appears as Claire de Brion, a Parisian actress, and the first act finds her at Ostend, the fashionable French watering place, where she has assumed the disguise of a Duchess, hoping thereby to escape certain creditors of a dissipated old uncle, for whose debts she has become responsible. At Ostend she is courted by many admirers, but she loves only Captain Ralph Egerton, a dashing English officer. Word comes that the creditors have seized the little Duchess' Paris apartments and she hurries back to save them. The admirers follow, eager to assist her, and many complications result, but eventually the tangle is unraveled and everything ends satisfactorily, with Claire and the Captain united.

A Parisian boudoir is the scene of the second act, and a fencing academy the place of the third. All the fencers are girls, and they wear black velvet costumes, with white cuirasses. Charles A. Bigelow has the rôle of a bathing master. Joseph Herbert is a fiery Gallic duelist, and George Marion is the gay uncle. Sydney Barraclough, who plays the young Captain, is an English baritone, making his first appearance here.

Notes of the Drama.

Blanche Walsh has secured the Western rights of "Janice Meredith," and will begin to use the play immediately.

Robert Mantell acted "Hamlet" at the Great Northern Theater last night, Miss Marie Booth Russell impersonating Ophelia. "Othello" will be performed tonight, with Mr. Mantell as the Moor and Miss Russell as Desdemona.

Ada Rehan is to become a stock company star, according to a report from the East. It is said she will begin an extended engagement at Morosco's Grand Opera-House in San Francisco in the latter part of the winter, appearing in turn in the various rôles with which her name has been associated, and being supported by the resident company. Prior to that engagement it is said she may tour a part of the country in some one play, as yet unselected.

The Hopkins stock company is playing Bronson Howard's society play, "Young Mrs. Winthrop," this week, Miss Maude Odell having the rôle of Mrs. Winthrop. Melville and Stetson are heading the vaudeville bill.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Stops Diarrhoea and Stomach Cramps. Dr. Siegert's Genuine Imported Angostura Bitters.

Quality Street.

A Comedy in Four Acts, by J. M. Barrie. Presented at Detroit by Maude Adams and Her Company. The cast:

Valentine Brown ....Sydney Brough
Ensign Blades ....William Lewers
Major Linkwater ....R. Peyton Carter
Lieutenant Spicer ....George Irving
Major Bubb ....Frederick Spencer
A Recruiting Sergeant ....Joseph Francœur
Master Arthur Wellesley Tomson ....Fred Santley
Miss Susan Throssell ....Helen Lowell
Miss Phœbe Throssell ....Maude Adams
Miss Willoughby ....Ida Waterman
Miss Fanny Willoughby ....Sarah Converse
Miss Henrietta Turnbull ....Sara Perry
Patty ....Marion Abbott

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Maude Adams, in "Quality Street," made a hit tonight. J. M. Barrie's new four-act comedy apparently has a bright future, judging from the reception which it got from a first audience at the Detroit Opera-House.

Miss Adams has added to her gallery of stage pictures a portraiture which has all the daintiness and finer touches of art. It is predicted that this quaint production is destined for even more marked success when it reaches England, where it will be better understood by reason of its environment.

That its delicate pathos was somewhat misunderstood last night at times was painfully apparent. The audience was tardy in arriving, spoiling many of the features of the first act. "Quality Street" is not dramatic, but it is as truthful as a page from the book of life. At first it strikes the audience as being a glimpse into the quiet lives of two maiden sisters, and it promises to be prim and proper, with something like the scent of old lavender about it. It is this and more. It vibrates beneath its placid surface with human feeling which is all the stronger because of its running in an undercurrent. It is a simple story of a woman's heart, which flutters at first with what proves love's false alarm, but which in the end beats steadily in the realization of its half frightened desire. The soldier who goes thoughtlessly to the wars, leaving a bleeding heart behind, returns to claim it in the end. There is a grayish hue to the earlier part of the play, with a darker thread of pathos running through the fabric.

The weave, however, soon takes on a brighter color with even gay strands shining here and there. It is just such a love comedy as Barrie might have been expected to write, filled with soft shades, gentle in its progress, and happy in its ending. Critics here pronounced the play itself without a blemish, likewise it was acted in a faultless manner. They are almost unanimous in saying that it was given thoroughly artistic treatment from the children in the schoolroom to Phœbe Throssell, teacher and sweetheart, whose varying moods were so admirably reflected by Miss Adams.

The music seemed to be in thorough accord with the play. The stage setting was appropriate. Miss Adams responded to several curtain calls.

Phœbe Throssell, whom Miss Adams pictures, is the younger of two demure and old-fashioned women who in the early part of last century are living in a little cottage in an English village. The cottage fronts Quality street, and the name is no misnomer. The dwellers along the street are for the most part genteel old ladies, living quietly on limited means, and keeping rigorous eye on one another.

Phœbe, just emerging from her 'teens, finds the dull gray of her surroundings almost too monotonous to bear, and she welcomes the diversion which comes from the frequent visits of a young physician, Dr. Valentine Brown. He does not connect sentiment with the delight he finds in making his calls, but Phœbe soon is in love with him and confident that he returns the feeling. She waits for his proposal of marriage, and so sure is she that she makes a confidante of Susan, her elder sister. Susan has had a disappointment in her own love affair, but it has not soured her, and she makes Phœbe a present of the wedding gown she once had hoped to wear herself.

Dr. Brown does come with a story to tell, but it is of war, not love. He has enlisted as an army surgeon and is about to go with the English army to fight Napoleon. The farewell is quietly said, though a romance is being shattered.

Reverses in fortune come to the two sisters, and to maintain themselves they open a school in their cottage. Nine years pass, and Phœbe acquires marks of care and her childish prettiness fades. Dr. Brown returns, finds her changed, and tells her so. His action enrages her, and she vows she will be "Phœbe of the Ringlets" again. She lets down her hair, dresses herself winsomely, and finds herself so transformed that she dares go to a ball and call herself her own niece, "come to town to visit her two aunts." As Miss Livvy, the masquerader, she captivates her old admirer, not as the young girl she is supposed to be, but because she looks like "her aunt." So Phœbe is in an embarrassing position, but the bogus niece is disposed of at last, and the love story is told to the proper person.

There are only two changes of scene in the play. The first, second, and fourth acts take place in the blue room of the cottage, and the third act passes in the tent which is set up as a retiring-room at the ball.

Song Recital Tonight.

Charles V. Russell will give a song recital tonight at 8 o'clock in Kimball Hall, being assisted by Emil Liebling. The vocal numbers will consist of Handel's "Honor and Arms," Schubert's "Sturmischer Morgen" and "Frühlingsglaube," Ries' "Es Muss Was Wunderbar Sein," Massenet's "Vision Fugitive," Needham's "In Blossom Time," Dudley Buck's "Sunset," Lalo's "Marine," Chaminade's "Le bleu des Fleurs," Gounod's "Couplets de Vulcain," Osgood's "Wake Not, but Hear Me, Love," and Pinsuti's "Bedouin Love Song." Mr. Liebling will play the Grieg Sonata, op. 7, an Albumblatt, Spring Song, and Gavotte Moderne of his own composing, and Reinecke's Ballade, op. 20.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

GOOD — LAKE VIEW. BAD — CHICAGO AVE. GOOD — 14th ST. USABLE — HYDE PARK.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHICAGO Postoffice today, Oct. 15, as follows:
For Switzerland, Roumania, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For France and Italy, via S. S. La Bretagne, 12 p. m.
For Jamaica, via Philadelphia, 12 p. m.
For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For British Honduras, Guatemala, Salvador, and Republic of Honduras, 5 p. m.
F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair and warmer Tuesday, Wednesday fair in southern, probably rain and cooler in northern portions, fresh southwesterly winds.

Ohio—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday, warmer in western portion Tuesday and in eastern portion Wednesday, light southwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Fair in southern, showers in northern portion, warmer Tuesday. Wednesday probably showers, light to fresh southwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday, cooler Wednesday, fresh westerly winds, increasing.

Wisconsin—Showers in northern portion, fair in southern, warmer Tuesday. Wednesday unsettled weather, probably showers and cooler, fresh southwesterly shifting to northwesterly winds.

Minnesota—Showers and cooler Tuesday. Wednesday fair, fresh northwesterly winds.

Iowa—Fair and warmer in eastern and central portions, showers and cooler in northwest Tuesday. Wednesday showers and cooler in eastern portion, fair in western, southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly.

Missouri—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday unsettled weather, probably showers and cooler, variable winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: Oct. 14, 2 p. m.	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 24 hours	State of weather
Abilene	70	78	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	52	60	N.	1.76	Rain
Alpena	48	48	W.	.10	Clear
Atlanta	50	58	N.W.	....	Clear
Amarillo	68	74	S.W.	....	Clear
Battleford	36	42	N.W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	42	66	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Buffalo	52	58	W.	.14	Clear
Boston	56	62	N.	1.96	Clo'dy
Cairo	52	56	S.	....	Clear
Calgary	38	40	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Charlotte	56	66	N.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	56	68	N.W.	....	Clear
Chicago	46	52	S.W.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	50	52	W.	....	Clo'dy
Cleveland	48	54	S.W.	....	Clear
Concordia	58	68	S.	....	Clear
Davenport	52	54	S.	....	Clo'dy
Denver	64	76	S.	....	Fair
Des Moines	50	58	S.W.	....	Clear
Detroit	46	54	W.	....	Clear
Dodge City	66	80	Calm	....	Clear
Dubuque	48	52	S.	....	Clear
Duluth	48	50	S.W.	.01	Fair
El Paso	70	80	E.	....	Clear
Edmonton	38	44	N.	....	Fair
Galveston	64	68	S.	....	Clear
Grand Haven	50	52	S.W.	.58	Fair
Green Bay	44	48	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Havre	36	48	W.	.10	Clo'dy
Helena	40	52	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Huron	60	70	S.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	46	48	S.W.	....	Clear
Jacksonville	64	74	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Kansas City	54	60	S.	....	Clear
Lander	60	68	S.W.	....	Fair
Little Rock	52	54	S.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	70	80	W.	....	Clear
Marquette	42	50	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Memphis	56	62	W.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	48	52	S.W.	....	Clear
Minnedosa	40	52	N.W.	.02	Fair
Montgomery	58	62	N.	....	Clear
Montreal	52	58	S.W.	....	Fair
Nashville	52	58	N.W.	....	Clear
New Orleans	62	66	N.	....	Clear
New York City	58	62	N.W.	1.90	Rain
Norfolk	58	64	N.W.	1.38	Clear
North Platte	66	74	S.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	64	74	S.	....	Clear
Omaha	56	62	S.	....	Clear
Oswego	54	58	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Palestine	64	68	S.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	50	58	W.	.01	Clear
Philadelphia	56	60	N.W.	.46	Rain
Pittsburg	52	60	W.	....	Clear
Pueblo	64	76	S.E.	....	Fair
Qu'Appelle	36	..	N.W.	....	Fair
Rapid City	64	72	N.W.	....	Clear
San Francisco	56	68	S.W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	54	58	S.	....	Clear
St. Paul	48	50	S.	....	Clo'dy
Salt Lake City	68	74	N.W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	42	46	S.	Tr.	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	48	54	S.W.	.01	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	52	56	S.	....	Clear
Vicksburg	56	62	N.	....	Clear
Washington	56	62	N.W.	.02	Clo'dy
Williston	48	56	W.	.04	Clo'dy
Winnipeg	44	58	N.	.04	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 45 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 47; 10 a. m., 51; 11 a. m., 53; 12 m., 54; 1 p. m., 55; 3 p. m., 54; 6 p. m., 58. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.42; 6 p. m., 29.42.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:
Andres, John, 83; 109 W. 18th-pl., Oct. 13.
Anderson, William, 15; 5767 Halsted-st., Oct. 14.
Allen, James G., 38; Harvey, Ill., Oct. 12.
Blumenfeld, Solomon, 66; 307 Chicago-av., Oct. 13.
Brosta, Catherine, 60; 453 W. 19th-st., Oct. 11.
Creen, Annie M., 60; 638 Jackson-blvd., Oct. 11.
Crowley, Augustine, 30; 2911 Parnell-av., Oct. 11.
Chambers, Charles, 45; 7356 Vincennes road, Oct. 12.
Deane, Hurbert F., 63; 472 Wabash-av., Oct. 11.
Dykhinzen, Abeltye, 64; 10509 Curtis-av., Oct. 12.
Duncker, Emma, 8; 3458 Archer-av., Oct. 14.
Eaton, Nannie, 29; 236 W. Lake-st., Oct. 13.
Eckhardt, Nicholas, 69; 449 W. Chicago-av., Oct. 12.
Farrer, Rose W., 42; 954 W. Madison-st., Oct. 12.
Frind, Bernard, 58; 116 Newberry-av., Oct. 13.
Fuka, Ignac, 50; 616 Loomis-st., Oct. 12.
Flinn, Sarahette, 64; 2695 N. 44th-av., Oct. 12.
Gumperty, Doreathea, 80; 699½ N. Clark-st., Oct. 10.
Grodzinsky, Moses, 46; 5840 Carpenter-st., Oct. 12.
Gewalski, Rozalia, 15; 49 Fry-st., Oct. 13.
Heelan, Mary, 35; 10424 Hoxie-av., Oct. 12.
Haller, Moritz, 46; 1048 W. 18th-pl., Oct. 13.
Joaquin, Joseph, 36; 34½ Laflin-st., Oct. 12.
Kelley, James L., 75; 1691 W. 19th-st., Oct. 13.
Kelting, Mathias, 69; 56 Fremont-st., Oct. 14.
Lindgren, Anders, 65; 10209 Parnell-av., Oct. 13.
O'Malley, John F., 18; 120 Huron-st., Oct. 13.
Pecha, Barlora, 49; 799 Allport-st., Oct. 13.
Portz, Karilina, 55; 155 Division-st., Oct. 12.
Prindiville, Edward, 48; 1068 Fulton-st., Oct. 12.
Pratl, Frank, 40; 192 W. 20th-st., Oct. 13.
Pettibone, Eliza, 91; 152 Leavitt-st., Oct. 13.
Palmer, Hamilton, 57; Lyons, Ill., Oct. 12.
Plant, Isabella, 34; 5519 Elizabeth-st., Oct. 12.
Quinn, Rose A., 70; 5546 5th-av., Oct. 13.
Regner, Mick, 30; 10111 Commercial-av., Oct. 10.
Rosanio, Vito, 76; 474 W. Taylor-st., Oct. 10.
Ramsdell, Bessie, 28; 337 Leland-av., Oct. 13.
Steinport, Mathilda, 29; 73 31st-st., Oct. 12.
Schenber, Edna, 8; 811 Barry-av., Oct. 12.
Sutton, William, 28; 2922 La Salle-st., Oct. 11.
Starek, Elenora, 24; 643 W. 17th-st., Oct. 13.
Schroeder, Henrietta, 78; 1276 N. Ashland-av., Oct. 12.
Szlewinski, Joseph, 72; 920 W. 18th-pl., Oct. 13.
Schroeder, Magdalena, 68; 6643 Lafayette-av., Oct. 13.
Schaefer, Peter, 61; 277 Balmoral-av., Oct. 13.
Tidmarsh, William, 38; 1338 W. Ravenswood Park, Oct. 13.
Truoccoto, Rosaria, 15; 218 N. Sangamon-st., Oct. 13.
Walsh, Elizabeth, 64; Hastings, Neb., Oct. 13.
Whaley, Mathew, 40; 762 W. 37th-st., Oct. 12.

DEATHS.

GERSTEL—Adolph J. Gerstel, beloved husband of Sophie and father of Mrs. Hugo Ash, Emanuel, Leo, Hannah, and Antoinette Gerstel, Oct. 13, aged 57. Funeral private at 12 noon, Tuesday, Oct. 15, at 4524 Vincennes-av. Peoria papers please copy.

LESLIE—Oliver Goltra Leslie, Saturday, Oct. 12, 1901, aged 28 years. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. E. L. Wagner, 34th-st., corner Ivison-av., Berwyn, Ill., Tuesday morning, Oct. 15, 9:45 o'clock.

McGREGOR—Oct. 14, George McGregor, aged 48 years. Funeral Wednesday, Oct. 16, from late residence, 665 Fulton-st., at 2 p. m., to Forest Home.

SCHOENTHALER—Joseph Schoenthaler, aged 69 years and 5 months, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. William Clancy, 4530 Woodlawn-av. Funeral Tuesday, Oct. 15, at 1 o'clock, to Rosehill.

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POWERS' LAST WEEK. JOSEPH JEFFERSON. Tues. and Fri. eves. and Wed. & Sat. Mat., "RIP VAN WINKLE"; Wed. and Thurs. eves., "The Rivals"; Sat. eve., "Cricket on the Hearth," and "Lend Me Five Shillings."
NEXT MONDAY, FIRST NIGHT. Charles Frohman Presents WILLIAM H. CRANE In the Dramatization of Westcott's Novel, DAVID HARUM. Seat Sale Opens Thurs. at 9 a. m.

WORTH RACES OCTOBER 10TH TO OCTOBER 26th. 15—DAYS' RACING—15. Six Races Each Day, Beginning at 2 p. m. Sharp. Music by Banks Cregier's Orchestra. Saturday, Oct. 19—The Blue Island Handicap. Express Trains Direct From Dearborn Station to Track in 25 Minutes. Wabash R. R. Special Trains leave Dearborn Station (Polk Street) as follows: 7:55 a. m., stops at 22d, 41st and 63d-sts.; 12:20 p. m., stops at 22d, 41st and 63d-sts.; 12:40 p. m., stops at 22d, 41st, and 63d-sts.; 12:55 p. m., express train, no stops, direct to grand stand; 1:05 p. m., stops at 22d, 41st, and 63d-sts.; 1:16 p. m., express train, no stops, direct to grand stand; 1:45 p. m., stops at 22d, 41st, and 63d-sts.; Regular suburban trains to Chicago Ridge at 6:05 and 9:15 a. m. and 1:25, 2:30, and 2:55 p. m. Returning, one special train leaves grand stand after fifth race and the others after the races. Sunday trains to Chicago Ridge at 9:45 a. m. and 1:25, 4:30, 6:10 and 9:15 p. m. Conveyances connect with electric cars at Mount Olivet, direct to track. Fare for round trip on special trains, 25c. Admission, $1.00.

ILLINOIS No Overture. Curtain at 8 Sharp. This Morning at 9 Sale Begins for Ninth Week, Oct. 28 to Nov. 2. KLAW & ERLANGER'S Stupendous Production of Gen. Lew Wallace's BEN-HUR. Dramatized by William Young. Music by Edgar Stillman Kelley. Staged by Ben Teal. Seats Now Selling Up To and Including Nov. 2.

STUDEBAKER TO-NIGHT AND FOR THREE MORE WEEKS. ARTHUR BYRON In the New Romantic Comedy, PETTICOATS AND BAYONETS. And Excellent Cast with KATHERINE GREY. POPULAR MATINEE, WED., 25c, 50c, 75c. Nights and Sat. Mat., 25c to $1.50.

DEARBORN STOCK COMPANY. A SPLENDID PLAY WELL ACTED. THE WAY TO WIN A WOMAN. Reg. Mats. Sun., Wed., Thurs., Sat. Picture Matinee Every Thursday.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE. Only Theater with Elevator to Second Balcony. STRONGEST DRAMATIC SUCCESS Chicago Has Seen in Many a Day. The Last Appeal. Matinee Tomorrow and Saturday.

ORPHEON MUSIC HALL. Washington-st., opp. City Hall. DAILY AT 2:15. Orchestra 25c. EVENINGS AT 8:15. Reserved Seats. SMOKING AND REFRESHMENTS. ORPHEON STOCK BURLESQUE CO. THE GREATEST HIT OF SEASON AS PLAYED AT WEBER & FIELD'S. Burlesque Vaudeville Extravaganza S'ARIZONA WHIRL-I-GIC. 40 Pretty Girls. Travesty on Florodora Sextette.

OLYMPIC CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Tom Nawn & Company. Gray & Stephens Co. Jones, Grant & Jones. Stella Tracy. Mr. and Mrs. Asbey. Miller & May. 3—Quinn Trio—3. Powers Brothers. John Kernell. Truly Shattuck. Morrissey & Rich. Raymond Musical Trio. The Tossing Austins. Lillian Roemheld. Billy Miller. Mabelle Tyler. PRICES—10, 20, 30 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Gainsborough Octette. Fiske & McDonough. M'lle. Mureal. Brothers Bright. Petching Brothers. Brothers Gloss. The Two Nibbes. Deas & Robinson. Carroll Johnson. Buoman & Adelle. Lavender & Thompson. John Healy. Belle Williams. Hank Whitcomb. 3—Crotty Trio—3. Kate Crawford. PRICES—10, 20, 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Barrows, Lancaster & Co. Matthews & Harris. Conway & Leland. 3—The Barretts—3. The Williams. Paul Stephens. The Kinodrome. Jennie Gay. Adgie's Lions. Sisson, Wallace Co. John C. Leach. Hamlin & Hamlin. 3—Beahan Trio—3. Gladstone Sisters. Milton Brothers. Muldoon Quartette. PRICES—5, 10, 20, 25 CENTS. Reserve Seats in Advance 25c.

W. S. CLEVELAND'S THEATRE. Van Buren, bet. Wabash & Mich. 'Phone, Jackson 141. Mat. Today, 2:30. Tonight, 8:20. Twice Daily. TIP-TOP MINSTRELSY, POLITE VAUDEVILLE. Winona & Banks Winter, Master Hudson, 60 others. All Stars. Two Shows. One Price. Best in Town. Good Orchestra Seats—Mats., 25c; Nights, 50c.

HOPKINS. Matinee, 1:45; Evening, 7:45—Bronson Howard's "Young Mrs. Winthrop." Vaudeville. Next Week—"THE INDIAN."



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McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Lessee & Mgr. The Safest Theatre in the World—30 Exits. MR. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN HIS NEW COMEDY, GARRETT O'MAGH.

GREAT NORTHERN Even'gs, 25 50 75. 25c Mats. Wed., Sat. ROBT. B. MANTELL. TONIGHT & Wed. Night, OTHELLO. Wed. Mat., ROMEO and JULIET. Thurs., RICHELIEU. Fri., HAMLET. Saturday Mat., LADY OF LYONS. Sat. Night, RICHARD III. Next Sun. Mat.—"M'LISS."

PURPLE ELEVEN TO PLAY MICHIGAN

Board of Control Votes to Respect Contract for Game Saturday.

FEELING STILL BITTER.

Incident Likely to End Athletic Relations Between the Two Colleges.

RAGGED WORK AT EVANSTON

Northwestern will play Michigan at Ann Arbor on Saturday. This decision was made by the Board of Control of Northwestern University at a meeting held last night.

While every member of the committee believes that a slight has been placed on the Evanston institution, the contract made for the game was considered binding. While this was a setback for Dr. Hollister, who was in favor of canceling the game, the coach won a victory in having his schedule of games approved.

Ever since the university opened there has been a general complaint against having the Minnesota and Chicago games played on Marshall Field. There was at one time even a probability that Hollister would be compelled to change his arrangements and transfer the contests to Evanston, thus entailing a probable loss for the Northwestern Athletic association. The committee ratified his arrangements, however, and the students expect a surplus in the treasury instead of the usual deficit.

The game to be played on Saturday will probably be the last between Northwestern and Michigan for some time. Not only the Board of Control but the entire student body at Northwestern, feel that the small admission price is a direct slap at the purple. The previous attitude of Baird, the Michigan manager, bears out this belief.

Northwestern Blames Baird.

It was only by hard effort that Hollister was able to schedule the maize and blue. When he first asked for a game Baird offered to pit his scrubs against the purple eleven, trying to show Hollister that Northwestern did not rank high among the Western colleges. Hollister insisted on a game with the first team or nothing at all. Baird finally yielded, but, it is said, the Michigan manager will have squared matters when the division of gate receipts is made after Saturday's game.

Thinking that Baird would charge the larger admission fee Hollister was content to ask for a division of the gate money with no stipulation for a guarantee. As it now stands, if there is a small attendance the trip will result in a large loss for the Methodists. The action taken by the committee last night is commended, however, since Northwestern could hardly violate its agreement.

The committee consists of Professor H. S. White, Professor John A. Scott, Dr. O. F. Long, Captain Dietz of the football team, Captain Johnson of the baseball team, and Captain Scheiner of the track team. The only other work done by the committee was to approve the list of players which Hollister submitted.

Slump in Play of the Team.

Northwestern's practice yesterday was ragged, as only five regular men appeared in the lineup. The absence of the old men was not the only thing that caused the slump. The vim and alertness which had characterized the earlier playing has disappeared. [illegible] men now go through signals as if they were automatons, and are evidently discouraged by the showing made.

[illegible] team suffered a serious loss through [illegible] wrenching an ankle, which will keep him out of the Michigan game. He was the rear man in the tandem on Saturday, and the only player who consistently broke up the Notre Dame interference. Machesney is out of the game for some time. His knee was badly wrenched in Saturday's game, and it will take several weeks for him to get well. Baird's shoulder also is wrenched, but he will be out in a few days. Hanson and Scheiner, the other cripples, are still out of the game, and there is no possibility of their playing against Michigan.

Moszier, a medical student, appeared for practice last night, and was played at center, in place of Allen, who was shifted to tackle. Moszier formerly played on the Fond du Lac (Wis.) High School team. He weighs 190 pounds. May, the colored guard and Captain of the Fisk University eleven last year, was also out. He has not yet decided to enter Northwestern, but will be a likely candidate if he does.

MAROONS AT SECRET PRACTICE.

Scrimmages Behind Closed Gates in Preparation for Illinois—Game with Morgan Park.

Coach Stagg inaugurated secret practice behind closed gates at Marshall Field yesterday in preparation for the Illinois game on Saturday. The work consisted of charging, hurdling an imaginary opposing line, and a rehearsal of signals, the men who played against Purdue constituting the varsity eleven.

Scrimmages were entirely discarded, but the football aspirants were kept at their task until long after darkness had settled over the field. For the charging the team was drawn up in a scrimmage line and at the command plunged fiercely forward. For the hurdling a sweater was spread upon the ground. Then the man carrying the ball was rushed along until he reached the sweater, when he took a flying leap over the supposed opposition forwards, the man behind adding a final shove.

Signal practice took up much of the time, and it was for this reason the gates were closed. This program will be followed throughout the week, except on Wednesday, when the scrubs play Morgan Park, and the varsity will give the students a chance to come out and practice rooting.

When he heard that Conibear, the former trainer, now at Illinois, had offered the team a $100 banquet if it beat Chicago. Billy Ingham, a varsity employé with an interest in the team, said he would give the maroons a better banquet than the Illini ever saw if the locals won.

The east bleachers will be moved up closer to the field and reserved on Saturday for the Illinois rooters, who are expected 2,000 strong on a special train. Darby of Grinnell and Fauver of Oberlin will be the officials.

PRACTICE ON EASTERN FIELDS.

Olcott Moved Out to Tackle at Yale—Shake-up Among Tigers—Harvard Works with Slippery Ball.

Yesterday's reports from the Eastern gridirons follow:

AT YALE.

Captain Charley Gould made the first change of the season in the ranks of the varsity squad. He made Olcott, who has been playing right guard, and Goss, left tackle, change places. Olcott is nearly twenty pounds lighter than Goss and much livelier. For a week it has been evident that the change was desirable, and it is now assured as permanent. In their new positions each man seemed much better adapted to his work. Olcott will be used as running tackle. Hogan, who caught a hard cold on the recent Southern trip, did not report, and Dan Francis was tried at right tackle. The varsity eleven spent fifteen minutes in signal play. A pouring rain has fallen for two days, and the players were not only drenched but were obliged to practice on a field ankle deep in mud. Clarence Weymouth set at doubt contradictory reports about his plans by returning to college and registering as a law student. Weymouth is regarded as a coming athlete. He was Captain of the freshman crew last year, and will either be in the varsity boat next year or catcher for the baseball nine. For three years he caught Christy Matthewson at Bucknell College, where he played tackle on the varsity eleven.

AT HARVARD.

The Harvard varsity and second elevens lined up on Soldiers' Field for their first wet weather practice of the season. Coach Reid and Captain Campbell were determined to give the warriors a taste of handling a slippery ball. Previous to the lineup there was dumbbell practice in the locker building, followed by signal practice in the baseball cage. The battle for supremacy was a hard one, the varsity winning 6 to 0. The touchdown was made by Barnard of Chicago, right guard, who got the ball on a blocked punt and ran thirty-five yards for the varsity's points. Lee, the old Northwestern University player who covered left guard on the varsity last year, appeared in harness and tomorrow will probably be seen in the lineup.

AT PRINCETON.

The coaches at Princeton have changed almost completely the makeup of the varsity eleven. Only three positions in the line and one in the back field remain unaltered. Such sweeping alterations in the personnel of a varsity team were never before made this late. Dewitt, the young giant who has been making a fine reputation as a ground gainer, has been moved from right tackle to full back. [illegible], center, has been shifted to Dewitt's old place, and Fisher, the 215-pound post graduate, has been put at the pivotal position. Right End Davis has gone to the left extremity of the line to strengthen the playing in that quarter, and Henry has succeeded him at right end. John Dana and Marshall Mills, guards, and Pell, left tackle, are the only players among the forwards who remain unmolested. In the back field Meier has been taken from quarter back to try for half back, and Pearson, the baseball player, has succeeded him in snapping the ball. The back field, composed of S. McClave, Dewitt, Meier, and McCord and Pearson, is the heaviest that has represented Princeton in a long time. The management is making extensive preparations for the contest with Cornell on Nov. 2 at Ithaca. The New-Yorkers have beaten Princeton two years in succession, and the game is regarded as second only to the Yale match in importance.

NOTRE DAME'S PLUNGING FULL BACK.



SAMMON FULLBACK

None of the Notre Dame players made a more favorable impression in Saturday's game against Northwestern than Sammon, the full back. He hit the line hard and was generally aggressive.

YOST TO SHUT OFF LIMELIGHT.

Michigan Will Begin Secret Practice Today for Game with Northwestern—Varsity Takes Fierce Practice.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Michigan took final practice today before going into seclusion preparatory to meeting Northwestern. "Even the knot holes will be stopped up," said Coach Yost. "We want absolute privacy."

The match between scrub and varsity this afternoon was fierce. The reserves were given the ball nearly all the time and barring Hernstein's run for a touchdown, the two teams did not move back and forth over more than thirty yards of territory.

Barkebus, the 220 subguard of last year, whom Yost has been trying to fashion into varsity form, was tried at his position on the left side of the line. Forest of the scrubs had little trouble in rooting him up, however, and he seems destined to return to obscurity unless a brace is taken. Sweeley is temporarily out of the running with a wrenched side, secured in the Indiana game. Otherwise the varsity is in fine fettle.

De Pauw, 6; Rose Polytechnic, 0.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—De Pauw defeated Rose Polytechnic today by a score of 6 to 0, but the game was brought to an untimely end by De Pauw's necessity to catch a train. The only touchdown and goal was made in the first four minutes' play of the first half. The remainder of the half was even. In the second Rose was making strong headway, and when train time arrived had the ball on De Pauw's twenty-five-yard line. The second half was only ten minutes. Lineup:

De Pauw [6].		Rose [0].	
L. E.	Gregory, Capt.	Oglesby, Richards	L. E.
L. T.	Robbins	Peck	L. T.
L. G.	Baker	Hampton	L. G.
C.	Williamson	Brannon	C.
R. G.	O'Daniel	Williams	R. G.
R. T.	Colvert	Bowie, Capt.	R. T.
R. E.	Weaver	McDonald	R. E.
Q.	Wise	Cox	Q.
L. H.	McKinstry	Johnson	L. H.
R. H.	Pearson	Uhl	R. H.
F. B.	Fudge	Huffaker, Fishback	F. B.

Touchdown—McKinstry. Goal—Gregory. Referee—Pike of Indiana University. Umpire—West of Y. M. C. A. of Indianapolis. Time of halves—25 and 10 minutes.

Work of the Illinois.

Champaign, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Holt's varsity men were not all used in today's lineup. As a result the scrubs repeatedly tried the mixed team and forced them to punt. The scrubs also carried the ball across the varsity's goal line and were only scored upon once. The evenness of the two teams made them fight the harder, and the result was a fierce, rather loosely played practice. There are not likely to be any hard practices this week, but several new players will be tried and perfected. Cook is developing as a drop kicker and punter, and before the season is over Illinois hopes to have as good as there is in the business. In several of the Chicago papers there was a statement made, supposedly by Gordon Clark, to the effect that Illinois rooters were offering 8 to 1 against Chicago in Saturday's game and that they were all confident of winning. It is true everybody here is confident of winning, but Gordon Clark has made a misstatement if he speaks of odds of 8 to 1.

Badgers Engage in Light Work.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Badgers were given light practice on the lower campus this afternoon. Of the regulars Abbott, Juneau, Fogg, and Schreiber did not line up, and Cochems and Larson played but a short time. Most of the time was spent in running through formation, but a few minutes being devoted to scrimmage work.

Another Eastern Game for Illinois.

Champaign, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Another game has been added to Illinois' Eastern baseball trip schedule, which now includes games with Princeton, Yale, and Harvard.

Rush Medical Not at Elgin.

The report of the defeat of Rush Medical College football team at Elgin last Saturday proves to have been a hoax. The Rush team had no engagement at Elgin.

Yale Athletic Events Next Week.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Yale's athletic program for the bicentennial celebration was decided upon today by the general committee. The annual fall track games were set down for Monday afternoon. On Tuesday afternoon the football games between the varsity and Bates and the Yale College and Yale alumni elevens will be played. On Wednesday afternoon the fall rowing regatta will take place. All these are free to the bicentennial guests.

Track for Automobile Racing.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Automobile Racing Association of the State of New York has made arrangements for the construction on Long Island, about twenty-five miles from New York, of a racecourse for automobile tournaments. The plans call for three tracks—one for speeding, one for "rough riding," and one for coasting. This is said to be the first track of the kind in the country.

College Game Ends in a Wrangle.

Oskaloosa, Ia., Oct. 14.—In the football game today Des Moines left the field with the score: Penn, 11; Des Moines, 6. The game was forfeited to Des Moines.

Missouri Academy, 6; Westminster, 0.

Mexico, Mo., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The Missouri Military Academy eleven defeated Westminster here today by a score of 6 to 0.

SHADOW CHIMES BEATEN.

GEERS' CHARGE PERFORMS POORLY IN LEXINGTON PACE.

Horse That Forced Out Dan Patch Last Week Is Handily Defeated by the Boston Mare Mazette—Leola, the Favorite in the Johnston Stake, Also Comes to Grief, the Event Going to May Allen After a Lively Scrimmage of Five Heats.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—There was a lot of money lost today on Shadow Chimes, the brown pacer in Geers' stable that performed so well here last week in the race that Dan Patch won, forcing the Indiana pacer to go two heats around 2:05 to win.

The Boston mare Mazette was right at herself today in the soft footing. The stallion broke at the three-quarter pole in the first heat, was cleanly outpaced all the way by Mazette in the second, stopping appreciably when it came to a drive in the stretch, and in the third again went into the air when the pinch came in the final eighth. He and Mazette were the contenders, the others never being prominent, although the time was slow.

All of the three events on the card, except the Johnston Stake for 2:24 trotters, were straight heat affairs. In the Johnston the home mare Leola was made a strong favorite and won two heats, but finally dipped her colors to May Allen. This mare won the first heat handily, carrying Leola to a break inside the distance stand, but in the second mile was fairly outtrotted, a poor fourth being the best she could do, while Leola won from Chase with something to spare. The last named was driven by his owner, J. L. Druin. It was his first mount, and after he had come second a couple of times rather handily the judges suggested that Ervin, a professional, try his hand. He could not better the amateur's work, however. After Leola had taken the second and third heats it looked like her race, but in the fourth May Allen, who had gone easily in the third mile, came back strong. She would not have been first at the wire, however, but for a clumsy break by Leola when the latter looked to have the heat in hand. May Allen won the deciding heat handily.

Henrietta, a 3 to 1 favorite, took the 2:25 trot in straight heats and slow time. The Chicago mare Conna, that has been winning for Oscar Ames, was a starter. In the third mile she was in the air almost as soon as the word was given and finished behind the flag. Summaries:

Purse $1,000, 2:25 trotters:

Henrietta, blk. m., by Idol Gift [Young]	1	1	1
William Tell, b. g. [Beachey]	2	2	2
Happy Jack, b. g. [Jamison]	3	2	4

Wentworth, Freebooter, Betsey Tell, Kingsclere, S. B., and Conna started.
Time—2:18¼; 2:17¾; 2:17.

Purse $1,500, 2:06 pacers:

Mazette, b. m., by Tennessee Wilkes [McDonald]	1	1	1
Riley B., blk. h. [Ervin]	2	5	2
Shadow Chimes, br. h. [Geers]	4	2	4
Dumont W., b. g. [Ernest]	5	4	3
Major Muscovite, b. h. [McMahon]	3	3	dis

Time—2:13¼; 2:10¾; 2:10½.

The Johnston Stake, $2,000, 2:24 trotters:

May Allen, ch. m., by Que Allen [McDonald]	1	4	5	1	1
Leola, b. m. [Hutchings]	3	1	1	3	4
Belle Kuser, br. m. [Rites]	5	3	2	2	3
Chase, b. g. [Druin]	2	2	4	5	7

Red Princess, Marque, and Lily Sligo started.
Time—2:15¼; 2:14¼; 2:16¼; 2:14¼; 2:16½.

Country Jay, one of the most successful horses of the year, was to have started in this race, but came out so lame the judges excused him.

The chief event tomorrow will be the Walnut cup, in which a large number of high-class trotters are named. The favorite will be Captor, that trotted three heats better than 2:10 last week, but Walter Keim, who is driven by Geers, will have a strong following.

MEMPHIS' TROTTING PROGRAM.

Many Good Stakes and Purses to Be Competed For Next Week—"Transylmulia" Stakes.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The program for the week's racing of the Memphis Trotting association, which starts Oct. 21 and ends Oct. 26, was announced today. The more important features will be:

Oct. 21—2:14 class, trotting, purse $3,000; 2:25 class, pacing, purse $1,000; 2:18 class, trotting, purse $1,000; Little Boy to beat 2:02 to wagon, silver cup.

Oct. 22—2:10 class, pacing, purse $1,000; 2:08 class, pacing, purse $3,000; 2:20 class, trotting, purse $3,000; free-for-all, trotting, to wagon, silver cup.

Oct. 23—2:20 class, pacing, purse $3,000; 2:11 class, trotting, purse $3,000; 2:09 class, pacing, to wagon, silver cup; special, The Abbot to beat 2:02¾.

Oct. 24—2:15 class, trotting, purse $1,000; 2:13 class, pacing, purse $1,000; 2:06 class, pacing, purse $1,000; 2:18 class, trotting, to wagon, silver cup.

Oct. 25—2:18 class, pacing, purse $1,000; 2:12 class, trotting, purse $1,000; 2:08 class, pacing, purse $1,000 (special); free-for-all, pacing, to wagon, silver cup; grand special, the Transylmulia (all the famous trainers will drive selected mules to sulky).

Oct. 26—2:25 class, trotting, purse $1,000; free-for-all, pacing, purse $1,500; 2:13 class, trotting, to wagon, silver cup.

Fair Grounds Races Uninterrupted.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 14.—Judge Fisher of the St. Louis Circuit Court today refused to issue a temporary injunction against the bookmakers at the fair grounds race track in the suit filed by Attorney General Crow. This whole case will now go over for a final hearing which will be held in December.

CZOLGOSZ SHOWS NO CHANGE.

Condemned Assassin, Acording to Prison Warden, Displays No Unusual Uneasiness.

Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 14.—"Absolutely nothing new with Czolgosz," was Warden Mead's reply to a query today. The condemned assassin has not asked for any spiritual adviser. The death warrant has not been read to him as yet, and he has not given the least intimation that he would like to commit suicide.

DEFEAT FOR THE HILDRETH PAIR.

Rolling Boer and The Lady Finish Second in Their Races at Worth.

LACRIMAE IS BID UP $1,000

Burnie Bunton Gives Away a Lot of Weight, but Wins a Sprint Handily.

MATCH EVENT FOR FRIDAY.

Rolling Boer and The Lady, Sam Hildreth's entries in the fourth and fifth races, went down in defeat at Worth yesterday. The defeat of Rolling Boer was anticipated, as it was not thought he could give W. J. Deboe ten pounds and a beating, especially on a track to Deboe's liking. The Lady's defeat, however, was a surprise. She was in with Haviland, Baird, and Lady Elite, and, on her two last races, appeared to have the event at her mercy, but she bled, and Haviland beat her in an ordinary gallop. The Lady went to the post at 7 to 20, and Haviland at 4 to 1. The pair raced heads apart, with The Lady in front, to the half mile mark, where Cook's gelding moved away and won as he pleased. The Lady pulled up bleeding from the nostrils, and the opinion among horsemen was she had had too much of it of late. Hildreth, however, treated the matter lightly, stating that she invariably bled in her work.

W. J. Deboe, Rolling Boer, and Fancywood were the only starters in the fourth race. Deboe, backed heavily at 7 to 10, bounded off in the lead and never relinquished it, winning eased up by a length from the whipped-out Boer horse.

Tichenor & Co. put Lacrimae over the plate in the third race, but it cost them an extra $1,005. The filly was entered to be sold for $1,200, and when placed on sale was bid up to $2,200 by R. E. Watkins, the filly's former owner. The Tichenor contingent backed the filly heavily, and saw her, in receipt of a flying start, romp home.

Burnie Bunton, J. F. Newman's Rancocas filly, showed her racing qualities in the second race by giving away lumps of weight and a beating to a fair class of mudlarks. Burnie was a slight favorite over If You Dare, her dangerous contestant, but gave him seventeen pounds and a sound beating.

The opening event, at seven and a half furlongs, went to the Canadian horse, Benckart, backed from 10 to 1 down to 8 to 1.

Frangible, Strangest, and Valdez battled for supremacy in the final event, and crossed the line in the order named.

The track was sticky and holding, and every race but the last was won easily.

Worth Summaries Oct. 14.

Weather cloudy. Track heavy.

First race, 7½ furlongs, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
15-2	Benckart, 94 [Seaton]	$4^{1/2}$	1^2	1^6	1^8	1^{10}
6-1	Alee, 102 [Dominick]	3^{nk}	2^8	2^8	2^5	$2^{1/2}$
9-1	El Caney, 104 [Coburn]	1^h	3^2	3^4	3^3	3^7

Time, 1:43 1-5. J. H. Barnes, 96 pounds [L. Jackson]; Canova, 107 [J. Hicks]; Goal Runner, 109 [T. Knight]; Moroni, 99½ [Otis]; Eva's Darling, 83 [Helgeson]; Irish Jewel, 99 [R. Steele], finished as named. Winner, G. W. Cook's br. g., by Galen d'Or—Marie Shanklin. At post 12 minutes. Start fair. Won in a canter. Goal Runner appeared to be anchored in the going. Irish Jewel ran poorly.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
8-5	Burn. Bunton, 109 [Coburn]	2^h	1^1	1^1	$1^{1/2}$	$1^{3/4}$
3-1	If You Dare, 92 [R. Steele]	3^1	2^3	2^1	2^2	2^3
13-1	Pigeon Post, 95 [L. Jac'n]	$5^{1/2}$	5^8	4^{nk}	3^5	3^1

Time, 1:20 4-5. Lennep, 109 pounds [T. Knight]; Joe Martin, 105 [Silvers]; Bummer, 104 [Blake]; Azim, 95 [Munro], finished as named. Winner, J. F. Newman's ch. f., by Rancocas—Dead Cinch. Start good. Won handily. Lennep came strongly at the end. Joe Martin ran well four and a half furlongs and then fell gradually away. Bummer ran well for almost five-eighths.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
12-5	Lacrimae, 103 [T. Knight]	$1^{1/2}$	$1^{1/2}$	$1^{1/2}$	$1^{1/2}$	1^4
10-1	Pyrrho, 102 [Dominick]	3^6	$3^{1/2}$	2^2	2^8	$2^{1/2}$
16-5	Amirante, 103 [Blake]	$4^{1/2}$	2^8	$3^{11/2}$	3^2	3^4

Time, 1:06. Miracle II., 97 pounds [Short]; St. Hera, 95 [L. Jackson]; Crescent City, 95 [Rice]; Rag Tag, 102 [Coburn]; Tommy Foster, 112 [Landry]; Bragg, 95 [Davisson], finished as named. Winner, H. M. Tichenor & Co.'s ch. f., by Rossington—Semper Idem. Start good. Won easily. Crescent City and Rag Tag ran well for a half mile. The winner was run up to $2,200 by R. E. Watkins and bid in.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, purse $500, 3-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-10	W. J. Deboe, 97 [L. J'n]	1^h	$1^{1/2}$	1^2	1^2	1^1
7-5	Rolling Boer, 107 [Cob'n]	2^8	2^8	2^8	2^8	2^8
25-1	Fancy Wood, 94 [R. St'le]	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:35. Winner, J. Arthur's b. c., by Kismet—Solitaire. Good start. Won handily.

Fifth race, 1 mile, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-2	Haviland, 104 [Dominick]	$3^{1/2}$	2^8	1^1	1^4	1^8
7-20	The Lady, 109 [Coburn]	1^5	1^8	2^{15}	2^{15}	2^8
16-1	Baird, 107 [Landry]	2^{nk}	3^{10}	3^{10}	3^3	3^8

Time, 1:52. Lady Elite, 104 pounds [Harshberger], also ran. Winner, F. Cook's br. g., by Letoon—Avolee. Good start. Won easily. The Lady bled, which accounts for her poor race.

Sixth race, 1⅛ miles, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
6-1	Frangible, 104 [Rice]	2^{nk}	1^1	$1^{1/2}$	1^2	$1^{1/2}$
4-1	Strangest, 112 [Davisson]	3^h	4^{20}	4^{20}	$2^{1/2}$	2^h
3-2	Valdez, 100 [Otis]	$4^{1/2}$	2^h	2^3	3^3	3^5

Time, 2:21 1-5. Ben Chance, 103 pounds [Munro]; Fox Bard, 97 [L. Jackson]; Dan Cupid, 103 [Blake], finished as named. Winner, F. D. Boaz's ch. g., by Fonso—Miss Nannie. Start good. Won easily. Valdez came with a rush at the end. Ben Chance had enough when a furlong out.

Worth Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, selling:

If You Dare	116	St. Cuthbert	99
Lady Contrary	105	Alzura	97
Braw Lad	103	Lowell	97
Seguranca	102	Barney Saal	95
Harry Herendeen	102	Small Jack	95
Gallopin	101	Shut Up	93

Second race, 1⅛ miles, selling:

Frangible	104	Fox Bard	99
Isabey	104	Little Elkin	92
Admetus	103	Janowood	83
Hosi	101		

Third race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Aladdin	111	Harry New	106
Jack Rattlin	111	I. Samelson	106
Lucien Appleby	106	Autumn Leaves	103

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, Chicago Ridge Handicap, $700 added:

The Lady	112	Argregor	108
St. Marcos	110	Barrack	106
Rolling Boer	110	Valdez	95
Vulcain	108	Odnor	94
Gonfalon	108	Searcher	94

Fifth race, 1 mile, selling:

Pacemaker	104	Henry of Trastamare	98
Frelinghuysen	104	Do Madge	97
W. B. Gates	103	El Ghor	96
Omdurman	103	Woodstick	93
Prince Blazes	101	Uncle Tom	86
John Baker	100	Give All	83

Sixth race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens:

Prowl	118	Pompey	106
Royal Tiger Lily, br. f., by Hanover—Tigress	115	Fullen	105
		Frank Jones	105
		Digby Bell	103
Duke of Connaught	108	Jane Oaker	103
Smith's Reel	107	Brissac	103
Wild Oats	106	Lady Like	103

Notes of the Track.

Sam Hildreth had five entries in that number of races, scratched three, and saw the other two defeated.

R. E. Watkins, who bid Lacrimae up to $2,200, let the filly go to Tommy Griffin in a selling race in the East for $1,200.

The question of supremacy among the four best 3-year-olds now stabled at Worth will be settled on Friday, provided track conditions are favorable. The contenders will be St. Marcos, Six Shooter, Argregor, and Denman Thompson. The three first named will carry 112 pounds each, and Thompson three pounds less for gelding allowances. The distance will be one and one-sixteenth miles, and Coburn, Knight, Winkfield, and Steele will ride the horses in the order in which they are named.

RACE IN MUD AT MORRIS PARK.

Namtor Wins Yankee Handicap for August Belmont—Shields Backs Handicapper Heavily.

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Only the bravest followers of the races had the courage to visit Morris Park today. The track was in frightful condition and the rain fell continuously throughout the afternoon. Three favorites came home in front and the other winners were heavily played.

August Belmont's fast colt, Namtor, won the Yankee handicap for 2-year-olds after a hard struggle with Igniter. Setauket, the choice of the heavy bettors, got away badly and stopped running after five furlongs. Namtor is a good, game colt, and he will probably win many races for the maroon and black.

Alexander Shields brought Handicapper down from Canada, fresh from many hard-fought victories, and won the fourth race with him, and with it several handsome wagers, for which he was laid 6 to 1 by the bookmakers. Lord Pepper was only headed by the Canadian colt in the closing strides. Lady of the Valley, Shaw up, made sad the hearts of the local talent by running a miserable race.

Lux Casta outclassed the field in the Blue Girl Stakes, and was pulled to a walk.

Burns was set down for four days for misbehavior at the post in the third race.

Morris Park Summaries Oct. 14.

Weather wet; track heavy.

First race, last ¾ Withers mile, the first Monday Handicap, $700 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-1	Paul Clifford, 104 [Burns]	2	1^1	1^1	1^2	1^2
6-5	Carbuncle, 117 [McCue]	1	2^h	2^4	2^4	2^8
10-1	Himself, 90 [Creamer]	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:30. Winner, blk. g., by Lissak—Tambourine III. Start good. Won in a canter.

Second race, last 11-16 Withers mile, 2-year-olds, fillies, maidens, the Blue Girl Stakes, $700 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-5	Lux Casta, 109 [Wonderly]	3	1^8	1^h	1^2	1^4
20-1	Octoroon, 109 [Mounce]	6	$5^{1/2}$	4^h	$3^{1/2}$	$2^{1/2}$
6-1	Bian. Herman, 109 [Woods]	5	3^h	2^2	$2^{1/2}$	3^h

Time, 1:10 2-5. Bijou, 108 pounds [Cochran]; Gaygirl, 109 [T. Burns]; Early Eve, 109 [Shaw]; Mintbed, 109 [J. Martin]; Electress, 109 [Odom]; Flirtineer, 109 [Smith]; Tenagra, 109 [Brennan]; and Pretoria, 109 [O'Connor], finished as named. Wild Bess, 109 pounds [Crothwaite], left at post. Winner, b. f., by Donovan—Lucasta. Start straggling. Won easily. Octoroon finished strongly. Gaygirl was nearly left, but closed an immense gap. Early Eve ran out on the stretch turn. Flirtineer ran green.

Third race, last 13-16 Withers mile, 2-year-olds, the Yankee Handicap, $700 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-2	Namtor, 107 [Mounce]	4	$1^{1/2}$	1^h	$1^{1/2}$	1^h
2-1	Iginter, 111 [O'Connor]	3	4^3	$3^{1/2}$	3^3	2^3
12-5	Setauket, 98 [Wonderly]	5	$2^{1/2}$	2^2	$2^{1/2}$	3^6

Time, 1:22 2-5. Lady Godiva, 97 pounds [Redfern]; Glen Water, 106 [T. Burns]; and Locket, 90 [Creamer], finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Hasting—Ninevah. Start straggling. Won driving. Igniter came with a rush in the last furlong.

Fourth race, Withers mile, $600 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-1	Handicapper, 97 [J. Martin]	7	$5^{1/2}$	$4^{1/2}$	$2^{1/2}$	1^h
7-1	Lord Pepper, 95 [Redfern]	6	$1^{1/2}$	1^1	1^1	2^2
12-1	Sadie S., 92 [Cochran]	10	8^1	7^1	4^1	3^3

Time, 1:44 4-5. Brandy Smash, 95 pounds [Henderson]; Althea, 97 [Wilkerson]; Beggar Lady, 94 [Brien]; Lou Rey, 100 [Wonderly]; Alsike, 102 [Brennan]; Fonsolee, 100 [L. Thompson]; Lily of the Valley, 106 [Shaw]; and Round Up, 103 [Hayden], finished as named. Ringleader, 97 pounds [Kitson], withdrawn. Winner, b. g., by Strathmore—Zuhian. Start fair. Won driving. Handicapper finished strongly and was lucky. Lord Pepper showed the most speed throughout and should have won. Sadie S., away badly, closed up a great deal of ground.

Fifth race, Withers mile, $600 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-5	Criterion, 91 [J. Martin]	3	5^2	1^2	1^4	1^4
30-1	Animosity, 91 [Thompson]	7	$6^{1/2}$	2^h	2^h	2^h
8-1	Astor, 97 [Henderson]	6	4^h	$5^{1/2}$	4^1	3^h

Time, 1:45. Curtsey, 85 pounds [Redfern]; Knight of the Garter, 91 [Creamer]; Bold Knight, 108 [McGinn]; and Alpen, 99 [Wonderly], finished as named. Winner, blk. c., by Faraday—Alta Blue. Start good. Won in a canter. Criterion galloped into the lead at the half, and finished under a stout pull.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, over the hill, $850 added, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
8-5	Ten Candles, 120 [W'derly]	1	$1^{1/2}$	1^2	1^1	1^1
8-1	The Rhymer, 102 [Cochran]	2	2^1	2^2	$2^{1/2}$	2^1
13-10	Hernando, 108 [Odom]	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:48 3-5. Winner, b. c., by Candlemas—Tenerine. Start good. Won easily. Ten Candles was much superior to the others on a mere speed basis. Hernando was outrun early, and showed a dislike for the down-hill course.

Morris Park Entries.

First race, last 6½ furlongs, Withers mile—The Outcast, 115 pounds; The Abbe, 112; Gertrude Lodge, 112; Somerset, 112; Zemora, 112; Kalif, 112; Timothy Foley, 110; Thicket, 110; Cespedes, 110; Historian, 110; Biff, 107; Mintage, 107; Johnny of Navarre, 107; Wayward Boy, 107; Elegy, 107; Tour, 107; Anna Darling, 107.

Second race, Withers mile—The Amazon, 107 pounds; Hammock, 105; Rafaello, 105; Gold Fox, 105; Isia, 100; Alsike, 97; Guess Work, 95; Criterion, 90; Piederich, 87; Punctual, 87.

Third race, Eclipse course, 2-year-olds, Rancho de Paso Stakes, $1,000 added—Whiskey King, 122 pounds; Igniter, 109; Leonora Loring, 106; Price, 103; Luck and Charity, b. c., by Hanover—Bonita Belle, 103; King Edward, 100; Emshee, 100; Brunswick, 100; City Bank, 100; Champagne, 97.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, over the hill, 3-year-olds, selling, the Fairview Stakes, $1,000 added—Paul Clifford, 105 pounds; Himself, 101; Rowdy, 93.

Fifth race, Withers mile, selling—Redpath, 115 pounds; Hammock, 110; Bold Knight, 108; Lee King, 105; Speedmast, 105; Donna Henrietta, 102; Nanine, 101; Oread, 101; Trebor, 101; Anecdote, 99; Marothen, 97; King Lief, 91; Guess Work, 88; Piederich, 88.

Sixth race, Withers mile, handicap—Herbert, 126 pounds; Knight of Rhodes, 118; Roxane, 100; Cervera, 98; Latson, 97; Potente, 93; Belle of Lexington, 93; The Amazon, 92.

Race Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 14.—Captain R. B. Rice's Wax Taper received another sound beating today, finishing a distant second to Petit Maitre in the feature event at the fair grounds. The going was heavy and holding. Summaries:

First race, 7 furlongs—Potheen, 4 to 1, won; Chandoo, 6 to 1, second; Moro, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:35½.

Second race, 6 furlongs, selling—Robert Jr., 10 to 1, won; Little Chico, 18 to 5, second; Militant, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:20.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles—Uterp, 4 to 5, won; Bean, 8 to 1, second; Irving Mayor, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:55¾.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Petit Maitre, 11 to 5, won; Wax Taper, 6 to 5, second; Miss Thresa, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:53.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Runnels, 6 to 5, won; Meditation, 6 to 1, second; Brulare, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:19½.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Guide Rock, 15 to 1, won; Rochester, 7 to 2, second; South Breeze, 9 to 5, third. Time, 1:48¼.

ENTRIES.

First race, 7 furlongs, selling—Hansbrough, Ellis, Early Bird, 111 pounds each; Watercrest, Col. Gay, Waban, 106 each; Fucino, Brightie B., Doctor Clark, Salinda, Celeste d'Or, Sauber, Crockett, Nannie J., Salome, 103 each.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Lady Brockway, 95 pounds; Fugurtha, Leflare, 98 each; Rose of Red, Dave Sommers, 106 each; Paul Creyton, 110; Lillian M., 105; Concertina, Sir Tom Tiddler, 101 each; Bendara, 107; Palms, 100; Anna Elliott, Has Gift, 103 each; Juvenile, Sister Sarah, 109 each.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Harry Pulliam, 96 pounds; Hendricks, Lady Curzon, Samivel, Ben O'Fallon, 102 each; Marcy, Georgia Gardner, Bengal, 93 each; Pancharm, George B. Cox, Tom Gilmore, 105 each; Tulla Fonso, 109; Admiral Schley, Sue Johnson, 107 each.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Man, 97 pounds; Alea, Miss Golightly, Velasquez, Tenby, Belle, 110 each; Horseshoe Tobacco, 118 each; Sylvian, Harry Duke, 115 each.

Fifth race, 1 3-16 miles, selling—Swordsman, Wallabout, Banquo II., 103 pounds each; Rochester, 109; George Lee, Lee Bruno, 100 each.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Orleans, Prima II., Our Lady, Militant, Battus, Lady Bramble, 103 pounds each; Ben Frost, Bermuda Prince, Mona B., 108 each.

GRIFFITH FAILS TO GET LONG.

Boston Player Wanted by White Stockings Refuses Offer of $4,000 to Play in Chicago.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Herman Long has concluded to play ball in Boston next season. Clark Griffith, manager of the Chicago White Stockings, thought he had him booked for next season, but Director Billings dug deep into his pocket and as a result Herman will Captain the National league team here next season.

Long met Griffith at the Quincy House early today, and the Chicago man offered him $4,000 for his services next season. Herman complained that this was only $100 more than the Boston people paid him this year. Griffith explained it was all he was authorized to offer. Long promised to give his answer at 3:30 at the south station, when Griffith was to take a train for the West, and then hustled off to see Billings, whose arguments must have been persuasive, for when Long showed up at the station he explained that he had talked matters over with his wife and had concluded that as the Boston people were willing to do the right thing as regards salary and advance money he would stick to the Hub.

Griffith took it good-naturedly and congratulated Long on the benefits he was to derive from his visit to Boston. "When I show up," he said, "he players' salary are sure to get a hunch." Kittridge was at the station to see Griffith off. The latter said he intended to stop off at Syracuse and see Billy Dineen. "Later on," he said, "I shall see President Ban Johnson and have the American league raise the blacklist from that player."

Americans, 12; Nationals, 4.

Vincennes, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The tourist leaguers played on the local diamond here this afternoon with a temperature below °50. Fully 300 fans turned out. The game was indifferently played and resulted as follows:

All Nationals	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	—4	7	3
All Americans	0	3	3	2	0	0	1	3	*	—12	17	1

Home runs—Davis, Irwin, Donlin, Bernhard. Struck out—By Carrick, 3; by Fisher, 2. Batteries—All Nationals, Fisher and Bresnahan; All Americans, Carrick and Sullivan. Umpire—Newton.

CONSIDER THE MERRILL CASE.

A. A. U. Committee Hears Evidence of the Beloit Athlete, but Does Not Act Upon His Case.

A meeting was held last night by a committee of the Amateur Athletic union to investigate the charges of professionalism preferred against Edward Merrill, the star sprinter and all-around athlete of Beloit College. The meeting did not result in the rendering of a decision. Merrill came over from Beloit and told his side of the story in a straightforward manner. He also brought affidavits, and these were submitted. His testimony was taken in full, and between now and the next meeting, expected to be held in a few days, the report will be acted upon.

WORTH JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

Special Rates Via the Wabash.

During the fall meeting at Worth racetrack, Oct. 10 to 26, special trains via the Wabash will leave Dearborn Station daily, except Sundays, at 7:55 a. m., 12:40 p. m., 12:55 p. m., 1:05 p. m., 1:18 p. m., and 1:45 p. m. Returning, one special train will leave the racetrack after the fifth race and the others after close of last race. Fare, 25 cents for round trip.

DRISCOLL-JUDGE FIGHT A DRAW.

Lively Six-Round Battle of Boxers Is Held at Barry's Handball Court.

SULLIVAN MEETS BROAD.

Honors Are Even After Twenty Rounds of Slugging at the Fort Erie Club.

PREVENT FIGHT IN DENVER.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Jim Driscoll and Martin Judge fought six hard rounds to a draw at Jimmy Barry's handball court last night. The contest was the windup of the Twenty-second Ward Athletic club's regular Monday night athletic entertainment and was gingery enough to suit the most fastidious fight fan.

Driscoll, who heretofore had nothing but his tough visage and an enormous capacity for punishment to recommend him as a fighter, has improved in the finer points of the game fully 50 per cent during the last year. He has cultivated a fairly good straight left-hand punch, a right-hand uppercut, and manages to stop blows with his arm instead of his face. What he requires now is speed and a knowledge of distance. He is a formidable looking chap, stripped for action, and if appearance counted for anything he could beat any man of his weight. He had all the natural advantage over Martin and nothing but the latter's ring experience and cleverness saved him from defeat.

Driscoll started in from the tap of the bell to annihilate Judge. He landed several left-hand smashes and right-hand uppercuts on Martin's face and body that made the crowd think the contest would not go the limit. Martin gathered himself together after several severe jolts and by clinching, slipping his head out of danger, and occasionally countering, he stopped Driscoll's apparent winning progress. Jim, however, would not be denied, and kept boring in continually, only to be met with left-hand jabs and right-hand body blows. These blows did not deter Jim—instead, they made him more eager to land a knockout. He dropped Martin with a right on the cheekbone in the third round, and when Judge arose sent him staggering with a left full on the jaw.

It looked like Driscoll's fight at this point, but Martin recovered quickly and held his own to the end.

The contest was the best seen at Barry's court since the opening of the boxing game. Exhibition bouts between Jack Beauscholte and Hugo Kelly, Billy Ratchford and Young Anderson, Morris Rausch and "Kid" Able, made up an interesting program.

The Jack Beauscholte-Marvin Hart twenty-round contest at Louisville has been changed from Nov. 4 to Nov. 1.

Martin Duffy and Dave Barry are hard at work for their fifteen-round contest, which is scheduled to take place under the auspices of the West End Athletic club of St. Louis on Thursday night.

BROAD AND SULLIVAN DRAW.

Early Part of the Fight at Buffalo Is Tame, but the Windup Is Fierce—Police Stop It.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Kid Broad and Dave Sullivan fought a twenty-round draw in the arena of the International Athletic club at Fort Erie tonight.

It was their fifth encounter in the ring, and, though opening slowly, it finished fast. They opened so cautiously that the spectators were inclined to hint at hippodrome. Even Referee McBride grew suspicious and cautioned the fighters. Towards the closing rounds some savage work was done.

During the early stages Sullivan was often hammering Broad's body with stinging smashes and heavy swings, but the "Kid" was sturdy and did not weaken or display any signal of distress.

In the last half dozen rounds Broad began to rock Sullivan's head with hard drives, and in the eighteenth and nineteenth had his man groggy and in a bad way. In the closing round Sullivan picked up wonderfully, and in a give-and-take finish perhaps more than held his own. The boys were mixing hard and fast in the center of the ring, with ten seconds to go, when Chief Griffin stepped into the ring and stopped the bout, saying it was degenerating from a boxing match into a fight. The referee declared it a draw.

MAY STOP ALL DENVER FIGHTS.

Interference with Toy-Wallace Contest Is Thought to Bode Ill for the Sport.

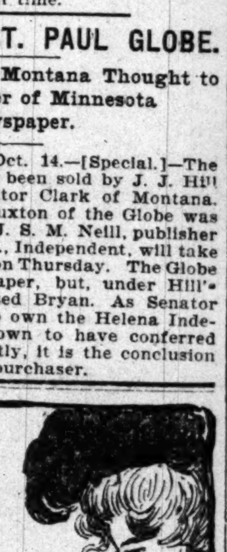
Denver, Colo., Oct. 14.—The ten-round go scheduled to occur tonight under the auspices of the Rocky Mountain Athletic club between Eddie Toy of San Francisco and "Spike" Wallace of Pittsburg was interfered with by the police at the last moment, under order from President Adams of the Fire and Police board that the fight could not be held. It is thought the action of President Adams tonight practically kills pugilism here for all time.

HILL SELLS ST. PAUL GLOBE.

Senator Clark of Montana Thought to Be Purchaser of Minnesota Newspaper.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The St. Paul Globe has been sold by J. J. Hill presumably to Senator Clark of Montana. General Manager Luxton of the Globe was today advised that J. S. M. Neill, publisher of the Helena, Mont., Independent, will take charge of the paper on Thursday. The Globe is a Democratic paper, but, under Hill's ownership, it opposed Bryan. As Senator Clark is supposed to own the Helena Independent, and is known to have conferred with Mr. Hill recently, it is the conclusion that he is the real purchaser.

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Most excellent reports of the wonderful work that Malt Breakfast Food is doing for growing children come to the notice of the manufacturers every day. Many fathers and mothers declare that their little ones look more eagerly and anxiously for their dish of Malt Breakfast Food each morning than for anything else. All the children relish it and find it delicious and appetizing. Malt Breakfast Food is giving in every instance the happy results that careful parents look for—increase in flesh, pure blood, brighter eyes, and greater bodily strength. We strongly advise parents to adopt the use of Malt Breakfast Food if their children are not showing evidences of healthy growth. For a supper dish it is equally valuable. Grocers everywhere.

TWO STATE SENATORS ENDORSE PE-RU-NA.



HON. J. H. SAUER.

Hon. J. H. Sauer, State Senator from Douglas Co., to the Nebraska Legislature, writes from Frank's Hotel Omaha, Neb., as follows:

"Having tried Peruna I can commend it to all as a great tonic and particularly good as a remedy for catarrh." —J. H. SAUER.

Honorable Patrick Kennedy, Member of the Massachusetts Legislature, writes the following letter from the House of Representatives, Boston. Doctor S. B. Hartman:

"Dear Sir: I have no hesitation in saying that after having tried dozens of other remedies without relief I owe my perfect health and clear voice of today to Peruna. I know it to be a sure cure for indigestion and its attendant affliction, nervous debility. For the six weeks that I was on the platform through the recent campaign I used Peruna regularly, and although I spoke two and three times each day my voice never failed me. I know that Peruna is a reliable cure for bronchial troubles."—P. J. Kennedy.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

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BRILLIANT [illegible] ON THE A[illegible]

Tosetti Bowling [illegible] ages Over 1,000 [illegible] Successive [illegible]

TWICE GET FOUR[illegible]

In a Match Against [illegible] ships They Total [illegible] and 1,051 in [illegible]

OPENINGS IN TWO[illegible]

Captain Bangart and h[illegible] Tosetti team in the Chica[illegible] most wonderful bowling [illegible] section of the country in[illegible] night with the Fellowship[illegible] In the three games rolled[illegible] of 1,006, 994, and 1,051, giv[illegible] 1,017, which so far as is k[illegible] record. To come within [illegible] three consecutive totals [illegible] far surpasses any previou[illegible] local alleys, and the high[illegible] Tosettis is hardly likely t[illegible] the rest of the season. Although up against a [illegible] position, the Fellowships [illegible] for the second game and c[illegible] of winning. To lose with [illegible] hard luck. Haselhuhn led the ave[illegible] Strong coming second with[illegible]

Opening in Sta[illegible]

In the opening games [illegible] rolled last night at Bar[illegible] alleys, the Muellers won t[illegible]

First in Stock-Ya[illegible]

The Stock-Yards league [illegible] last night, the Climax [illegible]

BRILLIANT WORK ON THE ALLEYS.

Tosetti Bowling Club Averages Over 1,000 in Three Successive Games.

TWICE GET FOUR FIGURES

In a Match Against the Fellowships They Total 1,006, 994, and 1,051 in Order.

OPENINGS IN TWO LEAGUES.

Captain Bangart and his men of the Tosetti team in the Chicago league did the most wonderful bowling ever seen in this section of the country in their series last night with the Fellowship.

In the three games rolled they scored totals of 1,006, 994, and 1,051, giving an average of 1,017, which so far as is known is a world's record. To come within six pins of rolling three consecutive totals of over 1,000 far surpasses any previous performance on local alleys, and the high mark set by the Tosettis is hardly likely to be disturbed for the rest of the season.

Although up against a seemingly hopeless position, the Fellowships made a strong bid for the second game and came within one pin of winning. To lose with a total of 993 was hard luck.

Haselhuhn led the averages with 232⅓, Strong coming second with 217⅔. Scores:

CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Tosettis.	1.	2.	3.	Fellowships.	1.	2.	3.
Bangart	181	204	212	Ullrich	159	198	206
Haselh'n	236	217	244	Edwards	147	208	183
Bender	224	181	202	Burtt	157	209	157
M'L'ghlin	161	167	169	Johnson	145	173	182
Strong	204	225	224	Shepard	181	205	180
Totals	1,006	994	1,051	Totals	789	993	908

Hofmanns.	1.	2.	3.	Cosmos.	1.	2.	3.
Waller	178	210	167	Boiskou	156	194	175
Harrington	194	191	188	Hoeft	167	192	136
Chisholm	179	182	202	Mahrlein	166	182	202
Markham	144	172	210	Hanson	140	168	180
Brill	202	206	183	Gutegesell	147	152	135
Totals	897	961	950	Totals	776	888	828

Opening in Star League.

In the opening games of the Star league rolled last night at Barton and Worden's alleys, the Muellers won two games from the Argyles. Scores:

Argyles.	1.	2.	3.	Muellers.	1.	2.	3.
Berlin	162	191	225	McClean	176	140	153
Peters	168	169	164	Cartwood	132	143	193
Hunter	153	155	144	Rothemel	179	166	175
Boomer	157	160	170	Stull	201	190	171
Stretch	132	184	173	Mueller	167	179	202
Totals	792	859	875	Totals	855	818	894

TELEPHONE LEAGUE.

Treasurers.	1.	2.	3.	Construct'n.	1.	2.	3.
Hanson	179	145	168	Blake	137	147	175
McGregor	123	130	138	Purvis	119	141	139
Wright	133	182	133	Welch	127	153	178
Maypole	127	137	153	O'Neill	150	182	188
Rigeman	165	147	127	Lovell	157	115	168
Totals	727	741	719	Totals	690	738	848

COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS.

Maine.	1.	2.	3.	Advance.	1.	2.	3.
Adkins	246	159	169	J. Anderson	160	157	166
Stocum	160	202	144	A. Carlson	131	138	84
Waltman	133	149	148	Hoelz	162	103	158
Coughlin	183	182	163	Hellgren	156	126	91
Fletcher	126	153	161	Graplund	146	158	146
Totals	848	845	783	Totals	755	682	648

SOUTH END LEAGUE.

Americas.	1.	2.	3.	Chic. C. C.	1.	2.	3.
Gassauer	158	211	183	Mackey	140	145	170
Ruhland	153	153	159	Nathan	117	156	123
Foulds	154	144	184	Mayer	157	104	184
Boedeker	167	156	157	Tidbal	136	132	142
Sullivan	129	144	148	Adams	145	149	142
Totals	761	808	831	Totals	695	686	761

SOUTH SIDE CLUB LEAGUE.

Jackson Pk.	1.	2.	3.	Eng. Men's.	1.	2.	3.
Woodb'y	201	171	146	Nowak	157	135	152
Brady	151	168	172	Ball	185	181	143
Rockwell	158	163	181	Miller	156	215	157
Sandm'r	211	180	133	Alexander	165	209	188
Collier	189	191	178	Heming'y	177	214	179
Totals	910	873	810	Totals	840	954	819

First in Stock-Yards League.

The Stock-Yards league season also opened last night, the Climax beating the Levys. Scores:

Climax.	1.	2.	3.	Levys.	1.	2.	3.
Gore	151	124	154	Root	178	192	180
Chouin'd	145	136	153	Blakeney	148	144	148
Hunn'b'n	168	172	196	Reeves	134	148	132
Joslyn	136	119	214	Gould	110	152	159
Deist	153	157	145	Burke	153	195	147
Totals	753	708	862	Totals	723	829	766

MARINE LEAGUE.

Avalon.	1.	2.	3.	Calumet.	1.	2.	3.
Ely	178	193	172	Bender	202	149	160
Falker	136	203	154	Steinfeld	149	149	153
Conley	166	141	148	Wilson	135	127	108
Rausch	177	149	114	Park	162	180	160
Moylan	137	194	189	H'mb'rger	144	145	143
Totals	794	880	787	Totals	792	750	724

SOUTH SIDE CLUB LEAGUE.

Jackson Pk.	1.	2.	3.	E'glew'd M.	1.	2.	3.
Woodbury	201	171	146	Nowak	157	135	152
Brady	151	168	172	Ball	185	181	143
Rockwell	158	163	181	Miller	156	215	157
S'ndmeyer	211	180	133	Alexander	165	209	188
Collier	189	191	178	H'm'gway	177	214	179
Totals	910	873	810	Totals	840	954	819

Unity.	1.	2.	3.	W'dl'n Pk.	1.	2.	3.
Wolfe	157	175	167	B. Wagner	153	197	145
H'rschm'n	170	126	194	Stevenson	185	186	168
Schmidt	169	177	174	Leonard	127	189	148
H. Wolfe	159	176	162	G. Wagner	179	194	186
Lyon	172	170	196	MacMillan	155	201	181
Totals	827	824	893	Totals	799	967	828

SUBURBAN LEAGUE.

Lyons.	1.	2.	3.	Hinsdale.	1.	2.	3.
Dilli	233	187	183	N. Webster	168	167	172
Nelson	200	158	160	Schneider	215	205	172
Whipple	164	180	211	Daley	158	168	182
Sch'm'ch'r	137	180	184	Townsend	184	171	147
Anderson	224	230	157	Petrie	163	169	170
Totals	958	931	895	Totals	888	880	843

SHERIDAN LEAGUE.

Plazas.	1.	2.	3.	Clarendons.	1.	2.	3.
Yeager	184	148	196	Grossman	143	219	149
Huhn	165	171	207	Barnet	148	182	189
Stoeltz	119	...	...	Burt	173	165	202
Luehr	..	127	125	Rolfe	152	202	175
Zippwald	159	188	138	Anderson	180	151	139
Ludwig	153	172	203				
Totals	780	806	869	Totals	796	919	854

City.	1.	2.	3.	Lake Shore.	1.	2.	3.
Weinold	160	170	171	Richter	192	172	200
Goelz	132	169	184	Demrath	161	108	186
Foss	187	211	168	A. Weber	162	141	180
Hoffman	171	...	...	Glautz	139	140	169
Meyer	..	120	170	Sharpnack	170	167	185
Schneider	214	223	177				
Totals	864	893	870	Totals	824	779	913

SOUTHWEST LEAGUE.

Dockend'fs.	1.	2.	3.	Rivals.	1.	2.	3.
J. O'Connor	233	209	195	Eckert	140	170	200
Brenton	149	167	204	Stell	201	143	155
Reuflanz	150	187	187	W. M'Bryde	180	194	174
Becker	169	127	190	A. M'Bryde	163	223	158
Derry	136	138	185	Jahf	141	190	169
Totals	837	828	961	Totals	825	920	856

LAKE VIEW LEAGUE.

Marquette.	1.	2.	3.	Cuyler.	1.	2.	3.
Labahn	185	211	167	O. L'chm'n	187	115	142
Evers	205	147	146	Knaws	155	168	146
Murray	197	157	190	Beirz	..	158	178
R. Rogman	169	169	179	W. L'hm'n	130	...	...
Hilderbr'dt	158	200	165	M'denst'k	152	...	...
				Taylor	166	174	156
				Labinsky	..	174	166
Totals	914	884	837	Totals	771	839	788

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.

Rounders.	1.	2.	3.	Idle Hours.	1.	2.	3.
Lewis	167	198	163	H. Ruther	190	223	257
Pudewa	189	170	182	T. Budin'r	151	172	111
Yore	199	167	202	B. Budin'r	192	166	157
Curry	196	236	150	Owens	178	182	190
Steers	155	191	180	Kupfer	190	211	211
Totals	906	960	877	Totals	901	954	926

WHITE CITY LEAGUE.

Marvels.	1.	2.	3.	Grands.	1.	2.	3.
Strong	175	212	147	Jones	168	196	160
Kehly	173	194	157	Borg	144	231	149
Adiant	158	161	175	Johnson	200	137	136
Dayton	141	178	151	Klose	148	162	163
M'Kr'han	164	173	202	Leonard	180	158	188
Totals	808	918	832	Totals	840	834	796

MILLINERY LEAGUE.

Asc'r & Co.	1.	2.	3.	E. K. & Co.	1.	2.	3.
Snow	98	140	133	Atwood	170	157	160
Olson	223	176	167	Kondelik	176	156	192
Simpson	161	126	202	Wright	107	163	136
Declercq	172	132	147	Lee	145	79	129
Campbell	198	168	135	Walker	169	158	145
Totals	852	742	784	Totals	769	713	769

HARDWARE LEAGUE.

Orr. & L.	1.	2.	3.	Channon Co.	1.	2.	3.
Lippert	142	217	146	Schwartz	193	150	209
McElroy	144	157	203	Voss	112	129	125
Udell	142	150	120	Kennedy	164	116	106
Anderson	160	128	102	Copeland	140	92	118
Laemmer	130	169	140	V'n Kleeck	123	138	153
Totals	718	831	711	Totals	732	625	711

Hibbard S.	1.	2.	3.	Allen Co.	1.	2.	3.
Frischman	134	169	122	Schlegel	177	178	159
Schalm	173	210	193	Dittmann	173	128	130
Joy	141	214	153	Dunlevy	108	...	...
Klose	138	146	172	Schwartz	.....	198	136
Barring	137	157	158	Schrymer	129	134	135
				Grise	122	153	122
Totals	722	896	796	Totals	715	731	712

ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.

Linden.	1.	2.	3.	Skittles.	1.	2.	3.
McCosh	170	182	154	Sharp	167	142	152
McLean	192	148	123	Brady	180	149	189
Miller	140	186	167	Onspott	116	126	176
Smalley	166	113	166	Wilcox	160	142	182
Kellog	190	144	158	Berger	129	120	104
Totals	848	724	768	Totals	692	681	759

Meeting of Alley Keepers.

At a meeting of the Chicago Bowling Alley Keepers' association yesterday at the Sherman House the committee appointed to draft a constitution and bylaws presented them and they were adopted as read. As there appears to have been considerable misunderstanding among the bowlers as to the real objects of the association, they are set forth in a preamble as follows:

"This organization is formed for the purpose of promoting the interest of bowling, to encourage and advance the friendly and social relations among the several members of the association, to regulate prices and value of prizes to be given for league bowling, and to conduct all bowling contests and leagues in a uniform manner and in every way to encourage harmony and good fellowship between the members thereof."

Limit the Value of Prizes.

In order to do away with unnecessary bidding for leagues, rule 2, section 5, reads as follows:

All members of this association may donate the following prizes to leagues who bowl their scheduled games on their alleys: For a league in which each team bowls not less than forty-two games, prizes not to exceed $50 may be given. For a league in which each team bowls not less than sixty-three games prizes not to exceed $75 may be given.

When the leagues were making preparation for the season's tournaments some of them were approached by alley owners and offered various amounts to bowl on the alleys owned by the parties making the offers. Other leagues in turn solicited bids from the alley owners, and it was soon evident that unless some action was taken the sport would suffer.

Other rules were passed limiting the rental for alleys to $5 for league tournaments, and to the same amount for practice games of clubs. Another rule prohibits the giving of checks or other consideration with games.

New Secretary Is Chosen.

Otto Mueller, who was elected secretary at the last meeting, declined the position on account of business, and Fred Worden was elected in his place. Mueller stated that an Englewood alley owner had been arrested by the Law and Order league of Englewood for keeping his establishment open on Sunday, and the members agreed to give the alley owners in that section support in the matter. It was also suggested that a movement be made to secure the abolition of the revenue tax on the alleys.

BANKERS MEET AT MILWAUKEE.

Convention of American Association Attracts Large Attendance from All Quarters.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Bankers from all parts of the country are arriving here to attend the twenty-seventh annual convention of the American Bankers' association, which will meet tomorrow. The executive council of the association held a meeting tonight and made the final preparations for the convention.

The topic which will attract the most attention is the proposition of President Stickney of the Great Western road to establish one great national banking institution. Some of the smaller bankers will also present a plan for the government to control the banking business. It will be in the nature of a proposition that the government guarantee the depositors of all the banks. For this protection the banks are to pay a premium to the government.

The details of these plans which will be presented cannot be obtained.

The banking district was crowded with visitors yesterday on their way to the convention of the American Bankers' association, which begins its sessions at Milwaukee this morning. Chicago bankers said they never saw so many out-of-town bank officials in the city before. They were here from all parts of the country.

Chicago banks will be represented generally during the meeting. Some of the banks will be regularly represented through the sessions, and in others different officials will make trips for a day or two.

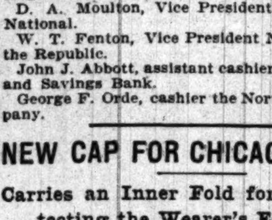
Among the Chicago bankers who will attend the convention are:

James B. Forgan, President First National Bank.
James H. Eckels, President, J. T. Talbert, cashier, Commercial National.
E. S. Lacey, President Bankers' National Bank.
Isaac N. Perry, Vice President, George M. Reynolds, cashier, Continental National Bank.
Edward Dickinson, assistant cashier Metropolitan National.
D. A. Moulton, Vice President Corn Exchange National.
W. T. Fenton, Vice President National Bank of the Republic.
John J. Abbott, assistant cashier American Trust and Savings Bank.
George F. Orde, cashier the Northern Trust company.

NEW CAP FOR CHICAGO POLICE.

Carries an Inner Fold for Use in Protecting the Wearer's Ears When Weather Is Cold.

Members of the Chicago Police department will appear today in new caps, displacing the helmet used during the summer. The change is the result of an order issued by Chief O'Neill. The new cap is of the regulation peak variety, made of blue cloth. The rim is of thick patent leather with a band of the same material. On each side is a yellow button bearing the letter "P." In front is a gold wreath surrounding the number of the policeman's precinct. A new feature of the cap will be a heavy fold of blue cloth which can be pulled down over the wearer's ears and forehead when the weather warrants it. When not in use this fold lies on the interior of the cap.



New Police Cap.
Inner fold hanging down.

KILLED AND WOUNDED AT FOOTBALL; LONG LIST WITH SEASON ONLY OPENED.

Although the football season scarcely has begun, the list of dead and injured has commenced to grow, and bids fair to be the most appalling in the history of the game if it continues at the present rate. Chicago seems to have been especially unfortunate, having furnished the first fatality of the year and its list of injured is believed to be larger than that of any other city. The accidents so far recorded include two killed and over thirty hurt.

The Dead.

BEUSKMAN, CHARLES, 19 years old, 887 Kedzie avenue, Chicago; paralyzed by being trampled upon in a scrimmage between the Northwests and the Advanced Socials, at Kimball and North avenues, Sept. 17; died on Sept. 18.

LONGENECKER, EDWIN, 21 years old, quarter back of the team of the Brown Preparatory School of Philadelphia; spinal column fractured in a practice game; died on Oct. 13.

The Injured.

Brasnahan, P. L., of Chicago; injured in a practice game at Worcester, Mass., on Oct. 1; finger broken and otherwise hurt.

Bixey, E., playing center with Kalamazoo alumni; rendered helpless in a fierce onset on Sept. 28; carried home in a carriage; has recovered.

Crandall, Walter, playing right half for the Kalamazoo College team; taken from the gridiron in an unconscious condition, suffering from internal injuries, Sept. 28.

Doran, W. M., of Notre Dame eleven; injured in a game with the South Bend Athletics on Sept. 27.

Eldridge, Parks, Kansas City (Kas.) High School team; hurt in a game with an eleven from Kansas City, Mo.

Fortin, Captain of the Notre Dame team; injured in a contest with the South Bend Athletic team on Sept. 28.

Horton, R. H., of Chicago; cartilage in shoulder strained while practicing for the Chicago-Purdue game.

Hackney, Raymond, of Chicago; right shoulder dislocated in attempting to make a flying tackle while playing quarter back for the Kings School in a contest with the Manor School at Stamford, Conn.

Lahneman, Pierson, Philadelphia; hurt in a game between two schools on Oct. 2; leg broken; neck sprained.

MacNab, L. T., of Chicago; shoulder sprained while practicing for the Chicago-Purdue game on Oct. 5.

McGlue, ——, of Notre Dame; injured in a game between the Notre Dame University and the South Bend Athletics.

Moore, Father F., Catholic priest; seriously hurt in a contest between rival elevens at Newman, Ill., on Oct. 5.

Maddox, ——, dislocated shoulder on Yale Field during the Yale-Trinity game on Sept. 28.

Ralston, Henry, New Orleans, La.; injured in a contest between two New Orleans schools on Oct. 5; nose broken, leg fractured, and back sprained.

Six players hurt at Notre Dame in a contest between Notre Dame and South Bend on Sept. 28.

Spencer, George P., Watertown, N. Y.; cheekbone smashed in a game on Yale Field on Sept. 28; part of bone removed.

Sheldon, L. H.; leg injured in practicing for the Chicago-Purdue game.

Three hurt in Beloit team in practice during the last week in September.

Walters, J. A., University of Chicago; sustained a fractured ankle during the Monmouth game on Sept. 28.

Winter, ——, of Notre Dame; injured in contest with South Bend Athletics on Sept. 28.

PYTHIANS EXPECT FIGHT.

GRAND LODGE HAS PECULIAR CONTEST ON HAND.

Attack Will Be Made on Chancellor Cushing and Recorder Caldwell—Old Case Revived Against Latter and Complicated Issues Arise as Consequence—Hundreds of Delegates Reach Springfield to Attend Conference—May Re-elect Old Officers.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—When the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias convenes tomorrow the officers will be called upon to combat charges brought against the management of the affairs of the order by the Past Chancellors' association, an organization of former officers of the order. The Past Chancellors' association is making a fight against the retention in office of Charles Henry Cushing, the present Vice Grand Chancellor, and Henry Palmer Caldwell, Grand Keeper of Records and Seals. Caldwell is openly charged with discrepancies in his accounts, and Cushing is held to be a party in the conspiracy they claim has been formed to keep the officers of the organization within a ring.

In the current issue of The Bulletin, the official organ of the Past Chancellors' association, is published what purports to be facsimiles of correspondence between members of the organization and Grand Chancellor Jewett in reference to an investigation of the affairs demanded by the Past Chancellors' association, which they claim has been practically denied by Jewett. Copies of The Bulletin will be distributed among the convention delegates, and the matter will be brought up on the floor of the convention.

Delegates Are on Hand.

The advance guard of the delegation to attend the thirty-second annual convention of the Grand Lodge arrived in the city today. It is expected that 500 delegates will be present when the convention is called to order tomorrow morning in Representatives Hall. Mayor John L. Phillips will welcome the delegation to the city and Grand Chancellor James E. Jewett will reply on behalf of the order.

Other addresses will be made by Governor Yates and Past Grand Chancellor Charles A. Barnes of Jacksonville. Senator William E. Mason is expected to be in attendance and will likely deliver an address.

A public reception will be held in the evening and the work of the convention will begin Wednesday.

When the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of Illinois meets today at Springfield a bitter fight is to be made upon Harry P. Caldwell of Chicago, who has been Grand Keeper of Records and Seals since 1877, and is a candidate for reëlection.

Mr. Caldwell is accused of withholding $5,318 that belonged to the Grand Lodge in 1891, and that a demand was made by the chairman of the trustees of the Grand Lodge on John Gabriel, Grand Master of the Exchequer, and that he replied that he could not pay it, because Mr. Caldwell had not turned it over to him. Mr. Gabriel is now dead.

Defense of Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Caldwell, when seen last night, said that the unfairness of the attack was shown by the fact that it told of the demand made in 1891 and stopped there without telling what happened afterward. He had an arrangement with Mr. Gabriel about taking care of the funds, which did not appear in the correspondence. In due time the money was paid over, and the whole matter was settled in the Grand Lodge of 1892, which decided that there was nothing wrong about the transaction, found that he had really paid 90 cents too much, and reëlected him, as it has done every year since then."

Bulletin Prints Platform.

The Past Chancellors' association, whose organ the Bulletin is, is made up of men who have held the position of Chancellor of a lodge, and aims to be influential in Pythian politics. W. H. Martz is its President. The current number, containing the charges against Mr. Caldwell, prints its platform, which announces that it is not a political organization and has no candidates, but is opposed to the reëlection of Mr. Caldwell as Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, to the advancement of C. H. Cushing, Vice Grand Chancellor, to the position of Grand Chancellor, for which he is the leading candidate, and to Past Grand Chancellor Burgoyne for Supreme Representative. It favors the referendum, and wants an investigation of the affairs of the Grand Lodge of Illinois.

UNIT ON TRADE QUESTIONS

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION DECLARED TO BE IN HARMONY.

Report of a Division as to Trusts Denied by Mr. Lorimer, Who Says Testimony Still Is Being Taken and a Recommendation on That Subject Has Not Been Considered—Reports to Be Ready Next Month—Great Volumes of Evidence.

"The Industrial commission is in perfect harmony over the question of trusts," said former Congressman William Lorimer, who is a member of the commission, last night. "We will not hand in a report unless it is unanimous and all this talk about 'trusts causing splits' is nonsense. We have not yet found one question that caused any dissension. We have not even decided on our attitude toward the trust question and will not for a time.

"At present we are taking evidence. We had desired to take up this trust problem when we met on Sept. 1, but found that it was impossible on account of the volume of labor and the time it would take. So instead we spent our efforts on the transportation question and that is about ready for reporting. The immigration question we also considered and that is about ready. But let me tell you, when you read copies or purported copies of our report, take them with a large grain of salt, for we do not intend to make that public until it is handed to Congress.

Three Possible Solutions.

"Now, that dispatch from Washington was what any clever man could make up. Of course there are three solutions of the trust question, but there is only one lawyer in the country who can tell you today what will be the constitutional effects of each—and he won't tell. That lawyer is our attorney, Professor Stimson of Massachusetts. Now, the Washington story reads that the solutions we will submit in our report are as follows:

1. Stricter anti-trust legislation by the several States and by Congress, without altering the present relations between their respective jurisdictions.

2. The delegation by Congress to the States of its interstate commerce jurisdiction, so as to allow the States to regulate manufacturing or trading corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

3. The assumption by the national government of a larger and perhaps exclusive control of all such corporations, and their regulation by act of Congress.

"The truth is that we have not decided upon anything as yet. We are taking volumes of evidence. This we are condensing and arranging so that the whole matter can be laid before Congress and read over in a day. It will be a synopsis or, better yet, an index, should the legislator wish to go farther. This gathering of the evidence is the most necessary part of the work.

Reports Ready Next Month.

"The dates when these reports will be ready are as yet only approximate, but I think I am safe in saying that in the fore part of November we will have the report on immigration, a few days later that on transportation, and the last of the month that on consolidations or trusts. When they are finished they will be worth having, and we are not going to detract from their worth by having a majority and a minority report.

"Our evidence is of the best and is taken carefully. We will have about nineteen volumes of it ready for Congress, and the examination into the various subjects will be most thorough."

All attempts to get former Congressman Lorimer to tell just how far the commission had gone on the trust question were of no avail. His reply was that it was still taking evidence.

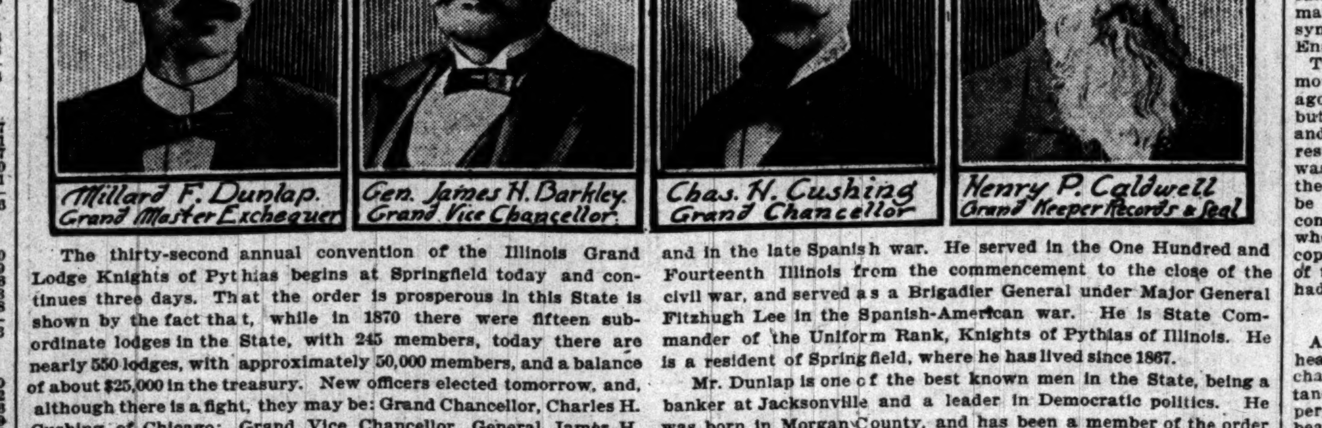
Power for Interstate Board.

So far as transportation is concerned, it is now a foregone conclusion that the commission will recommend greater powers for the Interstate Commerce commission, taking these powers from both the State and national governments. So far as immigration is concerned, the commission will recommend more stringent laws.

Philippines' Revenue Grows.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—A statement issued today concerning the customs revenues of the Philippines shows that the total revenue from this source for the first half of 1901 was $4,231,014, an increase of 38 per cent over the amount for the same period of 1900.

OFFICERS WHO MAY BE RE-ELECTED BY THE ILLINOIS PYTHIANS.



Millard F. Dunlap. Grand Master Exchequer — Gen. James H. Barkley. Grand Vice Chancellor — Chas. H. Cushing. Grand Chancellor — Henry P. Caldwell. Grand Keeper Records & Seal

The thirty-second annual convention of the Illinois Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias begins at Springfield today and continues three days. That the order is prosperous in this State is shown by the fact that, while in 1870 there were fifteen subordinate lodges in the State, with 245 members, today there are nearly 550 lodges, with approximately 50,000 members, and a balance of about $25,000 in the treasury. New officers elected tomorrow, and, although there is a fight, they may be: Grand Chancellor, Charles H. Cushing of Chicago; Grand Vice Chancellor, General James H. Barkley of Springfield; Grand Master of the Exchequer, Millard F. Dunlap of Jacksonville; and Grand Keeper of Record and Seals, Harry P. Caldwell of Chicago.

Mr. Cushing was born in Boston, Mass., on Nov. 3, 1849, and came to Chicago when a boy. He is one of the oldest printers and publishers in this city, and is the owner and editor of the Pythian Record, an official organ of the order. He is also a Mason and a member of the National Union, Royal Arcanum, and other fraternal organizations. His home is at Hinsdale.

General Barkley has made a record as a soldier both in the civil and in the late Spanish war. He served in the One Hundred and Fourteenth Illinois from the commencement to the close of the civil war, and served as a Brigadier General under Major General Fitzhugh Lee in the Spanish-American war. He is State Commander of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias of Illinois. He is a resident of Springfield, where he has lived since 1867.

Mr. Dunlap is one of the best known men in the State, being a banker at Jacksonville and a leader in Democratic politics. He was born in Morgan County, and has been a member of the order since 1886. He is 43 years old. He has just completed his third term as Grand Master of the Exchequer.

Mr. Caldwell will be elected to his position for the twenty-fifth time. He was born in Washington, O., in 1840, and graduated from Jefferson College in the class of '61. He came to Chicago in 1867, engaging in the drug trade, later becoming interested in real estate. In 1877 he was first elected to his present position, having become a member of the order in 1870, being connected with Gauntlet Lodge No. 4.

LAWSON IN FIGHT OVER MILLIONS.

A. C. Burrage of Standard Oil Said to Be His Opponent in the Field.

ARMS ARE COPPER STOCK.

Only One Man Can Rule Market in Boston, and All Wait to Learn Who Will Lead.

BACKERS OF EACH IN DOUBT.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—There is a battle royal going on between A. C. Burrage, the New England agent of Standard Oil, and Thomas W. Lawson, the copper king.

The stake is for millions. Both are vindictive and relentless. No other two men of the younger generation of Bostonians have ever risen in so short a time to financial prominence and power. Formerly they were friends, sharing alike the confidence of the greatest group of capitalists in the world. Today they are enemies, each trying to down the other.

Burrage is a director in Amalgamated. Lawson, for some unexplained reason, is not.

Burrage had advance knowledge that the extra dividend would not be declared. Lawson had not.

And Burrage, with his advance knowledge, is believed to have sold short thousands of shares of Amalgamated at prices ranging from $120 to $98 per share, much of which found its way into the hands of Mr. Lawson, who is trying to stem the financial torrent. It was a rich man's game, that brought ruin to hundreds of small operators and which engulfed many of Lawson's closer friends, who accepted his assurance that Amalgamated would go to $180 per share.

Future Conditions a Mystery.

What will happen next is the great question. Lawson still weathers the gale and holds 142,000 shares of Amalgamated, which at par value represents $1,420,000. How much further can he stand the strain if Burrage and Standard Oil again press down on him?

Lawson is as resourceful as the best, but can he face the billions of Rockefeller?

A prominent Boston capitalist, who is on the inside in copper, said today: "There cannot be two copper kings in Boston.

"Of course, even Mr. Lawson cannot drop $7,000,000 every day and still keep up that imperturbable front of his. Nor is it human nature for Mr. Lawson or any other sane man to drop $7,000,000 and ask no questions.

Lawson Hard to Down.

"The street has known Mr. Lawson to be on his uppers more than once, yet every time he comes up smiling, settles down to hard work, squaring accounts, etc., only to finally emerge a millionaire, this last time many times over. It now wonders if 'Tom' is up against too stiff a game. It says he certainly is if he has to fight the Standard Oil millions. But there are two opinions as to where those millions stand.

"If the street is right in declaring it is a fight to a finish between Thomas W. Lawson and Albert C. Burrage, to see which shall be the greatest man in Boston, there are some mighty interesting times ahead."

Wall Street Sees Stock Trick.

New York, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Wall street was at a loss today what interpretation to put upon the published interview of Thomas W. Lawson of Boston in which he confided to the public that he was "long" of 140,000 shares of Amalgamated Copper, and had not sold a single share preceding the recent thirty-point break.

Some traders contended that the interview had been put out for stock market effect in order to induce a short selling campaign, arguing that it might be a catch, and that the better policy would be not to "gun" for Mr. Lawson's stock—only to discover later that he might not have it. Accordingly, they either let the stock alone or bought it. A few, however, went short of it when it broke below 87½, only later to have it sharply advanced. The close was at 88⅞, a fractional net gain on dealings in 31,000 shares.

Chicago traders were inclined to accept the statement of Thomas W. Lawson of Boston that he had lost $7,000,000 on paper in the slump in Amalgamated Copper stock with a grain of salt. Mr. Lawson has been one of the most confident bulls in the country on the future of Amalgamated Copper, and some months ago predicted enormous profits for those who would invest in it. On the strength of his recommendations some of his friends probably invested in the stock, and it was gossip of the same kind that led many traders in New York and Chicago into the issue.

It is the theory of Chicago traders that Mr. Lawson has been embarrassed by the importunities of the friends who bought Copper stock and were forced to shoulder heavy losses on it, and that he wished to show he had been misguided and also lost largely. They think if he has so large a line of Copper stock as he claims it would be unwise to let the Standard Oil interests know his secret so freely unless he is working in conjunction with them.

The drop in Copper brought disaster to many who had invested in it in the expectation that it would be second to Standard Oil in earning power. The stock was in good favor in many commission houses until the extra dividend was passed recently. A shrinkage in value ensued which did not stop until the stock had declined nearly fifty points below what it sold at in the height of its prosperity last June. The total shrinkage in copper stocks was estimated at $65,000,000. The Amalgamated company was followed in the reduction of its dividend by the Anaconda company, which also is controlled by Standard Oil interests.

Rumor of Too Much Stock.

It is understood that the copper company was burdened with an enormous stock of copper which it could not dispose of at the market price. There had been overproduction on a large scale. The European market had not been good and exports of copper had fallen off considerably. Still the Amalgamated company maintained the price. In sympathy copper shares were depressed in England.

The situation has been likened to the famous Secretan corner in copper some years ago. This progressed satisfactorily at first, but the maintenance of the price of copper and the apparent completeness of the corner resulted in a production of the metal which was too great to manage. Mines all over the world were worked that the price might be taken advantage of. In the meantime consumers were utilizing other materials wherever possible to avoid the high prices for copper. The final result was the breakdown of the Comptoir d'Escompte in Paris, which had supported M. Secretan in his effort.

Heavy Trading on Decline.

Amalgamated stock has been traded in heavily since the decline, consequent on the change in dividend policy begun. Simultaneously with the developments in the copper situation the Standard Oil party became bearish on the stock market, and this has led many to ask whether the copper incident was not a stock market operation as much as the result of new conditions in the metal market.

This view is given some support by the fact that all the so-called Standard Oil stocks have shared in the decline of Amalgamated Copper. Even National City Bank stock, which is called the "Standard Oil" bank, fell from 800 a share to 600. Standard Oil stocks declined sharply, and also shares of the railroads in which the Standard Oil people are interested.

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SALES AS TEST OF BOOKS.

THOMAS NELSON PAGE SAYS ART IS OVERSHADOWED.

Declares That Novels No Longer Are Measured from Standard of Literature, but Whether They Are in Tenth Edition or the First—Department Stores Held Responsible for Changed Conditions—Asserts Also That More People Are Reading.

"Books are no longer considered works of art; they are dealt with as mere merchandise. A novel has ceased to be judged on its literary merit; the number of copies sold measures its worth. Schoolboys and schoolgirls are writing novels, and though they are surprisingly good they lack the one thing that a first-class novel ought to have—the quality of literature."

These were the opinions expressed by Thomas Nelson Page, author of "In Old Virginia" and other romances. Mr. Page arrived in Chicago last evening and is visiting at the residence of Preston Gibson at 471 Elm street.

"I attribute the extension of fiction, which the publishers say is all out of proportion to the extension in other fields of writing, to the department stores," continued Mr. Page. "People who never bought books before, in passing through these big stores see them advertised as bargains and are tempted by the prices. In choosing their books they naturally select novels, as they are able both to understand them and enjoy them. Formerly the people sought books in the book stores; now books seek the people in the dry goods stores.

More Are Reading Books.

"As the demand for novels increases so must the output, and I believe fiction is being produced in America as never before. I would say that there are certain good results, and some that are far from being so good. One of the former is that books are reaching a larger portion of the population than perhaps ever was reached before.

"The question whether a book is a work of art, of real literature, whether its characterization is true and fine, or whether it reflects life accurately, or in a high and noble way, are no longer matters to be considered. The question the public is asking is whether it is one of the half dozen best selling books and whether it has passed through one edition or ten.

Hopes for Two Writers.

"It is better to read these books, however, than to read none at all. From among the hosts of novelists let us hope that a few have genius enough to achieve real distinction. Of the younger novelists I hope most from Booth Tarkington and Irving Batcheller."

Mr. Page is at work on a new novel, dealing with modern life, which he hopes to publish early in the winter.

Promotions in the Navy.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—The President today made the following appointments in the navy: Frank Wildes, to be Rear Admiral; John E. Craven, Lieutenant Commander; Provost Babin, Lieutenant; Charles E. Gilpin, Lieutenant, junior grade.



Style 351 is made of imported coutil, lace trimmed top and bottom.
Style 447 is made of finest quality of French coutil and is trimmed top and bottom with finest quality Valenciennes lace.
Style 449 is trimmed with satin ribbon.
Style 610 is made of fine quality of broche, embroidered with silk flowers.
All of these styles are made in the shape shown in the above cut and can be obtained at all leading retailers.
Style 340 is made of heavy herringbone coutil and is trimmed with lace top and bottom.
Style 347 is extremely long over the hip, made after the latest models.
Style 403 is made of imported coutil with deep lace on the top only.
Style 404 is made of fine French coutil with extreme long hip and lace top only.
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9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM MENOMINEE EX. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
10.00 AM COLORADO SPECIAL. One night to Denver. Fast time to Portland and San Francisco. Daylight Omaha, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Bay.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.
5.30 PM IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. Madison, La Crosse, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. California in Three Days. All Points on Union Pacific. Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
7.15 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. Cedar Rapids, Sioux City, Mason City, Western Iowa and South Dakota.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM DULUTH AND ST. PAUL MAIL. Janesville, Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Crystal Falls.
11.30 PM PACIFIC EX. Mason City, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS. 3.00 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

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ATTACK ON LAW BURKE'S DEFENSE

Applies for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Alleging He Is Guilty of No Offense.

TO BE HEARD TOMORROW.

Ald. Mavor Says if Ordinance Is Invalid Inspector Holds Fees Illegally.

CITY ENGINEER IS CLEARED.

Robert E. Burke set up his defense to the indictments charging him with embezzlement from the city when his attorneys yesterday attacked the validity of the ordinance compelling him to pay over his fees.

Burke, accompanied by his bondsmen and attorneys, appeared in the Criminal Court in the morning, when he formally was surrendered to the Sheriff by the bondsmen. Thereupon Judge Dunne was asked for a writ of habeas corpus, the argument being that Burke had been guilty of no offense. It was contended that the ordinance, for the alleged violation of which he had been indicted, was invalid, as it conflicted with the State statute creating the office of Oil Inspector.

Judge Dunne issued the writ, and the hearing was set for tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock, Burke being allowed to go without bonds.

"The purpose in surrendering Mr. Burke," said Attorney A. S. Trude, "was to make legal the application for the writ. If he were out on bail the writ would not lie."

Mayor Raises a Point.

Referring to Burke's proposed defense, Alderman Mayor, chairman of the Finance committee of the City Council, asserts that if the city ordinance creating the office of Oil Inspector is invalid, then Burke never had the right to act in that capacity, and he had really got money by false pretenses.

"The statute creating the office," said Mr. Mayor, "provides it shall be established by the Mayor and City Council of the city. Without the ordinance to this effect there would be no Oil Inspector. Consequently if the ordinance is invalid no such office as Oil Inspector exists and Burke had no authority to act as such or to collect any money as such officer."

After leaving the courtroom Burke and his party visited the City Controller's office. "Our purpose in calling on Mr. McGann," said Mr. Trude, "was to inform him that if under the law it was found that a sum is due the city from Mr. Burke further than the amount already turned over it would be promptly paid."

Calls It a Political Move.

President Hanberg of the County board, speaking of the request of President Harris of the Board of Education that the County board investigate the right of the County Treasurer to draw interest on the money in his charge, said the move was entirely a political one, and he was not in favor of paying any attention to it.

Clears City Engineer.

City Engineer Ericson was fully exonerated by the Civil Service commission yesterday of the charges made against him. The commission postponed its findings as to Assistant Engineer Wilmann, who made the charges against Ericson, and who in turn was accused by the City Engineer of incompetency in the construction of the Division street and other bridges. Wilmann accused Mr. Ericson of favoring the contractors for the subway at the Division street bridge, but did not appear before the commission to sustain his charges.

Opinion on Alley "L" Case.

The Committee on Streets and Alleys South has received the opinion of the Corporation Counsel holding that while the change of ownership of the Alley "L" was in violation of the terms of the ordinance granting the original franchise, yet it was doubtful if the city could interfere, as it has since recognized the new company as the successor of the old one.

TYPHOID SHOWS BIG INCREASE.

City Health Department's Weekly Bulletin Notes Unusual Prevalence of Disease Throughout Country.

The weekly bulletin of the City Health department issued yesterday calls attention to the unusual prevalence of typhoid fever throughout the country, and ventures the opinion that the first year of the new century will be known as a typhoid fever year. Commissioner Reynolds urges increased caution in diet and in the use of untreated hydrant water by the young and non-immune, while calling upon physicians to have the diagnosis of the disease confirmed by bacterial examinations in the department laboratory. These examinations, he states, will be made and reported upon promptly by telephone without charge.

After stating that the hospitals in all the large cities of the United States are crowded with typhoid patients, and that all the public health reports show more than the usual autumnal increase of the disease, the bulletin refers to local conditions as follows:

"In this city the record of typhoid mortality for the third quarter of the year, July, August, and September, shows an increase of 273 per cent over that of the first six months. The average autumnal increase in this region is about 70 per cent, so that Chicago's fall increase this year is nearly four times greater than usual. This enormous increase is, however, to some extent relative, owing to the fact that the typhoid mortality of the first six months of the year was the lowest on record since records have been kept.

"There is no obvious local cause during the third quarter for this excessive increase. It is true that the first six months of 1901 were drier than usual—up to the close of June there had been 5.4 inches less rain than the average since 1871, and the ground water was correspondingly lowered; but it is not yet conclusively proven that the stage of the ground water affects the prevalence of typhoid, and it is less likely that it should do so in Chicago with its water supply direct from the lake. Finally, the exhaustive studies of the department fail to reveal any connection between this increase and either the milk or the ice supply of the city.

"Notwithstanding this prevalence of typhoid the public health conditions in other respects are satisfactory. The death rate last week was 13.4 per thousand, as against 13.8 for the corresponding week last year, and the slight increase over the previous week was confined to the aged."

Three families are quarantined in Harvey as the result of the discovery of smallpox which has been prevalent in a mild form for a week. Four persons are suffering from the disease. They are Mrs. John Pals, her 5-year-old daughter Annie, and two younger daughters. The family lives in the Hasselman flats, Park avenue and One Hundred and Fifty-sixth street, Harvey, with two other families, those of Herman and Peter Hasselman.

TWO WEEKS FOR OLD BRIDGE.

Drainage Board Allows Time to State Street Business Men—More if Contractors Consent.

State street bridge will not be closed to the public for at least two weeks more. Business men whose stores are near the approach to this structure presented a protest before the Engineering committee of the Drainage board yesterday afternoon, and at their request it was decided not to begin the work of demolition for some time. A longer stay may be granted if the contractors consent. One reason for the decision is that the closing of this bridge would divert the traffic to Dearborn and Clark street bridges, neither of which is in good condition. The Clark street bridge needs a new pavement, and the plan is to have that laid before the State street structure is removed.

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For Street Wear.

We show here two popular street boots. The "Euclid" is a fashionable walking boot, combining stylish elegance with absolute ease. Made of Kibo Kid, patent tip, welted sole with extension edge.

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All Styles, (Oxfords, $2.50.) $3.00



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We also invite your inspection of our unsurpassed showing of unset diamonds and precious stones; also the new Secession jewelry, which is the most exclusive and original ever shown in America.

***Our new jewelry store** is as near perfect in all its appointments as it is possible to make a store of this character. The stock is of the very highest standard and our prices are made on the basis of the usual small dry goods profit, and are much less than those of the exclusive dealers.*

Visit our picture gallery.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Visit our new crystal room.

Seal skin jackets at saving prices.

Last year we had a hint that seal skins would be more costly this year. An investigation regarding supply and demand convinced us that it would be good policy to increase our stock. We went into the London market determined to secure the choicest skins obtainable, and, as a result, are able to show for this season the largest and most select collection of genuine London dyed seal skins ever placed on sale in Chicago.



Mandel's fur factory is one of the largest in America. The expert designers and workmen employed here in making up fur garments are the best representatives of their art, not even the great European furriers excepted. The Mandel designs have been extensively copied throughout the fashion centers of the world.



This year's styles are unusually striking, bringing out the richness of the fur in the most artistic manner possible, and no one will be satisfied who buys seal skins before inspecting our showing of new designs.

The price advantages secured through buying on an unprecedented liberal scale accrue to our customers.

Repairs and alterations of all kinds executed by competent furriers in our own workrooms at the lowest possible prices in keeping with a dependable standard of workmanship.



A Correct, Young Man's Ring.

Mounting has only 4 prongs. Lets in extra light around the stone. Easily cleaned and very strong.

DIAMOND is extra quality—perfect ¼-carat of the finest cut and polish ever shown in this market.

$65.00—$6.00 per month

by our special charge account system or 8 per cent discount for cash. Catalogue free.

GEO. E. MARSHALL,
103 State Street, Columbus Memo'l Bldg.

The Tribune BRINGS

good wages to the worker and good workers to the employer.

Daily (Sunday excluded) during September the Tribune advertised over

700

more genuine positions under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper.

Under all other classifications combined the Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertisements.



FASHION IN HAIR

Give a woman a beautiful head of hair, and half the battle of beauty's won. Those beautiful Titian tints, rich bronze shades, mellow gold effects, warm chestnut hues, are produced only by the

Imperial Hair Regenerator

The Standard Hair Coloring for Gray or Bleached Hair. Makes the hair soft and glossy. Sample of your hair colored free. Send for pamphlet.

Sold by E. BURNHAM, 70-72 State-st.
N. McCARTHY, 312 Wabash-av.
W. R. STREHL, 34 Monroe-st.

KNOX Hats.

Perfect Fall Shapes now ready. Quality the best.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO., Palmer House Block

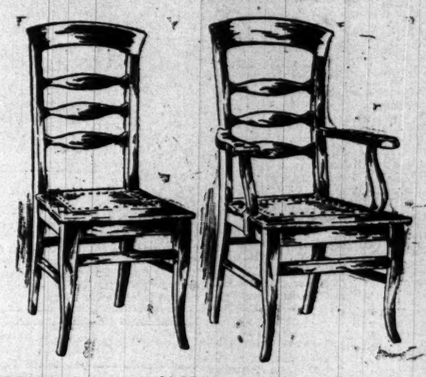
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WE HAVE MOVED TO

46 MADISON STREET.

REVELL & CO.

TO-DAY we will place on sale several dozen handsome Dining Chairs, made of solid oak—hand polished and golden finish. One of the remarkable bargains that can only be secured at the establishment of Messrs. Revell & Co.



THE PRICE—In cane seat, $1.85. Arm Chair to match cane seat, $4.25. In genuine leather seat, $2.50. Arm Chair to match leather seat, $5.25.

Sale on second floor.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.,
CORNER ADAMS AND WABASH.

R·I·P·A·N·S

One of my neighbors had the dyspepsia so bad that she could not eat anything but crackers and broth. She heard of Ripans Tabules and took a few of them. Now she can eat anything and it doesn't distress her.

At Druggists.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.



BARNES HATS

$3 and $4

CHAS. W. BARNES, WABASH & MONROE



Revell's Desks

THE LARGEST DISPLAY. THE LOWEST PRICES.

ADAMS AND WABASH

EDITORIAL SHEET.

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He fully recognizes, his callers say, the gravity of the problem, and, while he is full of the idea that something must be done, like many other men, is somewhat dubious as to how and when the remedy for trusts must be applied.

The President, it is said, is extremely anxious to do something to curb the power of the trusts so far as their operations tend to raise prices and crush competition, at the same time he does not desire to inaugurate a crusade against corporations merely because they are companies and not private firms. He is fully aware, his callers declare, of the great danger which would come to the country from legislation which would tend to restrict the ordinary uses of capital. At the same time he has expressed himself again and again as being in favor of legislation, either by the federal government or by the States or by both, which will tend to keep the trusts within legitimate bounds and make them merely organizations to cheapen production, which is their legitimate sphere, instead of being conspiracies to crush competition and create monopoly.

President Gives Much Attention to Trust Problem.

The President has requested a great many men in different parts of the country and in different walks of life to feel public opinion for him and let him know not only the condition of public sentiment regarding the trusts themselves but more particularly to secure suggestions as to the best methods of restricting the operation of the trusts to their legitimate sphere of action. The President fully recognizes the difficulties growing out of the limited power of the federal government and of the consequent diversity of legislation by the States, but he believes, it is said, that the time is ripe for a judicious agitation of the subject, so that in the end some method may be arrived at which will cure the many evils of the trusts without in any way attacking the natural right of capital to combine in a legitimate manner.

Great Difference of Opinion on Right Solution.

There is a striking illustration of the great difference of opinion on the trust question to be found in the current action of the Industrial commission. That body was organized for the express purpose of studying the relations between labor and capital, between the producer and the consumer, between the corporation and the small dealer. The members of the industrial commission were selected with special reference to their known liberality of views, and the tendency of the commission was distinctly adverse to trusts and monopolies.

In the report which the commission is soon to make to Congress the members are practically unanimous on the general principle that while capitalists must necessarily have the right to combine, and while the withdrawal of the cost of operation and of the profits of the middle man is a legitimate business proposition, yet at the same time combinations of capital which have for their object results which even result in the destruction of competition are dangerous to the community and should be prohibited by law.

The curious thing is that while the commission is practically unanimous in its definition of the evil, the members are widely at variance as to the methods necessary to secure the protection of the public. Present indications are that there will be no less than three reports from the commission.

One section proposes that the present system of regulating the trusts by both the federal and State governments should be widely expanded. In another report the position is taken that the federal government can do nothing whatever in the matter and that the States must be looked to for any legislation of this character.

A third report proposes that the federal government should assume exclusive jurisdiction of all companies organized to conduct any kind of interstate commerce. The scheme is to require all such companies to file articles of incorporation here in Washington as a condition of being permitted to engage in interstate commerce.

This of course would necessitate a vast increase in the machinery of the national government for the purpose of supervision and particularly a phenomenal extension of the federal courts, which would then have exclusive jurisdiction of all corporations which did anything more than a mere local business.

Legislation to Suppress Anarchy Recommended.

As sidelights on the position of the Industrial commission there will be a report recommending to Congress the reenactment of the law for the exclusion of the Chinese. The commission also proposes to recommend legislation for the suppression of anarchy. The members hope to accomplish this by an extension of the time within which immigrants may be deported from the country on being proved to be anarchists.

Congress will be recommended also to require the inspection of the cabins as well as of the steerage, for it has been developed that many pronounced Anarchists come to this country by cabin passage.

Furthermore, it is proposed to establish immigration bureaus abroad, the theory being that the European nations would prefer to bunch their Anarchists at home under the eye of their own police rather than to have them come to the United States, where there is necessarily greater freedom to perpetrate their dangerous plots.

Roosevelt Not to Interfere with Courts-Martial.

President Roosevelt has indicated a strong disposition to withhold interference with the findings of military courts-martial, and while he is ready to sustain the jurisdiction of all military courts except where there has been apparent injustice. In this purpose to uphold military courts he will closely follow the rules laid down by Secretary Root that there should not be allowed to interfere with military law.

In one case soon to come before the President for action will, in a measure, furnish a test of this determination. It is that of Lieutenant James P. Howell of the Sixth Cavalry, who was tried some months a

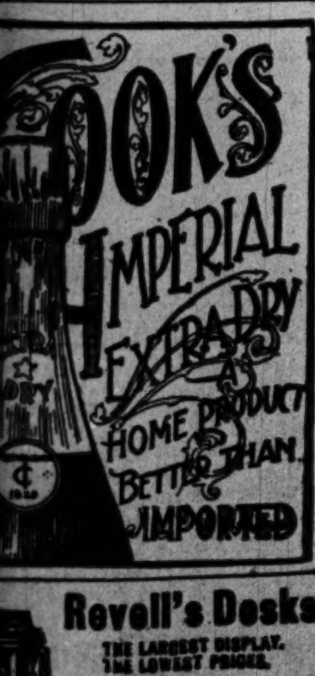
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...her seat, $5.25.
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THE LOWEST PRICES.
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EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

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A case soon to come before the President for his action will, in a measure, furnish a test of this determination. It is that of Lieutenant James P. Howell of the Sixth Artillery, who was tried some months ago in the Philippines on a charge of drunkenness on duty. The court found him guilty and was compelled under the law to fix his punishment at dismissal from the army. The papers in the case were indorsed by the department commmander with a recommendation for leniency on the part of the President.

Upon examination by the Judge Advocate of the army the proceedings were found correct and were so reported. Both General Miles and Adjutant General Corbin concurred in the suggestion that there be no deviation from the principle laid down by Secretary Root, and they recommended that the action of the court-martial be approved. It now remains for the action of President Roosevelt.

It is certain that strong influence will be brought to bear to save the young officer, as he comes from an influential Iowa family. He was appointed to the army on July 9, 1898, from Iowa and assigned to the Sixth Artillery. He had had no previous service in any of the volunteer regiments, but since entering the service up to the time of the offense for which he was charged, his record was good. Senator Allison, who is said to be interested in the case, will probably make a strong appeal for him, but in view of the disposition of the War department officials and the President to insist upon the approval of the action of courts it is thought his dismissal will stand.

There are other cases which will go to the President for leniency. They are the cases of Lieutenant Townley of the Marine Corps and Captain Reed of the Commissary department of the army, both of whom were tried in connection with irregularities in the Philippines and found guilty. As yet Secretary Long has not acted upon the Townley case, as he is waiting to see what disposition is made by Secretary Root in the Reed case.

Root Would Rid the Army of Dead Timber.

In connection with the principle laid down by Secretary Root, it has just come to light that it is proposed to adopt stringent measures to improve the personnel of the army. A careful investigation has disclosed the fact that there are officers in the army who have maintained their present position simply by reason of avoiding any gross errors which might call for their trial.

Secretary Root is determined to get rid of dead timber, and one of the measures under consideration for accomplishing this is to make the examination by army boards on promotion more stringent than they have been in the past. Officers are constantly being ordered before boards for promotion, and the records show that seldom, if ever, are any officers rejected.

It is now proposed to make the examination more stringent, and as part of the examination of officers general fitness will be also inquired into. Failure to pass examination for promotion under the law means that the officer must leave the service so that such a system, it is thought, will naturally induce greater study and activity on the part of officers who might otherwise be content to remain on the lists and wait for time and seniority for promotion.

Frye in Doubt Over Plan of New Subsidy Bill.

Senator Frye of Maine lunched with President Roosevelt today. The conversation naturally included such topics as the Nicaragua Canal, reciprocity, the proposed department of commerce, ship subsidy, and the regulation of the trusts. Senator Frye, as the recognized father of the ship subsidy idea, talked freely on that subject with the President.

The Senator subsequently was seen and asked if he proposed to introduce the same ship subsidy bill or make changes. "That I cannot say," he replied. "Some objections were made to this bill by the friends of government aid. I shall try, if I can without injury to the bill, to meet these objections. But what the features of the bill will be I do not desire to say at this time.

"I shall undoubtedly be prepared to present a bill at the next session upon the assembling of Congress. I do not believe I shall be able to present any measure which will be so promising of success as the old bill if it had become a law. The concessions we will make in framing the bill in my opinion will not improve the bill, but they will improve its chances of adoption.

"The old bill was drastic, so drastic that it frightened a good many people, but the disease is one that requires drastic remedies. Our merchant marine was never in so bad a condition as it was last year.

"England has had hearings through a commission, and her people seem to be greatly alarmed at the progress Germany is making on the ocean. Germany is exceedingly busy. She has established lines of ships everywhere where there is trade to be looked after in the future, and has secured terminal facilities in all South American states. Our necessity for foreign markets is greater every day, as the increase in our production indicates."

Supreme Court Reopens and Visits President.

Exactly seven minutes were required to go through the formalities attending the convening of the Supreme Court for the October term. The court met at noon in the Senate Judiciary committee room. When the court adjourned the members went to the White House in a body to pay their respects to the President.

All the members were present except Justice Gray. The only business transacted was the admission of sixteen attorneys to practice before the court. The space is quite limited and most of this is occupied by the desks used by the members of the court and those of the members of the bar.

There were only thirty-two chairs in the room, two of these being occupied by Attorney General Knox and Solicitor General Richards. The officers of the court were compelled to stand during the brief session, and owing to the limited space many attorneys could not obtain access to the court-room. After adjournment the attorneys who were admitted to practice went to the clerk's room and subscribed to the oath.

Census to Show Actual Wages Paid to Workers.

Director Merriam has appointed Dr. Davis R. Dewey, professor of political economy and statistics in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, an expert special agent of the census to prepare a report on wage statistics, in connection with the census report on manufactures and mechanical industries. It is hoped, as a result of the work now being organized under Dr. Dewey's personal supervision, that the twelfth census will be able to show the actual wages paid in the great manufacturing industries of the country in a manner and with a degree of accuracy never attempted at any prior census.

All that can be ascertained from these prior censuses regarding wages is an uncertain, unsatisfactory, and misleading "average earnings of employés," resulting from dividing the total amount paid in wages by the average number of employés reported. The quotient thus obtained has been accepted in the absence of anything better, although it was perfectly understood that it is a false quotient, since the divisor is not the true number of employés to whom the total of wages was paid.

It is also vitiated for comparative purposes as between the several censuses by different methods of ascertaining the "average number" and by different phraseology on the several schedules of inquiry. The best statisticians are, therefore, agreed that these "average earnings" are worthless as an indication of the actual wage rates prevailing in the several industries.

To obtain the real facts regarding wages, both in 1890 and 1900, half a dozen picked men have been sent into the field by the Census office, with instructions to copy the actual pay rolls of typical and representative establishments in different industries and in different sections of the country. The analysis of these pay rolls, which will be made under Dr. Dewey's supervision, will enable the Census office to show actual rates of wages and determine what the actual trend of wages has been as between 1890 and 1900 with a precision and accuracy that are impossible from any data now in its possession. It is Director Merriam's determination to make the wage statistics of the twelfth census a reflection of the actual conditions prevailing in industry in 1900. Dr. Dewey was selected for this important work by reason of his long experience in the practical handling of statistics and the high reputation he earned as chairman of the Massachusetts Commission on the Unemployed several years ago. He will carry on the work under the immediate direction of Mr. S. N. D. North, Chief Statistician for Manufactures.

Organizer for Labor Federation Goes to Porto Rico.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, today called at the White House and introduced to the President Santiago Iglesias, a native of Porto Rico, who is to return to Porto Rico as the representative of the American Federation of Labor for the purpose of organizing the workingmen of the island into trades unions similar to those existing in the United States and affiliated with them.

Mr. Gompers explained to President Roosevelt that the movement was intended to improve the condition of the working people of the island, and he asked the President that such instructions be issued to the insular authorities as would insure a perfect understanding of Mr. Iglesias' mission.

The President expressed himself in sympathy with rational organization of labor and assured Mr. Gompers that the work of the federation's representative in Porto Rico would not be interfered with.

Mr. Iglesias was a prominent figure during the days of the Spanish domination in Porto Rico. Mr. Gompers will soon present data to the President concerning the Chinese exclusion act, which expires next year. Mr. Roosevelt will, it is said, probably mention the subject in his message.

Historic Spots in Palestine Try Modern Ways.

Since the railroads entered Palestine none of the relics of antiquity has been safe from modern mechanism. The last place to feel the need of modern improvements is the historic village of Karpenesion, which the school boy hero, Marco Bozzaris, was defending when he was killed in 1823 in a midnight sortie against the Turks as immortalized by Halleck's familiar poem.

It has been officially reported to the State department that the Mayor of Karpenesion, a descendant of the Greeks who were urged to "strike till the last armed foe expires," wishes to have the place lighted by electricity, and has requested the consulate to publish the fact in the United States, hoping to induce some American company to sell him a suitable plant.

There is a stream near the village that can be utilized to furnish the necessary power for the plant. There are 400 houses in the village, and the Mayor estimates that about that number of incandescent lights will be required. He does not mention the number of arc lights required.

Jones Appointed Because of His War on Lynching.

President Roosevelt appointed ex-Governor Jones of Alabama as a federal Judge as a reward for the latter's strong stand against lynching, according to Bishop Grant of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. Bishop Grant had a conference with the President today, and the Bishop quotes the President as saying: "My answer to lynching in some places was the appointment of Governor Jones."

Bishop Grant told the President: "Such appointments as that will guarantee justice to all and will give the colored man a greater sense of security than anything else."

Then the President said the reading of Governor Jones' language against lynchings had as much to do with Jones' appointment as anything else.

Bishop Grant asked the President to confer with some conservative and intelligent colored leaders before definitely fixing upon a policy in Southern affairs.

"Whatever is best to strengthen the friendship of the white and colored people of the South I will favor," said Bishop Grant. "The white people and the negro must settle down and live together in peace. Our interests in the South are much greater than in the remainder of the country, and the President can and will do much to solve the problem that confronts every President."

Overstreet for Gold Law and a Cut in Tariff.

Representative Overstreet of Indianapolis, one of the leading members of the Monetary conference, saw the President today regarding the proposed legislation to strengthen the gold standard. He told the President he would introduce the Overstreet bill again. His measure distinctly makes the silver dollar redeemable in gold at the Treasury.

As he left the White House the Indianapolis Congressman said significantly:

"It may be wise, in addition to repealing the war revenue taxation, to take off also some of the schedules of the existing tariff. Not for a moment would I advocate wavering from the principles of the protective tariff, of which the Republican party has been the exponent. I would not do anything that savored of departure from those principles, but I can see where it might be well to reduce the tariff on articles that no longer need high protection."

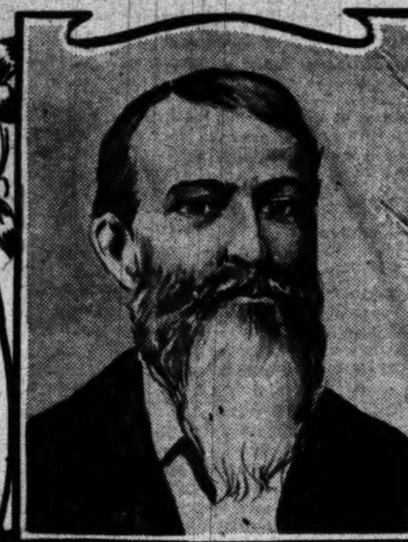
"Steel products, for instance, in line with the Babcock bill?" he was asked.

"Yes, possibly steel. I am in favor of Mr. Babcock's idea. He does not propose an onslaught upon the tariff, by any means. In other words, I would advocate modifying the tariff on articles that do not need protection, the modification to be accomplished without interfering with the spirit and true intention of the Republican doctrine of protection to American industries."

WOMAN ARRESTED AT DAYTON, O., CHARGED WITH MANY MURDERS.



Mrs Mary Belle Witwer and one of her children who died suddenly



Frank D. Witwer fourth husband of the Prisoner



Albert Wentz One of the alleged victims

MRS. WITWER NOW HELD FOR MURDER

Arraigned in Dayton, O., on Charge of Killing Anna C. Pugh with Poison.

OTHER CRIMES SUSPECTED

Death of Seventeen Persons to Be Laid to Her if Present Case Is Proven.

WOMAN'S STRANGE CAREER.

Dayton, O., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer, who has been held as a suspected wholesale poisoner, was arraigned in police court this afternoon on the charge of murder in the first degree.

The affidavit was sworn to this morning by Chief Detective Frank McBride, and it is charged that she did willfully, purposely, and by means of poison, kill and murder Anna C. Pugh by then and there knowingly, purposely, and unlawfully administering a large quantity of poison, arsenic. When arraigned before Police Judge Sneiker, Mrs. Witwer entered a plea of not guilty.

The hearing was set for 9 o'clock Friday morning. Before then Professor Howard of Columbus will have reported in his examination of the remains of two alleged victims of Mrs Witwer—Mrs. Anna C. Pugh and Frank D. Witwer.

Meets the Charge Calmly.

Mrs. Witwer displayed little sign of emotion in court. The prisoner was told today of the Middletown report that she had been married five times instead of four, and that the husband who had not been mentioned had deserted her after a brief time, taking $400 of her money. She denied the story. There has been little found by the police in their investigations.

The affidavit was filed today upon instructions from Coroner Hatcher and Chief of Police Whitaker, who, it is understood, had arranged with her attorney to either take this action or to release her.

Mrs. Witwer is seen by no one now except her attorney and the detectives. She declines all interviews.

Suspected of Causing Eighteen Deaths.

Although Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer is suspected of poisoning not fewer than eighteen persons—men, women, and children—among them four of her husbands, there is not at this moment one particle of tangible evidence against her. Nevertheless, so persistently has death followed her into home after home she has entered it seems impossible that her presence and that of death among those whose lives were surrendered, should have been a coincidence.

The analysis of the telltale organs of two of the dead will be concluded within a few days, and then, if no poison is found, the woman must be set free. If these persons did not die of poison, then beyond all doubt all of the others died natural deaths.

Her Story of Her Career.

In Mrs. Witwer's own recital of the facts in her career she has told of the deaths of seventeen persons with whom she came in contact, and has acknowledged to four husbands, all dead. According to investigation, she had still another husband, who left her a few days after the marriage ceremony and is still alive. She also lived with a person not set down in her own story, who also died suddenly.

Mrs. Stowe became the housekeeper for Witwer, and was married to him on March 10 last. On July 4 Witwer was a corpse, having succumbed to acute stomach trouble.

At the time of the illness of Witwer the doctor was puzzled over the strange actions of his patient. He would apparently grow better and then worse. The afternoon of the night he died Witwer was seemingly so much improved that his physician expressed the belief that he would get well to Mrs. Witwer. When summoned again that night the suffering man was in convulsions and passed away in terrible agony.

A gruesome incident that the investigation has brought out is that when her husband, William Stowe, died in Middletown Mrs. Witwer held the light for the doctor who made the autopsy, and she performed the same service for Dr. Breidenbach when he performed the autopsy on Witwer.

Koslowski Case Is Closed.

Arguments in the conspiracy case in which Bishop Koslowski of the Independent Polish Catholic Church is the plaintiff against Theophile Sajewicz, Dr. Ladislaus Slominski, Ferdinand Podgorski, Bronisloz Wodzinski, and Josef Olszewski, charging them with conspiring to murder him and also to cause his ejection from the directorship of St. Anthony's Polish Hospital, were passed by agreement by the attorneys yesterday morning. Justice Martin will render a decision on Oct. 18.

Persistent Suitor Pays $10 Fine.

The too persistent suitor, E. H. Navert, who was thrown out of the Morrison residence, 5512 Jackson avenue, on Sunday evening, was fined $10 yesterday by Justice Quinn. Navert still had the ring which Loreta Morrison returned to him when he had been put in the patrol wagon.

SAY FOG CAUSED WRECK.

TWO HUNDRED PASSENGERS AND $250,000 REACH VANCOUVER.

Travelers Rescued from the Stranded Canadian Pacific Steamer Hating Arrive and Tell Their Experiences—Vessel Crashes on to Island in Heavy Mist, Sticking Fast in Groove—Majority Hold Accident Unavoidable—Boat May Be Total Loss.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Two hundred passengers and a quarter of a million dollars' worth of gold dust rescued from the wrecked steamer Hating arrived in Vancouver this afternoon by the steamer Willipa.

The stories told by the passengers vary, but the main facts are the same. W. M. Brewer, the well-known American mining engineer, said that the accident could not be avoided; that the bad luck following the Canadian Pacific steamers had overtaken the Hating, and the cleverest navigator in the world could not have prevented the accident.

"I was in the bow of the boat when the vessel struck, and although the shore was fifteen feet away the fog was so dense I could not see it. When the Hating rammed its nose on the rock the women screamed and one of them seized a life preserver, while the Chinese cook rushed from below with an ugly carving knife in one hand and a life preserver in another and shouted at the passengers: 'You go in boat, me go, too.'

"His song died away by force. The men passengers were as cool as if they were on a picnic, although they expected the worst."

J. B. McGregor says: "I was in the bow, directly under the pilothouse, when we struck. Captain Gosse, the mate, and a quartermaster were on the bridge peering ahead. All afternoon we were running into dense billows of fog. Just as we reached the narrowest part of the channel we ran into a pocket.

"A hundred passengers peered over the bow. One could not see a foot ahead. Then the fog lifted just a little, and Captain Gosse was the first to see rocks to the right fifty feet ahead. He signaled to reverse the engines, but it was too late. The steamer with its own headway scraped upon the rocks into a natural groove between two jagged ridges thirty feet either way, or the steel ship would have been split in two and gone down in 130 fathoms with all on board."

A dozen other passengers told similar stories, and how the Captain assured them the steamer was wedged fast, and sent them ashore with the gold dust.

While they were on shore the wreck was examined. It was found that the steamer's entire forefoot was ripped off and a six-foot hole stove in its plates and it was leaking badly. If left as it was it would turn turtle with the rising tide. It was then tied tight with hawsers to trees on the isle and the passengers returned to the ship.

A testimonial to the Captain was passed around, to the effect that the passengers held him blameless, and they believed him an able and careful navigator. Twenty-five out of the 175 did not sign the testimonial, among them Senator Lynch and Mr. Karl, German Consul at Dawson. The former told the passengers that he was looking out of his window and saw the rocks ahead just before the vessel struck.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY VICTIM OF FALSE RUMORS.

Buffalo Bank Stands a Run by Small Depositors—Offers of Aid by Clearing-House Refused as Unnecessary.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—A run on the Fidelity Trust company, a State banking institution, began today. A long line of anxious depositors stood for hours waiting to withdraw their money. Extra paying tellers were installed and their windows were kept open until 4 o'clock.

Prominent bankers and business-men say the rumor which caused the run is groundless, and that only small depositors are withdrawing their accounts. Several large deposits were made during the day by business houses, and large sums of money were sent to the Fidelity company's offices by local banks. The Erie County Savings Bank voluntarily turned over $250,000 in cash to the Fidelity Trust company. The Marine Bank also sent in $100,000. The money was accepted, but not as a loan. New York drafts were sent to the two institutions for the cash. At the close of business today President Forman stated that the withdrawals exceeded the deposits by only $50,000.

The Fidelity Trust company is not a member of the Clearing-House association, but an official offer of assistance was made to President Forman by the clearing-house today. President Forman declined to accept, saying the bank needed no assistance.

The statement of the Fidelity company issued on Oct. 1 was as follows:

RESOURCES.	
Cash on hand and in banks	$2,725,646
Demand loans	2,774,286
Bonds and mortgages	1,617,654
Other bonds	2,795,148
Real estate (new bank lot)	261,102
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	500,000
Deposits	9,073,500
Surplus, net earnings	660,833

Detective O'Malley to Be Marrid.

Detective Sergeant Thomas O'Malley of the Desplaines Street Police Station will be married this noon in St. James' Church to Miss Helen Lynch of Clinton, Ia. The groom is 34 years old and the bride 28. Sergeant O'Malley knew Miss Lynch when she was a school girl, and says he "always figured on making her his wife." Captain Wheeler will act as best man at the wedding.

SYNOD TO HEAR FLEMING'S CASE.

Charges Against the Chicago Pastor Before State Body, Which Meets Today.

ERRORS AT TRIAL CITED.

Presbyterians Will Assemble at Jacksonville for Annual Conference.

TWO OUT FOR MODERATOR.

Local Presbyterians have a special interest in the annual session of the Illinois synod, which opens at Jacksonville tonight. The case of the Rev. Edward T. Fleming of Calvary Church will come up for adjudication.

Mr. Fleming was tried in July by the Chicago Presbytery for conduct unbecoming a minister and for falsification. He was acquitted on the first charge and convicted on the second, but the verdict did not satisfy members of the local body and they have appealed it.

Around this case hangs more than the personal standing of Mr. Fleming. It is said to be a test of what the Presbyterian Church holds to be the proper moral fitness for its ministers. On this basis the preachers opposing Mr. Fleming are eager to have the case reopened, as they desire he shall be dropped from the roster of ministers. The subject will thus be submitted to the synod on Wednesday morning.

Court Charged with Errors.

The appeal for revision alleges a number of errors by the trial court. It says the court erred in allowing the defendant to be represented by professional counsel, who was neither a minister nor an elder in the church; in not sustaining the first charge and the specification thereunder; "in imposing a simple sentence of rebuke as the punishment for the offense of lying, of which the defendant was convicted"; in its decision, "because the honor of religion and its wholesome influence upon morals, both personal and public, has been seriously compromised in this community by the offenses charged against Mr. Fleming and the failure of the court to deal adequately with the offense of which he was adjudged guilty"; "in its decision, because the well-being of Calvary Church, of which Mr. Fleming is pastor, imperatively demands that it be protected against a man so unworthy of confidence standing in the position in which the defendant is placed by the judgment of the court."

These specifications will be bitterly fought by Mr. Fleming, who is under suspension, and by a portion of his congregation, which is supporting him. The synod has three verdicts—it can sustain the decision, reverse it, or remand for a new trial.

The synod will open tonight in the Westminster Church with a sermon by the Moderator, Dr. Greenlee. Balloting for a new Moderator will follow. The honor will go this year to the Bloomington Presbytery, and the two candidates are the Rev. Willis E. Parsons of Danville and Dr. C. N. Wilder of Champaign. Most of the Chicago delegation will leave this morning over the Wabash road.

Crerar Chapel Case Heard.

The local presbytery took up the Crerar Chapel controversy yesterday. The Rev. Dubois H. Loux presented the petition for a separate church and many of the members of his congregation gave reasons why it should be granted. The Second Church, represented by C. S. Holt and Professor Grant, told of the poor spiritual condition of the chapel and questioned its ability to exist on the support pledged by its members. The matter was referred to a committee composed of Dr. Curtis, Dr. Crosser, Dr. Boyd, Elder Kimball, and Elder McCulloch.

ALL TERMS MADE BY OUTLAW PAT CROWE ARE ACCEPTED.

Omaha Officials and Edward Cudahy Withdraw Rewards Offered for Arrest and Conviction of Kidnapers.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The terms demanded by Pat Crowe as preliminary to his surrender have been formally complied with and confidence is felt that the outlaw will appear publicly in Omaha within a few days. The Council met late today and withdrew the reward of $25,000 offered for the conviction of Eddie Cudahy's abductors. Mr. Edward Cudahy also made public his willingness to take his price from Crowe's head by the following announcement:

"To the public and whom it may concern:

"I, Edward A. Cudahy, do hereby withdraw my offer of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of any one of the kidnapers; $15,000 for the arrest and conviction of any two of the kidnapers; and $25,000 for the arrest and conviction of three of the kidnapers implicated in the kidnaping of Edward A. Cudahy Jr. on or about Dec. 18, 1900, hereby unconditionally revoking and recalling my said offer of reward heretofore made by me in any way whatsoever."

But one point in Crowe's proposal remains not altogether provided for. Crowe asked that a bond not to exceed $500 be required pending the hearing of his case. Chief Donahue and County Attorney Shields are in favor of granting this concession, considering that Crowe has made a sufficient showing of his good faith by delivering himself to the law. Governor Savage, Mayor Moores, Sheriff Power, and Judge Baker will be called into consultation tomorrow and no doubt is felt but that their opinion will be in line with that of the officials more actively prosecuting the case.

"There is a slight legal objection which may weigh with the trial Judge," said County Attorney Sheldon, "it being unprecedented to fix the bond of a defendant before any evidence in the case has been heard. The court may be able to stretch a point in this case, however, by common consent."

SAMOA GOVERNOR IS ACCUSED.

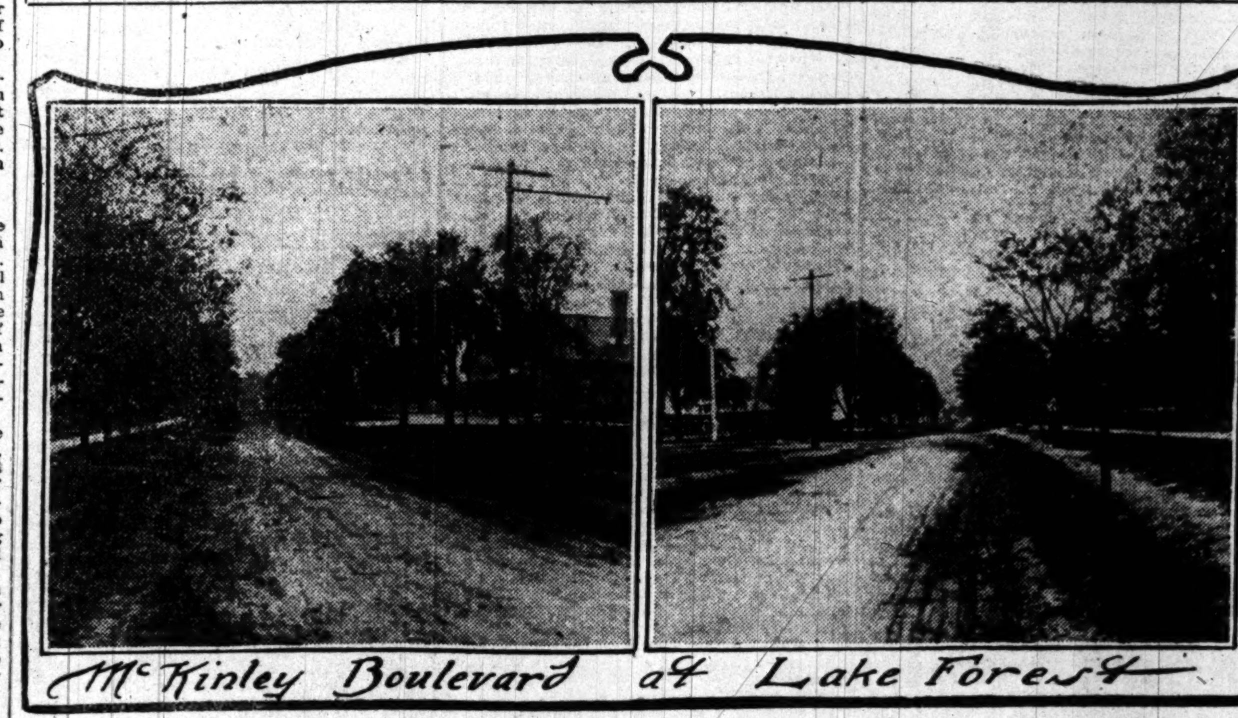
Naval Officers Go to Tutuila to Investigate Conduct of Captain B. F. Tilley.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans left here this afternoon for San Francisco, whence he will accompany Rear Admiral Casey, commanding the Pacific station, on the flagship Wisconsin to Tutuila, Samoa. Admiral Casey is charged with the investigation of certain allegations made by missionaries in Samoa against the moral character of Captain B. F. Tilley, naval governor of Tutuila. In case it should be found necessary to order a naval court for the trial of Captain Tilley Rear Admiral Evans will be appointed President of the court.

Life in Prison or Restitution.

Mrs. Rosalia Zoelinski, who is 54 years old, was convicted of grand larceny before Judge Kavanagh yesterday morning and given the alternative of making restitution to Mrs. Frank Olinski of $400 or of going to the penitentiary on an indeterminate sentence, which probably would keep her there the remainder of her life. Mrs. Olinski is the wife of a North avenue grocer, and cried on the witness stand as she told of the theft of the money which they had saved and the business ruin its loss had occasioned.

NORTH SHORE SUBURBAN STREET NAMED FOR LATE PRESIDENT.



McKinley Boulevard at Lake Forest

[From photographs taken for "The Tribune."]

Following the action taken by the South Park Commissioners of Chicago in naming a large public park after President McKinley, the City Council of Lake Forest has decided to honor the name of the late President by naming a street for him. This street, which was formerly Maple avenue, lies to the east of the Chicago and Northwestern depot.

The action of the Lake Forest City Council was taken after a petition had been presented signed by a large number of the citizens of the town, asking that the name of the late Chief Executive be given to the street. Without any debate on the subject the Council unanimously decided to call the street McKinley boulevard.

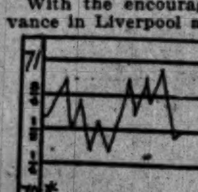
McKinley boulevard is one of the pretty streets of Lake Forest. It is not over three blocks in length and is in the center of the town. It is macadamized, and the shade trees which line it make it almost as shady as a grove in the summer. A road extends from each end of the boulevard for miles along the Northwestern railway, and the scenery along this road is regarded as the finest on the north shore.

WHEAT PRICE MARKED UP.

FOREIGN ADVICES FURNISH THE CHIEF BULL INFLUENCE.

Higher Liverpool Market, Small World's Shipments, and Decrease on Ocean Passage the Factors, Helped by Big Falling Off in Primary Receipts—Support Mainly Local and Advance Not All Held — Further Liquidation in Corn and Oats.

With the encouragement of a sharp advance in Liverpool and a set of statistics of movement, both domestic and foreign, which were generally bullish, local believers in wheat marked prices up ⅜c at the opening, and kept them hovering near the top the better part of the session. The close, however, was on one of the recessions, with about half the advance lost, December showing a net gain of ⅜-½c, and May a gain of ¼c. December ranged between 70⅝c and 70⅞-71c, winding up at 70½c. The May range was from 73⅝c to 74⅛, the last price the bottom. October closed at 69¼c, gaining ½c.



Dec. Wheat Range.

Among domestic influences, which helped the advance, was a sharp falling off in Northwest receipts, the two points having 855 cars, compared with 1,384 the week before and 1,073 a year ago, the continued rains in that section beginning to affect the movement. The disparity between the receipts in the Southwest and those of last year was even greater, Kansas City getting only 96 cars to 569, and total primary receipts, which have been overrunning those of last year for weeks, fell off tremendously, only 1,124,340 bu to 1,752,730 bu a year earlier. The visible supply change also animated the bulls an increase of 734,000 bu, but less than half the enlargement expected, and less than half the increase last year.

Firmer Feeling Abroad.

The Liverpool advance of ⅜-⅝d was attributed to reports of deterioration in the crop in the north of Argentina, from lack of rain, which reached this market on Saturday, and a belief the bulge there was not likely to be permanent was responsible for some selling here. There was a lightening of the depressing influence of big stocks afloat to Europe, supplies on passage decreasing 1,912,000 bu, and world's shipments were smaller than estimated at 7,672,000 bu, compared with 10,147,000 bu the week before and 9,269,000 bu a year ago. Buyers, however, had still to contend with an apparent indifference on the part of foreign consumers to supplies from this side. Mail advices reported Russia a free seller and Danubian countries flooding continental markets with wheat. There was some local shipping inquiry for hard winter, but not of an urgent character and no business was consummated. At the seaboard 152,000 bu were reported taken for export. Clearances were 519,402 bu.

There was some improvement in the commission trade with local speculators, Dunn, Comstock, Brosseau, Tuttle, and others furnishing able-bodied support. There were buying orders from the seaboard, covering shorts, and the Southwest bought early, but turned seller at the close, forcing out some of the local wheat. There was selling for Patten and Cudahy, and elevator interests sold May, narrowing the premium over December to ⅝-¾c, compared with 3½c on Friday.

More Liquidation in Corn.

Corn started in at an advance of ⅜c, responding to bullish cable advices and the strength in wheat, but gave rapidly under a little rush of liquidation by weak bulls, going to a loss of ¼c. There was a moderate recovery on local support, with the close about unchanged from Saturday, at 56½c for December, 58⅛@58¼c for May and 55c for October. The early firmness was due to a gain of ¼@⅜d on futures at Liverpool and ¼d on spot, light world's shipments, and a decrease on passage of 1,140,000 bu. The amount afloat for the first time in months is less than at the corresponding time last year, 7,152,000 bu to 8,440,000 bu. The shipments were only 1,454,000 bu, compared with 1,876,000 bu the week before and 3,688,000 bu last year. They were small enough to suggest that unless European consumption of corn is to be greatly curtailed there must soon be some improvement in the foreign demand. The seaboard reported a firmer tone and sales of 240,000 bu for export, while local shipping sales were 250,000 bu. Country acceptances in Nebraska were reported better than of late. Arrivals were 271 cars, with 245 estimated for today, and primary receipts were 200,000 bu under those of last year. The decrease of 612,000 bu in the visible supply compared with an increase of 1,942,000 bu last year was theoretically a bull factor, but had no marked influence on prices. There was selling by Patten, Bartlett-Frazier and Schwartz-Dupee and buying by Cudahy brokers, Roloson and Comstock.

Market Takes "Long" Oats.

A portion of two of the leading long lines of oats came out, but the market took the 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 bu offered, and would as readily, it is said, have absorbed any quantity up to about 5,000,000 bu at 37c for May. This was the figure at which there appeared to be an unlimited demand. George Patten and the American Cereal company were the big sellers of the day. The unloading was nearly all from 37⅛c down to the even figure. Besides the Patten brokers, some free selling was done by McReynolds, Finley-Barrell, Robson, and the Continental. Buying was scattered. Receipts were free at 250 cars, of which 51 were contract. The visible decreased 519,000 bu, against a decrease of 604,000 bu the previous week and an increase of 216,000 bu last year. The total supply is now 7,769,000 bu. Local stocks, 2,007,000 bu, are 109,000 bu larger than a week ago. Last year the increase was 470,000 bu. There was a good demand for cash oats to ship before the expected all-rail advance. Sales were 250,000 bu. Seaboard clearances were 27,200 bu.

Generally easier conditions prevailed in the provision list on selling by brokers representing packers, who began soon after the opening. This was firm on a higher hog market and receipts of 22,000 head here and only 40,100 at Western packing points, compared with 50,600 last week and 60,700 last year. Closing prices showed a loss of 15c on pork and 5@7½c on lard and ribs. Shipments of cured meats were 2,419,000 lbs, against 2,715,000 lbs a year ago. Lard shipments were 1,433,000 lbs, compared with 3,079,000 lbs a year ago.

Rye sales on December ranged from 55½c to 56c, barely touching the higher figure. Sales were mostly at 55⅞c. At the close it was offered at this with 55⅝c bid. There was more trade in May, which sold from 58¼c off to 58c, closing 58¼c asked. Receipts were 13 cars.

Steady and unchanged conditions ruled in barley, which sold generally 51@58c. Receipts were 67 cars.

October timothy sold at $5.80. The same delivery of clover was nominally $8.70.

Flaxseed was fairly active at figures not much changed. No. 1 Northwestern was $1.50 and October $1.49. November sold $1.40 and $1.39, closing $1.40 asked. December sold $1.36@1.37½, closing at the higher figure. There were 46 cars here, 117 at Duluth, and 168 at Minneapolis.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

	Oct. 12.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Oct. 15, 1900.
WHEAT.					
Oct	68¾	69½	69¼	69¼	73⅞
Dec	70-⅛	70⅞-1	70⅝	70½	74½
May	73⅝	74⅛	73⅝	73⅝	....
CORN.					
Oct	55⅛	55¼	55	55	40⅝
Dec	56½	56⅞	56¼	56½	35⅜
May	58¼	58⅝	58	58⅛-¼	35⅝
OATS.					
Oct	34-⅛	....	....	34⅛	21¼
Dec	35⅛	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛-¼	21⅞
May	37⅝-½	37½-⅝	37	37⅛	23⅝
PORK.					
Oct	13.95	13.82½	13.72½	13.72½	16.00
Jan	15.22½	15.30	15.05-7½	15.07½	11.25
May	15.30	15.37½	15.15	15.15	....
LARD.					
Oct	9.42½	9.42½	9.25	9.30	6.85
Jan	9.07½	9.15	9.00	9.00	6.60
May	9.07½	9.15	9.00-2½	9.02½	......
SHORT RIBS.					
Oct	8.22½	8.27½	8.25	8.27½	6.90
Jan	7.95-7½	8.00	7.87½	7.87½	6.00
May	8.02½-5	8.05	7.95	7.95	......

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	26	24	2	52
Spring wheat	30	38	25	93
Corn	27	236	8	271
Oats	51	159	40	250
Rye	8	4	1	13
Barley	2	44	21	67
Totals	144	505	97	746

Inspected out: 117,300 bu winter wheat and 11,000 bu spring wheat, 44,500 bu corn. From unlicensed elevators: 27 cars winter wheat, 5 cars and 70,800 bu spring wheat, 75 cars and 152,800 bu corn, 3 cars oats, 5 cars rye.

The Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Oct. 12, 1901.	Oct. 5, 1901.	Sept. 28, 1901.	Oct. 13, 1900.
Wheat	38,208,000	37,474,000	35,304,000	56,978,000
Corn	13,414,000	14,026,000	13,489,000	9,829,000
Oats	7,769,000	8,288,000	8,972,000	12,235,000
Rye	1,788,000	1,800,000	1,774,000	986,000
Barley	2,036,000	1,994,000	1,875,000	2,348,000

Following are changes for a week:

	Inc., bu.	Dec., bu.
Wheat	734,000	......
Corn	......	612,000
Oats	......	519,000
Rye	......	12,000
Barley	42,000	......

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in the city on the dates named [bu]:

	Oct. 12, 1901.	Oct. 5, 1901.	Sept. 28, 1901.	Oct. 13, 1901.
Wheat	5,161,000	5,209,000	4,959,000	13,372,000
Corn	6,899,000	6,705,000	6,975,000	2,680,000
Oats	2,007,000	1,898,000	1,941,000	3,971,000
Rye	274,000	249,000	244,000	515,000
Barley	21,000	21,000	21,000	11,000

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Flour, brls	30,450	26,893	12,802	26,023
Wheat, bu	203,350	209,900	142,307	550,815
Corn, bu	269,747	339,437	185,000	927,712
Oats, bu	314,856	446,100	161,892	374,275
Rye, bu	16,200	13,414	......	4,610
Barley, bu	63,200	148,250	11,700	78,975
T. seed, lbs	174,000	63,450	86,450	206,865
C. seed, lbs	27,050	38,260	......	140,513
O. seed, lbs	81,200	91,220	200	44,800
F. seed, bu	19,000	13,720	731	2,480
C. meats, lbs	408,781	516,995	2,419,958	2,715,048
Can. meats, c's	......	......	13,712	10,802
D. beef, lbs	638,670	996,987	3,654,800	3,006,380
Beef, tcs	121	......	79	130
Beef, brls	12	......	891	18
Pork, brls	28	100	874	696
Lard, lbs	174,577	43,550	1,433,947	3,079,171

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Western Points.	Receipts, bu. Wheat.	Receipts, bu. Corn.	Shipments, bu. Wheat.	Shipments, bu. Corn.
Chicago	203,350	269,747	142,307	185,000
Milwaukee	57,600	2,850	51,200	......
Minneapolis	594,880	9,520	45,390	2,070
Duluth	118,745	......	217,565	24,124
St. Louis	46,000	98,000	27,000	36,000
Toledo	16,998	16,797	7,982	11,044
Detroit	974	4,000	......	......
Kansas City	76,800	83,200	42,400	40,000
Peoria	9,000	51,000	800	11,000
Totals	1,124,347	535,114	534,634	309,247
Seaboard:				
New York	222,450	176,900	160,129	43,113
Boston	28,466	63,306	......	......
Philadelphia	53,653	20,476	49,460	132,884
Baltimore	29,724	8,414	......	......
New Orleans	86,000	17,000	......	......
Galveston	25,500	......	150,000	......
Newp't News	......	......	96,000	......
Totals	445,793	286,096	455,589	175,997
Grand total	1,570,140	821,210	990,523	485,244
Same d's 1900	2,347,895	1,271,208	1,212,459	1,508,259

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Demand moderate and prices steady; winter patents, $3.60; straights, $3.30@3.40; special brands, hard spring patents, $4.00; soft, bakers', export, bags, $2.20@2.40; rye, $2.80@2.90.

WINTER WHEAT—Stronger and in good demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 69⅝c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 70@70½c; No. 3 hard, 69⅝c; No. 2 hard, 69⅝c.

SPRING WHEAT—Steady and about ¼c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 68¾@69⅝c. Free on board: No. 4, 64⅝@67c; No. 3, 68¼@69½c. Billed through: No. 2 Northern, 70¼c.

CORN—Weaker to ¼c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 55⅝@56¼c; 100,000 bu for shipment on p. t. No. 3 yellow, 56½c; 150,000 bu for shipment on p. t. No. 4, 55⅛c. On track and free on board: No. 4, 55½c; No. 3, 56@56½c; No. 3 yellow, 56⅝@57c; No. 2 yellow, 57@57¼c; No. 3 white, 56⅝@56⅞c. Billed through: No. 4, 54⅛@55¼c; No. 3, 54⅛@55⅝c; No. 3 yellow, 55¼@56c; No. 2 yellow, 56@56⅛c; No. 3 white, 55⅝@56⅝c.

OATS—In fair demand, at a slight decline. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 36⅝@37⅝c; No. 2 white, 37⅝c; white clipped, 250,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No grade, 36c; No. 4, 35c; No. 4 white, 36@37½c; No. 3 white, 37¼@38c; No. 2, 35½c; No. 2 white, 37@38c. Billed through: No. 4 34½c; No. 4 white, 35⅛@36⅝c; No. 3, 35c; No. 3 white, 36@37¼c; No. 2, 35¼c; No. 2 white, 36@37⅝c.

RYE—Firm. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 55⅝c. Free on board: No. 2, 56c; No. 4, 54½c.

PROVISIONS—Easy. Cash lots mess pork, $13.80@13.85; repacked, 10@15c discount; lard, $9.45@9.47½; short ribs, $8.20@8.35, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash pork brls, 85@87½c; oak, 87½@90c; lard tcs, $1.05@1.07½.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, steady, $1.30.

HAY—Dull and weak. Receipts, 736 tons; shipments, 113 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $13.50; fancy, $14.00; No. 1 timothy, $13.00@13.50; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@12.00; not graded timothy, $9.00@11.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $13.50; No. 2 prairie, State, $9.00; Iowa, $9.00. Free on board and switched—No. 2 prairie, State, $7.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are 215 cars wheat, 245 cars corn, 270 cars oats, and 18,000 hogs.

The first car of new corn from Illinois was received at St. Louis yesterday, quotably in "fair condition," but grading No. 4.

Otto E. Lohrke, the New York exporter, who was on the floor yesterday, does not look for any prompt improvement in the foreign demand for wheat: "When I am asked about the export business," he said, "I have to reply that there isn't any. The demand is poor and the chief reason is the unsettled financial condition on the continent, particularly in Germany. Owing to the feeling of distrust there importers are out of the market. In England they realize this situation and are holding off, expecting to be able to get their supplies cheaper. Another reason for the dull continental demand is that in May, when crop prospects were poorer on the continent than final developments turned out to be, foreigners were heavy buyers here for September and October shipment, and these supplies are now going forward. I do not look for any early improvement in the demand."

There were reports from Baltimore of new corn offered for November and December shipment, f. o. b. vessel at 57c. There is a belief in the trade that new corn of merchantable quality will be hurried to market and that the shortage in the crop will not be seriously felt before spring.

George H. Phillips recently circularized his entire trade throughout the corn country asking information as to husking returns. Several hundred replies have been received, and 99 per cent of them are to the effect that the yield will be disappointing both as to quantity and quality, especially is this true as regards the reports from Iowa on the subject of the quality of the corn.

Tacoma wires Logan & Bryan: "Our export buyers have increased their bids 2c per bu during the last week. Farmers throughout the State are not selling their wheat even at the above advance."

Provision exports for the week were 3,850 brls pork, 9,843,000 lbs lard, and 31,231 boxes bacon, about the same as a year ago on pork, 661,000 lbs less lard, and 75,200 boxes more of bacon.

Increased European consumption is illustrated in the fact that the European visible is smaller than on July 1, notwithstanding American exports have been 40,000,000 bu larger than a year ago.

Wheat receivers at Duluth are complaining of the grade, where out of an elevator stock of 4,901,000 bu last week only 1,008,000 bu was No. 1 Northern. The same conditions are noticed at Minneapolis, where, out of 4,166 cars for the week, only 574 were contract. The Duluth conditions are said to explain why shippers at that point bought back 1,000,000 bu previously sold to the seaboard for October shipment.

A Minneapolis miller says that spring wheat flour delivered in Eastern markets is within a fraction of the lowest price it has touched in four years, and there has been no time within that period when flour bought at present prices did not show a good profit if held a short time. Per contra, choice beef is at the highest price it has ever sold, because of the drought and scarcity of prime cattle, and all other agricultural products are unusually high.

The figures of wheat and flour on ocean passage are rapidly losing their force as a bear argument. They have been drawing nearer, week by week, the corresponding figures of 1900, and a decrease of 1,912,000 bu last week, compared with an increase of 1,520,000 bu last year, nearly wiped out the difference. There are now 29,680,000 bu afloat, compared with 28,464,000 bu last year. Not many weeks ago the excess was 10,000,000 bu.

The exports of wheat and flour from the United States during September were 23,177,628 bu, compared with 17,560,650 bu in September, 1900. Since July 1 exports have been 82,708,142 bu, compared with 43,523,827 bu on the corresponding period in 1900. Corn exports in September were 3,067,076 bu, compared with 10,938,634 bu last year.

FARM STUFF RULING FIRM.

Trade Is Steady and Without Feature of Any Kind—Peaches Getting Slow.

While not quotably dull the decided life of the summer months has gone out of the produce markets. Trade requirements are not large, and supplies in some lines, as in peaches, are falling off; but as the demand is greatly restricted there are plenty on the market.

Quotations for round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	17¼@18c	Cheese, fancy brick	10¾@11c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	15@16½c	Butter, creamery, extra	21c
City recandied	18@18½c	Firsts	18@20c
Seconds, case	$2.90@3.30	Seconds	14@14½c
Cheese, Y. A.	10¼@10½c	Dairies	16@19c
Cheese, twins	9¾@10c	Ladles	13@13½c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	8@8½c	Live turkeys, lb	6@8c
Do, dry picked	7½@8c	Chickens	5@8½c
Do, roosters	5½c	Ducks	7½@8c
Do, turkeys	6@8c	Geese, doz	$4.50@6.00

FISH.

Black bass, lb	12@12½c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	1½@2c	Eels	6@8c
Pike	5@6c	Perch	3@4c

GAME.

Ducks, mallard, doz	$3.50@4.00	Sandsnips, doz	25@35c
Do, blue wing	$2.00@2.50	Plover, golden, doz	$1.75@2.00
Quail, doz	$2.00@2.25	Do, grass	$1.50@1.75
Jacksnipe, doz	$1.75@2.00		

VEALS.

50@60 lbs	5c	100@110 lbs	8@8½c
60@70 lbs	5½@6c	75@150 lbs	5¼@6½c
85@100 lbs	6@7½c	150@200 lbs	5½@6½c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$2.50@3.00	bris	$5.50@6.00
Apples, fancy	$3.50@4.50	Grapes, Malaga, Cal., 4 bskts	95c@$1.30
Crabapples, bu	$1.50@1.75	Black, 8 lbs	11@13c
Lemons, Cal.	$2.50@4.00	Bartlett pears, Ill., bu	75c@$1.00
Pineapples, Fla., cases	$2.50@3.00	Peaches, Mich., 6-bskt. cases	80c@$1.00
Oranges, Jamaica, boxes	$3.75@4.00	Do, ⅓ bu	40@60c
Bananas, bch	$1.00@1.35	Do, 1-5 bu	18@25c
Cranberries,			

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$1.95	Tomatoes, Ill., bu	50@75c
Medium	$1.90@1.92	Turnips, white, sacks	50@60c
Celery, Mich., 3-4 bunches	30@50c	Lettuce, head, home-grown, tubs	50@60c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	75c@$1.00	Do, leaf, in cases	10@15c
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crts	$1.00@1.25	String beans, 1½-bu sacks	40@50c
Do, per 100	$4.00@5.00	Potatoes, fancy rurals	60@65c
Cauliflower, Mich., doz	50c@$1.00	Do, red stock	62c
Onions, 70-lb. sacks	$1.10@1.15	Sweet potatoes, brls	$1.50@2.50
Brussels sprouts, qt	25c	Beets, 1½ bu	50c

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Apples, brls	5,171	9,350	898	1,163
Beans, bu	523	2,694	520	1,938
B. corn, lbs	295,900	171,600	140,250	41,410
Butter, lbs	748,504	924,485	696,350	698,394
Cheese, lbs	350,777	646,443	114,366	192,240
D. fruits, lbs	279,925	508,566	1,150	93,080
Eggs, pkgs	8,089	6,370	2,712	2,866
Hay, tons	736	1,002	113	10
Hides, lbs	324,289	508,255	1,000,150	892,443
Hops, lbs	5,775	27,180	......	17,664
Potatoes, bu	29,784	60,624	6,817	16,643
Poultry, lbs	68,290	75,405	10,225	89,848
Poultry, coops	289	239	......	90
Wool, lbs	200,110	93,237	92,831	77,392

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Poultry, Butter, Coffee, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Dry goods: Today's spot business has been interfered with by bad weather. All descriptions of staple cottons continue firm. Print cloths still in demand on basis of 3c for regulars, wide goods more active. Prints firm throughout. Ginghams in moderate request for staples.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 8½@9c; fowls, 9@9½c; roosters, 5½c; turkeys, 8@10c; ducks, Western, per pair, 50@60c. Dressed—Spring turkeys, dry-picked, per lb, 10@13c; do scalded, 8@11c; spring chickens, Western, dry-picked, average best, 9@9½c; other Western, scalded, choice, 9c; do dry-picked or scalded, poor to fair, 7@8c; fowls, Western, dry-picked, average best, 9@9½c; ducks, spring, Western, 7@11c.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 21c; do, firsts, 18½@20c; do, seconds, 17@18c; creamery, June make, 20½@21c; do, firsts, 19@20c; do, seconds, 17½@18½c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 17@17½c; do, firsts, 15@16c; do, lower grades, 14@14½c; Western factory, June packed, fancy, 15½c; do, fair to choice, 14½@15c; do, fresh, firsts, 14¾@15c; do, fair to good, 14@14½c.

Sharp Rise in Coffee.

Coffee—Spot Rio firmer at 6c for No. 7. Sales, 5,000 bags Rio Nos. 6 and 7 to arrive at 6¼c, 2,500 bags Rio No. 7 at 6c, and 4,000 bags Maracaibo. Futures advanced 10 to 20 points, but lost half of the rise and closed steady, with sales of 84,250 bags. Havre advanced ⅞ to 1¼f, but reacted and closed ¾f lower. Hamburg rose ¾ to 1 pfg. American warehouse deliveries last week, 171,762 bags, against 112,973 in the previous week and 66,757 last year. Holiday in Brazil.

In the Metal Markets.

The local market for tin ruled quiet all day, but was firm in tone in sympathy with a steadier market for that metal abroad where values advanced 10s. The close here was quiet but firm at $24.95@25.10. Coppers locally ruled quiet and nominally unchanged. Lead unchanged at $4.37½. Spelter ruled quiet and unchanged, both at home and abroad. Domestic iron markets were inactive but nominally steady at old prices.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Collections of $41,346.75 Made on Imposts and on Withdrawals from the Warehouse.

Collections at the Custom-House yesterday amounted to $41,346.75, of which $29,027.66 was on imposts and $12,319.09 on withdrawals from warehouse.

The following merchandise from foreign countries arrived yesterday at the Port of Chicago: 2,130 packages fish, 17 bales tobacco, 2 cases feathers, 333 packages herring, 59 packages raisins, 2 cases jewelry, 20 cases cottons, 7 cases crockery, 157 cases wine, 2 cases metalware, 7 cases hosiery, 1 case trimmings, 1 case laces, 43 cases linens, 200 boxes tinplate, 1,095 boxes window glass, 3 cases books, 38 cases glassware, 33 cases linens, 1 case drugs, 3 cases printed matter, 75 barrels pickles, 709 barrels currants, 16 packages earthenware, 2 cases optical goods, 30 packages preserves, 7 cases firearms, 10 bales burlaps, 49 packages merchandise, 2 cases woodenware, 10 cases chemical compound, 2 casks chemical compound, 1 package hardware, 1 case gloves, 4 boxes tea, 1 box guns, 1 package gold rings, 1 case china, 1 case porcelain, 1 case bronze figures, 1 case corsets, 1 package furniture, 2 cases millinery, 700 cases champagne, 862,178 feet lumber, 69,600 lath, 2 cases personal effects, 1 case samples, 1 case violins, 1 case cloth, 1 case carvings, 1 case photographs, 1 case combs.

Merchandise entered for immediate consumption upon which duties were paid: 220 barrels herring, 280 barrels mackerel, 2 cases personal effects, 2,421,319 feet lumber, 69,600 lath, 4 bales tobacco, 37 cases dry goods, 2 cases flax fabrics, 2 cases musical instruments, 1 case millinery, 11 cases books, 1,375 bundles stock fish, 57 packages fish, 20 packages anchovies, 1 case rubber balloons, 900 barrels currants, 1 case metalware, 1 case parchment paper, 1 case biscuits, 12 cases chemical compound, 1 case braid, 1 case sample dress goods, 43 packages earthenware, 2 cases newspapers, 1 case oil paintings, 1 case church regalia, 1 case artificial eyes, 1 case embroidery.

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—

Adams Con	15	Little Chief	11
Alice	40	Ontario	1050
Breece	140	Ophir	09
Brunswick Con	7	Phoenix	6
Comstock Tunnel	6	Potosi	4
Con. Cal and Va	160	Savage	3
Deadwood Terra	50	Sierra Nevada	12
Horn Silver	185	Small Hopes	40
Iron Silver	60	Standard	375
Leadville Con	5½		

Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Butter dropped a half cent today; 12,900 lbs were sold at 21½c; market steady at that figure; sales of the week, 609,000 lbs.

MONEY RATES ARE FIRM.

HELD IN CHICAGO AT MINIMUM OF FIVE PER CENT.

Bankers Express Confidence That There Will Be No Change at Present —Shipments of Currency Less than Usual—American Bicycle and Distilling Companies to Cancel Unissued Stock—Railroad Earnings—Foreign Exchange—Sales on Local Exchange.

Money in Chicago is held firm at a minimum rate of 5 per cent by most of the banks. While some loans have been made at concessions from that, they are few, and the disposition is to keep rates up for the present. Prominent bankers express the opinion confidently that rates will be firm until after the first of the year, as business is active and the demand good. Currency shipments to the country are smaller, and the country banks continue to purchase paper and loan funds to brokers, so it is evident they are "flush" with money.

A New York dispatch on currency transfers yesterday said:

"This year the banks began to ship money in large volume and abnormally early to the West and Northwest to move the large winter and spring wheat crops. The year before there was a considerable reduction in amount of moneys required to move the spring wheat, owing to the material decrease in that crop.

"This year little money has been transferred through the Subtreasury to the South, and the material decrease in the yield of corn has greatly lessened money requirements. Last year the banks shipped through the Subtreasury to New Orleans in October $3,555,000. In November there was forwarded $2,600,000, and during December $4,700,000.

"The local banks transferred to Chicago through the Subtreasury in October $2,750,000 and $1,950,000 to other points West. The transfers during November were $1,100,000 and December $400,000; a total to all points shipped through the Subtreasury in the last three months of last year of $17,055,000."

Call money ruled in New York yesterday at 3½ per cent and closed at 3@3½.

Financial Topics.

Frank A. Vanderlip, Vice President of the National City Bank of New York, will not be able to speak at the canvention of the Bankers' Association of Illinois next week as expected, as he is going to Europe. The meeting will be held at Quincy on Oct. 29 and 30. On the first day the address of welcome will be delivered by Lorenzo Bull of Quincy and Phil Mitchell, President of the association, will deliver a response and his annual address. Other reports will finish the business part of the day. In the evening there will be a reception to the delegates. On Wednesday addresses will be delivered by Charles G. Dawes, ex-Controller of the Currency, Alva Trowbridge, and Edwin Goodall.

The plan for reorganization of the Mexican National railroad has been issued. The change of gauge of the road and other improvements planned will cost $10,200,000 in United States currency and provision is made for this. Chicagoans have become interested in the Mexican railroad situation and have a large voice in the management of the Mexican Central. A unification of the Mexican systems is anticipated some day.

President Gould of the St. Louis and Southwestern road is quoted as follows: "Our directors will meet within a week to elect officers and declare the semi-annual interest on the second mortgage bonds. No action will be taken on the question of a dividend on the preferred stock at present, the policy of the board at the present time being to put the money into betterments that will permanently affect the operating expenses of the road and to defer the declaration of a dividend on the preferred stock until the road is placed in first-class condition for doing business at low cost and until the maintenance of dividends is assured."

Directors of the American Bicycle company have decided to recommend to stockholders a reduction in the authorized capital stock from $30,000,000 to $26,996,400, the amount now outstanding, divided into $9,294,900 preferred stock and $17,701,500 common. A special meeting of shareholders will be held in Jersey City on Oct. 30 to act on the proposition.

It is announced that at the annual meeting of the Distilling Company of America, to be held tomorrow, a resolution will be introduced to authorize the company to cancel the unissued stock in the treasury. This means a reduction in the authorized capitalization from $125,000,000 to $77,502,000. A sentiment in favor of this action was expressed at last year's annual meeting.

The Shelby Steel Tube company has bought six acres of land near its present plant at Shelby, O., for new buildings. It is said that the company may concentrate there the seamless tube plants of the country.

A dispatch from Birmingham, Ala., says that at the next meeting of directors of the Republic Iron and Steel company President Thompson will recommend the construction of a steel plant at Thomas, where the company's third blast furnace will be in operation by Jan. 1. The Thomas plant will cost $2,000,000.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana road has declared a dividend of 1 per cent, payable on Oct. 25.

A general meeting of bondholders of the Electric Vehicle Company of New York has been called for Nov. 16 for the purpose of the exercise of some of the powers conferred upon the bond owners by an article of the mortgage, if they shall see fit. The notice for the meeting was issued by the Morton Trust company.

Gilbert M. Weeks denies the report in a New York paper that the Diamond Match company offered $1,000,000 in stock for the Chicago concern in which he is interested.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC.			
1st week Oct	$99,290	$91,157	$8,133
From July 1	1,479,323	1,319,937	159,386
PERE MARQUETTE.			
1st week Oct	$179,791	$160,984	$18,807
From July 1	2,666,053	2,362,550	303,503
TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.			
1st week Oct	$59,234	$44,547	$4,687
From Jan. 1	2,381,162	2,136,081	245,081
TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WESTERN.			
1st week Oct	$22,923	$25,187	$*2,264
From July 1	214,249	225,250	*11,001

*Decrease.

Foreign Exchange.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

SELLING RATE.	
Checks, London	518
Checks, Paris	516¼—1-16
Checks, Berlin	95⅝
Checks, Holland	40¼
BUYING RATES.	
60 days, London, bankers'	483¾
60 days, London, documentary	483⅜
3 days, Paris	518¾
60 days, Paris, documentary	520⅝
60 days, Paris, bankers'	520—1-16
3 days, Antwerp	518¾—1-16
60 days, Antwerp	521¼
3 days, Hamburg	95 3-16
60 days, Germany, documentary	94 9-16
60 days, Germany, bankers'	94¾
3 days, Holland	40⅛
60 days, Holland	39 15-16

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	19⅞	20¼
Do pfd	68	69
American Hide and Leather	5	6½
Do pfd	30	32
Bay State Gas	⅜	⅝
Compressed Air	12½	15
Electric Boat	22	23
Do pfd	41	50
Electric Vehicle	1¼	1¾
Do pfd	3	5
General Carriage	⅞	1
Havana Commercial Co	13½	15
Do pfd	50	51
Illinois Vehicle	½	1
Nat. Enameling and Stamp. Co	25	28
Do pfd	82	85
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans	7	7½
Otis Elevator	30	...
Do pfd	93	96
Pitts. Bessemer and L. E	33	36
Royal Baking Powder pfd	100¼	101
Seaboard Air Line	26⅛	26½
Do pfd	50½	50¾
Do 4s	82	82½
Standard Oil	730	735
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	5⅝	6¼
Do pfd	32	34

Chicago Stock Market.

American Can common was the most active issue in the Chicago stock market yesterday, but trading in it was not on a large scale and failed to attract much interest. The stock closed at 20, a loss of ⅛, and the preferred, on a transaction of 50 shares, was ¼ higher. Match was off to 130, a decline of 1¼.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	1,390	20⅛	19⅞	20
Do pfd	50	68	68	68
Cent. Union Telephone	148	40	40	40
Chicago City Railway	2	205	205	205
Chicago Union Traction	5	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
Diamond Match	495	131¼	130	130
Metropolitan Elevated	50	39½	39½	39½
Do pfd	265	91	91	91
National Biscuit	240	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
Do pfd	112	101⅝	101	101⅝
National Carbon pfd	20	85	85	85
North Chicago (ex. div.)	41	196	195	196
Northwestern Elevated	350	40⅛	39	40⅛
South Side Elevated	40	110	110	110
West Chicago	20	100	100	100

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Oct. 14.	Oct. 7.
New York	$138,149,858	$125,910,477
Chicago	26,446,227	21,855,056
Boston	20,615,375	18,087,164
Philadelphia	12,967,992	11,933,808
St. Louis	9,640,868	8,573,395
Baltimore	3,120,617	3,088,283

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, par; St. Louis, 40c discount bid, 25c discount asked.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says:

"The stock market today was as dull as ditch water. American shares hung close to parities, London holding aloof. Rio Tintos reacted ⅜ to 47¼.

"The price of gold bars has been raised to 77s 11½d on the increasing keenness of Austrian demand for the metal. Paris exchange is 25.12."

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Money was in good supply today and the demand was fair. Discounts were disposed to harden as the result of a better supply of bills and the weakness of foreign exchanges. It is reported as doubtful that the present exchange rate will long be maintained.

On the Stock Exchange business was generally dull. High-class securities were adversely affected by Paris exchange. Consols were a shade harder. Americans opened weak, but afterwards grew firmer and closed steady.

Closing stocks:

Consols for money	93 3-16	Norfolk & Western	57¼
Consols for account	93¼	Do pfd	91¼
Anaconda	7¼	Nor. Pacific pfd	101½
Atchison	80¼	Ontario & Western	34¼
Do pfd	99¼	Pennsylvania	74⅝
Balt. & Ohio	104¼	Reading	20⅛
Canadian Pacific	113⅜	Do 1st pfd	39⅛
Ches. & Ohio	46⅛	Do 2d pfd	26⅛
Chi. Great West	23	Southern Railway	33⅛
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	167⅜	Do pfd	88⅛
Den. & R. Grande	46¼	Southern Pacific	60⅝
Do pfd	95	Union Pacific	101¼
Erie	42¼	Do pfd	90½
Do 1st pfd	71⅝	United States Steel	44
Do 2d pfd	58	Do pfd	94⅝
Illinois Central	149¼	Wabash	20¼
Louis. & Nash	106	Do pfd	38
Mo., Kas. & Tex	27¼	Spanish 4s	69¼
Do pfd	57⅛	Rand Mines	10⅝
New York Central	161	De Beers	38⅛

Bar silver quiet, 26⅝d per ounce. Money, 1¼@1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 1-16@2¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months bills is 2⅛@2 3-16 per cent.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Prices were weak on the Bourse today, and closed undecided. Option operations were effected at rates lower than expected. There was a sharp reaction in rentes. French rails depressed the list. There are fears of dear money at tomorrow's settlement. Industrials were weaker, except Russians, which were firm. The private rate of discount is 2 9-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—Internationals were quiet on the Boerse today. Chinese were firm. Americans were quiet. Canadian Pacifics were maintained. Banks and local shares were easier.

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

Most grades of cattle sold 10c higher than the close of last week, with the average price of beef cattle the highest of the year. Hogs advanced 5@10c and sheep and lambs sold mostly at 10c advance. Top cattle, $6.80; top hogs, $6.77½; and best lambs, $5.10.

Stock-Yards receipts and shipments follow:

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, Oct. 14	23,000	600	20,000	25,000
Total last week	67,483	2,966	116,864	95,709
Previous week	70,708	4,717	126,181	111,450
Cor. week 1900	56,724	2,286	150,970	76,598
Shipments—				
Monday, Oct. 14	5,000	50	4,000	6,000
Total last week	23,438	499	18,699	23,618
Previous week	24,781	861	18,179	31,184
Cor. week 1900	20,674	815	27,207	19,437

Monday's estimated receipts at four markets, with comparisons:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	23,000	22,000	25,000
Kansas City	14,000	5,900	5,400
Omaha	7,800	3,000	14,000
St. Louis	3,300	3,000	1,000
Totals	48,100	33,900	45,400
Cor. day last week	48,400	41,500	61,800
Cor. day 1900	31,400	45,000	45,200
Cor. day 1899	37,700	45,800	33,400
Cor. day 1898	39,300	52,100	36,600

Receipts for Oct. 15 are estimated at 6,500 cattle, 17,000 hogs, and 12,000 sheep, against 7,368 cattle, 24,530 hogs, and 9,461 sheep Tuesday of last week.

Owing to the increased proportion of big, heavy packing hogs among the arrivals last week the average weight increased a few pounds, or 245 lbs, against 243 lbs the previous week. The average a month ago was 253 lbs, two months ago 238 lbs, a year ago 231 lbs, and two years ago 237 lbs.

Packers purchased 15,300 hogs, and shippers 4,000, leaving 2,500 in the pens. Armour bought 6,000; Anglo-American, 600; Continental, 900; Hammond, 1,100; Morris, 1,700; Swift, 4,000; and butchers, 1,000. Droves averaging 200@245 lbs cost $6.25@6.35; 170 lbs, $6.30; and 262@292 lbs, $6.05@6.20.

Average cost price of hogs at Chicago yesterday, $6.09, against $6.04 last Saturday, $6.30 Monday of last week, $6.79 Monday, Sept. 30, and $7.00 Monday, Sept. 23.

Eleven markets received 64,000 hogs, against 72,000 a week ago, 75,000 a year ago, and 87,000 two years ago.

The Drovers' Journal's cablegram from Liverpool quotes the market for American cattle dull and weak, with sales at 12@12¾c, against 12¼@13¼c a week ago.

The average price of native beef cattle was the highest of the year. The top was $6.80, but ten loads sold above $6.60. Oct. 2, when $6.85 was paid, only two loads sold above $6.55, and Oct. 16, when $6.85 was paid, the next highest was $6.50.

CATTLE—Most of the native cattle sold 10c higher than the close of last week, or 15@25c higher than a week ago. More beeves sold above $6.50 than any day yet, the average price for the day being the highest of the year. A dozen loads averaging 1,263@1,473 lbs sold at $6.55@6.80, with the bulk of beef cattle at $5.25@6.40. Corn-fed Westerns sold largely at $5.80@6.25. Inferior to good native steers sold at $4.15@5.75. A bunch of 60 steers and heifers averaging 969 lbs sold at $5.85. Very few steers sold below $4.90. About 7,000 grass Westerns were received, but they sold strong to 10c higher, with steers at $3.70@5.40, and cows and heifers at $2.90@4.25. Only a few loads of Texas cattle were received, which went direct to a packer. The better grades of cows and heifers sold about 10c higher. Canning cows sold largely at $1.50@2.20. Fat cows sold largely at $2.75@3.60; heifers largely at $2.75@4.00, and bulls mostly at $2.75@3.75. Veal calves were steady, selling largely at $4.75@6.00. Stockers and feeders ruled strong at $2.25@4.25.

HOGS—Trade was active and prices advanced 5@10c, with one fancy lot of 250-lb butchers to a shipper at 12½c higher than Saturday's top. Receipts were estimated early at 22,600, and later at 20,000, not including hogs direct to down-town packers. A week ago 24,960 arrived, and a year ago 34,571, so that today's run was comparatively small. Packers and shippers both bought freely, and comparatively few were unsold at 11 o'clock. The quality of the offerings was only fair, with big heavy packers scarcer than usual. There was a scarcity of choice 250@300-lb averages. One load averaging 250 lbs sold at $6.77½. Some 192-lb butchers sold at $6.50, with comparatively few if any weight above $6.35. The average price for the day was $6.09, with only a few common enough to go below $5.90. Pigs averaging 50@100 lbs sold largely at $5.00@5.40. Quotations follow:

Bulk of sales	$6.00@6.35
Selected butchers', 220@270 lbs	6.35@6.77½
Light bacon, 150@195 lbs	6.20@6.50
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs	6.15@6.35
Heavy shipping, 200@350 lbs	6.25@6.72½
Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs	5.90@6.15
Rough and coarse grades	5.75@5.90
Poor to choice pigs	4.80@5.85

SHEEP—Trade was active and prices generally ruled 10c higher. Lambs sold at $2.75@5.10, bulk $4.25@4.85. Native sheep sold at $2.00@4.00, bulk $3.35@3.75; Western range sheep, $3.00@3.75, bulk $3.35@3.75; Western lambs, $3.25@4.75, bulk $4.00@4.50. Feeding lambs sold at $3.90@4.10.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Beeves—Receipts, 5,637; good steers firm to 10c higher; common, slow; bulls and cows, steady to 10c lower; steers, $3.40@5.95; tops, $6.30; shipments tomorrow, 610 cattle, 1,503 sheep, and 4,860 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 2,214; market 25c to 50c higher; all sold; veals, $4.00@8.00; tops, $8.25@8.37½; grassers, $2.50@3.12½; tops, $3.25; Western, $3.65. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 18,406; sheep slow; lambs generally steady; some sales shade higher; sheep, $2.25@3.50; lambs, $4.00@5.25; tops, $5.30. Hogs—Receipts, 8,425; slow at $6.10@6.60.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, natives, 10,000; Texans, 4,500; calves, 1,000; corn-fed steers and feeders steady to 10c higher; other cattle steady; choice dressed beef and heavy native steers, $5.80@6.40; fair to good, $2.85@4.40; Western fed steers, $4.85@6.00; Western range steers, $3.25@5.00; Texans and Indians, $2.70@3.60; calves, $3.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; market 5@10c higher; top, $6.55; bulk of sales $6.15@6.45. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market strong; lambs, $3.75@4.85; Western wethers, $3.25@3.50; ewes, $2.50@3.40; feeders, $2.50@3.35.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 240 cars; about steady for best fat grades, dull and lower for common and medium grades; top steers, $5.75@6.00; fancy, quotable $6.15@6.25; fair to good, $4.50@5.70; prime fat heifers, $4.50@5.00; stockers, $2.25@3.50; feeders, $3.40@3.80; extra, $4.00; veals, $5.00@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 80 cars; stronger; top, heavy, $6.65@6.75; mixed, $6.40@6.50; pigs, $5.75@5.90. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 75 cars; good lambs firmer; tops, $4.85@5.00; mixed sheep, tops, $3.10@3.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,800, including 2,500 Texans; market steady to strong; native shipping and export steers, $5.00@6.55; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.50@5.80; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.75; cows and heifers, $2.35@4.65. Hogs—Receipts, 3,300; market 10c higher; pigs and light, $6.15@6.35; packers, $6.00@6.40; butchers, $6.45@6.75. Sheep—Receipts, 900; market strong; native muttons, $3.00@3.50; lambs, $4.20@5.00; culls and bucks, $1.50@2.25; stockers, $2.25.

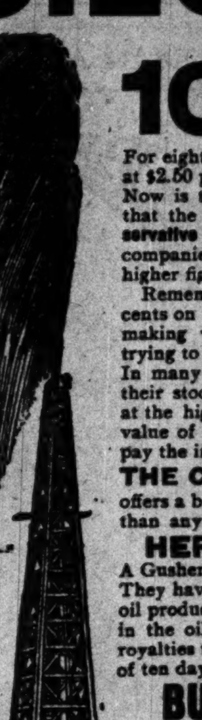
SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,500; market about steady; native beef steers, $4.50@6.25; Western steers, $3.70@5.20; Texas steers, $3.50@4.30; cows and heifers, 10@15c lower, $2.75@4.40; stockers and feeders, 10@15c lower, $2.50@4.10; calves, $3.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 2,800; market 5@10c higher; bulk of sales, $6.27½@6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 13,800; market 10@15c higher; fair wethers, $3.00@3.50; ewes, $2.75@3.10; lambs, $3.75@4.50.

THE CHICAGO-BEAUMONT OIL CO'S

OILSTOCK

WILL ADVANCE

100% Oct. 24



For eight days you can buy the stock (par value $10.00) at $2.50 per share. October 24th the price will be $5.00. Now is the time to buy, and buy quick. Remember that the Chicago Beaumont Company is the only conservative company offering stock at this figure. Other companies with equal prospects hold their stock at higher figures.

Remember, at $2.50 per share, this price is only 25 cents on the dollar. Don't confound the offer we are making with that of some wild-cat companies who are trying to unload stock at 5, 10, 15, or 25 cents a share. In many instances this is several times the par value of their stock, and being sold by irresponsible speculators at the highest figures obtainable without regard to the value of the property or the ability of the company to pay the investors.

THE CHICAGO-BEAUMONT OIL CO. offers a better opportunity for investors to make money than any other company in the State of Texas.

HERE ARE THE REASONS:

A Gusher is guaranteed on their Spindle Top property. They have contracted for the sinking of six guaranteed oil producing wells. They own over 600 acres of land in the oil belt. No assessments for stockholders. No royalties to pay. Stock will advance 100 per cent inside of ten days.

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$12.50 buys five shares, $25 buys ten shares, $250 buys 100 shares. A special discount of 5 per cent on all orders of 200 or more shares. Address

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E. C. TRACY, Secretary.
713 New York Life Bldg. CHICAGO, ILL.

The American Trust and Savings Bank
CHICAGO.

Condensed Comparative Statement of Condition September 30th.

RESOURCES.	1900.	1901.
Loans and Discounts	$6,339,579.71	$8,812,0[illegible]
Bonds	1,306,678.08	930,3[illegible]
Cash and Sight Exchange	5,954,374.55	6,607,0[illegible]
	$13,600,632.34	$16,350,35[illegible]
LIABILITIES.	**1900.**	**1901.**
Capital Stock Paid in	$1,000,000.00	$1,000,000[illegible]
Surplus Fund	200,000.00	300,000[illegible]
Undivided Profits	118,897.89	119,40[illegible]
Deposits	12,281,734.45	14,930,96[illegible]
	$13,600,632.34	$16,350,35[illegible]

GENERAL BANKING IN ALL BRANCHES.

OFFICERS:
EDWIN A. POTTER, President. G. B. SHAW, Vice Pres. JOY MORTON, Vice Pres.
J. R. CHAPMAN, Cashier. JOHN JAY ABBOTT, Assistant Cashier.
O. C. DECKER, Asst. Cashier. FRANK H. JONES, Secretary. W. P. KOPF, Asst. Sec'y.

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NEW YORK.
210 Chamber of Commerce
ST. LOUIS.

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(DECATUR, ILLINOIS.)
Denominations $500 & $1,000
Full particulars on application.
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(Established 1891.)
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Members Chicago Stock Exchange.

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164 DEARBORN-ST.

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A Good Investment.
An advertisement in The Tribune is a good investment.

STOCKS LOSE, THEN G...

IRREGULAR PRICE MOVEME... WALL STREET.

Dealings Almost Entirely Profe... and Fluctuations Clearly I... Manipulation in Certain Lines... ulative Element Much at Se... Future—Deal On in Northern ... but Traders Sell Because ... pointed Over Lack of Haste.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDE...

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—[Specia... movement of quotations in the sto... ket today was decidedly irregul... after a display of weakness ... trading the trend of prices was ... level, under the lead of St. Paul.

The dealings, however, were al... ly professional, and reflected no... developments but rather the ch... uncertain views of the operators ... who for the moment control ... In no other way can satisfacto... tion be advanced for the early ... 1¾ points in St. Paul, followed by ... recovery; for the 1½-point drop in ... mated Copper and its subsequent 2-... preciation; for the sharp drop of ... points in Missouri Pacific and its ... sharp recovery; and for point or mo... in such stocks as Union Pacific, ... Pacific, Manhattan, and Metrop... substantial recoveries toward t...

The truth is, if conservative testi... accepted, that the speculative ele... much at sea and seems to be unc... its position on either side of th... though unquestionably in the l... sentiment has much improved.

Progress is making toward adju... the Northern Pacific control, thou... by no means clear that the mat... rushed through with as much ... certain elements in the street ... sire. The selling of the marke... was because of the professed di... that no definite statement of ... forthcoming. Only when it w... that the selling had failed to dis... real stock did the pressure cease.

Later when a rather spirited de... the better kind of securities appea... ers hastily shifted their position a... "long" of the market. But this ... was no more significant than had ... selling, which was independent ... credited directly to Standard Oil ... and Vanderbilt brokers.

In this connection the revived ac... an advancing scale in the share... United States Steel corporation w... ure. The strength of St. Paul was c... a good omen, though the stories of ... in this property are without the lea... tion—this on the authority of lead... ests in the company.

One of the developments of the d... decline in the sterling exchange mar... the larger offerings of cotton bills. ... however, is still far from the g... point, and foreign bankers de... no reasonable basis at this time ... ing any material decline, so as to ... imports within the bounds of ce... duredly so as long as cotton bill...

London sent over lower prices ... ing here, and followed them by sal... 20,000 shares, principally in Atch... Southern Pacific. Western oper... more in evidence in the market ... time, being credited with not ... buying in St. Paul.

The only really active stoc... group today was Erie common, ... 1¼ points from the low figure ... what was said to be buying for ... Keene brokers. During the day th... district heard a story to the eff... transfer of the property to oth... is in contemplation, thus a repo... that it would not be surprising ... of the property eventually to b... Union Pacific.

One of the weakest stocks o... Missouri Pacific, which broke ... nearly 4 points on relatively fe... tions. Gould brokers were credited ... ing, though there was no news ... the decline. Toward the close ... stock rallied, the final figur... fractional net gain.

The buying which advanced ... Union Pacific—St. Paul, after ... cline, selling up 4 points from ... and closing with a net gain of 2¼, ... Pacific also was strong—was on th... evidence of report of a St. Paul-Uni... "deal." Interests connected ... properties denied that there was ... for the report, but the denials we... cepted as final. The street insist... event some important developme... ing in respect to Union Pacific.

A sudden demand for the sto... United States Steel corporation ... half hour of trading today was ... for the advances in those issues ... them up each a point from the l... of the day. The buying was sa... syndicate account, and it was ... predicated on the excellent ea... company and the statement ... Gary that the company has o... sufficient to keep all the mills ... several months. The trade, ... largely domestic and no effort is ... to push the foreign trade.

In the outside market America... less active than it has been for se... the transactions in the com... amounting only to 1,500 shares. ... sold between 19¾ and 20¼ and cl... bid. The preferred stock, which ... Saturday at 67 bid, rose to 69½ b... was effected. At this price abou... changed hands, and then the b... back to 69, where it stood at the c... ing a net gain of one point.

The directorate of the Teleg... phone and Cable company of Ame... recently passed into the control ... W. Morse, was reduced to thirte... today by the retirement of all but ... old board and the election of six ... ors. The board is now compose... W. Morse, J. E. McDonald, R. R... L. Edwards, J. T. Sproull, and Joh... and these old directors: James ... John D. Crimmins, Daniel O'D... Ames, General Samuel Thomas, ... man, and Francis M. Jencks. T... directors included H. E. Gawtr... Crocker, W. J. Latta, and Frank ... Work will be begun at once to c... independent long distance telepho... New York to Boston.

IN NEW YORK MONEY ...

General Tendency of Cash, Bo... road Stocks, and Other Sec... in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Effort... speculative interests to sustai... vance the stock market contin... dence today. They succeeded in ... the early weakness, but as the le... rose over that of Saturday, the... decreased and the advance los... It was not aggressive at any ti... restricted to a few stocks, nota... and the Pacifics. The closing wa... but at top prices for a number ...

There was a decrease in the ... railroad bonds and the moveme... was irregular. Total sales, ... $2,000,000.

Close—Money on call, steady, ... cent; prime mercantile paper, ... cent; sterling exchange steady, ... business in bankers' bills at 483... demand and at 483⅜@483⅞ for ... posted rates, 484½@485 and 487; ... bills, 483@483½.

Bar silver, 57⅝; Mexican d... government bonds steady; Stat... active; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE ... TIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.
American Sugar	12,100	118⅝	116[illegible]
Amn. Locomotive	2,200	26	25[illegible]
Do pfd	300	85⅛	84[illegible]
Amn. Cotton Oil	300	30½	30[illegible]
Amn. Express	500	190	188[illegible]
Amn. Smelting	4,000	43⅛	42[illegible]
Do pfd	500	97⅛	97[illegible]
Amn. Car Foundry	900	25⅝	25[illegible]
Do pfd	200	81	80[illegible]
American Ice	200	27⅛	27[illegible]
Atchison	20,800	78⅝	77[illegible]
Do pfd	2,600	96⅞	96[illegible]
Anaconda	2,200	36½	35[illegible]
Amalg. Copper	30,200	89½	87[illegible]
Ann Arbor Ry. pfd	100	52⅜	52[illegible]

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TOCK
L ADVANCE
0% Oct. 24
an buy the stock (par value $10.00) October 24th the price will be $5.00. buy, and buy quick. Remember eaumont Company is the only offering stock at this figure. Other ual prospects hold their stock at .50 per share, this price is only 25 Don't confound the offer we are of some wild-cat companies who are ck at 5, 10, 15, or 25 cents a share. this is several times the par value of ng sold by irresponsible speculators es obtainable without regard to the ty or the ability of the company to
O-BEAUMONT OIL CO.
rtunity for investors to make money pany in the State of Texas.
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teed on their Spindle Top property. ed for the sinking of six guaranteed They own over 600 acres of land o assessments for stockholders. No Stock will advance 100 per cent inside
W at the present price, and make a big profit on the stock. Here get in on the ground floor.
e shares, $25 buys ten shares, $250 s. A special discount of 5 per cent on 00 or more shares. Address
AUMONT OIL CO.,
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CHICAGO, ILL.

t and Savings Bank
AGO.
nt of Condition September 30th.
1900. $6,339,579.71 1,306,678.08 5,954,374.55 $13,600,632.34 — 1901. $8,812,986 930,350 6,607,022 $16,350,359
1900. $1,000,000.00 200,000.00 118,897.89 12,281,734.45 $13,600,632.34 — 1901. $1,000,000 300,000 119,405 14,930,953 $16,350,359
IN ALL BRANCHES.
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HAW, Vice Pres. JOY MORTON, Vice Pres. JOHN JAY ABBOTT, Assistant Cashier. JONES, Secretary. W. P. KOPF, Asst. Sec'y.

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210 Chamber of Commerce, ST. LOUIS.

5% First Mortgage Gold Bonds OF THE Decatur Traction & Electric Company. (DECATUR, ILLINOIS.)
Denominations $500 & $1,000
Full particulars on application.
Rudolph Kleybolte & Co. (Established 1891.)
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STOCKS LOSE, THEN GAIN.

IRREGULAR PRICE MOVEMENT IN WALL STREET.

Dealings Almost Entirely Professional and Fluctuations Clearly Indicate Manipulation in Certain Lines—Speculative Element Much at Sea as to Future—Deal On in Northern Pacific, but Traders Sell Because Disappointed Over Lack of Haste.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The movement of quotations in the stock market today was decidedly irregular, though after a display of weakness in the early trading the trend of prices was to a higher level, under the lead of St. Paul.

The dealings, however, were almost wholly professional, and reflected not any new developments but rather the changing and uncertain views of the operators and traders who for the moment control the market. In no other way can satisfactorily explanation be advanced for the early break of 1⅜ points in St. Paul, followed by a 4-point recovery; for the 1½-point drop in Amalgamated Copper and its subsequent 2-point appreciation; for the sharp drop of nearly 4 points in Missouri Pacific and its equally sharp recovery; and for point or more losses in such stocks as Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Manhattan, and Metropolitan, with substantial recoveries toward the close.

The truth is, if conservative testimony be accepted, that the speculative element is much at sea and seems to be uncertain of its position on either side of the market, though unquestionably in the last few days sentiment has much improved.

Progress is making toward adjustment of the Northern Pacific control, though it is by no means clear that the matter is being rushed through with as much expedition as certain elements in the street appear to desire. The selling of the market early today was because of the professed disappointment that no definite statement of progress was forthcoming. Only when it was disclosed that the selling had failed to dislodge any real stock did the pressure cease.

Later when a rather spirited demand for the better kind of securities appeared traders hastily shifted their position and went "long" of the market. But this buying was no more significant than had been the selling, which was independent buying, credited directly to Standard Oil, Morgan, and Vanderbilt brokers.

In this connection the revived activity on an advancing scale in the shares of the United States Steel corporation was a feature. The strength of St. Paul was considered a good omen, though the stories of a "deal" in this property are without the least foundation—this on the authority of leading interests in the company.

One of the developments of the day was a decline in the sterling exchange market under the larger offerings of cotton bills. Exchange however, is still far from the gold importing point, and foreign bankers declare there is no reasonable basis at this time for expecting any material decline, so as to bring gold imports within the bounds of certainty—assuredly so as long as cotton bills are held off.

London sent over lower prices at the opening here, and followed them by sales of about 20,000 shares, principally in Atchison and Southern Pacific. Western operators were more in evidence in the market than for some time, being credited with not a little of the buying in St. Paul.

The only really active stock in the coal group today was Erie common, which rallied 1¼ points from the low figure of the day on what was said to be buying for Morgan and Keene brokers. During the day the financial district heard a story to the effect that a transfer of the property to other interests is in contemplation, one report having it that it would not be surprising were control of the property eventually to be lodged with Union Pacific.

One of the weakest stocks on the list was Missouri Pacific, which broke at one time nearly 4 points on relatively few transactions. Gould brokers were credited with selling, though there was no news to explain the decline. Toward the close of the day the stock rallied, the final figure showing a fractional net gain.

The buying which advanced St. Paul and Union Pacific—St. Paul, after an early decline, selling up 4 points from the low figure and closing with a net gain of 2¼, while Union Pacific also was strong—was on the persistence of report of a St. Paul-Union Pacific "deal." Interests connected with both properties denied that there was any basis for the report, but the denials were not accepted as final. The street insists that in any event some important developments are pending in respect to Union Pacific.

A sudden demand for the stocks of the United States Steel corporation in the last half hour of trading today was responsible for the advances in those issues, carrying them up each a point from the low figures of the day. The buying was said to be for syndicate account, and it was declared was predicated on the excellent earnings of the company and the statement of Chairman Gary that the company has orders on hand sufficient to keep all the mills running for several months. The trade, it is said, is largely domestic and no effort is being made to push the foreign trade.

In the outside market American Can was less active than it has been for several days, the transactions in the common stock amounting only to 1,500 shares. This issue sold between 19⅝ and 20¼ and closed at 19⅞ bid. The preferred stock, which closed on Saturday at 67 bid, rose to 69½ before a sale was effected. At this price about 400 shares changed hands, and then the bid dropped back to 69, where it stood at the close, showing a net gain of one point.

The directorate of the Telegraph, Telephone and Cable company of America, which recently passed into the control of Charles W. Morse, was reduced to thirteen members today by the retirement of all but seven of the old board and the election of six new directors. The board is now composed of Charles W. Morse, J. E. McDonald, R. R. Moore, R. L. Edwards, J. T. Sproull, and John T. Morse, and these old directors: James M. Thomas, John D. Crimmins, Daniel O'Day, Oakes Ames, General Samuel Thomas, E. R. Chapman, and Francis M. Jencks. The retiring directors included H. E. Gawtry, George Crocker, W. J. Latta, and Frank Tilford.

Work will be begun at once to complete the independent long distance telephone line from New York to Boston.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Efforts by large speculative interests to sustain and advance the stock market continued in evidence today. They succeeded in overcoming the early weakness, but as the level of price rose over that of Saturday, their following decreased and the advance lost its force. It was not aggressive at any time and was restricted to a few stocks, notably St. Paul and the Pacifics. The closing was unsteady, but at top prices for a number of stocks.

There was a decrease in the demand for railroad bonds and the movement of prices was irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,000,000.

Close—Money on call, steady, at 3@3½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485⅝@485¾ for demand and at 483⅜@483½ for sixty days; posted rates, 484½@485 and 487; commercial bills, 483@483½.

Bar silver, 57⅝; Mexican dollars, 45¼; government bonds steady; State bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Oct.14	Closing Oct.12
American Sugar	12,100	118¾	116⅞	118¼	118
Amn. Locomotive	2,200	26	25¾	25¾	26
Do pfd	300	85½	84¾	84¾	....
Amn. Cotton Oil	300	30½	30¼	30¼	....
Amn. Express	500	190	188	188	....
Amn. Smelting	4,000	43⅛	42⅜	43¾	44
Do pfd	500	97½	97	97⅜	98
Amn. Car Foundry	900	25¾	25¼	25¼	25½
Do pfd	200	81	80½	80½	....
American Ice	200	27½	27	27	27½
Atchison	20,300	78¾	77⅝	78¼	78¾
Do pfd	2,000	96⅞	96½	96⅞	97
Anaconda	2,200	36½	35¾	36¼	36¼
Amalg. Copper	30,200	89⅛	87⅝	88⅜	88¾
Ann Arbor Ry. pfd	100	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	....
Bkln. Rap. Trans.	22,800	60¼	58½	60⅜	60
Balto. and Ohio	1,100	101⅞	101¼	101¾	100¼
B. R. and P. pfd	100	125	125	125	....
Chi. and Alton	1,000	37⅜	36⅜	37	37½
Do pfd	400	77¼	77	77¼	....
C., M. and St. P.	81,300	166⅞	162⅞	166⅝	164½
Do pfd	200	187½	187	187	188¼
Canada Southern	100	82⅝	82½	82½	83½
C., R. I. & Pac.	1,200	142	141¼	141⅞	142½
Chicago Terminal	800	21	20½	20⅞	21
Do pfd	100	38⅝	38⅝	38⅞	39
Ches. & Ohio	400	45½	45	45½	45⅝
Cent. R. R., N. J.	100	162	162	162	....
Canadian Pacific	900	111	110¼	110¼	110½
C., C., C. & St. L.	100	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97½
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	2,300	218	215½	217½	217
Colo. & Southern	1,100	13¾	13½	13½	13¾
Do 1st pfd	200	54½	54⅜	54⅜	54½
Do 2d pfd	200	24½	24	24	24½
C. I. & L.	1,100	41⅞	41	41⅞	41½
Colo. Fuel & Iron	400	93	92⅝	93	92⅝
Chi. Gt. Western	1,000	22½	22	22½	22½
Do pfd A	200	86	85¼	85¼	....
Cont. Tobacco pfd	200	115½	115½	115½	....
Del. & Hudson	200	165	165	165	166
Den. & Rio Grande	200	45¼	45	45	45¼
D. M. & Ft. Dodge	3,800	42¾	41	41⅞	41⅝
Dist. of America	400	7	6⅞	7	7
D. S. S. & A pfd	100	21	21	21	21¼
Diamond Match	100	130	130	130	132
Erie	17,400	41⅞	40⅝	41⅞	41¼
Do 1st pfd	1,500	70⅝	69¾	70⅝	69⅝
General Electric	700	257½	255	256½	255
Glucose	600	46⅝	46	46⅜	46¼
Do pfd	100	101	101	101	....
Gt. Northern pfd	1,000	192	191	192	193
Hocking Valley	200	53	53	53	53½
Do pfd	100	74½	74½	74½	....
Internat. Pump	300	47	47	47	47
Do pfd	50	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	88
Ill. Central	500	145¼	145	145½	146¼
Internat. Power	300	89½	89½	89½	89½
Iowa Central	1,400	40¾	40	40	40¼
Do pfd	200	78⅜	78	78⅜	78
Internat. Paper	1,200	23¼	22	22⅜	23¼
K. & D. M.	200	16½	16½	16½	16½
Louisv. & Nash	2,000	104	102⅞	104	103
L. E. & W.	2,100	71⅛	70¼	71	71⅛
Manhattan Beach	100	9	9	9	8
M. St. P. & S.S.M.	300	27	27	27	27½
Do pfd	500	78	77⅞	78	78½
Manhattan	3,300	120	116⅜	120	119⅝
M. K. & T.	300	26⅜	26¼	26⅜	26⅝
Do pfd	200	52	52	52	52⅜
Met. St. Ry.	7,400	157	155⅜	156⅞	155½
Mex. Cent. [Ltd.]	1,300	23⅜	22⅞	23⅛	23⅛
Missouri Pacific	24,300	96⅛	93⅛	96⅜	95⅜
Mexican National	12,200	15⅛	14⅝	15⅛	15⅛
Minn. & St. Louis	600	105⅛	104½	104½	....
Do pfd	200	117	117	117	117
Nor. Pacific pfd	100	98	98	98	....
National Salt	100	32½	32½	32½	33
Do pfd	100	64	64	64	63⅝
N. Y. Central	3,400	156⅜	155⅜	156⅜	156⅜
Norfolk & W.	5,000	55⅝	55⅛	55⅝	55⅝
North Amn. Co.	100	98	98	98	97
N. Y., Ont. & W.	1,400	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33¼
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	2,900	51⅞	49⅛	50⅜	50½
Do 2d pfd	500	91⅛	90⅜	90⅜	91⅛
Peo. & Eastern	100	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	....
People's Gas	4,300	106⅛	105	106	105½
Penna. R. R.	7,000	145⅜	144⅞	145⅜	145⅛
Pacific Mail	1,300	44½	43⅞	44½	43⅞
Pullman	200	218	217½	218	....
Pressed Steel Car	400	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜	39½
Do pfd	50	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	....
*Pac. Coast 2d pfd	100	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	....
Quicksilver	1,700	4½	4	4½	4
Do pfd	1,300	11½	10	11½	....
Reading	3,500	40⅞	40¼	40⅜	40¼
Do 1st pfd	400	76⅝	76¼	76⅝	76½
Reading 2d pfd	6,200	52	51⅛	52	51⅞
Rubber Goods	1,300	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅜
Do pfd	100	75	75	75	....
Rep. Iron & Steel	1,000	15⅛	15	15⅛	15
Do pfd	600	66¼	65⅛	66¼	66
Southern Ry.	6,800	33	32⅝	33	32⅝
Do pfd	800	86	85⅛	85⅜	86⅛
Southern Pacific	79,500	60¼	58⅝	60⅛	59⅝
St. L. S. W. pfd	200	58	57⅛	57⅛	57⅜
St. L. & San Fran.	600	42½	42	42½	42⅛
Do 2d pfd	700	67	66⅜	67	67⅛
St. Law. & Adair.	3,000	122¼	121⅛	121⅛	121⅞
Texas Pacific	1,600	40¼	39¼	40⅛	40¼
Texas Land	200	36¼	36⅛	36⅛	....
T. St. L. & W.	200	21	20¼	21	....
Tenn. Coal & I.	2,000	61½	59⅞	61⅛	60¼
Union Pacific	4,300	99⅛	97⅛	98⅜	99
Do pfd	1,100	88⅜	87⅝	88⅜	88¼
U. S. Rubber	200	15⅛	15	15	15
U. S. Leather	1,200	12	12	12	12¼
Do pfd	1,000	80⅜	80½	80⅜	80½
U. S. Steel	18,800	43⅜	42⅜	43⅜	43⅛
Do pfd	19,100	94⅞	93⅞	94⅞	94
U. S. Express	100	90	90	90	....
Va. Car Chem	100	59¼	59¼	59¼	....
Wheeling & L. E.	100	18	18	18	18
Wabash	2,600	20⅜	19⅞	20⅛	20
Do pfd	6,000	38⅞	37	37⅞	36⅞
Wis. Central	400	21½	21	21½	21⅛
Do pfd	100	41	41	41	41⅛
Western Union	200	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	91½

*Ex div.
Total sales, 518,200 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	180	United States	88
American	188	Fargo	160

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg	109	U. S. new 4s, coup	139
U. S. ref 2s, coup	109	U. S. old 4s, reg	112
U. S. 3s reg	107¼	U. S. old 4s coup	112
U. S. 3s, coup	108	U. S. 5s, reg	107¼
U. S. new 4s, reg	139	U. S. 5s, coup	107¼

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS, 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

63000 Atch gen 4s 103¼	3000 L-W B 4½s 103
6000 do adjmt 97¼	8000 Met St Ry 5s 118⅜@119
8000 Adams Ex 4s 103½@104	25000 Mex Nat inc B 34¼
10000 B W-W 1st 74	1000 Mex Cent 4s 84⅜
7000 B-O 3½s 95⅝@½	10000 do 1st inc 31
11000 do 4s 102	10000 M-StL con 5s 121
20000 do conv 105⅜@106	11000 M K-T 1st 4s 98⅛@⅞
4000 B-O S W 3½s 89½	61000 do 2d 80⅞@81
32000 Brklyn El 1st 100¼@⅜	10000 Mo P 5s 1917 106½
10000 C-E 5s 123	30000 Mohwk-M inc 107½
40000 do con 6s 135	63000 N Pac 3s 72¼@⅜
9000 C Pac 3½s 86⅝@87	14000 do 4s 104¼@⅜
5000 do 4s 101⅛@⅛	3000 N Y C M C 94½
1000 C Ga 1st inc 73	16000 N Y O-W 4s 102⅜@103
2000 C N J g m 5s 130⅜	10000 N-W con 4s 102⅞@¼
3000 C-O gen 4½s 106⅛	17000 N Y C 3½s 109
3000 do con 5s 121¼	21000 N C-St L 5s 128
59000 C B-Q joint 97⅛@98	5000 Nor Ill 1st 110⅞
7000 do reg 96¼@97⅛	5000 Norf So 5s 92
35000 C M-St P C-M R 5s 119⅞	1000 Pac Coast 1st 109½
5000 do g m 4s S A 110¼	4000 Penna 4½s 113⅛
3000 do Lac-D 5s 117½	41000 P-E 4s 98
3000 C R I-P 4s 106⅛@⅜	1000 Rdg gen 4s 96
5000 C F I 5s 102¼	2000 R-D deb 110
10000 Chi Term 4s 94	23000 St L S W 1st 98¼@⅝
53000 Col Mid 3-4s 80@¼	2000 do 2d 78@⅛
13000 Colo So 4s 87⅛@⅜	4000 St P M-M cons 139¼
72000 Cons Tob 4s 64⅛@65	3000 do Dak ex 117⅞
85000 Erie Penn col 4s 93⅝@94	4000 S A-A P 4s 86
14000 Erie gen lien 4s 87@⅛	29000 So Ry 5s 117⅝@118
4000 Eq GasChi 6s 104	3000 S C-Ga 1st 108¼
2000 G H-S A M-P 5s 107⅛	1000 St J-G I 1st 94
20000 I-Grt Noth 2d 100@⅛	26000 So P 4s 92⅝@¾
28000 Ill C 4s 1952 104⅛	5000 do reg 89
1000 Kings Co E Light 6s 124	5000 S-N E 102¼
1000 K C S 3s 66¼	3000 Texas 5s 119⅝
2000 Lac Gas 5s 109	1000 do 2d 95⅝
1000 L E-W 1st 5s 121	23000 U P 4s 105⅛@⅜
16000 Man con 4s 102⅜@103	620000 do conv 106⅛@107
	1000 WabDet-C 5s 111
	140000 do deb B 58@59
	31000 W E con 4s 90@¼
	1000 WU fund 4½s 108¼
	51000 Wis C 4s 88¼@⅛
	5000 W S gtd 4s 112⅜

Total sales, $1,040,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Prices of the copper shares pursued a somewhat irregular course today, although the undertone of the market was fairly strong. Early loaning rates indicated an increase in the short interest and easier money.

The market was of quite a pronounced professional character. New York showed a disposition to sell stocks, a good many of the sales of Amalgamated coming from Wall street. Amalgamated acted rather feverishly, the range of fluctuations being about 2 per cent, with the low point at 87⅛ and the high point 89.

Call loans, 3½@4 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4¼@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Clearing-house loans, 3 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	1,200	78	78⅜	78	78⅜
Do pfd	300	96	96⅞	96	96⅞
Amn. Sugar	2,000	117	118⅜	116⅞	117⅞
Arcadian	800	8½	8½	8	8
Atlantic	1,500	40	41½	38	38
Allouez	1,000	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Adventure	500	25	25½	24⅜	25
Amal. Copper	5,000	88½	89	87¼	88⅜
Anaconda	200	46	46½	46	46½
Arnold	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
Bingham	500	31	32	31	31½
Baltic	200	46½	46½	46¼	46½
British Col	200	12½	13½	12½	13½
Centennial	400	21½	21½	20⅝	21½
Cochiti	100	4	4	4	4
Copper Range	500	62	62	61¼	61¼
Calumet	25	680	680	675	675
Dom. Coal	2,500	46	49⅜	46	49½
Erie Tel	200	40	42	40	41
Isle Royal	100	27½	27½	27½	27½
Mass Elec	100	36	36	36	36
Do pfd	50	92	92	92	92
Michigan	500	15	15	14⅞	15¼
Mohawk	700	45½	45½	45	45½
Mayflower	1,200	5⅛	5½	5	5⅜
Mass. Mining	1,600	27	28⅞	27	28⅜
N. Eng. Coke	50	5½	5½	5½	5½
National	400	2½	3	2½	3
Old Colony	700	5	5¼	5	5¼
Old Dom	300	28⅜	28⅜	28¼	28¼
Osceola	1,000	102¼	103	101⅛	103
Phoenix	200	6½	6½	6½	6½
Pullman	50	217	217	217	217
Parrot	400	40½	40½	40½	40½
Santa Fe	50	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Quincy	40	165	170	165	170
Trinity	200	27	27¼	27	27
Tri-Mountain	300	44	44	42½	42½
Tamarack	25	300	310	300	310
United Fruit	100	86½	86½	86	86
Un. Pac	2,000	98⅛	99	97⅞	98⅜
Do pfd	150	88⅛	88⅛	....	....
U. S. Mining	100	17	....	....	....
Utah	100	24⅜	24⅜	24½	....
Un. Shoe Mchy	100	41½	41½	41½	41½
Victoria	1,500	8½	8⅞	8½	8⅝
Wis. Cent	300	21½	21½	21½	21½
Winona	100	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
Wolverine	300	61	62	61	61¼

BONDS.

$5000 C-N W 5s 108	$10000 Atch adj 97½
2000 Atch 4s 102¼	1000 D G R-W 4s 100

Stock Commission Man Bankrupt.

William A. Sansom, a commission merchant at the Stock-Yards, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday. His debts are placed at $149,800 and his assets at $3,300. Petitioner's present business is said to be unaffected. The debts are old, having been contracted when Mr. Sansom was in the cattle business in Texas some years ago. Another petitioner was Henry V. Lucas, a ticket agent living at the Lexington Hotel. His debts are placed at $40,000, without assets.

Damage for Deputy Nye's Death.

A jury in Judge Burke's court has awarded $5,000 damages for the death of Frank Nye, a Deputy Sheriff, who was killed two years ago while serving a writ of ejectment on Mrs. Crosby in Lake View. Nye's widow, to whom the money will go, is head janitress of the County Building. When Nye served the writ Mrs. Crosby is said to have told her son, 10 years old, to shoot the Sheriff. The boy fired a fatal shot.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South—Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Flour—Receipts, 24,808 brls; exports, 6,090 brls. Firm and held 5c higher, with only a small trade.

Wheat—Receipts, 222,450 bu; exports, 160,429 bu. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 77¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 75½c elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 77½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Duluth, 82c f. o. b. afloat. Options were generally firm all day. They finally yielded to realizing and closed unsettled at ⅛@¼c advance; May, 79⅛@79½c, closed 79⅜c; October closed 74⅝c; December, 76 5-16@76⅜c, closed 76⅜c.

Corn—Receipts, 176,900 bu; exports, 43,113 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 61¼c elevator and 62c f. o. b. afloat. Option market opened firm, but declined. Closed weak, ⅛@⅜c net decline; May, 62¼@62½c, closed 62¼c; October, 61¼c, closed 61¼c; December, 61 9-16@62c, closed 61⅝c.

Oats—Receipts, 164,200 bu; exports, 19,454 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 38⅝c; No. 3, 38¼c; No. 2 white, 41¼@42c; No. 3 white, 41c; track mixed Western, 38½@40c; track white, 40@47c. Options slow and steady.

Cotton seed oil—Steady.

Eggs—Receipts, 9,472 pkgs.; steady; State and Pennsylvania, 21¼@22c; Western candled, 21½c; Western uncandled, 16@21c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 5-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅜c; molasses sugar, 3c; refined steady; crushed, 5.60c; powdered, 5.20c; granulated, 5.10c.

Heavy Trading in Cotton.

Cotton futures opened quiet and firm, with prices 7 to 11 points higher, and continued to improve during the next 15 minutes on active general buying, led by the bears.

Crop damage accounts, smaller offerings of spot cotton throughout the South, and good accounts from spinning centers kept the local market firm all the late forenoon and during the afternoon.

The close was steady, with prices net 7 to 10 points higher. Total sales were estimated at 250,000 bales, probably the largest single day's business thus far this season.

Spot closed steady, 1-16c higher. Middling uplands, 8 9-16c; middling gulf, 8 13-16c. Sales, 358 bales. Futures closed steady. October, 8.20c; November, 8.18c; December, 8.23c; January, 8.20c; February, 8.18c; March, 8.14c; April, 8.12c; May, 8.12c.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 14.—Close—Wheat higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 71c; track, 72½@73½c; December, 72@72¼c; May, 75⅜c; No. 2 hard, 69⅛c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 57c; track, 58¼@58½c; December, 57½c; May, 59⅝c. Oats—Lower; No. 2, cash, 37c; track, 37¼@37⅝c; December, 37c; May, 38⅛c; No. 2 white, 38⅝@39c. Lead—Dull; $4.27½@4.30. Spelter—Firm; $4.07½. Wool—Slow and easy; medium grades, 12½@17c; light fine, 12@14½c; heavy fine, 9½@11½c; tub washed, 20@24c. Flour—Quiet but firm; red winter patents, $3.40@3.55; extra fancy and straight, $3.00@3.15; clear, $2.65@2.90. Receipts—Flour, 10,000 brls; wheat, 45,000 bu; corn, 98,000 bu; oats, 83,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 10,000 brls; wheat, 27,000 bu; corn, 36,000 bu; oats, 23,000 bu.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Close—Wheat—December, 66½@66⅝c; May, 70⅜@70½c; cash, No. 2 hard, 66c; No. 3, 65¼c; No. 2 red, 70½c. Corn—December, 58⅛@58¼c; May, 58⅝c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 58@58⅛c; No. 2 white, 59c; No. 3, 58@58½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 38@38½c. Receipts, 77,800 bu; corn, 83,200 bu; oats, 53,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 42,400 bu; corn, 40,000 bu; oats, 7,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 14.—Wheat traders were surprised this morning to find an advance in Liverpool. Our market responded at once, December opening ⅜@½c higher, at 67⅝c. May closed 70⅛c; December 67⅝c. Cash—No. 1 hard, 70⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 68⅜c; to arrive, 65¼c; No. 3, 63½c. Flour—First patents, $3.65@3.75; second patents, $3.50@3.60; first clears, $2.75@2.85; second clears, $2.15.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 14.—Close—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 71⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 68⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 66½c; No. 3 spring, 63⅝c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 71⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 68⅝c; October, 68⅝c; December, 68⅜c; May, 72c. Corn—56c. Oats—35¼@35¼c. Flax—Cash, $1.43½; to arrive, $1.43; October, $1.42½; November, $1.33½; December, $1.36; May, $1.34. Receipts—Wheat, 116,745 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 217,565 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 14—Flour—Firm. Wheat—Firmer; close, No. 1 Northern, 70¼@70⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 69@69⅜c; December, 70⅛c. Puts, 70¼c; calls, 71c. Corn—December, 56⅛c. Puts, 56⅛c; calls, 56⅝c. Oats—Steady. No. 2 white, 37⅜@38c.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 14.—Wheat—Moderately active, higher. Cash, 73¼c; December, 74¼c; May, 77c. Cloverseed—Dull, firm. Cash, prime, $5.25; October and December, $5.22½; March, $5.30.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 14.—Corn—Firm; No. 3, 57c. Whisky—$1.30 for finished goods.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 14.—Grain—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red, Western winter, firm, 5s 7d; No. 1 Northern spring, steady, 5s 7½d; No. 1 California, quiet, 5s 9d; futures steady; December, 5s 7⅜d; March, 5s 9d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 10⅜d; futures quiet; October, 4s 10⅜d; November, 4s 11d; December, 4s 11¼d.

Provisions—Beef—Extra India mess, firm, 74s 6d. Lard—American refined, in pails, steady, 48s; prime Western, in tierces, steady, 48s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut, steady, 49s; short ribs, quiet, 49s; long clear, middling and light, quiet, 48s 6d; long clears, middle and heavy quiet, 48s. Shoulders—Square, quiet, 36s 6d. Tallow—Prime city, quiet, 29s; Australian, in London, firm, 30s 9d. Hops—At London (Pacific coast), firm, £3 10s@£4.

Cotton—Spot, fair demand; prices 1-16@3-32d higher; American middling, fair, 5 11-32d; good middling, 5 5-32d; middling, 5s; low middling, 4⅞d; good ordinary, 4 23-32d; ordinary, 4 7-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 7,200 American. Receipts, 2,000 bales; no American. Futures opened quiet and closed barely steady.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Oct. 14.—Credit balances, $1.30; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 124,307 brls; average, 95,829 brls; runs, 90,060 brls; average, 78,330 brls.

INVENT STREET CAR SWITCH.

Rockford Men Perfect a Device by Which Motormen May Move the Rail from the Platform.

Rockford, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—C. E. Jackson and Charles Bunker of this city have invented a device to switch a trolley car without stopping the car and prying over the switch with a car hook. The switching machinery is attached to the car and the motorman with his foot moves the switch rail into position. One of the cars of the Rockford street railway company is being equipped with the invention, and if it prove successful all the cars will be thus equipped.

FRED L. RICE FORFEITS BOND.

Man Found Guilty of Ticket Forgery Missing—Four Sureties in Total Sum of $10,000.

Fred L. Rice, a Clark street ticket broker, who, with Jacob Wolf, an engraver, was convicted of the forgery of railway tickets and sentenced to the penitentiary, failed to appear in court yesterday morning when a motion for a new trial was called and bonds in the sum of $10,000 were forfeited. The sureties are: Michael McNamara and Fred A. Leslie, on $7,000 bond; Abraham Beamish and John E. Dunne, on two $1,500 bonds.

LOT IN STATE STREET SOLD.

Land and Building Near Harrison Transferred for $60,000—Other Deals in Real Estate.

The estate of James Sinclair and others have conveyed to James H. Lomax the premises 366 South State street, 25x100 feet, for $60,000. The lot contains a four-story building. The valuation by the Board of Review in 1899 was $59,050. Mr. Lomax then conveyed the property to Richard W. Clifford, in trust, to secure a loan of $25,000, running five years, at 4½ per cent.

Thomas Barrett and others have sold to Ruth J. Swayne the southwest corner of Armitage and Kedzie avenues, 49x150 feet, north front, improved with a three-story flat building, for $20,000.

Charles J. Schmidt has taken title by Master's certificate from James E. McGill and others to the premises 821 West Adams street, 34x96 feet, for $11,000.

The Nazareth Academy has given a trust deed to the Chicago Title and Trust company for $20,000, running five years, at 6 per cent, on the southeast corner of North California and Warsaw avenues, 109x120 feet.

The Chicago Mercantile company, wholesale milliners, has closed a lease on a downtown building, the location of which is withheld for the present, for ten years, at an annual rental of $25,000.

The recent purchase of the Washington Hotel property at the northeast corner of Madison and Canal streets, is to be followed by the removal of the present building and the erection of a block to be devoted to stores and light manufacturing, to cost $35,000.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Again Honor Judge Wood's Memory.

Again the late Judge William A. Woods of Indianapolis was honored in the federal courts, when members of the Chicago Bar and Patent Law associations yesterday attended in a body to listen to Attorney Lewis L. Coburn present a memorial. This was done in the United States Circuit Court before Judge Kohlsaat. The memorials were ordered spread on the records of the court.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Gary—206731—Charles N. Holden vs. J. Wallace Waken and George D. McLaughlin; on ver., $2,308.32; satisfied.—215088—James Marshall vs. Charles L. Anderson; on ver., $100.

Judge Holdom—197867—Thomas Perkins vs. Swift & Co.; on findg., $2,300; satisfied.

Judge Brentano—1203—Cicero Lumber Co. vs. William A. and Mathilda Amerson; on findg., $200; satisfied.

Judge Tuthill—217974—C. M. Wesner vs. R. D. Thomas; on findg., $35; satisfied.

Judge Horton—217412—Theodore Fisher vs. William J. Boland; by deflt., $362.77.

Judge Baker—48—N. B. Boyden, use, etc., vs. S. Dexter and Martha J. Ludden; on findg., debt, $1,000, and das., $550; satisfied.—208006—Emma E. Wilson vs. A. V. Martin; mo. n. t. withdrawn and judt., $8.

Judge Clifford—204326—M. J. McMahon vs. Trust and True Co.; mo. n. t. overrid. and judt., $22 vs. plff. on set off.

Judge Wheatley—County Court—17966—W. J. Seavey vs. Conrad Wolf; mo. n. t. overrid. and judt., $25.90; appl.

Decrees.

Judge Stein—214995—Madlung vs. Jackson; dec. sale.—203698—Havemeyer vs. Bietsch; dec.—214738—Finch vs. Parish; dec.

Judge Brown—8213—Stephen vs. Feldman; def. dec.

Judge Tuley—8075—Henkel vs. O'Donnell; dec. sale.

Judge Burke—149—Burt vs. Cassna; dec. sale.—7355—Frantz vs. Hannorman; dec. sale.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

6537—Patrick J. Hoy—Liabilities, $2,300; no assets. D. S. Wentworth, atty.

6538—John P. Hamann—Liabilities, $21,000; no assets. Henry Utpatel, atty.

6539—Dennis Dwyer—Liabilities, $1,100; no assets. W. H. Rush, atty.

6540—Harry F. Moulton—Liabilities, $1,100; no assets. G. A. Chritton, atty.

6541—Henry V. Lucas—Liabilities, $40,000; no assets. T. S. & F. J. Hogan, attys.

6542—Isaac Ansong—Liabilities, $1,200; no assets. L. H. Mitobell, atty.

6543—John J. Walcott—Liabilities, $1,500; no assets. H. W. Wells, atty.

6544—William A. Sansom—Liabilities, $149,800; assets, $3,300. C. R. Abbey, atty.

6545—Edward Johnson—Liabilities, $16,200; assets, $1,500. W. P. Thornton, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Holdom—Trial call, 2677, 929, 2781, 2784, 2787, 2842, 2028, 2980, 2981, 3038, 3041, 3770. On trial, 1982.

Judge Tuley—Trial call, 7867, 6750, 9011, 8229, 2041. On hearing, 7491.

Judge Brentano—Trial call, 2307, 2376, 2381, 2383, 2389, 2390, 2391. On trial, 2306.

Judge Hanecy—Trial call, 9645, 9835, 9914, 9920, 9930, 9973, 10046, 10055, 10088, 10092, 10098, 10214, 10245, 9261, 8554. On trial, 10053.

Judge Stein—Trial call, 1554, 1484, 298, 1434, 428, 352.

Judge Chytraus—On trial, 290.

Judge Tuthill—Trial call, 6400, 5657, 5775, 5865, 5919, 5929, 5976, 5983, 6013, 6028, 6041, 6073, 6124, 6158, 5092, 5145, 4005, Bournique vs. Shaw, 3389, and set motions.

Judge Hutchinson—Trial call, 3005, 3006, 3488, 3486, 3614, 195, 8058, 7044, 4072, 3685.

Judge Horton—First call, 201 to 300 inclusive. Trial call, 1890, 1900, 1901, 1973, 1982, 1988, 1993, 2003, 2013, 2017, 2083, 2088, 2120, 2156, 2173, 2262, 2275, 2282, 2283, 2310.

Judge Neely—On trial, 3393.

Judge Clifford—Trial call, 8054, 7284, 8504.

Judge Burke—Trial call, 6653, 6730, 6812, 6904, 5475, 6341, 218621, 4402, 6513. On trial, 6410. Motion new trial and contested motions.

Judge Baker—Trial call, 3437, 11840, 16691.

Judge Bishop—Trial call, 4620, 5081, 5101, 5710, 5130, 5218, 5235, 5251, 5327, 736, 5245, 4628, 3539. On trial, call, 4308.

Judge Gary—Trial call, 3670, 4019, 4086, 4131, 4132, 4142, 3176, 3714, 4193. On trial, 4010.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call, 855, 214405, 2137. On hearing, 210620.

Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course.

Judge Hodson—County Court—All undisposed of city special assessment cases on calendar No. 8d.

Judge Ball—Criminal Court—1329, 1290, 1291, 1293, 1335, 1344, 1345, 1258, 1269, 1351, 1305, 1460.

Judge Dunne—Criminal Court—1357, 1352, 1392, 1425, 1021, 1280, 1568, 1581, 1587.

Judge Smith—Criminal Court—1524, 1640, 786, 1203, 1448, 1413.

Judge Kavanagh—Criminal Court—Call not extended.

Judge Cutting—Probate Court—10:30 a. m., estates of F. C. Kimball, Elsa Thompson Hubbell, Charles W. King, Antonio Gramamore. 2:15 p. m., Allan B. Clayton, Guy C. McDonald, Patrick Kenney, Edward Palmer, Anton Saneter.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals—Judges Jenkins, Grosscup, and Bunn—809 and 735.

United States Circuit Court—Judge Kohlsaat—25688.

United States District Court—Judge Kohlsaat—Motions of course.

Illinois Supreme Court.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Proceedings in the Supreme Court today were as follows:

Wells vs. Rogers; time to file Appellate Court briefs extended ten days.

McChesney vs. People; time to file Appellate Court briefs extended ten days and motion to strike bill of exceptions from files [two cases].

Thompson vs. Chicago; same order and motion.

Gage vs. Chicago [two cases]; same order and motion.

Young vs. People; same order.

Nix vs. Brown; leave to file supplemental record.

Mahon vs. Mooney; leave to file index; motion to dismiss.

People vs. Keemer; leave to file additional record.

Canahan vs. Ball; time to file briefs extended to Oct. 21.

Aiders vs. Sessler; rehearing allowed.

Coles County vs. Messer; rehearing allowed.

Hubbard vs. People; certiorari ordered and cause continued.

Bradley vs. Lightcap; dismissed.

Palmer vs. Riddle; motion to tax cost of abstract.

Schaeppi vs. Glade; executor of Bartholomay made party.

People vs. O'Brien; motion for leave to file information.

Gaines vs. Heator; dismissed.

Chicago Sash, Door and Blind Company vs. Haven; motion for leave to file Appellate Court briefs.

Bihl vs. Jones; dismissed.

Surine vs. Winterbotham; dismissed.

The following cases were taken on call:

Frost vs. People.
Young vs. People.
Morrison vs. People.
Featherstone vs. People.
Healey vs. People.
Matthews vs. Granger.
Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company vs. People [two].
Reed vs. Jennings.
Crumley vs. Warden.
Heidmeir vs. Cobbs.
Phillips vs. Town of Scale Mounds.
Maher vs. Title Guarantee and Trust Company.
Dean vs. Plane.
Romberg vs. McCormick.
Renner vs. Kannally.
Victor vs. Swisky.
Beebe vs. Smith.
McSorley vs. Schroder.
McDonald vs. Danany.
Daniels vs. Belvidere Cemetery Association.
Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company vs. People.

Court adjourned to 9 a. m. tomorrow.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Supreme Court of the United States, Monday, Oct. 14, 1901. The court met pursuant to law. Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Brown, Mr. Justice Shiras, Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Peckham, and Mr. Justice McKenna.

The Chief Justice announced that all motions noticed for today would be heard tomorrow, and that the court would commence the call of the docket tomorrow pursuant to the twenty-sixth rule.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock. The day call for Tuesday, Oct. 15, will be as follows: 2, 5, 6, 8, 9 [and 293], 11, 14, 17, 20, and 23.

Iowa Supreme Court.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Iowa Supreme Court today handed down the following decisions:

W. H. Cole, appellant, vs. The Charles City National Bank, Floyd District, Clifford C. Smith, Judge; reversed, Waterman, Judge.

George Reed vs. W. H. Carrigan, appellant, Monona District, William Hutchinson, Judge; affirmed, Given, C. J.

Chiaretta Brooks, appellant, vs. The City of Sioux City, Iowa, Woodbury District, George W. Wakefield, Judge; affirmed, McClain, J.

J. G. Hearther vs. Bocha Mohe, appellant, Johnson District, M. J. Wade, Judge; affirmed, Ladd, J.

A. L. Hertrick et al., appellants, vs. Sophie Hertrick et al., Clayton District, L. E. Fellows, Judge; affirmed, Sherwin, J.

Timothy Dillon, assignee of Abe Lebens, vs. Mrs. F. J. Farley, appellant, Dubuque District, Fred O'Donnell, Judge; reversed, Deemer, J.

NEW LINE TO HAMBURG.

BRAUER COMPANY TO ESTABLISH ONE FROM NEW YORK.

Competition in Rates on Western Provisions Expected to Give Exporters Advantage—Proposed Ships to Carry Both Freight and Passengers—Railways Carry Smallest Amount East from Chicago for Two Years—Santa Fe to Resume Daily Limited.

Exporters of provisions to Germany are to have the benefit of more competition in ocean freights. The establishment of a new line from New York to Hamburg is announced, and the avowed purpose is the smashing of the monopoly in the carrying trade to Hamburg.

Some time ago the Baltimore and Ohio made a working alliance with the William W. Brauer Steamship company, which at once placed a line of freight steamers from Philadelphia to Hamburg, giving the first real competition to Hamburg which the enormous interests in Chicago and the West long had desired.

Recently the Brauer line opened general offices in this city, and yesterday James R. Kehlor, the general agent of the line at Chicago, made official announcement that on Jan. 1, 1902, in addition to the Philadelphia-Hamburg freight line a line would be opened from New York to Hamburg for both freight and passenger service, and that in addition to boats now in service plans had been prepared and contracts would be let at once for the construction of six new ocean liners, all of which will be added to the fleet by 1903. The new boats will be of 10,000 to 12,000 tons each.

Falling Off in Shipments.

All-rail shipments east-bound from Chicago last week were exceedingly light. A large increase was expected, as, according to the action of the traffic officials, the rates on grain were to be advanced next Monday, and it was thought that shippers would take advantage of the low rates now in effect.

It is evident that shippers have no fear that they will have to pay higher rates than they do now. Nearly every road, it is claimed, has made contracts to cut rates, which it will take until Jan. 1 to dispose of, and as long as these are in the way there is little chance of bringing about the maintenance of better rates.

Grain shipments last week from Chicago to the seaboard were the lightest in two years. They amounted to only 733,000 bushels, a decrease of 502,000 bushels from the week previous and 826,000 bushels from last year. Shipments of flour were 107,319 barrels, a decrease of 16,997 barrels from the previous week and an increase of 53,600 barrels over last year. Provision shipments were 30,044 tons, a decrease of 4,108 tons from the previous week and an increase of 7,005 tons over last year.

The amount of grain brought here by Western roads during the week was the smallest for the second week in October for years, being 4,692,000 bushels, a decrease of 251,000 bushels from the previous week and of 2,792,000 bushels from last year.

If it were not for the heavy merchandise movement westward the railroads would hardly be able to report large earnings.

Transportation Notes.

The Santa Fé will resume its daily limited train service to California on Nov. 3. The indications are that the train will run full of passengers at the beginning. The train will leave Chicago daily at 8 p. m. and arrive at Los Angeles at 2 p. m. the third day and San Francisco at 7 a. m. the following morning.

It is generally believed that if F. D. Underwood should go to St. Paul to take charge of the Hill roads, Mr. Charles M. Hays, late President of the Southern Pacific, would succeed him as President of the Erie railway.

The mileage of the Wabash railroad will be increased 165 miles by the purchase of the Boone County and Booneville railroad and the Omaha and St. Louis railroad, which the stockholders approved at their annual meeting last week.

W. J. Souder, formerly of Chicago, has resigned his position as general passenger and freight agent and auditor of the Copper Range railroad. E. H. Wright, for the last year chief clerk in the passenger and freight department, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Souder.

A special train bearing all the Chicago members of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents left the Dearborn street station yesterday morning over the Monon route for Asheville, N. C., where the organization will convene this afternoon in its forty-sixth annual meeting.

GETS $155,000 FOR SERVICES.

Charles M. Hays, Who Surrendered Presidency of Southern Pacific, Given Ample Recognition.

New York, Oct. 14.—Charles M. Hays, who recently surrendered a five years' contract as President of the Southern Pacific railroad, at the request of E. H. Harriman, is said to have received a check for $155,000 as payment in full for his services of eight months. His yearly salary was to be $55,000.

President James J. Hill of the Great Northern railroad has sold nearly all of his holdings of Erie railroad stock. This statement of facts comes from an authoritative source.

Representatives of nearly all of the Eastern railroads left New York today for Asheville, N. C., as guests of the Pennsylvania railroad. James R. Wood, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania road, was in charge of the special train. The annual convention of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents will begin in Asheville on Wednesday.

FROM THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Des Moines Agents Hope to Have Companies' Co-operation in Holding Up Rates.

Des Moines agents have reached the conclusion that the companies do not want them to engage in a rate war, even if rates on the preferred classes have been declared off. A committee wrote the companies and asked their coöperation in maintaining rates. Few answers were received to this, the backwardness being attributed to the unwillingness of the companies to appear to have anything to do with any rate agreement for fear of the Blanchard law, which forbids this.

In order to test the sentiment the agents agreed to submit a non-preferred risk at a cut rate and report the result. One agent sent in a policy on a printing plant at $1.50, where the rate was $2.10. It was returned, with instructions to get $2.10 or cancel.

Practically all the other experiments had a similar result, and the Iowa agents are now confident that the companies will be with them in trying to hold up rates on all but preferred business.

State Auditor Hart of Indiana, who has just been elected President of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, announces that he will endeavor to enlist all the States and make the organization of practical benefit to the business and the public. He thinks that insurance is costing the people too much, especially fire insurance, and that the rate can be materially reduced by the revocation of unjust laws, the remission of unnecessary taxes, the enactment of laws that will strike at fire causes, and the creation of non-partisan fire marshal bureaus.

There has been much complaint lately of trouble with the Iowa standard policy, especially with the clause providing that where part of the insurance is invalid and uncollectable, that fact is regarded as an election on the part of the insured to cancel the valid insurance. The question has been submitted to Auditor Merriam of Iowa, who holds that the section should be cut out. He says: "It seems to me that under the above the insurance company and the policy-holder agree that in case invalid insurance is obtained by the policy-holder any previous policy held by him would at once be canceled and the policy-holder lose all right to collect thereunder. I am clearly of the opinion that the above clause should be eliminated from all fire insurance policies written in this State."

The Committee on Non-Paying Hazards of the New England Exchange will have its new rates out by Nov. 1.

Losses for the first half of October were almost as much as for the whole month of September, which had the smallest total since June of 1899.

Although the Manhattan Fire went into the hands of a receiver over six months ago no claims have been paid and no basis of settlement even is probable before the first of the year.

The Supreme Court of Illinois on Saturday refused the application of H. H. Klayer, who has been fighting the Ætna Fire, for a writ of mandamus to compel Superintendent Yates to revoke its license.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

Grain freights were without suggestion of change in any direction, rates holding at 1¼ cents on corn to Buffalo and 1⅜ and 1¼ to Georgian Bay. Charters: To Buffalo, London, corn; Whoming, oats. To Midland, Adella Shores, corn.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 14.—Some of the shippers and dock managers reported that there is a little better supply of cars, but all around there is not much change in the dock situation on Lake Erie. The work of loading and unloading vessels is likely to be slow all of the week. On a special cargo of iron ore 65 cents was paid from Escanaba today, but some business was done at 60. Lake Superior rates are unchanged, and coal carrying charges hold steady.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The week's business in coal freights opened brisk and clearance reached 35,050 tons, the greater part being consigned to Chicago. Several boats are coming down from Cleveland light to load coal, and chartering is active at old rates. Charters reported were: Adams, Nyanza, Superior, 35; Eddy, Lake Linden, 40; Lackawanna, Lewiston, A. Mitchell, Scranton, Chicago, 60; Minneapolis, Gladstone, 60; Gladstone, Madden Milwaukee, 60; Mueller, Soo, 35; S. Marshall, Tilden, Duluth, 35.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 14.—After this lumber freights will be safely $3. There is little wheat coming in and the rate is nominally 2¼.

Vessel Movements.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Admiral.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Arrived—Ishpeming.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Arrived—Schlesinger.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Cleared—Ionia, Escanaba.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Light—Norton, Duluth.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Tower. Cleared—Coal—Wade, Duluth.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Strathcona, Marquette, Peshtigo.

GREEN BAY, Wis.—Arrived—Birckhead, Burton, Our Son, Christie.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Fay. Cleared—Light—Captain Wilson, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—John Mitchell. Departed—Wolvin, Buffalo, flour.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Mather, Marsala, Duluth; W. P. Ketcham, Manistee.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Kaliyuga. Cleared—Continental, Holland, La Salle.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Colonel, Lockwood, Uganda, George Williams. Cleared—Coal—Louisiana, Duluth.

TWO HARBORS, Mich.—Arrived—Houghton, Bryn Mawr. Cleared—Christopher, George Peavey, Reis, Fairbairn, Bell, Lake Erie.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Eddy, Mecosta, Presley, Briton. Cleared—Coal—Bermuda, Duluth. Light—Grecian, Superior; Livingstone, Chicago; Wade, Duluth.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Burnham, Bacon. Cleared—Lumber—Westcott, Lake Linden. Ore—W. P. Palmer, Republic, Hundred Thirty-four, Cleveland.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Thomas Palmer, Holden, Raleigh, Tokio. Cleared—Coal—Manhattan, Escanaba; Georger, Gladstone. Light—Waldo, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Macy, Wilson, Yakima, Hundred seven. Departed — Coal — Germanic, Hutchinson, Manitowoc. Light—Rube Richards, Sandusky; Russell, J. I. Case, Duluth.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Sparta, Tampa, Aurora, Mataafa. Cleared—Pabst, Armenia, Pope, Argonaut, Queen of West, Sage, Maryland, Lake Erie ports; Gilchrist, South Chicago.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Soper, 2:30 a. m.; Rand, 3; Otis, 8; Pahlow, Delta, Chicago, 3 p. m.; Ann Arbor No. 3, 4. Up—Colborn, 8 Sunday night; Marquette, 5 a. m.; Iowa, 1 p. m.; Chipman, 5:30; Fischer and consorts, 6:30.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Mueller, McLachlan, Saveland. Cleared—Coal—Adams, Superior; Armour, Pratt, Fitzgerald, Lewiston, Egan, Noquebay, Athens, Mitchell, Chicago; Morley, Gladstone, Milwaukee; Hall, Flint, Alpena; Cahoon, Racine. Light—Maytham, Chicago; Pontiac, Duluth.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Oregon and consort, 1 a. m.; Jewett, 1:10; Stanton, 4; Rampo, 6; Orion, 7:10; Cora A., 8; Rome, Majestic, 9:10; Philip Minch, 9:15; Ranney and consort, 10; Kate Lyons, 11; Prentice and consorts, noon; Roby, 1 p. m.; Montana, 2. Down—Commodore, midnight; Syracuse, 1:30 a. m.; New Orleans, 3:30; Gordon Campbell, 6; Veronica, 6:30; Paris, 7:30; Huron, 10:30; Nutt, 2:30 p. m.; Lehigh, 3. Wind—Southwest, 8 miles, clear. Owing to an accident to the reporter's boat several steamers passed during the gale of Saturday and Sunday night that are not reported.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Jupiter, John Duncan, 1 a. m.; Andaste, 1:40; Maine and barges, 4:20; Gladiator, Kelderhouse, Mineral State, Roberts, Orion, Muskoka, 5:15; Pueblo, 5:30; Meridan, 2:40 p. m.; Northeastern, 3; Wallula, 4; Alaska [small], 6:10; Edwards, Golden Age, 8:30. Down—Whitney [wooden], 9:40 last night; Harvey Brown, 10; Frank Peavey, 10:20; Tuscarora, Coralia, Maida, 11:40; Japan, 1 a. m.; Davidson and consort, 1:30; Roumania, 2; Haskell, 5:40; Gilchrist [wooden], Ravenscraig, 6; Russia, 6:15; Robert Mills, 10:40; Maritana, 10:50; Northwind, noon; Neptune, 12:30 p. m.; Viking, Vinland, Oades, 1; Iosco, Jeanette, 1:20; Yale, Zenith City, Hill [wood], 1:30; Outhwaite, 2; Italia, Amazon, 2:20; Rosemount and consorts, Coffinberry, Bloom, Minnesota, Ewen, 2:50; Toltec and consort, 4; Gettysburg, Johnson, Pauly, Mongaugon, 5; Vulcan [cleared], 6; Parnell, Corsica, 6:20; Grover, Quayle, 7; Juniata, 8:10; Merrimac, 8:30.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—John Owen, Brazil, Antrim, 10 last night; Neosho, Twin Sisters, 11:30; Chili, 12:30 a. m.; William Chisholm, McDougal, Thomas, 3; Marshall, Nimick, 3:30; Gates, 4:30; Moore, 5; Curry, 8; Sacramento, Matanzas, Massachusetts, Leafield, 10; City of Berlin, Devereux, Johnson, Helvetia, Tug Reginald and oil barge, 11:30; Hanna, 12:20 p. m.; Mary Elphicke, Kirby, Hartnell, 1:20; Corona, 3; Lansing, Yuma, Case, Rhodes, 4:20; Orinoco, 5; New York, Grandy, 5:30; Matoa and whaleback, 6; Bartlett, 7:40; McWilliams, Eads and whaleback, 8; Fletcher, Cadillac, 8:30. Down—Midland Queen, 10:30 last night; Rosedale, 11:20; Mars, 6 a. m.; Sevona, Mariska, Loyalty, 7:20; Foster, Saturn, Penobscot, 8:40; Mahoning, George Gould, 10:40; Colby, Harlem, Pathfinder, Nicol, 12:40 p. m.; Oscoda, Corning, Filer, Athabasca, 1:40; Onoko, Kearsarge, 2; Griffin, 2:30; Albright, Volunteer, 3:30; Hadley, 4:40; Swallow, Manitou, Iron King, Iron Queen, Sanilac, 6:20; Bulgaria, Algeria, 7; Norwalk, 7:50; Manola, Kennebec, Ketcham, 9.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber, ties, etc.—Welcome, Milwaukee; Penobscot, Cedar River; Winnie Wing, Sturgeon Bay; Belle Brown, Raber; J. H. Mead, Cedarville; C. J. Magill, Marinette; H. B. Pereue; R. C. Wente, Manistee; Berwyn, Masonville; R. Kanters, Pine Lake; M. F. Butters, Kalkaska, Oakleaf, Duluth; Clara, Cross Village; Kewaunee, Big Bay de Noque; M. Dall, Monument Point; J. L. Boyce, Cedar River. Merchandise—City of Traverse, Duluth. Salt—Marion, M. E. Kelton, Manistee.

Cleared—Merchandise—Tioga, Seneca, Buffalo. Grain—Wyoming, Buffalo. Light—Winnie Wing, Manistique; Welcome, Escanaba; Arcadia, Arcadia; R. E. Burke, Muskegon; Marion, Elgin, Manistee; I. W. Stephenson, C. J. Magill, Marinette; Lotus, Flat Rock; B. Brown, Raber.

Trainer of Thieves in Jail.

Kokomo, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Jasper Jackson, convicted of drilling a gang of small boys to rob business offices under pretense of gathering waste paper, was given a ninety days' jail sentence and disfranchisement for five years by Judge Mount today.

Ex-County Clerk Mace Arrested.

Brazil, Ind., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Ex-County Clerk Charles L. Mace was arrested today on a warrant sworn out by his bondsmen, charging him with embezzling several thousand dollars from the county during his term in office. Mace gave bond of $2,000 and was released.

Nervousness

upsets the stomach and prevents the nutrative elements from getting into the blood. The stomach finally rebels against food and the result is dyspepsia. The bitters will strengthen the nerves and cure **dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, flatulency,** also create a hearty appetite, purify the blood and build up the system. Be sure to try

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Testing it and Trying
ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON
Means Trusting and Buying.
Your confidence is never misplaced.—Grocers.
"SILICON," 30 Cliff Street, New York.

GOVERNOR YATES.

Endorsement of Paine's Celery Compound

Attracts the Attention of Medical Journals.

Thousands of Such Cases—Mr. Storms' Letter.

A medical journal, says a writer in the Boston Traveler, has the names and adresses and full histories of hundreds of cases of chronic and acute rheumatism that have been permanently cured by the wonderful remedy which has recently been attracting wide attention since Governor Yates of Illinois publicly indorsed it.

Nothing else has ever been known to cure like obstinate cases. When all others have failed this marvelous remedy for blood and nerves has made sick people well.

Paine's celery compound corrects unhealthy nerve action and feeds the nerve centers with the elements needed to build them up again into healthy tissues. It cleanses the blood of every trace of poisonous humor and encourages a rapid growth of the red corpuscles upon which the vigor of the entire body depends.

Its action is perfectly intelligible to every able physician.

Diseases of the nervous system do not come without warning. Rheumatism, dyspepsia, insomnia, and diseases of the liver and kidneys are but loud cries for a prompt increase of nourishment for the brain and nerve centers. Paine's celery compound feeds these vital parts, and it is upon its marvelous power of nourishing all the nerve tissues and purifying the blood that its remarkable cures depend.

Weariness, lack of energy, and despondency are more a matter of nerves and brain than of the muscles. At this season of the year when thousands of overworking people are entering upon the drudgery that will have no cessation for nearly a year to come, many are already showing the symptoms that sooner or later result from hurry, care, anxiety, and haste without the amount of rest and recreation that nature intended.

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All who try it will find strength and freedom from disease in Paine's celery compound, which corrects unhealthy nerve action and supplies the veins with pure, more abundant, more vigorous blood. Paine's celery compound is almost universally prescribed by physicians—who differ on many other things, but who estimate at its proper worth this greatest of all remedies for the prevention and cure of disease. It is no exaggeration to say that every week brings hundreds of letters from those who have used Paine's celery compound and have been benefited by it. Representative G. H. Storms, one of the cattle kings of Kansas, says: "I regard Paine's celery compound as the most beneficial and valuable of remedies, especially during the fall months." He writes, as have many thousands of others, of the good the remedy has done in his own case. Let the reader try it and prove for himself the abundant truth of all that has been said.

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Next Sunday's Art Supplement



Theodore Roosevelt "as a" Hunter.

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1901.

Too Fond of Technicalities. In April of last year William F. Miller of Brooklyn was sent to the penitentiary. He was connected with the Franklin syndicate, which offered investors 520 per cent interest a year. That rate was paid for a time, but it was paid out of the receipts. When they became insufficient the concern went to smash. The syndicate was a swindle and its organizers were swindlers, deserving of punishment. But Miller is to have a new trial. The court holds that while he was undoubtedly guilty of grand larceny in one of its forms he was not guilty in the form charged in the trial court. In the indictment upon which he was convicted it was charged that he was guilty of common law larceny and of grand larceny as a breach of trust. The District Attorney elected to try the case on the count of common law larceny. But according to the Appellate Division the defendant should have been tried on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses with intent to defraud the plaintiff of her property. Common law larceny "must be accomplished by trespass or trick," while the plaintiff surrendered her money to Miller voluntarily. Substantial justice was done in this case, and yet the court because of that love of technicalities which possesses too many Judges has given him a new trial and put the State to further expense on his account.

Wrecks on the Great Lakes. From half a dozen points on the great lakes on Sunday came stories of ships wrecked or badly damaged. In one case the crew was half frozen while clinging to the rigging. In others there was considerable loss of property, while many lives were at the same time endangered. Similar stories have been common for the last month, and they will continue until the close of navigation. It is unfortunate that the last few trips of the season, on which must depend the margin of profit or loss in the boat's record, come just when the dangers of navigation are greatest. Frequently a steamer which shows a loss on the summer's work may pick up a profit if an extra trip is made, and so long as this condition exists it is folly to expect shipowners to lay their ships up earlier and thus avoid the additional danger. It is possible, however, for shipowners and shipmasters, as well, to take additional precautions on these late trips. The risk of loss from a financial standpoint is greater for the shipowner than for the crew, and no man will willingly send a big steamer into unnecessary danger when by delaying the start a few hours or by shipping a few additional men he can avoid it. Yet it would seem that the boats which are still busy with cargoes run a risk, under present conditions, greater than any possible profit will justify. Possibly the inspectors of the marine insurance companies could do more than they do at present to insure the safety of the lake steamers. Certainly some steps should be taken which will cut down the long list of marine disasters which is recorded in the fall months of every year.

NOTHING BUT MIGHT-HAVE-BEENS.

Yesterday, the twenty-second daily session of the naval court of inquiry, the testimony offered to establish the "reprehensibility" of Admiral Schley was closed and the defense will now introduce its witnesses with the prospects that it will be three or four weeks yet before "the case goes to the jury." Any one who has carefully followed the testimony will concede that this is a waste of time, as the other side has made no case. The witnesses brought forward by the department have not only contradicted each other on various occasions, but have disagreed on leading facts and have impugned the accuracy of nearly every chart, document, dispatch, and vessel log by which the charges against the Admiral were to be established.

Some of the specifications have been absolutely disproved by the department's own witnesses, others have been explained away, and while as to others errors of judgment may be charged, in case they are not explained away hereafter, still as no harm whatever resulted from them, and as various charges made against Schley could be made with equal force against Sampson, it is not apparent what the department has established except an occasional "might have been." Even if Admiral Schley did give the Spaniards a chance to elude him they failed to do it. Even if he were wrong in making the loop—which Captain Cook says he ordered—it did no harm. Even if Admiral Schley erred in making the retrograde movement, it had no unfortunate result. The Spaniards were attacked at the first opportunity and defeated by the fleet with Schley in command, and Schley's flagship led and forced the fighting and was in it to the finish. The charges themselves were not only weak but they have been weakly supported. One after the other they have been disposed of, the only one left with anything like a prop under it being the retrograde movement. If Admiral Schley's witnesses can set forth satisfactory reasons for making it they will clear him of all serious accusation. Even if they should not the charge will amount merely to a "might have been."

The stay of Admiral Schley at Cienfuegos while the Spanish fleet was at Santiago, which Admiral Sampson spoke of as "reprehensible conduct" on the part of the former, has been shown to be due to the failure of the latter to give Schley necessary information with promptness. He was not given the signal code agreed upon with the Cubans. The positive news that the fleet was at Santiago, received by Admiral Sampson on the 19th of May and confirmed on the 20th, was never imparted to Schley.

While the department has failed to make a case it has succeeded in making it plain that there was a conspiracy inside the department and among some outsiders against Schley, which only needed just such an occasion as his winning a great victory when Sampson was absent to manifest itself by open assault. The most conspicuous and aggressive of these conspirators were those who were only partially or not at all in the fight. If there is any need of a defense it is to make this shameful conspiracy even more apparent than the department witnesses themselves have made it. If this were a case in a court of law it would be dismissed without hearing any testimony for the defendant, no case having been made out.

ROOSEVELT AND THE OFFICES.

According to the Washington correspondent of THE TRIBUNE President Roosevelt said last Saturday:

If the American people care to show their approval of my course as President during the three years and a half I have to serve by placing me at the head of the Republican ticket in 1904, I should feel deeply grateful. It would be an honor it would be difficult for any man to decline. But if I have to pander to any cliques, combinations, or movements for their approval I would not give a rap of my finger for it, or a nomination for it under such circumstances. My indorsement must come from the people of the country.

These remarks were made apropos of the Collectorship of Internal Revenue for South Carolina. The leading Republicans of the State have recommended a particular man, but the President is doubtful as to the propriety of appointing him, even though strongly recommended.

There is no uncertainty now as to the way in which he proposes to exercise the appointing power. Jefferson demanded of his appointees honesty, capacity, and faithfulness to the constitution. President Roosevelt says: "I am going to select the best men for public positions." His "best men" will have all Jefferson's qualifications and more.

Jefferson looked for honest and competent men exclusively in the ranks of the party which elected him. President Roosevelt has found at least one of his "best men" in the opposition party. His appointment of ex-Governor Jones of Alabama as United States District Judge indicates that where the "best man" cannot be found among Republicans and can be found among Democrats the Democrat will be selected. Americans who are not hide-bound partisans certainly will approve of this policy.

The President has not declared war on that venerable system under which Senators and Representatives have so much to say in the filling of federal offices. A President who should undertake to make all the appointments himself without regard to Congressional or "organization" recommendations would have his hands full. It is the desire of President Roosevelt that the men whom Congressmen and others recommend shall be the "best men." When such men are recommended they will be sure of appointment.

The President is at the beginning of his administration. It will be three years before the people will have to pass judgment upon it. When that time does come it is certain that the policy he has outlined in reference to federal appointments will not be condemned either by the people at large or by the members of his party. Most citizens without distinction of party prefer to see the best men filling the offices. They do not approve of the use of offices to secure delegates in national, State, or city conventions. They believe the appointing power is conferred on Presidents, Governors, and Mayors to be used for the benefit of the people and not for personal advancement or to please and assist "cliques, combinations, or movements."

CHRISTIANITY AND ANARCHISM.

The Rev. R. Heber Newton of New York is putting edged tools in the hands of ignorant men when he allows himself in a sermon to speak of anarchism as "the ideal of political and social science, and also the ideal of religion, the ideal to which Christ looked forward." Dr. Newton himself may understand the limited sense in which this statement is accurate, but among his auditors there were doubtless many who did not. The undisciplined mind is unable to understand things in their totality. It seizes upon detached fragments of a philosophy or a religion, and upon those fragments erects an airy structure that is marvelously complete simply because it is constructed out of such plastic material. The teachings of Christ must be considered as a whole, and the New York minister seems to neglect certain important parts of it when he says that "Christ founded no church, established no state, gave practically no laws, organized no government, set up no external authority," and proceeds to the deduction that he sought "to write on the hearts of men God's law and to make them self-legislating."

The mission of Jesus was moral, not political, and the fact that he established no government is hardly a proof that he disbelieved in government. On the contrary, his own life is a beautiful example of submission to authority. It is of record that he was in all things subject to his parents, and when he grew to manhood he said no word and committed no act that could be considered as a defiance of civil law. In fact, the memorable verse in which he commanded the giving to Cæsar of the things which were Cæsar's settles beyond cavil his attitude toward the functions of government.

It may, indeed, be true that Jesus looked forward to a millennial period when the hearts of men should be so purified by his teachings that no law would be necessary except the law of love implanted in each individual nature. But a distinction should be drawn between this triumph of redeemed humanity and the triumph of human instincts and passions which is urged by the actual anarchism of today. The teachings of Jesus point to an ideal society which can be conceived as coming into existence gradually by reason of continual progress toward moral perfection. But they nowhere inculcate the immediate subversion of government in an age when human nature is still selfish, cruel, undisciplined, unregenerate. They do not advocate the destruction of law and government in order to cure the ills for which law and government are the remedy. The teachings of Jesus, interpreted in their greatest latitude, would mean only this: first the pure heart and then the consequent uselessness of certain forms of authority. In the theories of the anarchism of today this order is reversed. We are to have, first, the destruction of law and then the alleged perfection of humanity. The distinction is fundamental and cannot be slurred over. As long as man is in the full blossom of his sins, what may be called Christian anarchy is impossible, for it is to be preceded by spiritual regeneration. The Anarchists are unregenerate.

These are considerations that a minister should have clearly in mind before he begins to discuss the subject. One must be careful to define one's terms exactly. Theoretical Christian anarchism is one thing, red anarchism, which hates religion, is another. The grain of truth in Dr. Newton's remarks might grow up in some mind to be a most poisonous and dangerous plant. It would be better to leave that grain unsown.

SUMMER CHARITIES.

One of the strongest currents in the mighty stream of present-day philanthropy is that which carries women and children from the crowded districts of large cities into the quiet and the beauty of the country and there gives them an opportunity to enjoy the fields and the sky and to derive fresh vigor from their return—though it be for only a few days—to the bosom of their mother earth. "Fresh air charity" is the technical name of this form of charitable enterprise, and although, like all other terms in the dialect of specialists, it has a tendency to deteriorate into cant, it expresses with great accuracy the purpose which the managers of the charity have in view.

During the last summer "fresh air charity" has claimed the attention of charity organizations in all the large cities of the union, but it is in New York that it has reached its highest development. It is in that city that the system can be studied best and its tendencies and effects marked and noted.

The churches of Manhattan Borough sent to the country last summer 30,000 individuals at a cost of $100,000. St. John's Guild, the Tribune Fresh Air Fund, the Children's Aid society, and the Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor expended a total of $185,000 in "outing work." Other societies and hundreds of individuals supplemented these achievements. There were also other agencies that worked indirectly to the same end. The recreation piers, which have drawn tremendous crowds; the public bathing beaches, which have retained their popularity; the children's playgrounds, which now number forty-two; the roof kindergartens, which seem undoubtedly to keep the children off the street; the vacation schools, which are coming to be regarded as absolutely necessary; the sale, at low rates, of ice and sterilized milk—the bare enumeration of these things discloses the complex development of New York summer charities and justifies one in the opinion that there at last one might be able to study the full results of an almost complete system of charitable giving.

After a few years of such giving the promoters will be able to discern the exact effect of it upon the recipients. But whatever those effects may turn out to be, the giving itself remains as a noble memorial to the humane sentiments of the givers.

SCALE DOWN THE STOCK.

Stockholders of two industrial companies will take action shortly to prevent possible further inflation of capital by reduction of the stock from the authorized amount to that already outstanding. A special meeting of the shareholders of the American Bicycle company will be held soon to confirm a recommendation of the directors that the authorized capital stock be reduced from $30,000,000 to $26,996,400, the outstanding amount. The recommendation of the directors is that the $705,100 of preferred stock and $2,298,500 of common now owned by the company be retired. At the last annual meeting of the Distilling Company of America the proposition to reduce the authorized capital from $125,000,000 to an amount nearly equal to that outstanding was favored. It is now stated that at this year's meeting, which occurs on Wednesday of this week, a resolution will be introduced by a large stockholder to limit the capitalization to $77,502,000, the exact sum now outstanding.

This is a step in the right direction, but a number of the industrial companies, from all indications, will have to go farther still if they hope to earn dividends for their shareholders. The capital will have to be scaled down to a point commensurate with the earning power of the property. It is well enough to introduce safeguards against further extension of capital, but most stockholders would probably be willing to surrender their holdings for drastic reduction if it would place them in a position to receive dividends. Where it is evident that nothing short of a miracle will enable a company to make sufficient profit to pay a dividend on its enormous outstanding watered capital much time will be saved by the prompt action of shareholders for their own protection if the management is disinclined to be business-like and confess the weakness under which it is laboring. Stockholders are beginning to see the necessity for some action on their part.

REFORM THE LEGISLATURE.

The main business of the annual meeting of the Citizens' association this evening will be to discuss the question of securing "proper representation from Cook County in the State Legislature." This meeting will initiate a movement for which the people of Chicago have been prepared by the bitter experience of many years, and to the undertaking of which they were finally and fully determined by the course of the last Legislature.

The acts of that body were not of the openly scandalous character exemplified by the Humphrey-bills-and-Allen-law Legislature of 1897. But its domination by the machines, for the ends of the latter and of the latter's supporters, was as complete as such domination ever was in an Assembly of this State. Indeed, the centralization and smoothness of this control were the distinctive features of the last Legislature. Its method of dealing, for example, with the honest street railway bill promoted by the city was not to defeat it in the open but quietly to prevent its ever being reported out of committee to either House—a method which though it circumvented did not finally deceive the public.

The city is a creature of the State, is constantly dependent upon the Legislature for authority to meet new conditions, and is always liable to prejudicial interference by it with home rule. A reliable State Assembly is, therefore, indispensable if Chicago is to have scope and protection for its own self-government. The experience of 1865, of 1897, and of the current year in respect to the single question of street railways has bitterly proved that it is not enough to have a reliable Council. Honest and efficient government in Chicago demands not only an honest and efficient City Council but also an honest and efficient State Assembly, and the logical "next step" in the progressive movement for this city is, therefore, to revolutionize the character of the State Legislature, at least so far as the local delegations thereto are concerned.

It will be a more difficult task to improve the character of a legislative delegation than of a City Council. Party control of the latter is of no consequence. Party control of a Legislature is of much political importance, and the voter who unhesitatingly marks his ballot against the party nominee for Alderman will be less willing to mark it against the party nominee for State Senator or Representative. But that a betterment in the character of the Cook County delegation will react favorably upon the public life of the State is also as sure as that the consequent notice to local corporations that they can no longer appeal "over the head" of or against the plans of the city to a pliant Legislature will forward the adjustment of important public matters now pending in this city. There are ample grounds of a broader nature on which the character of Illinois' Legislature should be improved, but the primary one of self-protection is quite sufficient to enforce the necessity of local action.

The committee which will be appointed this evening to devise ways and means will have in hand a political task of great difficulty and moment. With proper efforts, however—and it is none too early to begin these—the character of the legislative nominations made next summer may be greatly influenced. Men who have made good records in public life can be commended, those who have made bad records can be exposed, those without official records can be thoroughly advertised according to their real personal character, and the voters can be adequately qualified to discriminate at the polls.

Not only the self-styled independent but the rank and file of well-disposed and unbiased Democrats and Republicans will approve of this effort—which is certain to be a vigorous and telling one—to secure "proper representation from Cook County in the State Legislature," as against representation which, masquerading under party labels, proves itself in reality the agency of the spoils system on the one hand and of public service corporations on the other.

MR. ADDICKS may comfort himself with the knowledge that the money he has used in failing to buy the State of Delaware has not been wasted. It has gone into general circulation.

YAWP MOST gets a year in the penitentiary. And no beer.

You are welcome, Sir Thomas. Come right in—and sit down.

"THE man that tries to pinch me," writes the Hon. Pat Crowe, "will bite the dust, for I am ready to die in the mix. I will not be kangarooed." This is terrible. Will you consent to arbitrate, Mr. Crowe?

IN A MINOR KEY.

Found at Last.

CHAPTER I.

The young man trembled on the verge of a tender avowal.

"It has been a great pleasure to me, Miss Pinkie," he said, "to note how our tastes and preferences coincide in matters literary. We agree in adoring Shelley and caring nothing for Shakspeare. We detest Walt Whitman and admire the smoothness and perfection of Pope."

"Pope is indeed admirable," she murmured.

"And yet we agree in preferring the rugged strength and virility of Kipling to the namby-pamby Tupper and the goody-goody Whittier."

"Kipling is so adorably masculine!" she sighed.

"Only the other day," he went on, "this subject came up while I was lunching with a friend. The chicken soup had been brought on—by the way, Miss Pinkie, do you like chicken soup?"

"I prefer it above all others."

A wild cry broke from his lips. He seized his hat and went forth into the darkness of the night.

CHAPTER II.

"I have been delighted, Miss Virginia," said the young man, with a heightened color, "to observe how well we agree in our literary preferences. I consider Howells the foremost man of letters in America, and you are an ardent admirer of James—which is the same thing. We are enthusiastic over Shelley and care little for Shakspeare."

"Ah, yes," she said. "The Bard of Avon is brilliant but coarse."

"Sir Edwin Arnold's 'Light of Asia' wearies us, and Walt Whitman disgusts us."

"It does, indeed, Mr. Rinkle."

"Yet we are alike in preferring the rugged strength and virility of Kipling to the namby-pambiness of Tupper and the goody-goody commonplaceness of Whittier."

"It is true."

"And Pope—you admire Pope?"

"Exceedingly."

"Only a few days ago this whole matter of ancient and modern authors came up while I was lunching with a friend. The chicken soup had been brought on—by the way, Miss Virginia, are you fond of chicken soup?"

"There is nothing I like so well."

An irrepressible cry of anguish burst from his laboring bosom, and he plunged forth into the night.

CHAPTER III.

Young Mr. Rinkle took a turn or two about the room and sat down.

"I have been highly gratified, Miss Jigsby," he observed, "at the unanimity of our literary preferences. We admire Macaulay. We dislike Scott. We dote on Shelley and care nothing for Shakspeare."

"True!" she assented.

"We admire the smoothness and perfection of Pope and detest Walt Whitman."

"Whitman's catalogue style," she said, dreamily, "is indeed fatiguing, while his coarseness is an offense against good taste."

"Yet we vastly prefer the rugged strength and virility of Kipling to the goody-goody Whittier or the namby-pamby Tupper."

"I cannot deny it."

"I am reminded of an occasion when this whole question of literary superiority came up. The other day I was taking dinner with a friend. The chicken soup had just been brought on—by the way, Miss Jigsby, do you like chicken soup?"

"Life would be dreary," murmured the maid, "without an occasional chicken soup."

With a groan of despair he sprang to his feet, seized his hat, and fled.

CHAPTER IV.

Great drops of perspiration broke out upon the young man's brow, and his voice trembled.

"Miss Lucile," said he, "have you ever noticed how singularly we agree in our literary tastes?"

"I think I have," she replied.

"We adore Shelley and seldom read Shakspeare. We prefer the smooth, flowing quality of Pope to the uncouth coarseness of Whitman. We admire the rugged strength and virility of Kipling, and dislike the namby-pamby Tupper and the goody-goody Whittier."

"Yes. Kipling is indeed great."

"Only the other day, while I was dining with a friend, this whole subject of literary preferences came up. The chicken soup had been served—by the way, Miss Lucile, I suppose you are fond of chicken soup?"

"I detest it!"

"What? Say it again!"

"I abominate it!"

"Your soul sickens at it! It tastes of feathers! It is redolent of the hennery! Is it not so?"

"It is! I loathe it!"

"Lucile!"

"J—J—Jasper!"

"My darling!"

And he folded her in his long, lean arms.

THE END.

Business Strategy.

"What has become of that horrid old fiddle you used to have hanging out in front of your place of business as a sign?"

"I took it inside and marked it $450, and it went like a hot cake."

Literary Essentials.

An author used to think a thought
Before he went a-printing.
His task with arduous care was wrought,
The night oil kept him squinting.

Today, alas, it matters not
What you may have to tell 'em.
For books the public pays a lot—
If they are done in vellum.

So do not strive, with furrowed brow,
Some great thought to be finding;
The things to be considered now
Are paper, ink, and binding.
—Washington Star.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

THE talk was about the Brooklyn's loop, and the question arose, what direction does a vessel take when the helm is put to starboard? Then spoke the football writer: "That's easy. Which foot do you put down in coasting on a sled when you want to go the other way?"

A MATINEE contemporary advises that "if the thin white curtains blow into the gas and catch fire sew small lead weights into the seams." Before doing this, however, it would be wise to turn in an alarm.

A LUMBERMAN at Olathe, Kas., signs LL. D.—"Live Lumber Dealer—to his name.

ACCORDING to a Parisian critic, the modern corset "is causing terrible disorders," and is bound to go. Sorry. The pictures of it are the most interesting things in the magazines.

THE BILIOUSTINE.

Having come to the end of our Bilioustine "copy" we have wired Fra McGinnis asking him whether there is any more—and rather hoping there isn't. Up to the hour of closing the forms for the first edition no answer had been received.

OUR friend Denslow has got out a chef d'œuvre—a Mother Goose book that makes all others go way back and take a seat.

WONDER WHO BOUGHT HIM?

The sale of Jacob Zeeb was well attended.—Greenville (Ill.) Sun.

DOGDAZE: Have forwarded your communications to Fra McGinnis.

IF Colonel Walz would kindly push his helm another point to starboard we should escape the Stock-Yards stench nicely.

THE CONTROVERSY STILL RAGES.

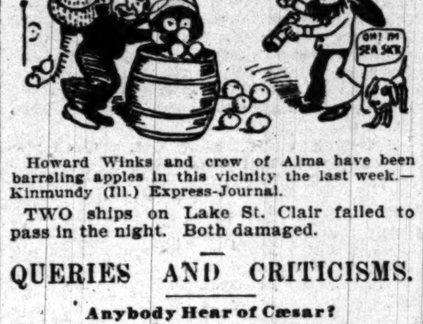
Dear Sir: Fred Bacon and George Hamlet were discussing the late census reports. When they reached the returns from Omaha Fred said to George: "O, Hamlet, what a falling off was there!" This is the correct version, for I overheard the remark. THE COLONEL.
Burlington, Ia.

Dear Sir: The correct version is, "O, Hamlet, what a fall there was." Shem, Ham, and Japheth were brothers. Ham was a puny little rascal and was always called "Hamlet." The quotation was a remark by one of the brothers. They were discussing the year of great plenty following seven years of famine. The fall in question followed the harvest of this particular year when everybody drank corn juice at a Peoria street fair—a fair that ran all fall. ANN ANIAS.
Clinton, Ia.

To the Editor: In regard to the origin of "O, Hamlet, what a falling off was there!" all your correspondents seem to be merely guessing. Extreme modesty has prevented the writer from justly claiming the credit of the remarks, but silence must be maintained no longer. It will be remembered that when the census of 1900 was published Omaha showed a loss in population from the census of 1890 of about 40,000. The writer, seeing this, exclaimed: "O, Hamlet (meaning small town), what a falling off was there!" What I say I stand to. Can any man say otherwise? Avast!
Chicago. F. INIS.

D. COOK: Thanks. All good.

CAPTAIN WINKS AND HIS CREW.



Howard Winks and crew of Alma have been barreling apples in this vicinity the last week.—Kinmundy (Ill.) Express-Journal.

TWO ships on Lake St. Clair failed to pass in the night. Both damaged.

QUERIES AND CRITICISMS.

Anybody Hear of Cæsar?

To the Editor: Can you tell me in what poem or novel occurs the line, "I come to bury Cæsar, not to praise him"? ALEXIS.
Pasadena, Cal.

[We could if we but had our book of songs and sonnets here; but some one has borrowed it, and Bartlett's Quotations is over at the business office, helping the cashier. In the absence of reference works we should say the line is in one of Bernard Shaw's pleasant plays for Puritans. There is a character named Cæsar in one of them. Possibly some reader can oblige.]

No Light Thro' the Centuries.

To the Editor: I wish you WOULD tell me why it is that a woman gets off a moving vehicle backward. INDIANA.
Chicago.

[This was the riddle propounded by the Sphinx. No one has ever found the answer.]

Concerning Khans.

To the Editor: Is the new Ameer of Afghanistan, Habib Ullah Khan, any relative of Kubla Khan? J. B. K.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

[Why, no. The word "Khan" has misled you. Kubla Khan was a celebrated hostelry in Xanadu, on the banks of the River Alpheus. The poet Coleridge once visited it in a pipe dream. Habib Ullah Khan is not a hotel, as you already know.]

THE pessimistic Mr. Howe of Atchison says he will have to eat his church oyster twice hereafter—once to send a missionary abroad and again to liberate her from brigands.

KEEL-HAULING PROMISED.

Kiel, Oct. 14.—[Marconi Special, Imported Key West, 25 Straight.]—Just received American papers. Shall impeach testimony of "Fighting Bob" Evans. Have undoubted evidence that he shot bow off Teror, rudder off Pluton, and stern off mule at Matanzas. PHINEAS KIEL (late KEEL).

WHILE introducing American coal into their country Herren Panckow and Schultze should include a few stoves. The porcelain refregirators called "stoves" in Germany are miracles of four-flushing.

DOINGS BEHIND THE CREEK.

[From the Wausau (Wis.) Behind the Creek.]

At the saloon fire both the hired girl and Mr. Berghauser were pretty badly burned about the head and hair.

Henry Pagenkopf will move his stable from his present location to the alley, some time this week.

One night last week some mean thief stole two pigs from Joseph Throm, the saloon keeper's barn. It is a wonder that the pigs did not "squeal" on the thief.

Peter Penzau, the man who fractured his right leg twice, near the water works some time ago, is getting along nicely, but it will be about two months before he can work again.

There were about 40 couple who attended and took part in the merry-making, all of which had a very pleasant time and did not leave for their homes until late in the morning.

THE ex-husband of Mrs. Lease is President of an anti-Anarchist club at Wichita.

WANDERINGS OF A MODERN ULYSSES.

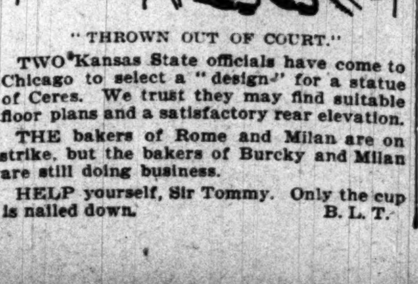
Oct. 8.—Rialto Phillio and wife, former residents of Scipio, after visiting the Pan-American Exposition, New York City, Washington, D. C., and relative in York State, returned to Michigan and visited his only sister, Mrs. J. K. Thompson, and a few old acquaintances of other years, returning on Friday the 4th inst. to their home in Wayne, Neb.—Jonesville (Mich.) Gazette.

MR. VINCENT, the sartorial Phidias of London, wishes to know "Why should we be ranked as second to sculptors and painters?" Why, indeed? Mr. Vincent's technique is unapproachable, and he exhibits imagination and poetic feeling. Why is there no Parthenon of clothes?

WHY NOT SEND FIRE DEPARTMENT?

German woman wants washing and cleaning; send postal. 1298 N. Ashland-av., basement.—Afternoon Paper.

NATURALLY, Captain Cook's testimony was interesting. Captain Cook attended the battle.



"THROWN OUT OF COURT."

TWO Kansas State officials have come to Chicago to select a "design" for a statue of Ceres. We trust they may find suitable floor plans and a satisfactory rear elevation.

THE bakers of Rome and Milan are on strike, but the bakers of Burcky and Milan are still doing business.

HELP yourself, Sir Tommy. Only the cup is nailed down. B. L. T.



SHE WORE HER NEW $60 COAT.

Mrs. Thomas Carter has a new automobile coat. She bought it after an awful mental struggle.

In the first place, she made the round of the shops looking at the ready-made automobile coats they had to offer. She found one which seemed exactly what she wanted at $25, but her husband persuaded her that it never paid to buy ready-made clothes, and sent her to a tailor who charged $60 for the garment.

Mrs. Thomas Carter suffered pangs of conscience even after she had put on the coat and had noted how well it fit and how substantially it was built. It seemed a shame to pay three prices for a coat which had only the advantages of fitting a little better and, possibly, wearing a little longer than those which were bought ready to wear in the shops. But when Mrs. Thomas Carter put on the $60 coat she was forced to admit that it did look differently from those she had seen for $20.

The first day she put on her new coat she went down-town on a shopping expedition. She rather flattered herself before starting that she looked in especially good form.

She spent half an hour on the first floor of one of the big shops, and finally took an elevator to the third floor. In the car were a couple of women. They were of the cold, impersonal kind who often go shopping together.

At the first glance Mrs. Thomas Carter realized that they saw she had on a new automobile coat. One of them shortly separated herself from her companion and cast a



"THOSE READY-MADE COATS NEVER DID FIT."

coldly critical eye on the garment, looking at it from top to bottom. Then she stepped to the other side of the car and took a rear view of the new automobile. It was exactly as if Mrs. Carter had been a wax figure in a show window. Finally she turned to her companion in the car.

"Those ready-made automobile coats never do look exactly right, do they, dear?" She spoke in a low tone, which was, at the same time, perfectly audible to Mrs. Thomas Carter. But Mrs. Carter is not convinced that it doesn't pay, and where is the woman who will blame her?

DOWNFALL OF THE LEAGUE.

He was one of those "jolly, wholesouled chaps," and he had that awful way of slapping his acquaintances on the back when he met them.

The boys at the club stood it as long as they could, and then they organized the "Anti-Slap" society. Jenkins was elected President. Jenkins was a little, slender man, but he had a high idea of personal dignity, and it was agreed that he was the proper person to teach the "bounder" a lesson.

The constitution and bylaws of the "Anti-Slap" society were simple. It was agreed by everybody who signed the roll that any member who was slapped on the back by Elliot should immediately turn and "paste him" a blow in the face with as much force as possible.

It was agreed that this was the only way to impress on Elliot the exceeding asininity of his conduct.

A week after this society was formed, Jenkins, the President, was standing in front of a show window on Dearborn street intent on the display inside. Suddenly he saw the image of Elliot, the "slapper," reflected in the plate glass, and prepared himself for action. A moment later he felt a heavy hand descend on his shoulder, and without looking around he whirled and struck the man behind him a heavy blow in the eye.

Heavens! It wasn't Elliot. He was half



SLAPPED THE PRESIDENT ON THE BACK.

a block away, and the policeman who had started to ask Jenkins to move on had drawn his club and was ready for action.

"It's a mistake," burst out Jenkins. "I thought I was hitting that man there going down the street."

"You'll go to the station with me," said the "copper," with an amazing amount of consideration. "I ought to hit you a belt or two for pasting me."

On the way to Central Jenkins explained matters, handed over a $10 bill, and then went home and sent out notice that the "Anti-Slappers' club" was a thing of the past. But he still thinks something should be done with the man who persists in slapping his friends on the back.

SHE DID HER BEST.

She had always declared that when she got married she would get out of town on her wedding trip without any of the usual display and excitement. When the great day actually came she took unusual precautions to that end. The wedding ceremony was performed at a prominent South Side church, and while



"YOU POOR GIRL. YOU OUGHTN'T TO DO THIS SORT OF THING."

there was to be no regular reception afterward fifteen or twenty people who would have been most likely "to put a job" on the newly married pair were notified to be on hand at the bride's home after the fateful words had been pronounced.

The bride and groom, meanwhile, made arrangements to be driven from the church to the home of a relative in a big flat building, where they were to change to their traveling clothes and start at once on their journey.

The plan was carried out perfectly. The suspected guests went from the church to the home of the bride, while the bridal party drove swiftly to the flat building. It so happened that there was a prayer-meeting in session in the church directly across the street, and it adjourned just as the young woman in white satin got out of the carriage. The rumor quickly started that an elopement was in progress.

The bride and groom, the former somewhat excited, hurried into the flat building, and at the foot of the elevator met a woman with whom the bride was slightly acquainted. The bride had noticed the crowd pouring out of the church, and that had added to her nervousness.

"O, Mrs. Walters," she said to her acquaintance, "won't you help us out? We are trying to get away from a lot of people and we're afraid they will find us out. If you would watch and call up the tube when the crowd goes away we'd be so much obliged."

The woman addressed looked at the bridal wreath and concluded that an elopement was in progress.

"You poor girl," she said. "You oughtn't to do this sort of thing. You are sure not to be happy if you go away without letting your parents know about it."

SOME NEW DEGREES.

"The exercises were opened promptly at 3 o'clock," wrote the university correspondent, "when T. M. Elgorn, O. R., blew the whistle. The first number on the program was by "Bill" Edwards, Q. B., who was immediately followed by "Jack" Orchard, C. R.,



J. L. MASTERSON, C. R., R. G., F. B.

F. B., whose effort was greeted with loud applause.

At this point a pleasing diversion was created by "Ted" Williams, L. G., who fairly wiped up the ground with the man who had immediately preceded him. Mr. Williams then took the center of the stage himself and held it until he was tackled by J. L. Masterson, C. R., Yale, '95, who also holds the degrees of R. G., Brown, '94, and F. B., Princeton, 1900. Mr. Masterson had no difficulty in convincing the audience that he was Mr. Williams' superior and even less in getting that gentleman to agree to the same proposition. He was hailed with repeated cheers and did not let go the sheepskin until T. M. Elgorn, O. R., had given the decision in his favor. Next to Mr. Masterson "Aleck" Keene, L. T., was the especial hero of the day. As the general opinion was expressed by President Horland, C. R., Cornell, '71, the function was one of the most delightful of the season. Casualties later.

Friend in Need.

"Say, pa, what does animadversion mean?"

"Animadversion? Just wait a minute, my boy, and I'll look it up."

"You needn't mind, pa. I only wanted to see if you could say it. That's one of the words I heard ma tell Aunt Mary she was goin' to spring on you when you came home late from the club. Here's the other two—'paraphernalia' and 'idiosyncrasy.' Better practice 'em up, dad, while you've got time."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Unexplainable.

Hattie—"I wish I knew some way to make lots of money."

Uncle George—"Easiest thing in the world, Hattie. Go upon the stage, and when you retire after twenty-five or thirty years you can write your reminiscences for the next half century and get good money for them. I don't know why; I only know you would."—Boston Transcript.

YALE IS 200 YEAR

NEW HAVEN UNIVERSIT
TO CELEBRATE.

Formal Observance of the Bi
Begins on Oct. 20 and
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Visitors from Old and New
Be Present—Story of the I
from Its Inception Until No
Brief Outline.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 14.—
On Wednesday Yale will be 20
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world are gathering to assist in
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ed States. The actual celebratio
Oct. 20 and will continue for th
President Roosevelt is to be her
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Justice Brewer, and many Senato
lic men. Among the men of lette
in the list of visitors are William
ells, Edmund Clarence Stedma
Everett Hale, Donald G. Mitche
vel), Thomas Nelson Page, Geor
Samuel L. Clemens (Mark T
others.

Visitors from Abroad

Notable among the visitors are
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Japan, Canada, Australia, Chi
Syria. Every notable universit
lege in the United States has se
representative—Harvard sendin
Eliot; Princeton, President Patt
bia, Seth Low; Michigan, Presid
Chicago, President Harper; Joh
President Gilman; Cornell, Presi
mann. Scores of educators
prominence are included.

Yale's Part in Histor

The history of Yale is a story
hope and despair, of decline and r
of theological disputes and the
bellions, of financial depression
endowments, and of every actor
went to the making of the count
the two centuries of its existence
When Yale was begun New E
sisted of about 100,000 scattered
The only institution of learning
founded by graduates of English
in 1636, and the infant College of
Mary, chartered in 1693. The id
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London Sends He

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Yale.
The English gifts and the u
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When the transfer was ordere
students under Elisha William
Wethersfield, where a rival in
established, while the removal o
Saybrook was attended only b
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Given Name of Ya

Elihu Yale, who had already
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which is still preserved, from
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were the trustees that at the 17
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In 1719 began the long and sp
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executive at Yale College and
The Rev. Timothy Cutler,
Rev. Elisha Williams, 1726-17
Thomas Clap, 1740-1766; the R
Daggett, 1766-1777; the Rev.
1778-1795; the Rev. Timothy D
1817; the Rev. Jeremiah Day,
Rev. Theodore Dwight Woolse
the Rev. Noah Porter, 1871-1
Timothy Dwight, 1886-1899;
Twining Hadley, who entered
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First Scientific Sch

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young men and founding th
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for thirty years. This great
scientists was followed later
school of eminent men of scie
Dana, Loomis, and a dozen o
the establishment of the Shef
School.
It was left to Theodore Dw
to take up the arduous labo
President in the middle of the
began the series of dormitor
surrounds the campus on the
side, he built the art school an
nasium, enlarged the library,
and extended the theological
schools, inaugurated the gra
and, perhaps most important
the Sheffield Scientific School.
When President Dwight ca
found matters prepared for h
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COUNTY BOARD IN T

Committee Appointed to
Equalizers at Sp
field.

County Commissioners will
fight to force the State Board
to return to a full assessment

YALE IS 200 YEARS OLD

NEW HAVEN UNIVERSITY READY TO CELEBRATE.

Formal Observance of the Bicentenary Begins on Oct. 20 and Will Continue for Three Days—Distinguished Visitors from Old and New World to Be Present—Story of the Institution from Its Inception Until Now Told in Brief Outline.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—On Wednesday Yale will be 200 years old, and distinguished men from the old and new world are gathering to assist in the bicentenary celebration, the most noteworthy of its kind, probably, in the history of the United States. The actual celebration begins on Oct. 20 and will continue for three days.

President Roosevelt is to be here with Secretaries Hay and Root, Chief Justice Fuller, Justice Brewer, and many Senators and public men. Among the men of letters included in the list of visitors are William Dean Howells, Edmund Clarence Stedman, Edward Everett Hale, Donald G. Mitchell (Ik Marvel), Thomas Nelson Page, George W. Cable, Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), and others.

Visitors from Abroad.

Notable among the visitors are representatives of the universities of England, Scotland, Russia, France, Germany, China, Japan, Canada, Australia, Chile, Sweden, Syria. Every notable university and college in the United States has sent an official representative—Harvard sending President Eliot; Princeton, President Patten; Columbia, Seth Low; Michigan, President Angell; Chicago, President Harper; Johns Hopkins, President Gilman; Cornell, President Schurmann. Scores of educators of national prominence are included.

Yale's Part in History.

The history of Yale is a story of alternate hope and despair, of decline and recuperation, of theological disputes and theological rebellions, of financial depressions and rich endowments, and of every actor nearly that went to the making of the country through the two centuries of its existence.

When Yale was begun New England consisted of about 100,000 scattered inhabitants. The only institution of learning was Harvard, founded by graduates of English universities in 1636, and the infant College of William and Mary, chartered in 1693. The idea of a collegiate institution for New Haven was one of the first ambitions of the settlers of this old colonial town. In 1697, after the long French wars were over, the New Haven people began again to discuss the project of a college, and the Rev. James Pierpont, the successor of John Davenport, himself a graduate of Harvard in 1681, took the lead. Between 1697 and 1700 several meetings were held to arrange for drafting a charter. This was applied for in September and in October, 1701, it was granted under the name of the "Collegiate School of Connecticut."

The organization of Yale, however, came a month later, when the Rev. Pierson was elected rector and Saybrook was named as the place for instruction.

In March, 1702, the first Yale student appeared in the person of one Jacob Heminway of New Haven, and in September, 1702, the first commencement was held and one student graduated. This was Nathaniel Chauncey of Stratford, who had studied privately with his uncle, one of the Board of Trustees.

London Sends Help.

In 1713 Jeremiah Dummer, who was then Conecticut agent at London, secured good sized contributions from several Englishmen of note, among them Sir Isaac Newton, Richard Steele, Sir Edmund Andros, and Elihu Yale.

The English gifts and the unsatisfactory method in which the college had been run led in 1716 to a vote of the board to remove from Saybrook, and New Haven was then settled upon as the most convenient place. When the transfer was ordered half of the students under Elisha Williams removed to Wethersfield, where a rival institution was established, while the removal of books from Saybrook was attended only by use of force and the aid of the Sheriff, many valuable books and documents being lost in the transfer.

Given Name of Yale.

Elihu Yale, who had already sent books to the college, renewed his interest in 1718 and sent over a large consignment of volumes, East India goods, and a portrait of the King, which is still preserved, from which were realized in Boston markets £562. So grateful were the trustees that at the 1718 commencement the college was formally titled "Yale College."

In 1719 began the long and splendid line of men who have occupied the chair of chief executive at Yale College and University. The Rev. Timothy Cutler, 1719-1722; the Rev. Elisha Williams, 1726-1739; the Rev. Thomas Clap, 1740-1766; the Rev. Naphtali Daggett, 1766-1777; the Rev. Ezra Stiles, 1778-1795; the Rev. Timothy Dwight, 1795-1817; the Rev. Jeremiah Day, 1817-1846; the Rev. Theodore Dwight Woolsey, 1846-1871; the Rev. Noah Porter, 1871-1886; the Rev. Timothy Dwight, 1886-1899; and Arthur Twining Hadley, who entered office in 1900, form a line of chief executives whose careers cover the rise of Yale from a mere provincial academy to one of the leading universities of the country.

It was the first Timothy Dwight who found Yale an academy and left it a college. He was the first President that Yale had had of the modern type. He graduated 1,137 students, and nearly double the yearly average of his predecessor. Under President Dwight Yale began to receive students from the South and West, and to take on its distinctive characteristic of a national institution.

First Scientific School.

It was in 1802 the first scientific school at Yale was formed, in Silliman, Day, and Olmsted. These three men in their generation were leaders in the world's scientific movement, Silliman making the knowledge of geology possible to countless thousands of young men and founding the Journal of Science; Olmsted making astronomy understandable and even popular, and Day writing a treatise on mathematics that was standard for thirty years. This great trio of Yale scientists was followed later by a second school of eminent men of science, Newton, Dana, Loomis, and a dozen others, and by the establishment of the Sheffield Scientific School.

It was left to Theodore Dwight Woolsey to take up the arduous labors of a Yale President in the middle of the century. He began the series of dormitories that now surrounds the campus on the College street side, he built the art school and the old gymnasium, enlarged the library, reconstructed and extended the theological and medical schools, inaugurated the graduate school, and, perhaps most important of all, founded the Sheffield Scientific School.

When President Dwight came to office he found matters prepared for him to proceed at once to the striking expansion that characterized his administration. Almost the first act of President Dwight was to secure the use of the title "university" for what had been Yale "College." Ten large university buildings sprang up during his office, the old campus was entirely inclosed with structures, and the middle campus begun by the erection of White and Berkeley.

Now President Hadley.

President Hadley has been in office but a little over a year when he finds himself at Yale's bicentennial. Already he has impressed the university with a most rare and cultured intellect, with a most vigorous and active energy, and with a most remarkable sympathy and wisdom. It is still early to judge in the least what President Hadley intends to do with the Yale that he has found ready for him, but there is every evidence that he has in mind slow but steady development, and even striking improvements in all directions.

FOR AMATEUR GARDENERS.

HOW TO CARE FOR PLANTS DURING THE WINTER.

AUTUMN is a good time to transplant herbaceous perennials. Perhaps Nov. 1 is a safe limit for this work, although some kinds will stand transplanting any time during the winter months when the ground is open. The more tender kinds are shifted in the spring. The majority of herbaceous plants can be propagated by division of the roots, and to maintain strong and healthy plants it is wise to divide the old stocks every three or four years.

Manure can be applied during fall or spring; in the last instance some kind that is well decomposed. The habit of leaving the manure around the plants all winter as a mulch and then digging it into the ground in the spring is not to be recommended, as in this way most of the ingredients valuable as plant food are lost.

Leaves or straw litter will make a better protection for herbaceous plants than old manure, but if the latter is used as a mulch during the winter, new, well-rotted manure should be applied in the spring and immediately dug into the ground.

Those herbaceous plants that have a running root stock need constant watching, or they will soon dominate over every inch of soil available, crowding out their less vigorous neighbors. To assume that herbaceous perennials will take care of themselves after once planted is ridiculous; they demand as much attention as any other plants and will repay any extra care bestowed upon them.

In planting a border of herbaceous plants it is almost necessary to know something about their habits, color of flower, and especially their size when full grown, otherwise a tall growing plant may occupy the front border, shutting out sun and air from its less vigorous and smaller neighbors. Dealers in these plants will give the proper advice when asked for it.

The following varieties are among the best and will grow in any good garden soil:

Peonies in varieties.
Phlox in varieties.
Iris in varieties.
(Larkspur)—Delphinium in varieties.
(Columbine)—Aquilegia in varieties.
(Sunflower)—Helianthus in varieties.
Asters.
(Cornflower)—Rudbeckia in varieties.
Lychnis.
Bannuculus.
(Poppies)—Popover in varieties.
Penstenous in varieties.
(Hare bell)—Campanula in varieties.
(Day lily)—Funkia in varieties.
Gaillardia in varieties.
(Oswego tea)—Monarda Dyduna.
Arabis alpina.
Artemisia.
Decconia cordata.
Chrysanthemum maximum.
Clematis Davidiana.
(Lily of the valley) Convallaria.
Coreopsis grandiflora.
(Bleeding heart) Dicentra.
(Foxglove) Digitalis.
(Shooting star) Dodocatheum media.
(Purple sunflower) Ebinacea.
Heliopsis Pitcheriana.
Hemerocallis in variety.
(Marshmallow) Hibiscus moschentos.
Iberis sempervireus.
(Perr. pea) Lathyrus.
(Cardinal flower) Lobelia cardinates.
(Mint) Mentha.
(Jacob's ladder) Polemanium.
(Cowslip) Primula veris.
(Saucy rhubarb) Rheum palmatime.
(Stow crop) Sedum in variety.
(Goldenrod) Solidago in variety.
(Spiderwort) Tradescantia.
Trillium god flower.
(Speedwell) Veronica.
(Liverleaf) Hepatica triloba.
(Violet) Viola in variety.
(Adam's needle) Yucca filumertosa.
(Anemone) Anemone Japonica.
(Chamonich) Anthenels in variety.
(Wild senna) Cassia Marilandich.
Desmodium.
Hollyhock in variety.
Tritoina.

This last named needs special protection or must be taken in during the winter months. The European trollius is also a pretty plant, and the Japanese fancy grasses known under the name of Eulalia are worthy a place in every garden.

Perhaps few plants give more pleasure to the gardener than those that are the heralds of spring. To this class of plants belong the snowdrops, crocuses, glory of the snow, scillas, and a little later hyacinths, daffodils, and tulips. No garden should be without some of these at least, and especially the pretty daring snowdrop, the gay crocus, the beautiful chionodora, scilla, and narcissus.

All of these varieties can be left in the ground from year to year and give good satisfaction. Tulips and hyacinths are better lifted every year and replanted. If planted among herbaceous plants in the border tulips may remain in the ground for a period of years and bloom sparingly.

The best success is obtained by buying fresh bulbs every fall, throwing the old ones away. The largest bulbs of previous year's planting may be used in the border or mixed planting, where they will give good satisfaction, although their flowers in most instances are inferior to those fresh imported. October is the month for bulb planting, selecting the first half of the month for narcissus and the latter half for the other varieties.

Such bulbs as snowdrops, crocus, glory of the snow, and scilla should be planted two or three inches apart, the tulips and narcissus eight to ten inches apart. For tulips, hyacinths, and narcissus a depth of four to six inches, and for the smaller bulbs two or three inches is deemed best. A light covering of straw litter or any other mulch is of great benefit, and for the narcissus is necessary. This covering should not be put on before the ground is frozen solid, so as to prevent any field mice from getting into the beds, and also to stop the bulbs from growing under their warm cover in a mild winter, which would induce them to break through the mulch too soon, to be injured by severe frosts in early spring.

Quite a few lilies may be grown in any well drained garden where the soil is not less than two feet deep. Of those planted in the fall, tigrium, candidum, rubrum, and longifforum are best known. They should be planted to a depth of eight to twelve inches, and where the ground is wet a layer of sand directly under the bulb will prevent the latter from decaying.

Other lilies that are pretty and planted now are thumbergil, Philadelphicum, canadum, martagon, speciadum, roseum, and umbellatum.

The Japanese and California varieties should be planted in the spring. The following varieties of tulips hyacintha for outdoor planting have given good satisfaction for this vicinity: Double tulips, La Candem (white), Rex rubrorum (scarlet); single tulips, Belle Alliance (scarlet), Chrysolora (yellow), Cottage Maid (rose and white), Kaizerkroon (yellow and red), Pottebacker (white), Prosperine (rose), Rembrandt (crimson), and Vermilion brilliant (scarlet).

Late single tulips: Gesulriana (large scarlet).

Hyacinths: Robert Steiger (red), Aba supernoessima (white), Baron von Thugid (blue).

Narcissus: Major, Horsefieldii, Van Sion, Orange Phœnix, paper white.

COUNTY BOARD IN TAX FIGHT.

Committee Appointed to Wait on State Equalizers at Springfield.

County Commissioners will take part in the fight to force the State Board of Equalization to return to a full assessment on the intangible property of local corporations. At the meeting of the County board yesterday a Committee of Five was appointed to wait on the State board at the same time that the other representatives of civic organizations go to Springfield. The committee consists of Commissioners Flanagan, Walker, Hoffman, Beer, and Irrmann. President Hanberg will be an ex-officio member. The committee will leave for Springfield this week, it is expected.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Because They Were Envious.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I have read a great deal of the testimony in the Schley investigation, but cannot tell why it is that the Captains and others are against the man that sunk and destroyed the Spanish fleet at Santiago.

P. H. KELLY.

The Sugar Trust and the Beet Sugar Refiners.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The sugar trust has just made another move in its desperate battle to crush out beet sugar production and ruin those who are trying to develop an industry of incalculable benefit to the farming population of at least two-thirds of our States—an industry so valuable to the agricultural sections that European governments are fostering it by bounties, direct and indirect.

The facts are as follows: Raw sugar is selling for 3¾ cents in New York and granulated 4.85 cents, or a margin of 1.10 cents between the two. The trust is selling from time to time and in limited quantities in the Missouri River markets granulated sugar at 3½ cents or ¼ cent under the cost of the raw material at New York, paying in addition the freight of 35 cents a hundred from New York to the Missouri River. The point to be observed is that they are keeping the price of sugar high in all parts of the country except in the Missouri Valley, where they sell it far below what they paid for the raw material at the Atlantic seaboard.

The object is plain. The trust wishes to force the beet sugar producers that find a market in that particular section to meet this ruinous price—to sell their granulated sugar for less than the value of the raw material at New York and thus compel them to go out of business and leave the field to the sugar trust.

If they could succeed in the Missouri River Valley they will then turn their attention to the beet factories of Michigan and other sections and by the power of concentrated capital crush out successively individually the beet sugar producers.

Knowing that the above plain facts must bring upon the trust a storm of indignation from all fair minded people, it tries to deceive the public by claiming through the press that the beet producers can still make money at the low price it is trying to establish. This is false, and if it had been true then the trust would have tried to establish a still lower price. They are not sacrificing 1½ cents a pound in the Missouri River markets to make a price that will still be profitable to the beet sugar men.

But this particular move on the part of the sugar trust will fall flat. The beet sugar factories will not sell their sugar in the Missouri River Valley at 1½ cents under the market when a fraction of that 1½ cents will move their sugar to every other market in the United States. What the next move of the trust will be remains to be seen.

The trust also attempts to justify its action through the press by insinuating that the beet factories have gone out of their rightful sphere in making refined sugar instead of raw sugar to be refined by the trust. Independent beet sugar producers have always made and sold refined beet sugar. It would be putting one's head in the lion's jaws with a vengeance for the beet factories to equip themselves only for the making of raw sugars at prices to be fixed by the trust. Besides it is an economical blunder to perform in two operations what can be done as well in one, and again the making of raw sugars would confine the beet sugar industry to the factories near the seaboard, where the sugar refineries are located, for a factory located, say, in the State of Colorado, could not exist if its product had to pay 60 cents a hundred freight in the raw state to the coast refinery and then 60 cents a hundred more to come back to the people of the same State in a form fit for consumption.

The Republican party declared in its national platform in 1896 and reiterated in 1900 that the beet sugar industry should be fostered and encouraged. The people of the United States, through their representatives in Congress, have over and over again by their acts of legislation shown the same determination.

The sugar trust has issued its edict to the country. The issue is joined and I want the people to understand it clearly. The action on the part of the sugar trust is of the kind that tends to create and perpetuate the feeling of dread and opposition on the part of the people of the country against all trusts. There can be no logical objection to combination of capital that may control any line of business. The objection lies in the fact that when that control is obtained the power is abused by the management of the trusts, who seem to be not as wise in their day and generation as they should be.

The movement on the part of the sugar trust in selling its refined sugar far below the cost to it of the raw material, and in the special market which is now reached to some extent by the beet sugar producers, cannot but call down on the head of the trust the condemnation not only of the beet sugar producers but also of all fair minded people in the country, and having done this they have placed themselves in an exceedingly poor position to go before Congress and ask for the perpetuation of their power as refiners, although they have recently arranged to increase their capital stock to the extent of $15,000,000 to rivet their control of the raw cane product.

In view of this act on the part of the sugar trust the United States Congress can illy afford to inaugurate the policy of reducing the present rate of duty by reciprocity or in any other way which would have the certain effect of enriching the trust on one hand and on the other the killing of the most promising industry in the agricultural business of America. HENRY T. OXNARD.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Names	Age.
Alex C. Hedstrom, Tessie Jandesek	26—20
Gustave Kahn, Jennie Black	42—33
Harry G. Luve, Emily B. Redmann	27—23
Albert Fridley, Katie Godfrey	23—23
Charles Dahlberg, Velma Lindberg	31—24
Wincenty Koslowski, Mary Kolar	33—31
Joseph Duler, Katherine Kenealy	34—36
Fred Welsch, Margaret Meyer	24—23
Jelte Overzet, Everdina Groenboom	28—25
George F. Orgibet, Caddye Lemrond	25—26
Arthur Bey, May Hansen	22—23
Francis P. Kujawski, Marie T. Krolikowski	27—21
Theodore Lustig, Mary Stach	46—39
William A. Blake, Elizabeth A. Pauly	30—23
Daniel L. Kennedy, Myrtle M. Watkins	26—19
William Joost of Niles Ill., Lizzie Schwiesow of Edison Park, Ill.	26—21
Floyd B. Johnson, Margaret La Fager	19—20
Henry Schmidt of Evanston, Ill., Mary Schroeder of same	33—30
Eric T. Breding, Christina Johnson	24—21
Erick Schavoni, Rose De Mark	24—21
Harry M. Eicholtz of Park Ridge, Ill., Maud Russell	28—21
Abraham Newman, Tillie Davis	32—27
Joseph Degnan, Mabel Fischer	20—21
Stanislaw Dumurad, Maria Zalockowska	30—20
Fredrick Makeus, Pearl Brown	24—18
Theophilus F. Siebenthol of Milwaukee, Wis., Marguerite La Velle of Sheboygan, Wis.	35—25
Henry Desteraux, Stanislawa Marach	21—16
James H. Conett, Mellissa Meek	25—38
John J. Leahy, Josephine A. Dooley	21—18
Jackson Orr of Denver, Colo., Lavina Waddell of Washington Courthouse, O.	60—46
Thomas J. Morency, Rose Leonhardt	23—20
Adam Gorga, Frances Glowa	22—21
Vernon D. Thompson, Louise Hofeldt of Blue Island, Ill.	26—22
William C. Sutfin, Sarah A. McCarthy	27—21
Daniel O'Connell, Mary McGeeney	45—35
Joseph Pachowski, Mary Rybarszyk	28—24
Marshall Smith, Julia Oros	29—24
George S. Gaylord, Gertrude Huling	22—20
Frank Wilkoysky of Evanston, Ill., Mary Natchki	23—20
Charles B. Schafer, Barbara B. Baur	31—29
William Turner, Mollie Doty	32—28
Claude Stratford-Handcock of Oswego, Mont., Dorothy V. Gastfield	31—29
Richard J. Reiter, Rose Helden of Milwaukee, Wis.	21—19
Herman Yandel, Ida Lambrecht	27—22
Edward J. Rogers, Katherine Moran	27—30
Atron Brunswick, Lizzie Larson	27—27
Gottlob Goesseie, Frieda Uzedorm	26—20
Louis Oberton, Martha Elsner	26—22
John F. Quan, Mae M. Gleason	26—20
Otto Hanneman, Marie Hopp	25—19
Herman Zastow, Annie Bitzner of Niles Center, Ill.	25—20
John E. Balzano, Concella Di Julio	22—17
Milo G. Derham, Lenna B. Green	33—41
Russell G. Williams, Hattie L. Cook	40—35
David W. Johnson, Bessie E. Randals	31—21
Herman Bluhn, Frieda Kemper	23—19
Stanislaw Zmuda, Maryanna Krzywanos	32—25
William A. Hanlin, Lottie E. Walters	28—29
Waclaw Chojuacki, Maria Serwatkiewicz	25—18
Oscar Bercher, Teresia Gramm	32—23
Patrick Duncan, Nannie Estes	39—30
Charles Jautzen, Elsie Peterson	23—33
Salomon Citroen, Katherine Thornton	36—37
Merritt C. Beymer, Mary L. MacLean of Wilmette, Ill.	26—25
Daglin O'Donnell, Mary Kane	25—30
Levi Winrott, Sophia Schneider	21—18
Wirt Wright of Libertyville, Ill., Addie W. Stafford	23—24
James Thompson, Mary Schurkisky	22—18
Victor J. Le Gros, Minnie M. Kastler	26—20
Agomoh Stepanaukos, Agata Matakajcute	23—19
Charles G. Swanson, Elizabeth Ahlstrand	31—24
Peter Sesprich of Rubicon, Wis., Mary Glynn	25—23
Axel Petersen, Sophie Christensen	23—24
Hugh N. Roberts of Woodford, Ok. T., Mary L. Webster	25—20
Fred Biersdorff, Emma Mittmann	37—26
Antoni Grzeszak, Clara Bousek	24—19
Gerson Gottlieb, Mary Goldman	45—25
Leon Kandziora, Martha Henning	22—19
Adam T. Jefferson, Ella Vorhees	29—28
William C. Snglar, Mary F. Field	31—24
Henry L. Serviss, Elizabeth E. Pitt	25—18
William Meyer, Martha Witt	27—24
Ignatius Wisniewski, Elizabeth Pisarek	21—19
Frank D. Keyser, Lida O. Evans	29—26
Swan Peterson, Emma Nelson	27—22
Peter Kotonski, Katherine Podgorska	26—19
William Kurth, Mamie McDonald	22—21
Wladislaw Baranowski, Martha M. Sieja	24—21
John Philippy, Louise Kill	30—22
Charles W. Stone, Hulda Johnson	[illegible]—24
Louis Killeen, Alice Mortimore	25—19
Gustav F. Oelze of Stickney, Ill., Louise Born of Lyon, Ill.	32—20
John Sullivan, Della Morrissey	22—21

Dr. Price's CREAM BAKING POWDER

For a third of a century American housewives have found Dr. Price's Baking Powder invariably a guarantee of pure, delicious and wholesome food.

Always makes the perfect biscuit, cake and bread.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Baking powders made from alum and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Names	Ages
Robert W. Dring of Omaha, Neb., Beatrice Mathis	25—25
John A. Johnson, Annie M. Orndorf	25—26
Henry M. Shaub, Dollie Markle	47—48
Herman G. Scheel, Alma Schwarz	24—22
Edward C. Prentiss of Oak Park, Ill., Mary E. Parmelee of Austin, Ill.	34—27
James J. Hendricks, Sadie L. Richardson	21—21
Francis H. Casey, Mary Cosgrove	24—22
Clarence W. Johnson of Dubuque, Ia., Margarethe Robothen of same	24—22
Peter Carson, Alma Lonnquist	28—25
Charlie Landre, Margarethe Barclay	21—22
Joseph Wilkinson, Alice Johnson	35—20
Roy E. Stafford, Mitte Bally	24—21
Rydul Bielawski, Josie Kulbacka	25—26
Carl A. Swanson of Maywood, Ill., Augusta J. Johnson of Oak Park, Ill.	27—35
Josef Piotrowski, Antonia Boozeck	22—18
Charles W. Dilcher of Buffalo, N. Y., Pearl Admire	25—22
Emil A. Krueger, Anna E. Nerger	22—21

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD on Monday, Oct. 14, 1901:

Property	Amount
Adams-st., W., 821, 34x96, Oct. 10 [Jennie E. McGill et al., by M. in C., to Chas. A. Schmidt]	$11,000
Archer-av., 295 s w of 22d-st., s e f, 18¼x100, more or less, Oct. 4 [R. H. Riedel to John L. Fox]	1,800
Clybourn-pl., 96 w of Marshfield-av., n f, 24x125, Oct. 11 [E. E. Davis et al., by M. in C., to Kate F. Morgan]	2,000
Cornelia-av., 200 e of Rockwell-st., s f, 25x124¼, Oct. 5 [A. J. Andvas to A. J. Bradford]	1,500
Escanaba-av., 280 s of 89th-st., w f, 25x138¼, Oct. 12 [Louis A. Frey to Elizabeth Kaworek]	1,800
53d-av., S., 191, n of Elm-st., w f, 30x125, Thirty-fifth Ward, Oct. 8 [M. A. Pillinger to A. E. Hawes]	1,200
Lawndale-av., 120 s of 18th-st., e f, 24x125, Oct. 12 [W. D. Carlisle to H. M. Reed]	3,800
Leavitt-st., 115 n of Van Buren, e f, 37¼x124 1-6, Oct. 11 [Sarah L. Vosburg et al., by M. in C., to estate of Frances E. Ogden]	8,750
Mechanic-st., n w cor. 17th, s f, 24x113, Oct. 8 [Philip Boller to Wm. P. Carey]	3,500
Mohawk-st., 330 n of Clybourn-av., w f, 30x127, Oct. 12 [F. Liebich to Auguste Rohde]	2,500
Ontario-av., 217 s of 130th-st., w f, 49⅞x290, with 250 front Superior-av., Sept. 24 [Anna H. Bennett to George S. Payson]	2,678
Osgood-st., 216 n of Wellington-av., w f, 25x124, Oct. 12 [F. Strank to Arthur C. Hoffmann]	3,500
Prairie-av., 2962, 26x178, incumbrance of $2,300, Oct. 12 [Annie M. Turwas to Hyman Lewis]	2,000
State-st., 128 n of 47th, w f, 50x161, Sept. 1 [the St. Andrews M. E. Church, by trustees, to the St. Mark M. E. Church]	8,000
Spaulding-av., 309 n of 15th-st., w f, 50x125, Oct. 8 [Philip Boller to Wm. P. Carey]	5,000
Superior-st., 170 w of Campbell-av., n f, 24x122 5-10, Sept. 28 [W. Kubbe to Walter Schneider]	1,750
Sawyer-av., 176¼ n of Central and Humboldt Park-blvd., e f, 50x125, Oct. 10 [Henry J. G. Bartholomew to Amanda Peterson]	8,000
Sixty-third-pl., 252 w of Lawndale-av., s f, 25x124, Oct. 10 [P. D. Diamond to L. F. W. Reinhard]	2,300
Vincennes-av., n w cor 68th-st., e f, 58⅛x109, incumbrance of $4,298, Sept. 24 [estate of Anton Muench to Wilhelmine Muench]	4,000
Burling-st., 291 s of Willow, e f, 24x104, Oct. 12 [F. J. Schmitz to W. Schenk], incumbrance $1,000	2,250
Erie-st., 134 w of Orleans, s f, 25x100, Oct. 11 [Mary A. Lynn et al., by M. in C., to Charles W. Leeming]	4,433
Ellis-av., 216 s of 63d-st., e f, 25x124 82-100, Oct. 11 [Bernhart Kinstler to David S. and Harry R. Applegate]	6,000
51st-av., N., 108 s of Bloomingdale-av., e f, 50x125, Oct. 12 [A. B. Jenks to Charles Person]	1,000
Hamilton-av., 47, 24x128, and other property, Nov. 14, 1900 [C. C. Wright et al., by M. in C., to Emilie Grzyboksi]	1,242
Lake-av., n w cor Paulina-st., s f, 100x112 1-3, undivided ¼ interest, Sept. 24 [I. T. Maughan to Wilber M. Maughan], incumbrance $2,300	100
Leavitt-st., 97 s of Potomac-av., e f, 24¼x124, Oct. 11 [M. Gellner et al., by M. in C., to R. Anderson]	1,453
Mohawk-st., 378 s of Blackhawk, e f, 25x132, Oct. 12 [A. Rohde to Frank Liebsch], incumbrance $1,600	5,100
Ontario-av., 97 n of 83d-st., w f, 25x124, Oct. 14 [Douglas Park Building association to J. Jasianiczki]	1,350
Southport-av., 48 s of Lill, e f, 24x125, Oct. 12 [Anna Elizabeth Schwachert to Konstanty Susralski et al.]	2,100
13th-pl., 96 e of Wood-st., n f, 24x124, Oct. 10 [William Brunke et al to Louis G. Haack]	4,100
Woodlawn-av., 205 s of 73d-st., e f, 25x120, Oct. 8 [W. E. Kemp to G. Willis]	1,000
Wentworth-av., 98 s of 70th-st., w f, 25x174½, Oct. 11 [Condelia Owen to Merilla E. Goodyear], incumbrance $1,500	2,000
Same property, Oct. 11 [Merilla E. Goodyear to K. H. Bell], incumbrance $1,500	2,200
Blackhawk-st., 316 w of Larrabee, s f, 25x75, Oct. 11 [M. Thomas to Mathias Butzen]	2,450
Edgemont-av., 150 w of Loomis-st., n f, 30x106½, and improvements, Oct. 9 [Catherine Ware to Harry P. Tomlin]	1
Fairfield-av., 250 s of North, w f, 25x125, Oct. 14 [Alexander S. Anderson to William G. Krieter], incumbrance $4,500	7,500
Fulton-st., 655, 25x105, Oct. 5 [G. McGregor to Lenore A. Veirs]	2,500
Same property, Oct. 14 [Lenore A. Veirs to Viola J. McGregor]	2,500
Le Moyne-st., 95 e of St. Louis-av., 24x123.9, Oct. 11 [F. E. Musgroce to Anna S. Cramer]	1,500
May-st., 275 n of 54th, w f, 25x124, Oct. 11, [Rosa Eckel to Henry C. Jacobsen]	4,000
Same property, Oct. 12 [Henry C. Jacobsen to Adam and Rosa Eckel]	1
Morgan-st., 241 s of 63d, w f, 25x124, incumbrance $2,300, Oct. 7 [E. Peller to Charles J. Man]	4,000
Princeton-av., 105 n of 51st-pl., e f, 27x104, incumbrance $1,900, Oct. 8 [L. Sartorius to Angus Christie]	3,500
Paulina-st., 79 n of 88th, e f, 37½x125, undivided ½ interest, Aug. 1 [estate of J. Theis to O. Theis]	1,005
Robey-st., 50 s of Cuyler-av., w f, 25x125, June 10, 1895 [Henry M. Hubbard to Jennie Batt]	1,050
Robey-st., s e cor Wolfram, w f, 25x125, July 1 [William Deering to Andreas Hergenhahn]	1,150
So. Chicago-av., 125 n w of Transit-st., n e f, 25x134, incumbrance $400, Oct. 10 [J. Colter Steen to Fred I. Tee]	1,000
State-st., S., No. 366, 25x100, Oct. 8, 1901 [heirs-at-law and devisees under last will of James Sinclair, deceased, and heirs-at-law and devisees under the last will of Frances S. Newcomb, deceased, to James H. Lomax]	60,000
Jefferson Township, part [illegible] 23, 40, 13, containing 4 acres lying between Addison and Cornelia-avs. and Homan and Drake-avs., Oct. 11 [F. A. Hale et al., by M. in C., to Judith S. Stevens]	3,400
Avenue H, 25 s of 103d-st., w f, 50x125, July 6 [Albert Wolff to Olga Zimmerman]	2,500
Armitage-av., s w cor Kedzie, n f, 49x150, Oct. 10 [Tom Barrett et al. to Ruth J. Swayne]	20,000
California-av., 200 s of Bloomingdale, e f, 25x100, Oct. 5 [F. Leinweber to H. Geist]	2,500
Same property, Oct. 14 [H. Geist to Minna Leinweber]	2,525
Kedzie-av., 50 s of 45th-st., w f, 50x124, Sept. 19 [J. C. King to Margaret Sheehan]	1,000
Marshfield-av., 272 s of 67th-st., w f, 36x124, incumbrance $1,300, Sept. 3 [W. G. Schroeder to Thomas P. Empey]	2,500
110th-pl., 50 e of Princeton-av., n f, 50x121½, Sept. 27 [B. Freeman to S. A. Boersma]	1,550
Washtenaw-av., 234 n of Fulton-st., e f, 24x125, Oct. 5 [J. Z. Mattson to Clara A. Jones]	1
Washington-blvd., 132 w of Paulina-st., n f, 22x122, Feb. 15, 1900 [John P. Tyson to Eleanor P. Tyson]	6,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

Permit	Amount
John Nelson, 2-story frame flat, 2829 Ridge-st.	1,800
John Moran, 1½-story frame dwelling, 820 Victoria-st.	1,200
Julian Blain, three 3-story brick apartment buildings, 3750-58 Grand-blvd., and 284-6 38th-st.	60,000
Fabian Peterson, 3-story brick apartment building, 5548-5 Peoria-st.	14,000
V. S. Pease, 1-story frame cottage, 11751 Wallace-st.	1,200
V. S. Pease, 2-story frame residence, 11950 Harvard-av.	1,500
J. H. Lenner, 3-story brick flat, 546 W. 61st-pl.	8,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED yesterday by the Building department:

Permit	Amount
Home for Orthodox Aged Jews, foundation, 821-841 Albany-av.	$3,000
Schlitz Brewing company, 1-story brick store, 1183 W. 21st-st.	1,500
A. Roder, 2-story brick flat, 637 Kedzie-av.	2,000
John Valenta, 2-story brick flat, 463 South-west-blvd.	2,000
W. L. Palmsky, 3-story brick flat, 54 Palmer-av.	6,000
Schlitz Brewing company, 1-story brick hall, 4 N. Belmont-av.	2,000
J. A. Modine, 3-story brick store, 1588-90 Buckingham-pl.	18,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations: L. Wittenberg company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; bake matzos; incorporators, Elijah N. Zoline, Harris Bisco, Levy Wittenberg.

Safety Construction company, Chicago; capital, $20,000; manufacturing railway appliances and devices; incorporators, John F. Talmage, John Dew, Charles N. Hills.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

NEW PRIVATE HOTEL, THE LOUVRE, 3611 Lake-av.—Just completed, a new apartment; beautiful double and single rooms, facing lake or front, and suites, with or without private bath; running hot and cold water and all modern conveniences; most elegantly furnished to suit. Half block to I. C., 2 blocks to cable. References. Tel. 1257 Oakland.

9 E. 31ST-ST.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ALcove room, running water, well heated; telephone; excellent table.

6 OAKLAND CRESCENT, 41ST-ST. AND ELLIS—Front room; steam; 'phone; excellent board; private.

2500 PRAIRIE-AV. — GOOD ROOMS AND board; steam, hot water, 'phone; reasonable; table board.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOM, BOARD; GOOD home, right parties; steam; home cooking; phone

5724 WASHINGTON-AV.—SUITE AND SINGLE outside rooms, with board; choice location.

3010 PRAIRIE-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; suitable for two gentlemen.

3605 LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, BOARD; lavatory, telephone; I. C. and Cottage Grove.

2446 MICHIGAN-AV.—HANDSOME RESIdence; board, for refined people. Phone Green 1571

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM with board; refined people. Phone 4091 Calumet.

2516 INDIANA-AV.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, with board; private bath; residence.

North Side.

16 ASTOR-ST., NR. DIVISION-ST. AND THE lake—Artistic, original; best home living in Chicago; room with board, $5 to $9 per week.

211 DEARBORN-AV., SIDWAY HOTEL—$5.00 week and up for board and room; steam heat, elevator; all conveniences.

257-259 ONTARIO-ST.—CUMMINGS HOUSE—Single and double rooms with board; running water, steam heat, telephone; $5 and up.

242 DEARBORN-AV.—CHOICE OF 3 LARGE front rooms; very reasonable and desirable; excellent board; refined musical family.

77 MAPLE-ST., NEAR STATE—FURNISHED rooms, steam heated, with board.

205 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS, with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 1363 North.

378 E. CHICAGO-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with homelike board, $4.50 and $5 weekly.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—NICE STEAM HEATED rooms; excellent board.

237 E. SUPERIOR-ST.—WANTED, LADY boarders.

Hotels.

HOTEL TURNER, 33D AND WABASH-AV. — Without exception one of the nicest and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms single or en suite, with or without private baths; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated. Indiana and State-st. car lines. 'Phone 408 South.

"VINCENNES" AND "VINCENNES ANnex," cor. 36th-st. and Vincennes-av.—A strictly up-to-date family hotel in the full meaning of the term; no pains spared to make this a home for desirable people; table excellent; transportation quick; hotel faces park.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L., I. C., electric lines; steam, baths. Tel. Oak. 656; American or European.

EDINBURGH HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—Am. and European plans; suites 2 and 3; also single, with private baths. Tel. 1038 South.

GRANADA HOTEL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.—Finest residence neighborhood; walking distance; elegant rooms; European plan; $3 per week and up.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—ELEgant rooms; fine table; elevator; beautiful baths.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV., TEN minutes to Randolph-st.—Rooms, single and en suite, with or without bath. Tel. Oakland 192. C. H. WHITE, Prop.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 167 E. MADISON-ST.; rooms with bath, 1 person, 75c; 2 persons, $1.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—WILL PAY $100 MONTH FOR SUITE of connecting or adjoining rooms, with board; man and wife and grown daughter; S. S. Address J 450, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY GENTLEMAN, WITH Jewish family, South Side, near Alley L; state terms. Address J 403, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT — STEAM HEATED ROOMS, THE Lafayette, 10, 12, and 14 E. Harrison-st., one block south of the Auditorium; walking distance.

TO RENT—226 E. 63D-ST., NEAR JACKSON Park—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; steam, fuel gas.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED, NICEly furnished steam heated rooms; gentlemen only. 2503 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—IN PRIVATE FAMILY; NICELY furnished front room. 2944 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURN. ROOMS; FIRST-class accommodation; ref. 1425 Michigan-av. Fl. 6.

West Side.

TO RENT—2 FRONT SLEEPING-ROOMS. 531 W. Van Buren-st., 1st flat.

North Side.

TO RENT—769 N. CLARK, LARGE FRONT room; also single room; opposite Lincoln Park; furnace heat.

TO RENT—ELEGANT OUTSIDE FURNISHED rooms, private family. 417 La Salle-av., 3d flat.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—SUITE ROOMS [3], furn., all mod. conv., in ref. family; North Side preferred; 3 bachelors. O 376, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—SUITE OF TWO ROOMS by two gentlemen; state particulars and price; So. Side. Address J 430, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for 1 or 2 ladies; north of Fullerton. 906 Halsted.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—2972 INDIANA-AV., LARGE 11-room residence adapted to boarding-house; $40. 3024 Lake Park-av., fine 10-room dwelling, opp. I. C. depot; $32.50. 3120 Rhodes-av., modern 9-room dwelling; $25. 3644 Vincennes-av., 10-room stone front residence; $25. 5725 Rosalie-ct., detached frame, 8-r., modern; $35. 155 75th-pl., Windsor Park, modern 8-room brick dwelling; 1 block from station; $22.50. 7408 Harvard-av., Eggleston, handsome 8-room stone front dwelling; 2 blks. from R. I. depot; $22.50. CHANDLER & CO., 84 Washington-st.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE 8-ROOM HOUSE, steam heat. 6115 Drexel; call 6111; near L road; good location.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—THE HANDSOME, NEW, MODern house on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; hardwood finish and floors, hot water heat, 2 tiled bathrooms; every up-to-date convenience; rent reasonable. D. G. HAMILTON, J. D. ALLEN, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT — 10-ROOM HOUSE, 3551 GRAND-blvd.; has been thoroughly overhauled; new plumbing, gas fixtures, hardwood floors; newly decorated; put in first-class condition; next door. LYON, GARY & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4348 PRAIRIE-AV., 12-ROOM MODern house; favorable lease to good tenant; private family only. EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber of Commerce Building.

TO RENT—A 10-ROOM BRICK AND STONE front house; Lake-av., north of 47th-st.; all modern improvements; $35 per month. Apply 4737 Lake-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED—$35 per month, new 7-room brick and stone front house, containing every modern improvement. Apply owner, n. w. corner Sheridan-drive and Byron-st., one block south of Sheridan-drive station, Northwestern Elevated.

TO RENT—139 PINE-ST.—9-ROOM MODERN house; $60 per month. MRS. E. W. CASE, 20, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NORTH SIDE MODERN 11 ROOM house. 200 Goethe-st. Apply 198 Goethe-st.

TO RENT—BUENA PARK AND EDGEWATER houses. H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—AT SANTA BARBARA, CAL., IN the Montecito, near to both mountains and the sea; "El Reposo," one of the now rare old-time Spanish residences; furnished; 6 rooms, beside bathroom, including reception hall, 20x30, with large fireplace, etc.; good, gentle horse, two-seated surrey, and buckboard; rural mail delivery daily; ideal spot for restful recreation. Mr. Charles H. Solomon, of J. G. Harlow & Co., 361 West Madison-st., will give desired information, having personal knowledge of the premises.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 DEARBORN-ST. TEL. 4405 MAIN. Branch offices: 43d and Oakenwald-av. and 5500 Indiana-av. Tel. 844 Wentworth.

NEW KENWOOD APARTMENT BLDGS. "THE RENAISSANCE."

170-174 51ST-BLVD., NEAR WASHINGTON-AV. — Most beautiful residence section of Hyde Park, convenient to the I. C. express trains; 10 and 11 rooms; elegant interior arrangements; parlors and libraries finished in solid mahogany, dining-rooms in Flemish oak, drop beam ceilings, tiled bathrooms, chambers finished in curly birch and white enamel, marble lavatories, elegant appointments throughout; one of the finest apartment bldgs. west of New York City; send for description booklet showing floor plans, size of rooms, etc.; rent $90 to $135.

"THE VALKYRIE," 71-77 E. 47TH-ST.—Most beautiful location in Kenwood; one 10-room apartment, spacious and elegant interior arrangement; oval reception hall, 12x15; parlor 16x20; dining-room 16x18; chambers 12x14; parlors and library finished in red birch; bookcases, French consoles, and mantels with gas grates; dining-room finished in Flemish oak with drop beam ceilings, sideboard, plate rails; all chambers open off private hallway; stationary washstand, bathroom finished in white tile with mosaic floor, shower bath attachments; one of the finest apartments in Kenwood.

3801-3803 GRAND-BLVD.—One of the most beautiful high-class apartment buildings in Chicago; elegant and spacious interior arrangement; 8 rooms finished in oak, redwoods, and white enamel; dining-rooms and reception-rooms finished in Flemish oak; private balconies opening off the parlors and dining-room; these apartments will be richly decorated to suit tenants; only two blocks from the Board of Trade trains and Indiana-av.; only two left; $70, $80.

NEW BLDG. S. W. COR. GREENWOOD-AV. AND 47TH-ST.—One of the choicest locations in Kenwood, will be completed before Nov. 1; 5, 6, 7, 8 room apartments finished in hardwoods, richly decorated, equipped with all the latest modern improvements; rent $35, $40, $45, $50, $70. Open for inspection.

4728 KENWOOD-AV. — Beautiful location; 7 rooms; hardwood finish; steam heat; hot water; rent reduced to $37.50.

79-81 E. 48TH-ST., NEAR KENWOOD-AV.—8 and 9 room apartments, just completed; beautiful interior finish; rents $75 to $80.

4717 KENWOOD-AV.—11-room apartment; most elegant and up-to-date apartments in the city; only one left; $136.

TO RENT—
JUST COMPLETED.
4606 TO 4612 AND 4832 AND 4834 INDIANA-AV.
MAGNIFICENT 8-ROOM APARTMENTS.
ALL ROOMS EXTRA LARGE AND LIGHT.
FINEST AND BEST ARRANGED IN CITY.
FINISH, MAHOGANY, ENAMEL, AND OAK.
FIXTURES ELABORATE AND LATEST DESIGN. COME TODAY AND GET CHOICE.
NEWBURY & CO., 204 DEARBORN-ST.

TO RENT—
4526 VINCENNES-AV. RESIDENCE LOCATION. ELEGANT, NEW, 7 ROOMS, ON CORNER. LARGE ROOMS.
LATEST DESIGNS IN DECORATION.
OAK, MAHOGANY, AND ENAMEL FINISH.
OPEN ALL DAY. $45 AND $47.50 EACH.

TO RENT—THE ZENDA, VINCENNES-AV., N. W. cor. 44th-st., ready for occupancy now; 4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms; handsomely finished in mahogany, white enamel, oak, and Flemish oak dining-room; hardwood floors throughout; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges; night and day electric light; handsomely decorated; carpeted halls; screens; specially designed sideboards, halltrees, and mantels; best of janitor service; 1 block from cross-town cars, 3 blocks to Alley L; $32.50 to $55. Open today. SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 'Phone Main 4052, 213 La Salle-st. 'Phone Oakland 705, 142 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—NEW 8-ROOM APARTMENTS—4801-9 Forrestville-av.; each bldg. has 3 flats, each flat 50 ft. wide; each flat has two bathrooms. These flats are finished in the very best manner and are cheap at $100 per month. Rent, $60 to $65. Steam heat, hardwood floor; every modern convenience. DRAPER & KRAMER, 47th and Calumet-av. Main office, 125 Dearborn-st. Office open evenings.

TO RENT—THE MONROE. 5513-15-17-19-21-23 and 25 MONROE-AV.—5 and 6 room flats, from $17.00 to $22.50 per month, including electric light, steam heat, elevator service, hot water, janitor service, gas ranges, laundry, with steam dryer in laundry, smoking-room, reading-room, and free clubroom; cheapest and best flats for the money in the city; no children below age of 12 years. DUNLAP SMITH & CO., Agents, Or local agent at building.

TO RENT—45TH-ST., BET. GRAND-BLVD. and Vincennes, new, 7 and 8 rooms, large and light; the most elegantly appointed apartments in Chicago; large reception halls; magnificent decorations; finished in various hardwoods; large lawn in front, rear, and side; sideboards, hall trees, refrigerators; south front; open. H. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st. And n. w. cor. 47th-st. and Grand-blvd.

TO RENT—5901 PRAIRIE-AV. ELEGANT CORNER FLAT, 7 LARGE ROOMS; EXTRA FINE FINISH; NEWLY DECORATED. 5903 PRAIRIE-AV., 7-ROOM FLAT, SECOND FLOOR; "OAK FINISH"; ONLY $30.
Inquire at buildings or 313, 145 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—THE STANHOPE, NEW APARTment building, 4127 and 29 Michigan-av., high-grade, thoroughly modern; 8 large rooms, two bathrooms, splendid closets and wardrobes; all rooms outside light; first-class plumbing; best iron sewerage; finished with all latest improvements; transportation, Alley L, two blocks; Indiana-av., one block; blvd. trains, one and one-half blocks; rent $65 to $75. Owner on premises.

TO RENT—APARTMENTS IN "THE CONCORD," INDIANA-AV. AND 24TH-ST. 4 to 8 rooms; steam heat; newly decorated; reasonable rent; desirable location; new management; call at the building or at my office. JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—300 and 302 65th-pl., near I. C., 67th-st. station; 1st and 2d flats, 6 and 7 rooms, all light; new building; modern in every detail; special inducements; $32.50 and $37.50. L. M. SMITH & BRO., Agents, 5947 Cottage Grove-av. 'Phone Oakland 501.

TO RENT—FINEST APARTMENTS IN CITY. Palais Elysee: 3 and 4 rooms, only $25 to $31. S. w. cor. 36th-st. and Wabash-av. 12 minutes by L road down-town. Mahogany finish. Marble bathrooms. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEW HIGH GRADE 7 AND 8 ROOM apartments, 6531-7 Woodlawn-av., near I. C. express and L trains; ready Sept. 10. Special inducements to desirable tenants. JOHNSON & WHITEHEAD, 367 E. 63d-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE 3-FLAT BLDG., RENTS $1,400, PRICE $10,000; BLDG. CLEAR OF INCUMBRANCE AND NEAR GRAND-BLVD. AND 47TH-ST. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

TO RENT—THESE CHOICE MODERN FLATS—Possession Nov. 1.
5654 CALUMET-AV., 2d, 5 rooms.......$30.00
5806 PRAIRIE-AV., 2d, 8 rooms.......47.50
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES TO RENT, sell, or exchange; fire policies written; money to loan. Phone Drexel 7522. SMITH & CO., 4653 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3634 MICHIGAN-BLVD. DESIRABLE modern 6 and 8 room flats at $30 to $65; will decorate to suit. EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber of Commerce Building.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, 26 46TH-ST., NEAR Lake-av.; hardwood floors, modern plumbing, furnace heat; near trains and electric cars; $25. HARRY F. WILLIAMS, 97 Clark-st.

TO RENT—HOW IS THIS? $30 TAKES KENwood brown stone 7-room heated apartment; 8 rooms; $35; you can't beat them. Call today. 4515 Lake-av.

TO RENT—FLATS IN THE WINAMAC, CORNER Oakwood-blvd. and Ellis-av.; housekeeping, or excellent table in building; the most fashionable in the city; fireproof.

TO RENT—"PALO ALTO," S. E. COR. 23D and State; 3, 4, and 5 room apartments; first-class. Phone 1172 South; or see janitor.

TO RENT—1349 MICHIGAN-AV., TWO MODern seven-room flats; first, $37.50; second, $35; open. LYON, GARY & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—"THE MARIE," 4632 VINCENNES-av., corner flat; 7 large rooms; modern; $45. See janitor.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, NEWLY DECorated, gas range, 493 S. State-st.; walking distance; $27.50. Janitor on premises.

TO RENT—2952 GROVELAND-AV., 6 OR 9 room flat; every room light, good order; open. R. B. COOPER, 1334 Unity Bldg.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 6-ROOM FLAT, 6537 Minerva-av.; oak floors; steam heat; near I. C. and Alley "L"; 1 blk w. of Woodlawn-av., only $27.50.

TO RENT—HODGES BLDG., 3 ROOMS, FRONT, south windows; private baths, steam, elevator, etc.; 15 minutes to bus. cen. 90 22d-st.

TO RENT—ONE 4-ROOM FRONT FLAT, $18; steam heat, hot water, bathroom, range, etc. Lenox Buildings, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FLATS.

West Side.

TO RENT — 1073 WASHINGTON-BLVD., 7 rooms; best flat on West Side; all clean and light; elegant sideboard and large bay; low rent; open.

TO RENT—HANDSOME, LIGHT 7-ROOM steam heated flats. 1060 Washington-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL NEW APARTMENTS, 15 TO 25 ELAINE-PL., 2 blocks east of Clark-st. L station. The "Wadeford," handsomest of Lake View buildings; entrance halls white Italian marble, with mosaic floors, mahogany doors, terraced lawn approach; location quiet and delightful. Flats have 4, 5, and 6 rooms each; beautifully finished and decorated; solid bronze hardware and finest plumbing; every room in each flat light and pleasant; rents, $30, $35, and $45. Open for inspection today. CHANDLER & CO., 84 Washington-st.

TO RENT—In the SHERIDAN PARK district, near terminal of N. W. "L," flats in modern steam heated apartment buildings at from $30 per month and upwards. BAIRD & WARNER. Branch office, s. w. cor. Evanston and Wilson-avs. Phone Graceland 1161. Adjoining N. W. "L" sta. Or 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—606 DIVISION-ST., NEAR LAKE Shore drive, handsome 8-room apartment in fine condition; every modern convenience. OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOM NEW MODERN flats, just completed; only $24 to $30; snap; very swell; open all the time; Grace-st., 2 blocks west of N. W. L. station; corner Olga-st.

TO RENT—2 MODERN 6-ROOM NICELY FURnished flats and 1 unfurnished; no children; walking distance. Office, 18 Bellevue-pl.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES ALL OVER the city. Call or send for printed list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. 8 'phones, Main 339.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL FURNISHED flat south of 43d and east Cottage Grove; adults; reference. Address J 473, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL FURNISHED flat, vicinity good South Side hotel. E. M. BOWMAN, 3514 Rhodes-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—6 OR 7 ROOMS, MODern; give full particulars, price, and location. Address J 422, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORE ON STATE-ST., NEXT TO corner of Van Buren, No. 282½, 18x50; no saloon or restaurant; fine location for shoe, clothing, bakery lunch, or gents' furnishings; long or short lease. Apply 1211 Monadnock.

TO RENT—SMALL STORE, 43D-ST., SPLENdid location for jewelry, ladies' tailor, millinery, gent's furnishings, express, coal, or real estate office; cheap rent. Address J 448, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ELEGANT STORE WITH 3 LIVING rooms; steam heat, hot water; good basement. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 197 EAST Randolph-st. Apply to J. S. MEYER, Room 208, 56 Fifth-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—$10—LIGHT, HIGH, LARGE CORner basement store; size 24x50; A1 condition; in 100-room men's lodging-house. 44 Chicago-av., east of river. Four car lines.

TO RENT—½ OR SPACE OF THE FINE STORE, 147 N. Clark; fine business location.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT — ELEGANT OFFICES; VAULT, hardwood floor, janitor service. Boylston Bldg., 263 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, DICKEY BLDG. 40 DEARborn; excellent light, modern; low rent.

TO RENT—DESKROOM OR SMALL OFFICE, $5 and up. 88 La Salle-st., suite 33.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—1414-1416 WABASH-AV.; FLOORS, 27x115; light mfg. or warehouse; steam heat, elevator; rent cheap. OWNER, 1226, 110 La Salle-st.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—12-14 S. JEFFERSON-ST.; LARGE MANFG. BLDG., 20,000 SQ. FT.; ALL LIGHT. E. W. ZANDER & CO., 155 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, STORES, AND FLOORS in wholesale dry goods and central business districts. Send for list or 'phone agent to call. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. 8 'phones, all Main 339.

TO RENT—FINE CORNER FLOORS FOR MANufacturing, in center of down-town district; reasonable rent. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—STENOGRAPHER [25] desires desk room in first-class hotel. Address J 415, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BASEMENT, PARTLY furnished, for housekeeping; terms. V 447, Tribune.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA, GRADUATE OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND. 78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR. HOURS, 9 TO 9. SUNDAYS, 10 TO 2. LADIES—If you have tried everything else, DO NOT despair, as my improved PAINLESS treatment WITHOUT the use of instruments or dangerous operations, is POSITIVELY guaranteed to relieve the longest and most obstinate cases in a few hours, or money cheerfully returned; no other Specialist makes such a liberal offer. SPECIAL attention before and during confinement. Infants adopted. Patients from out of town who wish to remain under my personal care will be received in my private home, which is supplied with every convenience for the safety and privacy of patients. Ladies will save time and money by first calling at my office, where they will have the benefit of the highest skill at the lowest possible terms. LADY PHYSICIAN of ability and experience in attendance. Consultation free. Correspondence [in plain envelope] strictly confidential.

RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM, DR. J. BIGELOW, Rooms 317 and 318, 99 E. Madison, cor. Dearborn. CHICAGO'S OLDEST SPECIALIST. Reliable, skillful, and painless treatment in private diseases and ailments peculiar to women, resulting in the utmost success; no operation, pain, or danger; results and positive cure guaranteed or no fee required; all our time is devoted to ladies in need of personal care; accommodations provided in all cases; we also treat cases of long standing for $10 a month; confinement cases taken; patient with limited means can work for services; lady physician in attendance if desired; when others fail don't get discouraged; call on us; relief for all; don't give up. EXTENDED TO THE UNFORTUNATE; terms quoted after examination only; we reply to all correspondence; strict attention to out-of-town patients.

WOMEN ONLY—THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE OFFICE FOR WOMEN. DR. E. J. DENNIS, DR. E. J. DENNIS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 1115 MASONIC TEMPLE. The only physician in Chicago who devotes the whole of his time to the treatment of diseases of women. SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by improved and painless methods. Prompt relief guaranteed in every case undertaken WITHOUT OPERATION, PAIN, OR DANGER. Consultation and advice free. Private home if desired for ladies remaining under my care. Lady physician in attendance if desired. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. PRIVATE SANITARIUM.

THE LAKE SANITARIUM, FOR LADIES EXCLUSIVELY. Skillful treatment of all diseases and complications of women; rapid and painless relief guaranteed in every case undertaken; $5; lady physician if desired; expert physicians of twenty years' experience in constant attendance; prices and accommodations are so graded as to meet the conditions and requirements of all classes; no fee till results are assured; consultation free. Correspondence especially solicited from out of town patients, whom we meet at trains with private conveyance. Will reply to all letters. Infants taken for adoption. CALL OR WRITE AT ONCE. Hours, 9:30 to 6. Sunday, 10 to 1. LAKE SANITARIUM, Room 307. 99 Madison-st., corner Dearborn.

LADIES— LADIES. LADIES Dr. W. F. Briney, physician and surgeon. City Office, Suite 610, 167 Dearborn-st. Hours, 9 to 5. Sundays, 9 to 12. Tel. Central 3578. Reliable and skillful treatment of all diseases and complications peculiar to women, without pain or inconvenience. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charge. Long standing, obstinate cases yield in a few hours. The only exclusive office for ladies. Elegant suburban sanitarium; none will compare with it for pure air and sunlight. Cheerful rooms. Patients not refused who are unable to pay usual fees. Terms quoted only after personal examination.

DR. B. M. ROSS, 175 CLARK-ST., CORNER MONROE, CHICAGO, ILL. SPECIALIST IN ALL DISEASES OF MANKIND. Nervous diseases, blood poison, and all urinary diseases cured. Established 20 years. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Call or write. Hours, daily, 9 to 8. Mon., Wed., Fri., and Sat. evenings, 7 to 8:30. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1.

LADIES—"DR. LE DUCE'S FEMALE MEDICINE" relieves and cures all long standing, obstinate, obdurate, diseased, abnormal, pathological cases in six hours. If guaranteed lot fails will send free, prepaid, treatment until relieved; store or mail, $2 and $5. All leading druggists; refuse any substitute. WELD & HALL, Elgin, Ill.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMAN, 331 WELLS-ST.—Skillful and scientific treatment of all diseases of women; 20 years' experience; fair treatment guaranteed; consultation and advice free.

IDA V. SCHULTZ, REGULAR GRADUATE IN obstetrics, 493 North Clark-st., takes all difficult cases of confinement; sure help for all irregularities.

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST.—OLD GRADUate physician; 30 years' practice; SPECIALIST IN DISEASES of women; home for confinement cases; advice free; success guaranteed. Hrs. 9 to 8.

LADIES TREATED SUCCESSFULLY, $5—DR. HASENCLEVER, 970 W. Madison-st.; advice free.

ALL CHRONIC DISEASES CURED—TUMORS dissolved, nervous vitality restored. DR. DELLANSO, 1214 Masonic Temple, 10 to 4.

DR. W. B. CARROLL—SPECIALTY DISEASES of men only; 25 years' exp. Office, 416 Inter-Ocean Building, 130 Dearborn-st.

DR. BURMASTER, EYE, EAR, NOSE, AND throat specialist. 1215 Masonic Temple; hrs. 10-4.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES AT LOW PRICES PUT UP with our aluminum tips. The H. C. Schroeder Co., 70 La Salle-st., 517 Milwaukee-av.

E. BAGGOT & CO., 169-71 E. ADAMS-ST., MANufacturers and retailers. Special designs.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE—COMPACT LITTLE PRINTING plant suitable for composition on 32-page publication, 6x9; also Gordon press, 10x12; all in good shape. Room 69, 147 5th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT ACCOUNTant, cashier, or office man of 28, capable filling responsible position, or will keep small sets, etc.; use typewriter; good ref. Address J 418, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 24 years, of good address and willing to work, with some firm; office work preferable; good clerk, correspondent, or man for details; experienced; A1 credentials. Address J 416, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN OFFICE BY YOUNG man 21; two years' experience; 6 months experience as bookkeeper; A1 references. Address J 466, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, AS OFfice asst. or in supt. office in mfg. plant; familiar with small mchy.; good assembler and adjuster. Address J 458, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 21 years of age, to do office work; can operate any typewriter and keep books. Address J 484, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT DOUble-entry bookkeeper and office man. Good reference; bond if required. V 444, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, 28, EXperience on ledger; quick and accurate at figures. Address J 469, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—CERTIFIED ACCOUNTant's assistant (25) is open for engagement. First-class references. Address V 448, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—A WESTERN SHIRT waist salesman of ability and push desires traveling position with reputable house in same line. Address F H 56, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — A1 SALESMAN, FOR drug, chemical, or pharmaceutical house. Address J 445, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED — BOY, 17, WITH EXPErience in office work and with full knowledge of bookkeeping. Address J 457, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 18 yrs. old; machine shop; 3 yrs.' experience. Address J 428, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ELECTRICIAN WANTS steady position; thoroughly understand dynamos, motors, and house wiring. J 456, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS ENgineer; city reference. J 492, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS fireman. Address J 493, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN; copy draughtsman. Address J 489, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG JAPANESE boy for housework in private family. Address 471, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEMAN; SOBER, competent; Swede; city refs. ISAKSON, 3228 S. Canal-st.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR MAN AND WIFE as first and second cook, colored. 2929 Dearborn-st., third flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BUTLER OR VALET, by experienced Englishman. V 437, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1395.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BRIGHT YOUNG man as stenographer, 3 mos.' experience; best references; will begin at $6.00. Address N N 397, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS stenographer, typewriter, and office work. Address J 494, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher; experienced, accurate; machine; $9. Address J 467, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG STENOGrapher and office assistant; start $6 if position be permanent. Address V 443, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STRICTLY FIRST-class man, experienced in bank, freight, and manufacturing lines; salary $75. J 434, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STENOGRAPHER and office man, 8 yrs.' experience; rapid and accurate; excellent references. J 451, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—AM OPEN TO ENGAGEments to return as agent to the Philippine Islands; have had 2 years' recent experience there; am an experienced salesman, bookkeeper, typewriter, and speak fair Spanish; excellent references. Address F W 517, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WITH REAL ESTATE firm, with view of developing Cuban land business by gentleman thoroughly posted in Cuban colonies; acquainted with real estate business. Address J 477, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS JANITOR OR houseman by first-class, elderly man, expert with steam or hot water heat; handy with tools; moderate wages for good place only. Address J 478, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COLORED MAN wants work taking care of furnace or other house jobs; good reference. WILLIAM PRENSHAW, 35 Irwin-av.

SITUATION WANTED — BY AN ENERGETIC young man, with reliable firm; willing to do anything; can give references. Address J 480, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN 24 yrs. of age as collector, or any outside work; will furnish bond and references. Address J 413, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—JANITOR, COMPEtent to care for large building, do renting and collecting. BARTLETT, 635 E. 41st-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 20, clothing or any kind of outside work. Address J 479, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN IN stock company; some experience in acting. Address J 420, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN, take care horses and milk; do janitor work. Address J 439, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 20, AS collector or office work; excellent penman; 2 yrs.' experience; refs. Address J 452, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS JANitor; $40 to $60 per mo. J 490, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COLLECTOR. CAN give best reference. Address J 491, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — EXP. HOUSE MAN; understand steam heating. J 460, Tribune office.

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HOUSEMAN—FIRST-CLASS. NORTH SHORE Hotel.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

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AGENTS—HONEST WORKERS WANTED. I can and will convince at my own expense that I have the best thing in, on, or out of the earth for the people. A line of articles, absolute necessities, needed by every one, that have no equal, that sell themselves over and over again. I protect my agents; they stay with me because the demand grows and they receive all benefits therefrom. If you've been nipped by fakers, frauds, and sharks who advertise for quick-money SUCKERS and want to make an honest deal with an honest man, who never fails to do more than he promises, who has all the money he needs to conduct his business, to credit his agents, write to me and give me the names of five references that I may know I can safely trust you with goods to start with. No experience necessary, no capital required. Men and women, old or young, make more money selling my articles than any others, and stay selling them, making money and friends always. A permanent, pleasant, profitable, and growing business. No fakers need apply. I refer to all mercantile agencies, to any bank or reputable business concern in Chicago, and before you receive any proposition I must know if you are trustworthy. THEO. NOEL, Chicago.

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AGENTS WANTED—MEN, BEST STANDING and address, experienced insurance men preferred, sell best oil stock on market; gusher guaranteed or money refunded. K 376, Tribune office.

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WHOLESALE HOUSES.
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FACTORIES, MACHINE SHOPS.
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JANITORS, ELEVATOR MEN.
CARPENTERS, ELECTRICIAN HELPERS.
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COLLECTORS, BOOKKEEPERS.
TIMEKEEPERS, SHIPPING CLERKS.
STOCKKEEPERS, CHECKERS, CALLERS.
SALESMEN, FLOORWALKERS.
RAILROAD OFFICE WORK, BILLING, ETC.

STROUP'S BUREAU. 199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor.

WE CAN GIVE employment to all. We have positions of all kinds open to those seeking work. No charge unless placed. Honest dealings with all. No charge to employers. Acme Employment Agency, 194 Clark-st., Room 2.

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Bookkeeper, good references	12.00
Stock clerk, exp. in underwear	12.00
Stock clerk, exp. in dry goods	12.00
Stock clerk, exp. in clothing	12.00
Stock clerk, exp. in hardware	12.00
Salesman, exp. in perfumes, soaps, etc.	....
Stenographer and office man, 18-20	12.00
Stenographer, Rem.	
Young man, 21-24, exp. in clerical work	10.00
Young man, exp. in clerical work, out of city	8.00
Shipping clerk, exp. in books	8.00
Young man to keep advertising stock	8.00
Packer, exp. in clothing	8.00
Boy to run capping machine	6.00
Boys, all kinds of work	$3.00 to 6.00

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY. 134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

MEN DESIRING PERMANENT POSITIONS call; positions procured for bookkeepers, $18; collectors, $15; shipping, receiving, railroad, stock clerks, $15; timekeepers, floorwalkers, $18. GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $12; cashiers, checkers, callers, $15; grocery, shoe, hardware, gents' furnishing, dry goods, entry, bill clerks, $10, $12, $15; salesmen, city, $15; road, $20. WATCHMEN, $15; private detectives, $18; janitors, flats, $75; elevator runners, $12; Engineers, electricians, $18; helpers, $10; delivery drivers, teamsters, $12. USEFUL MEN, WHOLESALE HOUSES, freight depots, $12; packers, truckers, other positions. Guarantee Agency, 195 La Salle-st., Room 14.

WE HAVE THESE POSITIONS OPEN TODAY—No money accepted until position is filled:

Stenographer, expd	$12
Stenographer, expd. office man	$10 to 15
Stenographer	$5 to 8
Asst. shipping clerk	10
Salesman, rubber goods	12
Bill clerk, city exp. in wh. grocery	$12 to 18
Asst. bookkeeper	$10 to 12
Boys, office and errand	$3 to 5

THE LOGAN COMPANY. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

MEN—LOOKING FOR WORK CALL—POSItions secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, callers, packers, wholesale and warehouse men, $10 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator men, $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers, telegraphers, collectors, cashiers, billing, entry, shipping clerks, and office assistants, $9 up; farm managers, caretakers, men for street car lines, railroad wipers, oilers, engineers, firemen; distributing samples and circulars, tacking signs; other work. RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 209-211 State-st., Room 55.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST-CLASS	$20
Stenographer, law experience	75
Stenographer, railroad	60
Stenographers, six	$40-50
Bookkeeper, good	15
Office men, four	$8-10
Stock clerk, young man, exp.	7
Grocery clerk, good	10
Driver, city experience	9
Office and errand boys	$3-4

Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

AUDITOR OF DISBURSEMENTS	$30
Accountant, for traveling position	30
Bookkeeper and cashier	20
Stenographer, extra good penman	20
Bookkeeper, bright young man	15
Office clerk, to work nights	15
Office clerk, good writer and figurer	14
Stenographer and bookkeeper, young man	12
Office clerk, some R. R. experience	8

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE. 185 DEARBORN-ST.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY, 1007, 160 Washington-st. Phone 2573 Main. Office positions only. A new system. Different from "employment agencies."

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE; only eight weeks required; steady practice; splendid instructions; wages and experience in shops Saturdays; tools presented each student; positions guaranteed; hundreds of graduates to recommend us; special inducements now to applicants from distance. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

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Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—MALE; SMITH PREMIER operator; experienced in lumber business; to leave city; $50 to start; good opportunity to right party. Address N N 482, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND GOOD ALL-AROUND genl. office young man; accurate at figures, stenog.; work light; good salary; chance of advancement. 403, 134 Monroe.

STENOGRAPHER — YOUNG MAN, AGE 20, with 2 years' experience; $12. G. E. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, TO start at $20 to $30 per mo.; good chance to advance. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; POSITION out of city; good prospects for promotion; salary $12. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

STENOGRAPHER — EXPD.; GOOD REFS.; Rem.; $12. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

STENOG. AND OFFICE MAN—EXP.; $8-$9. LYNN HOWARD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOG. AND OFFICE MAN—EXP.; $10-$12. BAYNE, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—VERY RAPID; LAW EXP. preferred; $75. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

Miscellaneous.

AN INCOME OF $15 WEEK CAN BE EARNED in spare time or evening by any person able to write; proof sent free to those sending addressed envelope, with references, to Grannan Co., Box 227, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ARTIST—GOOD AND EXPERIENCED, TO make wash drawings of buggies; good pay; must be willing to leave city. Call, with samples, at ROSENOW & CO., 373 Dearborn-st.

ASSISTANT JANITOR — FOR FIRST-CLASS apartment building on North Side; state age, experience, and salary expected. J 402, Tribune.

COLLECTOR AND STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT boy; state wages. Address J 436, Tribune office.

COLLECTOR—GOOD COLLECTOR ON COMMISsion who can also solicit. Call 645 W. 63d-st.

COMMERCIAL ARTISTS—A1, FOR MECHANical work and retouching; steady work at good salary for right men. Address N N 392, Tribune.

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INDUSTRIAL LIFE INS. SUPTS. AND ASSTS.; 36 times; no lapses. Tranah, 1314 Unity Bldg.

JEWISH GENTLEMAN—SUBSCRIPTION WORK on Reform Advocate. Apply 1442 Marquette Bdg.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, ALL-AROUND, TO work in our clothroom; no others need apply. POWERS & WALKER CASKET CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

MAN—TO TRAVEL; NO SELLING; SALARY, com., expenses. Call 225 Dearborn-st., Room 829.

PORTER—ALTEN HOUSE, 4137 SOUTH HALsted-st.

PORTRAIT MAN—GOOD, TO GO EAST ON work similar to "King's Notable New-Yorkers." Address J 498, Tribune office.

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YOU CAN EARN A GOOD SALARY TALKING to your friends and neighbors. Address T 375, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—WHO UNDERSTANDS STEAM heating to take care of a complicated steam and hot water system in private residence and a flat building; must be ingenious and resourceful and willing to give a helping hand at other work when occasion requires. Call side entrance, 1074 Warren-av., near Garfield Park, and ask for Murphy or coachman.

YOUNG MAN—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN general sporting goods line, to work in stock and receiving room; good opportunity for advancement; state age and experience. Address N C 103, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—EVERYWHERE; WE PAY $8 per 1,000 for writing letters for us; we can use 20,000 weekly. Send addressed envelope, particulars. F. M. C., Dept. 5, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

YOUNG MAN—TO DELIVER GOODS, GROcery store. 379 S. State-st.

YOUNG MAN—TO WORK IN LUNCH AND pool room. 299 W. 12th-st.

6 EXPERIENCED GROCERY ORDER CLERKS and packers. Apply L. KLEIN, Halsted and 14th-sts.

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EYES TESTED FREE; GLASSES AT LOWEST prices. RAITHEL, Room 818, Schiller Building.

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FOR SALE—ONE REMINGTON TYPEWRITER almost as good as new; also oak folding top desk for same; $50 buys both. Address J 417, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITERS — BARGAINS; STANDARD makes a specialty; machines shipped subject to trial. Typewriter Exch., 124 La Salle-st., Chicago.

DAVIS' TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 185 Dearborn-st.—Machines bought, sold; rentals, $3.

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BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG LADY, CAPABLE OF taking charge set of books. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—GOOD penman; $6 to $8. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

LADY BILL CLERK AND ADDRESSERS—GEO. M. HILL & CO., 166 S. Clinton-st.

YOUNG LADY—LIVING ON THE SOUTH SIDE, for general work in office; must write a good hand, be accurate at figures, and come well recommended; splendid opportunity. Address, stating salary wanted and references, P O 149, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADIES — BRIGHT, FOR OFFICE work; must write good hand. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, N N 391, Tribune office.

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YOUNG LADY—EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPer and cashier. Goodhart's Laundry, 378 So. Winchester-av.

Domestics.

GERMAN COOK AND LAUNDRESS—GOOD; small family. STRAUSS, 75 E. 34th-st.

HOUSEMAID—WITH FIRTS-CLASS REFERences. MRS. H. D. STURTEVANT, 150 Pine-st.

HOUSEWORK GIRL—WHITE; MUST BE GOOD cook; family two; go home nights; South Side; only good, neat girl need answer; references required. Answer by mail. MRS. J. L. SMITH, 4203 Drexel-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; $5. Call 124 E. 50th-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL; WAGES $5. APPLY 4208 Cottage Grove-av., first flat.

HOUSEWORK — EXPERIENCED GERMAN girl for general housework. 6331 Greenwood-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 3826 Calumet-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

ALTERATION HANDS—EXPERIENCED, ON ladies' garments. Apply 4th floor, MARSHALL FIELD & CO., State-st.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS ON SILK waists. Apply 5th floor, CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111 to 115 State-st.

HAND EMBROIDERERS—TWO; THREE POWer operators. Women's Underwear Factory, 3d floor, 85 Wabash-av.

OPERATORS—TEN, FOR POWER MACHINES. Apply Silk Petticoat Factory, 2d floor, 241 East Madison-st.

SEAMSTRESS—FOR THEATRICAL WORK. Room 28, 126 Washington-st.

SKIRT AND WAIST MAKERS—84 WABASH. E. C. PERCIVAL.

STITCHERS—EXPERIENCED; THOSE FROM tailor shops preferred. 4th floor, MARSHALL FIELD & CO., State-st.

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YOUNG GIRL OR WOMAN—FOR NURSE AND light housework. Apply MRS. V. C. SANBORN, Kenilworth, or 161 Rush-st., city.

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LAUNDRESS—PRIVATE BOARDING-HOUSE; good wages. 505 W. 62d-st., Englewood.

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LADIES — TO SELL THE PRINCESS LACE LOOM; something entirely new; the fastest seller out; every lady wants one; exclusive territory. Torchon Lace Co., 40 Dearborn-st.

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LADY AGENTS FOR REMEDY FOR FEMALE complaints; big profit. W 494, Tribune office.

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STENOGRAPHER—S. P., GERMAN	$10.00
Bookkeeper, d. e., and typewriter	9.00
Extender, out of city	8.00
Young lady, clerical work, out of city	8.00
Stenographer, S. P., West Side	8.00
Bookkeeper, Oak Park	7.00
Addressers, 1,500 a day	6.00
Office girl, German, West Side	5.00
Young lady addresser	5.00
Girls to fold circulars, exp.	4.00
Girls for light factory work and labeling	4.00

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY. 134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

WE HAVE THESE POSITIONS OPEN TODAY—No money accepted until position is filled.

Bookkeeper and stenographer	$12
Stenographer, rapid, accurate, Rem.	12
Bookkeeper and cashier	10
Bookkeeper and stenographer	8

THE LOGAN COMPANY. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANIcuring, or chiropody; new and thorough method of teaching; only four weeks required; free clinic; expert instructions; the same advantages cannot be had in any other way; one year's apprenticeship saved; tools presented each student; comparatively no expense; can earn some wages from start; beautifully illustrated catalogue just out, mailed free. Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

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STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER	$60
Stenographer and bookkeeper	10
Stenographers, four	$6 8
Office ladies, five	$4, $6 8

MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE, 740-108 La Salle-st.

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SITUATION WANTED—COOK, SWEDISH, 4 years' references. German, second girl; laundresses, English nurse, second girls. MRS. WILLIS, 2123 Michigan-av.

COOKS, SECOND HOUSEWORK GIRLS IN houses and flats; finest families; highest wages. 3310 Cottage Grove-av., Woman's Exchange.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK; $5, $6. 3973 Vincennes-av.

GIRLS—OF ALL NATIONALITIES; PRIVATE families. MRS. CHANEZ, 102 Dearborn-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND REM. OPERATOR—IN large office; must write and transcribe shorthand rapidly and accurately. Address, giving age, salary desired, system of shorthand used, speed, etc., J 57, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—VICINITY OF ASHLANDblvd. and 12th-st.; Remington operator; must be rapid on machine for copying work; state experience; $7.50 weekly. Address J 414, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—BEGINNER; ALSO DO GENeral work part of day; state salary. Address J 500, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; ACCURATE and rapid; Rem.; good refs. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHERS — TO WORK DURING UNemployed hours for scholarship; any school or college. Address O 262, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

BINDERY GIRLS—EXPERIENCED. 87 PLYmouth-pl. Regan Printing House.

CASH GIRLS—F. D. MADIGAN & CO., 31ST and Forest-av.

FIVE EXPERIENCED GLOVE SALESLADIES. Apply to Superintendent. THE FAIR.

GIRL—TO WRITE TAILOR TICKETS. 233 Market-st. STRAUSS BROS.

LADIES CAN EARN CHRISTMAS MONEY BY doing copying for us at home evenings; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co. Quincy-st., Chicago.

LADIES—TO JOIN LADY'S TAILOR-MADE suit club; 50c per week; agents wanted. Address K 340, Tribune office.

LADY'S MAID — WHO IS COMPETENT AND understands some dressmaking; must have good references. Address O 404, Tribune office.

PERSONS—TO ADDRESS ENVELOPES AT home. Send stamp for reply. Ticket Mfg. Co., Chicago. Address V 456, Tribune office.

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YOUNG LADIES—EVERYWHERE; WE PAY $8 per thousand for writing letters for us; we can use twenty thousand weekly. Send addressed envelope particulars. F. M. C., Dept. 5, Box 1411, Philadelphia, Pa.

$9 TO 15 WEEKLY WORKING PIECE WORK for us at home; no canvassing; if now employed, an hour or two evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly income; write today; inclose stamp. Work mailed on application. Address 20th Century Mfg. Co., Toledo, O.

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SALE NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK—Pianos at auction on easy payments. 1593 Milwaukee-av., near Armitage.

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GOOD SQUARE PIANOS, $25, $35, $45, TO $75 each. ADAM SCHAAF, 147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

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ITS QUALITIES AND CAPABILITIES are the kind that always satisfy. ITS CLAIMS CAN ALL BE DEMONSTRATED, hence no purchaser is ever dissatisfied.

PATRONS OF THE "CROWN" PIANO say that it has—
"an exceedingly pleasing action";
"a powerful, pure, and noble tone";
"an inexhaustible and sympathetic fullness of tone";
"an exquisite action, which admits of the utmost variety of shading";
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YOU ARE EARNESTLY INVITED TO INVESTIGATE and prove each claim of the "Crown." IT STANDS SQUARELY ON ITS MERIT.

A FEW SLIGHTLY USED "CROWN" PIANOS at especially low prices—BARGAINS.

A FULL LINE EASTERN-MADE PIANOS, new designs $125. DOUBLE VENEERED CASES, in either oak, mahogany, or walnut. $150.

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On account of their superiority as a distinctly artistic creation, KIMBALL pianos have received the indorsement of and are used in the homes of the world's greatest artists. They are also used in the leading colleges and conservatories throughout the United States.

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EASY PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.

W. W. KIMBALL CO., [Established 1857.] Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

GENUINE PIANO BARGAINS—The greatest values ever offered are to be found in Lyon & Healy's. Hundreds of bargains in new and used pianos. Among them:
TWO STEINWAY UPRIGHTS. One at $300 and one at $375; both in fine condition and fully guaranteed.
KRAKAUER UPRIGHT, $265. Oak case; adjustable desk; first-class condition; practically as good as ever.
BRADBURY UPRIGHT, $75. Ebonized case, 7 1-3 octaves; good value for the money.
ESTEY UPRIGHT, $95. 7 1-3 octaves, 4 feet 7 inches in height, fret panels; good condition and good tone.
EMERSON STUDIO UPRIGHT, $115. Small size, sweet tone; very good condition.
WHEELOCK UPRIGHT, $185. Medium size; excellent condition.
KNABE UPRIGHT, $290. Buried walnut case; perfect condition.
HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT, $165. Large size; highly ornamental and in perfect condition; one of the best styles.
ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS in special new pianos, slightly used pianos and second-hand pianos; new pianos from $125 up. Pianos to rent, $3.50 per month and upward.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN? READ THIS LIST.

1 Mahogany upright	$ 75
1 Lyon & Healy upright	[illegible]
1 Chickering upright	[illegible]
1 Arion upright	[illegible]
1 Gilbert & Co. upright	[illegible]
1 Fischer, walnut case	[illegible]
1 Decker Bros. upright	[illegible]
1 Hallet & Davis upright	[illegible]
1 Vose & Sons, goods condition, upright	[illegible]
1 Bauer & Co. upright	[illegible]
3 J. O. Twichell slightly used, fancy woods	[illegible]
1 Chickering, large size, rosewood	[illegible]
1 Decker Bros., large fancy oak	[illegible]
1 Hallet & Davis, large size, rosewood	[illegible]
1 Fischer, large walnut, nearly new	[illegible]
1 Haines Bros., mahogany, nearly new	[illegible]
1 Steinway, style E, good condition	[illegible]
1 Sohmer, walnut, slightly used	[illegible]
1 Knabe, mahogany, fine condition	[illegible]
1 Steinway, almost new, mahogany, large size	450

Easy payments may be arranged. Call early to secure a bargain.

J. O. TWICHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

VOSE PIANOS—

VOSE PIANOS.

Some great bargains this week in Vose Pianos—strictly new—perfect in every way—but in styles we have discontinued from our catalogue—You will be surprised at the prices—Also some 15 used uprights just out of our repair shop—different makes at $60—$90—$110—$115—$125—Etc.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT. NEW PIANOS RENTED.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO., MANUFACTURERS, 246 WABASH-AV.

WITH REGARD TO THE WEBER PIANO.

Certainly there is a very real sense of satisfaction that comes to one from owning any article that is the best of its kind—and nearly every one has experienced this feeling. THE WEBER PIANO for this reason is bound to be a source of endless pleasure and contentment to its owner, and the more of a musician the person may be who possesses a Weber, the more will he be or she be pleased with the ownership of it. The achievements of Albert Weber Sr., in the realm of tone production, like the violin masterpieces of Cremona, will stand unrivaled.

WEBER PIANO WAREROOMS, 266 Wabash-av. LOUIS DEDERICK, Mgr.

ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE OF THIS GREAT TEARING DOWN SALE. STILL HAVE SOME

New upright pianos	$ 99.00
Fancy figured veneered pianos	125.00
Organs [new]	15.00 and up

EASY TERMS. M. SCHULZ COMPANY, 373 MILWAUKEE-AV., cor. HURON-ST. Open evenings while this sale is going on.

PARTIAL LIST OF BARGAINS—

Oak upright	$ [illegible]
Arion upright	[illegible]
Hale upright	[illegible]
Schubert upright	[illegible]
Bauer upright	[illegible]
Kimball upright, walnut	[illegible]
Pease upright	[illegible]
Schumann upright, like new	[illegible]
Emerson upright, mahogany	[illegible]
Haines Bros. upright	[illegible]
Knabe upright	[illegible]
Story & Clark, little used	[illegible]

STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

SOME EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN USED BAUER UPRIGHT PIANOS. We offer a number of excellent instruments which have been thoroughly renovated and remodeled at our factory, various styles and woods, all fully guaranteed, at prices ranging from $150 up; easy payments. PIANOS FOR RENT—We rent good Bauer uprights at from $3.50 per month up, and allow one year's rent to apply in case of purchase. JULIUS BAUER & CO., 250-252 Wabash-av.

THE LEADING BARGAIN HOUSE—

Estey organ	$ 8	Bradbury sq. piano	$ [illegible]
Hillstrom organ	12	Smith & Barnes up.	[illegible]
Clough & Warren or.	18	Sohmer upright	149
Hamilton organ	49	Kroeger & Sons up.	[illegible]
Monarch organ	37	Hallet & Davis up.	[illegible]

Very easy terms. Renting $2 and up. D. H. BALDWIN & CO., Mfrs., 257 Wabash-av.

150 PIANOS FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS; Wegman, Haines & Co., Foster, Bryant, Holmes, and others; easy payments, $5, $6, and $7 per month; rent $3 and $4 month; second-hand pianos, $90 and up. J. A. BRYANT, 144 and 146 Wabash-av., 2d floor, near Madison.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

$145, $155 EACH—FINE TONE NEW UPRIGHT pianos, slightly marred on varnish only; latest improved lightwood cases; warranted for 10 years; call and select one; we sell on monthly payments. Established 1873. ADAM SCHAAF, 147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

$125.00. $125.00. $125.00. NEW PIANOS. EASY TERMS. RENTERS, $2-$3-$4-$5 PER MONTH. BUSH & GERTS PIANO CO., 207 Wabash-av. JOSEPH T. LEIMERT, Manager.

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT AT LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent to purchase of an "EVERETT" piano. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 200 to 206 Wabash-av.

$135 BUYS A LARGE SIZE EMERSON UPRIGHT piano; $145 buys a full sized Krakauer upright piano; in excellent condition and fully guaranteed. STEGER & SONS Piano Mfg. Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

CHASE BROS. [THE ORIGINAL CHASE], HACKLEY and CARLISLE PIANOS. Beautiful new stock. We have also some bargains in second-hand pianos of our own and other makes. Chickering-Chase Bros. Co., 209 Wabash-av.

A BEAUTIFUL NEW UPRIGHT PIANO, $125, in mahogany; special bargain. Melville Clark Piano Co., 399-405 W. Madison-st.

THOMPSON PIANOS, KRANICH & BACH pianos, Shoninger pianos, and Estey organs. Sold only by THOMPSON & CO., 269 Wabash-av.

PIANO AT ONE-THIRD ITS COST AND AS good as new; only used 4 months; must sell. 653 N. Clark-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SATURDAY, OCT. 12, HANDSOME TURquoise matrix brooch, setting in old Egyptian style, with 3 small diamonds. Please return to 524 Dearborn-av. and receive liberal reward.

LOST—DIAMOND HARVEST MOON, BETWEEN 31st and Calumet-av., 34th and Indiana-av., or on Indiana-av. car going north. Liberal reward if returned to owner, 3363 Calumet-av.

LOST—BY YOUNG LADY ON LAKE-ST. ELEvated Monday morning, pocketbook containing about $15; finder will be rewarded by addressing or returning to Cashier, Tribune Company.

LOST—PASS BOOK 1ST NATIONAL BANK and four checks. Reward by returning to 1416 Montrose-blvd.

LOST—FLY STICK PIN; SAPPHIRE IN EYES, opal body; diamond wings; between 31st and 33d-sts., on Lake-av. Return to 1 31st-st.; reward.

LOST—A SMALL GOLD WATCH WITH FOB attached; monogram on back. Return to 184 51st-st. Receive reward.

LOST—LEOBOLDT CHAMOIS BAG CONTAINing six finger rings, at Calumet Restaurant, Saturday night; reward given. J 427, Tribune office.

LOST—ON THE 4TH, A FOX TERRIER, LIcense No. 1312; reward for return to 5538 Monroe-av.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—FRANCIS: SATURDAY'S PERsonal mutilated; ALL of your letters received; also express packages promptly. JOHN.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, PREMature loss of hair, and all the diseases of the scalp successfully and scientifically treated by MADAME HESSLER, the well known HAIR SPECIALIST. If you cannot call personally send the combings of your hair. A microscopical examination will be made and a report covering the condition will be sent you. It is not necessary to lose your hair or remain bald. Consultation free.
MADAME HESSLER,
SPECIALIST FOR THE HAIR AND SCALP.
930-2-4 Marshall Field Annex Bldg.

PERSONAL—
THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stocks everything worn by men, women, and children or used in furnishing a home complete, from "parlor to kitchen." Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—OCCULT AND PSYCHIC POWERS free—A great mystic adept, a member of the Universal Brotherhood of Ancient Mystic Adepts, desires the addresses of persons interested in spiritualism, occult powers, astrology, hypnotism, psychology, telepathy, psychometry, magnetism, clairvoyance, hidden powers, etc. I wish to mail you free a wonderful document. Address MYSTIC ADEPT, Postoffice Box 1713, New York City.

PERSONAL—HIGH-CLASS FURS, SEAL, MINK, Persians, and other garments; remodeling and repairing our specialty. You can make part payment now on these goods for fall delivery. Be sure and see us.
DAVID BECKER & CO.,
Formerly of Marshall Field & Co., 90 Wabash-av., across from Marshall Field's. Telephone Cent. 2549.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTONE,
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—YOU CAN SELECT DIAMONDS for Christmas delivery before the rush; nearly a half-million dollars stock to select from; low prices, long time, small payments.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL — MILLINERY — FUR SETS, French Novelty Jewelry; Chicago agency for the genuine world-famed "Connelly" Turbans. MAISON NOUVELLE, 310 Wabash-av., Auditorium Bl.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physicians. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—BUY WHEAT AND CORN ON present condition; present prices look cheap; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. J. K. COMSTOCK, 23 Traders' Building, Chicago.

PERSONAL—A HAIR TONIC WHICH IS PERfectly harmless and warranted to turn gray hair to its natural color gradually; friends cannot perceive it. Address V 524, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—BRING IN YOUR FURS BEFORE the rush to be remodeled and repaired. Reliable furrier. Henry Kessler, R. 43, 88 E. Washington.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red nose, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — WRINKLES, MOLES, AND traces of old age removed permanently; acne cured. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES AND BEDBUGS exterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Frederick Peres & Co., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—MRS. M. E. FRANCIS COMPLEXion brushes; $1 and 75c. All Mme. Qui Vive's toilet requisites. Suite 311, Venetian Bldg.

PERSONAL — THE ONLY HORSERADISH Jack's new quarters, finest in city; cheese, butter, eggs, pickles, etc., at Elgin Market, 65 Randolph.

PERSONAL—RHEUMATISM AND NERVOUS affections successfully treated. MISS TAYLOR, 1467 Michigan-av.

PERSONAL—KELLBERG INSTITUTE, LATE of Central Music Hall; est. 1881; movement cure. Tel. 2632 Cen. Dyche Bldg., 65 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—RHEUMATISM SUCCESSFULLY treated by Swedish method. HILDA MALMQUIST, 328 La Salle-av., Flat D.

PERSONAL—CONFIDENTIAL, QUIET DETECTive service done by shrewd operator. 115 Dearborn-st., Room 603.

PERSONAL — MANICURE AND ELECTRIC treatments. 3d floor, 161 E. Washington-st.

PERSONAL — RHEUMATISM CURED OR NO pay. PROF. HENRY ULLRICH, 40 Dearborn.

PERSONAL — HYPNOTISM; PRIVATE INstruction; results guaranteed. 411, 21 Quincy-st.

PERSONAL — FACIAL, SCALP TREATMENT; also manicuring. 56 5th-av., Suite 313-314.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SACRIFICE THIS week the prettiest and most costly furnished home in town, consisting of everything up-to-date and good as new, used only four months; parlor suit in silk verona and art nouveau, Vernis Martin table, brass and Dresden beds, box springs, hair mattresses, mahogany, bird's-eye maple, and oak dressers and chiffoniers, elegant sideboard, extension table, and leather seat chairs in golden oak, genuine leather couch, Turkish rockers, and fancy chairs; parlor and library chairs and tables; beautiful combination bookcase, cost $90; ladies' desk; 9x12 Bigelow rugs, velvet and Brussels carpets, genuine imported rugs, silk drapes, lace curtains, bric-a-brac cabinet, elegant pictures, and statuary; also genuine mahogany upright piano without a mar, fully guaranteed; my home is perfect and must be seen to be appreciated; leaving city and will sell cheap, separately or together. Call day or evening. 3309 South Park-av.

WILL SELL AT HALF THE ORIGINAL COST, household goods, nearly new, all very fine, consisting of parlor furniture and odd pieces silk upholstering, Turkish leather couch and easy chairs to match, quartered oak dining set, leather seat chairs, dressers, and chiffoniers in oak, mahogany, and bird's eye maple, brass and bronze beds, hair mattresses and box springs, rugs, carpets, pictures, combination oak bookcases, parlor and library tables in mahogany, odd rockers, pier mirror, two-piece, leather library suit, lace curtains, portieres, also odd parlor chairs in gold leaf; will sell separately. Call any time. 653 N. Clark, opposite park.

SEE OUR EXHIBIT AND DEMONSTRATION of Coles hot blast stove Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of this week in our range department; they pay for themselves the first winter; prices $9 to $36. ORR & LOCKETT CO., 71-73 Randolph-st.

GREAT OCTOBER SALE OF RUGS; THOUsands of the handsomest rugs ever made at great bargains. The RUG STORE, Wabash-av., cor. Congress.

MUST SELL THIS WEEK IRON AND BRASS beds, chiffoniers, dressers, dining set, etc.; half price. 2227 Indiana-av.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

STOVES, RANGES, AND FURNACES. GLENwood ranges, Columbian Joy heater; large variety; lowest price. J. RETTERER, 167 Lake-st.

KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store h. h. furniture. Office, 314 E. 43d-st.; Tel. Oak. 80. T. W. PHILPOT, Mgr.

WANTED — 2D-HAND INVALID'S WHEEL chair; give description and price. J 483, Tribune.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

ROLL TOP DESK, $12.50; CHAIR, $2; PRESS, $2.50; safe, $20; flat desk, $5; office rail and partition; we buy or exchange. Phone Can. 2082. Chicago Safe and Desk Co., 49 Dearborn-st.

STAFFORD'S DESKS—We make the desks and sell at prices that will astonish you. Come and see. STAFFORD, 18-20 Van Buren-st.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL CASH registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST PRICES for cash or easy payments; all sizes. SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 Fifth-av.

NEW AND 2ND-HAND SAFES; LOWEST prices; expert safe work.
SELTMANN & CO., 17 N. State.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged and highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

WANTED—ROLL-TOP DESK AND CHAIR; must be cheap. Address J 459, Tribune office.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

AUG. SCHWARZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' GARments. Three stores, 158 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 539 West Madison-st.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 54 and 56 39th-st., phone Oak. 539.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

FOR SALE—CHEVIOT RAMS, EIGHTEEN months old. Registered American Sheep Society. Bridgewater Farm, Prairie View, Illinois.

SINGING CANARIES, PARROTS, GOLDFISH, etc. Kaempfer bird store, 88 State-st.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE FOR TRANSPORTATION TO Florida, full dress suit, 36, ladies' suits, etc. Address H R 107, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—5 PIECES FRENCH WALNUT furniture, cost $1,500 for real est. K 200, Tribune.

DETECTIVES AND AGENCIES.

THE THIEL DETECTIVE SERVICE CO., OFfices in principal cities of U. S., Canada, Mexico.

MOONEY & BOLAND DETECTIVE AGENCY, Chicago and New York. Stock Ex Bldg. M. 4440.

POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS—BUY OR SELL; list free. P. WOLSIEFFER, 38 Madison-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WE HAVE THE PROVEN OIL LANDS.
We have the machinery to drill the wells.
We need a little more money to get this oil to the surface.
The Chicago-Kern Oil Company has 180 acres of oil lands in the proven oil belt of the Sunset district, Kern County Cal. One block of 20 acres of our land has producing wells on four sides. An absolutely safe and profitable investment. Work has already been begun sinking the first well. California oil fields have a home market for fuel oil because it is more than 50 per cent cheaper than coal.
The President of the company is now on the ground looking after the developments.
The Board of Directors of the company is composed of successful business-men of Chicago and Los Angeles, Cal.
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE for a limited block of this fully paid and non-assessable stock. You can buy on installment plan by paying ¼ down, balance in three equal monthly payments; 2 per cent discount allowed for all cash. Capitalization, 600,000 shares; par value, $1.
Write for prospectus or call on the
CHICAGO-KERN OIL CO.,
1307 Title and Trust Building, Chicago, Ill.

THE McKINLEY MINING AND SMELTING CO.

Purchasers of the properties owned by Mrs. William McKinley and Mrs. M. C. Barber.

Capitalization 1,000,000 shares; par value, $1.

I now offer 20,000 shares only at $1 each; during past 12 days 150,000 shares have been subscribed for; no more will be sold at this price; first come, first served.
Mrs. Wm. McKinley is our largest shareholder. The property is worth five to ten times the above capitalization; 18 claims; shaft now being sunk shows $100 per ton gold; big dividends sure to follow; order now or pay higher price later. I have the only stocks being offered in the West.
B. W. GOODSELL, Director.
196 La Salle-st, ground floor,
Chicago, Ill.

$500 FOR $1—AGENTS WANTED EVERYwhere for the most popular and cheapest insurance ever offered; new plan; old, reliable company; death benefits; weekly indemnity; free medical attendance; many other original and popular features; $1 a year pays for $500 insurance; other amounts in proportion; policies issued either sex, between 16 and 65 years, without regard to nationality, color, or occupation; $250,000 deposited with Insurance Department protects policy holders everywhere under our system; all claims promptly and liberally settled; exclusive territory and liberal contract, with full renewal commissions to capable agents; exceptional opportunity to obtain sole control of good territory by applying immediately. F. R. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary, 189 Broadway, New York.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED OIL AND LAND Company have 930 acres proven oil land in Kern County, California, in the very heart of Kern River district; six wells are already contracted, three of them to be finished this year upon 19, 28, 28, and is surrounded by flowing wells; each stockholder will share alike in all dividends earned by the company in proportion to their holdings; 25 cents for this fully paid and non-assessable stock for a limited time. This price will soon advance 100 per cent. Send or call for a prospectus. California Oil Investment Co., 813, 115 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

$50,000 WANTED IN SUMS OF $2,000 OR MORE to form corporation at Chicago to develop and market the product of five "oil gushers" in "proven district" on Spindle Top Heights, Beaumont, Tex., investors to be on "ground floor" and dictate policy of company; investigation will convince you of large profits and safety of investment; no chances taken; no speculation; best city references given and required; those only having money to invest call 10 to 12 or 2 to 4 on HIRAM C. WHEELER [of Beaumont, Tex.], Sherman House, Room 511.

ONE-HALF INTEREST OR ALL OF ZINC MINing property in the Joplin district; first lease with an option on the fee of 100 acres; 15 drill holes, showing a large body of ore; an exceptional opportunity to get in on the ground floor.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WE HAVE OVER $200,000 RESERVE AND SURplus to back up our proposition. On an outlay of $524.85 you will make $362.71 within two years. Are you interested in obtaining such a profit from an investment that is absolutely safe with a large financial corporation? If so, for full information address N N 403, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WELL ESTABLISHED DOWNtown manufacturing business [incorporated], clearing $10,000 yearly above all expenses; will sell the entire plant on account of other business for $10,000; call immediately. HALL & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

WILL PURCHASE SMALL MANFG. PLANT now operating in wood or metal line; must be cheap; or will invest in manfg. some staple article of merit for which there is demand; give full particulars, stating cost and selling price. Address T 560, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$1,000 CASH—A DAILY NEWSpaper route, one of the best and oldest districts in the city; a safe and paying business; is offered on account of sickness. Address K 186, Tribune office.

MINER AND PROSPECTOR HAS CHANCE TO emulate Cecil Rhodes. Richest gold and other products ever known. Warm, healthy climate. No agents wanted. MAGNO, care Room 164, World Bldg., New York City.

FOR SALE—FOR CASH—THE MARQUETTE E. Hotel, Cor. Clark and Kinzie-sts.; 40 rooms; steam heated; well furnished; doing a good business; low rent.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $2,000 TO $5,000 TO invest in gilt-edged proposition; no chances; thorough investigation invited; reference given and required. Address V 586, Tribune office.

$15,000 BUYS MANFG. PLANT IN FULL OPERation; stock and machinery complete; well established line of customers; busy on large orders. G. A. MURRELL, 189 La Salle-st., bet. 12 and 1.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—COMPLETE; GOOD country town; reason sickness; only drug store in town. Address H. C. YETTER, Galesburg, Ill.

FOR SALE—CANDY KITCHEN AND STATIONery; good town. Address GEO. F. NOBLE, South Haven, Mich.

WANTED—STOCK GOODS FOR CHOICE INcome Chicago flat property and clear country city lots. CARR, 424 N. Y. Life Building.

WANTED—AT ONCE — YOUNG MAN WITH $3,000 to advance; $700 and share in profits of money-making business. V 446, Tribune office.

CIGAR STORE—CENTRALLY; STOCK $425; rent $30; steam; same party 14 years; receipts $25 daily; $700. GOLSEN, 131 La Salle-st.

HALL & CO., 167 DEARBORN. 'PHONE CENT. 747. Will sell your business for cash. No office charge. Commission only.

FOR SALE—$6,500—WITH PRESIDENCY AND treasurership of profitable manufacturing business; excellent opportunity. Address J 476, Tribune.

MONEY WANTED FOR MINES, MFG. CO.'S; well vouched for. Address J 465, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MEDICAL OFFICE; CORNER LOcation; good will; good business. J 442, Tribune.

FOR SALE—SMALL, FIRST-CLASS EUROPEAN hotel, by reason of sickness. J 371, Tribune.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill., July 31, 1901.
A special meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway company, duly called by the Board of Directors, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, on Thursday, the 24th day of October, A. D. 1901, at eleven [11] o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to amend Paragraph 8 of Article VI. of the Articles of Consolidation of the Company, adopted the second day of June, 1880, so that the same shall read as follows—to wit:
"8. The Board of Directors may appoint an Executive committee, which shall consist of the President of the corporation and six directors, and invest it with all of the powers of the board, when it is not in session."
By order of the Board of Directors.
W. G. PURDY, President.
GEORGE H. CROSBY, Secretary.

MACHINERY.

25 HORIZONTAL TUBULAR BOILERS, 2D-hand, with castings and trimmings; all sizes. J. E. RUSSELL, 1407 Manhattan Bldg. Phone 3150 Harrison.

FOR SALE—STURTEVANT HEATING AND ventilating fan, with engine attached; in good condition and cheap. The E. H. Wachs Co., 158 Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—20X48 CORLISS ENGINE, 16X8½X10 duplex pump, 7½x9 auto engine. The E. H. WACHS CO., 158 Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—15-HORSE POWER ENGINE AND boiler, now running. 65 Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—CORLISS ENGINES, ALL SIZES W. W. WHITEHEAD CO., 1018 Royal Ins. Bldg.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A GRANDLY BRED BAY KENTUCKY TROTter and family mare that recently took fright at an automobile and ran away can, on that account [if taken out of the city], be bought for $150, which is not one-fifth of her original cost in Kentucky one year ago; she is 6 years old, 15¾ hands, and sound; weight about 1,100 pounds, and very handsome and stylish; full mane and tail and can trot any good track in 2:16; she will be guaranteed just as represented in every way, and fearless of all objects excepting automobiles. RICHARD BROWN, 15 Germania-pl., rear 611 La Salle-av.

FOR SALE—FINE 6-YEAR-OLD, 16 HANDS bay horse, Kimball goddard phaeton, and harness; bargain. 268 33d-st.

HORSES WINTERED ON OUR FARM NEAR Hinsdale; satisfaction guaranteed; reasonable rates. BAKER BROS., Security Bldg.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ANDREWS, 480 S. STATE-ST., PAYS THE highest price for laides' and gents' cast-off clothing, jewelry, and full evening dresses a specialty. Send postal or telephone 396 Harrison.

UNCALLED FOR EVENING DRESS SUITS AT less than half price; sizes 36, 38, and 40 breast, for both tall and short men. HARDY BROS., Tailors, Atwood Bldg.

WANTED—TRANSPORTATION TO FLORIDA for full dress suit [36], or sell cheap; ladies' black street, also pedestrian suit, fur cape [electric], etc.; leaving city. H R 106, Tribune office.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE B 2-THREAD, $20 to $25, or the B ELDREDGE, single-thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machine made. National Sewing Machine Co., 49 E. Jackson-blvd. M. G. GLEASON, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or phone Harrison 556.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED — FIFTY SECOND-HAND WHEELS at office for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. We will send a buyer to inspect at pawn shops, repair shops, etc.
Mead Cycle Co., 355 Wabash-av.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

BOATS AND YACHTS.

WANTED—FLAT BOTTOM SCOW, CARRYING capacity from 300 to 500 tons. Erie Sand and Gravel Co., Erie, Pa.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
On receipt of postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses, located on West, North, and South Sides and in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments of from $8 to $35, same as rent. Very small cash payment. Prices $1,175 to $5,000. Let your rent money pay for a home.
WRITE AT ONCE.
WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE.
S. E. GROSS, 6TH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE, STATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
OVER 12,000 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—
BARGAINS. BARGAINS. BARGAINS.
EXAMINE AND MAKE OFFER ON ANY OF THE FOLLOWING LOTS. NO REASONABLE OFFER WILL BE REFUSED. THEY MUST BE SOLD:
48 ft. w. front on Halsted-st., 48 ft. north of 49th-st. $4,000
22 ft. w. front on State-st., 350 south of 51st-st.; only 2,000
25 ft. on Ogden-av., 48 ft. e. of Talman-st., with party wall $1,900
3 lots on La Salle-st., nr. 44th-st.; only $1,000 each.
69th-st., near Kimbark-av., 25 feet, $900.
SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—MANUFACTURING and dock property; large or small quantities; will advance money for building; lowest switching charges. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—100 FEET, EAST OF HALSTED, near Van Buren, factory site, $225 ft., with old improvements; rented $75 month.
Campbell Investment Co., 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—4 STORES INSIDE THE LOOP, cheap; Stickney and Chicago acres; 10 years' time; 3 cors. on Wash. Park; no one can undersell me. NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BLOCK 44 LOTS AT $165 EA., CORner 2 section lines on electric car line; 10 min. from great business center; if sold singly will bring from $300 to $500 ea.; greatest bargain of the year; guaranteed title. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE 3-STORY STONE-FRONT house, 10 rooms, steam heat, electric light, hardwood finish; a perfect house on 44th-st., just east of Grand-blvd.; price $11,000; might consider a trade of $6,000 of a clear house. Address, with descriptions, L X 119, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—SOUTH PARK-AV. [blvd.], near 34th-st.—10-room stone front modern house, $7,500; incumbered $5,000; good clear vacant for half equity; close price, all cash; owner must sell. A. P. STARR & CO., 125 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE— BARGAIN. HYDE PARK.
28 ft., east front, nr. 53d-st.,
between two houses,
$80 per ft.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT, 75X175, n. e. of Chicago University; will take $5,000 in clear property and balance, $5,000, cash or to suit. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO.,
108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN STONE FRONT STEAM heated two-flat bldg., Woodlawn, worth $6,000, for $2,400; incumbrance $2,600. E. CAMERON, 112 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—COZY 6-ROOM STONE-FRONT RESidence in Woodlawn; all oak finish and floors; steam heat, natural gas fuel; very low price.
KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—FINE 6-FLAT, NEAR 47th-st. L sta.; rents $2,616; price $20,000; only $7,000 cash needed. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; 476 EAST 44TH-ST., NEAR Vincennes-av., good 7-r. cottage and barn; lot 25 x120. C. R. GLEASON & CO., 43d-st. and Greenwood-av.

FOR SALE—STONE FRONT 2-FLAT BLDG., near Midway, 25 ft., $5,500.
Campbell Investment Co., 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—KIMBARK-AV., CHOICE VACANT east frontage, bet. 57th and 58th-sts., 180 ft. deep. W. A. PRIDMORE, 234 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—EGGLESTON-AV., COR. 70TH-ST., 70x125; $4,500; must sell; make offer.
JOHN GOLDMAN, 218 La Salle-st., R. 707.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FACTORY CORNERS.
CARROLL-AV., cor. Morgan, 75x100, $7,500.
HARRISON, cor. Green, 116x76, $17,000.
CANAL-ST., cor. Lake, 75x112.
EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT AUCTION—SATURDAY, OCT. 19, 3 o'clock, on the premises, 832 Warren-av., modern brick residence, 10 rooms and lot; immediate possession. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—INVESTORS, SEE OUR CORNER 15-flat bldg., one block from Ashland-av., near elevated, and make offer for it.
TROTTER & KIMBALL, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, ALL CONveniences, modern, up-to-date every way; first-class location; bargain; in Austin. Address J 408, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS AND RESIdence lots, Armitage, 41st, and 42d-avs.; bargains; see them. DELAMATER, 88 Washington.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BELLEVUE-PL.—MODERN SOUTH front 12-room dwelling; hot water heat; price, $25,000; will take some trade.
MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT — BUENA PARK—8 room house, stone front; steam; price, $4,800; rent, $40. H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN DRIVE—NORTH OF Buena-av.; lot 70x200; only vacant piece of block.
MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL CORNER LOT, 200X200 ft., and 9-room residence; splendid shade and shrubbery; rapid transit; situate between Morgan Park and Beverly Hills. Come in or write; price only $8,000; will divide lot to suit.
WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—175 FEET SQUARE, S. W. COR. Hinman-av. and Main-st., Evanston; first-class for any kind of improvement; easy terms.
H. A. STREETER, 41 Indiana-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—BERWYN—5 TO 15 ROOM HOUSES, $1,000 to $15,000; some bargains; will build to suit. W. J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle, R. 523.

FOR SALE — WINNETKA, GLENCOE, AND other north shore suburbs; houses, lots, and acres. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS at Palos Park; $300 and up; altitude 150 feet; fare 13c. MONSON & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—"WILMETTE," SHERIDAN ROAD, 100 ft. cor.; fine trees; $2,700; bargain.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—RICE FARM OF 820 AC., IN OIL belt of southwest Louisiana; every foot can be cultivated; three ¼ sections levied for rice; two 10-in. wells; two pumping plants; good engines and boilers; 10 miles of fence; can be divided into two farms; will be sold cheap. For particulars address V 282, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OUT THEY GO—OCT. 10 AND 15, to North Dakota, where crops are bountiful, climate healthful, land cheap, and very productive. For prices and excursion rates and map, call upon WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—160 ACRES, LAKE CO., Ill., well improved; $45 per acre.
100-acre dairy farm 45 miles from Chicago; 11 cows and tools included; $4,500.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

65-ACRE FARM AND RESORT ON LARGE body of water, completely equipped; best of fishing and hunting; cheap transportation; established business; sale or rent. Address P X 577, Tribune office.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—SCRIP—SCRIP—SCRIP OR LIEU land. F. S. PHILLIPS, Santa Barbara, Cal.

MEXICAN LANDS.

FOR SALE—MEXICAN PLANTATION SHARES; salesmen wanted; salary; commission allowed. Address K 413, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—100 FEET VACANT OR OLD IMPTS., clear, on Dearborn-st., from 26th-st. south. Will give 50 ft., clear, frame and brick improved, on Wabash-av., renting for $100 month.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO.,
108 La Salle-st.

WANTED—I WILL BUY CHICAGO PROPERTY [improved or vacant] at half value. If you really mean to sell, describe fully, with lowest price. Address J 463, Tribune office.

WANTED—WE GIVE CASH AND CENTRALLY located business property for 1,000 to 1,200 acres Wabash bottom land.
WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

WANTED—WE GIVE CASH FOR NORTH OR South Dakota wild lands. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 405, 155 La Salle-st., Chicago. Mention this paper.

WANTED—HYDE PARK OR WOODLAWN modern house, 50 ft. or more ground; $8,000 to $15,000.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO BUY A MODERN HOUSE ON South Side, north of Fifty-first-st., 9 or 10 rooms; must be detached; price not to exceed $16,000; will pay cash. Address G H 415, Tribune office.

WANTED—HYDE PARK OR WOODLAWN, modern home, 10 or 12 rooms; will give large coin collection in payment. Address K 199, Tribune.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR property quick or buy a farm in any part of the country, see TAYLOR CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

NEW MODERN APARTMENT BUILDING IN fine South Side location to exchange for clear old improved or vacant. CALLAN & VARTY,
145 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—OGDEN-AV., SOUTHEAST corner California-av., large business property [saloon and halls], incumbrance $24,000. Submit propositions. CHAS. L. SCHAAR, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR VACANT; NICE LITtle home, clear, 3237 Calumet-av.; must have lot in good residence locality. C. R. GLEASON & CO., 43d-st. and Greenwood-av.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

FOR SALE—
CHANDLER MORTGAGE COMPANY.
[Not incorporated.]
FIRST MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
FIVE PER CENT.
Collateral trust bonds of the F. R. Chandler Securities Trust in denominations of $1,000. Limited issue.
110 DEARBORN-ST.

BUILDING LOANS—
We will make loans as small as $5,000 at 4½% where margin of security is usually large.
Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If so, we can quote you very advantageous renewal rates. Prepayments allowed. No delay. We pass on security.
If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale of property through our
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
We have many clients with cash in hand looking for bargains in real estate.
BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent without commission.
Special fund to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
Payments are not required, but are permitted.
Every payment reduces the amount of principal and interest.
The borrower sees payment credited on his note and pays interest only on the balance.
First gold mortgages for sale in amounts to suit.
Send for detailed memoranda, stating amount you wish to invest.
Bank and individual references.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

LOANS AT LOWEST RATES ON VACANT OR improved city or suburban property in amounts from $500 upward. Building loans made. Prepayment privileges. Prompt attention to applications.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
401-402 Chamber of Commerce Building.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—
WITHOUT COMMISSION.
Lowest rates for desirable business.
BUILDING LOANS—PROMPT INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOOD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES, ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY BANK,
169 Jackson-blvd.,
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fee; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500. Title Guarantee & Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

4½, 4¾, AND 5 PER CENT REAL ESTATE loans in amounts from $2,000 to $10,000.
HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN,
Main floor, 88 La Salle-st., opposite City Hall.

MONEY TO LOAN—AT 4½, 5, 5½, AND 6 PER cent, any amount, upon approved Chicago real estate securities.
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF yours? We put it up complete and furnish the money; 100 sets of plans; payments like rent.
CASE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE ON NEW BRICK AND stone improvements; Chicago Title and Trust Co. papers. JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 115 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 2137 M. 150 La Salle-st.

ELSER & WESTMAN, 85 DEARBORN-ST., make loans on improved city real estate at lowest rate; mortgages bought and sold; no delay.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 125 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

SHORT TIME 1ST AND 2D MORT. LOANS. Money advanced to property-owners.
CHAS. HOPPER, 805 Tacoma Bldg.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT, ANY SUM, BUILDING loans; we pass on security; no delay.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Second floor, 95 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made.
KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
N. w. cor. La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

$200 TO $50,000 REAL ESTATE LOANS, 4½%. Remember the only thing that's real is real estate.
A. C. TISDELE, 145 La Salle-st., Chicago.

WANTED—$500 FOR ONE YEAR ON $8,000 IMproved; incumbered for $2,500. Address J 495, Tribune office.

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MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE, 5 PER cent, no commission; no attorney fees. E. GRACE, Hotel Grace, Clark and Jackson.

W. G. STOUGHTON, 132 LA SALLE-ST.—
Money to loan at 4½ to 6 per cent.
Prompt building loans.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

McLANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; we pass on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL EState at 5 and 6 per cent interest. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT AND IMP.; lowest rates. O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY: ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY. THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY; LOAN CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH; NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. OF HALSTED-ST.

LIBERAL ADVANCES WITHOUT DELAY ON FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS,
CARRIAGES, ETC.
OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND.
WITHOUT REMOVAL.
LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT
AT THE OFFICES OF
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR,
CORNER CLARK-ST.
301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.,
ENGLEWOOD.
BEFORE BORROWING CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.
ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

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Cheapest place
in the city
To loan money on
Diamonds,
Watches,
Jewelry,
Sealskins,
Musical instruments,
Guns and revolvers,
Silverware,
And all kinds of merchandise of value.
1 PER CENT A MONTH AND UP.
WEBER'S, 131 S. CLARK.
CITY LOAN BANK.
MONEY. MONEY.

WE WILL LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. PARTIAL PAYMENTS ALLOWED AT ANY TIME AND INTEREST REDUCED.
L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 LINCOLN-AV., UP-STAIRS.
Room 307 New Era Building, corner Blue Island-av. and Harrison-st.
LOANS CAN BE OBTAINED AT MY BRANCH OFFICES WITHOUT GOING DOWN-TOWN.
Branch offices open at 8:30 a. m. to 8:30 p. m.

DON'T DO IT UNLESS NECESSARY,
BUT IF YOU MUST BORROW MONEY,
COME TO US.
BECAUSE OUR RATES ARE LOWEST.
BECAUSE OUR TREATMENT IS FAIR.
BECAUSE WE LOAN ON ANY SECURITY.
BECAUSE WE GIVE YOU LONG TIME.
BECAUSE WE ARE KNOWN TO BE RELIABLE.
BCAUSE WE LOAN YOU ANY AMOUNT.
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, FIXTURES, ETC.
GET OUR TERMS BEFORE BORROWING.
PROMPT, COURTEOUS ATTENTION TO ALL.
CHICAGO CREDIT CO.,
92 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 21.
3202 STATE-ST., IN STORE.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.
WEST SIDE OFFICE—
567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 1½ PER CENT on diamonds, watches, jewelry, and warehouse receipts; highest price paid for old gold, silver, and diamonds.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.
Diamonds, watches, and jewelry at ONE-HALF of jewelers' prices.

BAUMAN LOAN CO., 159 S. Clark-st.

AMERICAN LOAN CO. LOANS ON PIANOS, furniture, horses, fixtures, etc., without removal; 1 month to 1 year; lowest rates; no other charges; LOANS on salaries, diamonds, sealskins, etc.; you can deal with us quickly and confidentially.
140 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 75.
Southwest corner of Dearborn and Madison-sts.

512 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG. 512
164 Dearborn-st., corner Monroe.
Low rates and square dealing to responsible people on household goods, warehouse receipts, etc.
Full informantion cheerfully given, or write and we will call.
CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages; without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
A. H. WILLIAMS, 69 Dearborn-st., Room 28.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, horses, carriages, etc., without removal; easy terms; lowest rates; strictly confidential; private rooms. ALPHEUS M. SMITH, Investment Banker, 100 Washington-st., Room 901.

J. D. SPEAR, ESTABLISHED 30 YEARS, LOANS on furniture and pianos; no annoyances; sign papers at home; cheapest, most private of all. 89 Madison, east of Dearborn, R. 8.

I LOAN ON EVERYTHING THAT ALL BIG advrs. do. Borrow from me. I will treat you better than most of them ever knew. RICHARDSON, 142 La Salle-st., Room 2.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND JEWelry at lowest rates. SLATTS & POE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS SALARIED EMployes; reasonable rate. 702, 185 Dearborn-st.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST., LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

FINANCIAL.

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WE
LOAN
YOU
MONEY
ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE,
without any other
indorser, at just
half the rates of
other concerns.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
LOUIS WEBER & CO.,
Clark and Harrison-sts.
MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM

$400,000.00
FIVE PER CENT GOLD BONDS.
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.
Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Bond Trustees of the City of Jacksonville until November 15th, 1901, at 3 o'clock p. m., for purchase of four hundred thousand dollars Water Works and Improvement Bonds, denomination $1,000.00 each, dated November 15th, 1901, bearing interest at five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in Jacksonville or New York City, maturing May 15th, 1924; each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of five per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for, but need not exceed the sum of $10,000.00; the Board of Bond Trustees reserve the right to reject any and all bids. All bids should be marked "Proposal for bonds" and addressed to B. F. DILLON, Chairman, Board of Bond Trustees.

SALARY LOANS QUICK.
No indorser or mortgage.
Confidential and courteous treatment.
Best terms and easy payments.
J. A. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., Suite 23.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE, LADIES or gentlemen, on their own names privately; no mortgage; no inquiries made of your employer or friends; low rates and easy payments. Call or address MANAGER, Room 16, 86 Washington-st.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED—LOANS ON same 6%; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6%; give higher cash and loan value than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same at 6 per cent per annum.
Give larger cash and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERZFELD & CO., 171 La Salle-st., Room 813. Established 1874.

$20 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; everything strictly private; quick service; lowest rates; easy payments.
218 La Salle-st., Suite 306. Telephone Main 4564.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED EMPLOYES without mortgage, without indorser; quickly, quietly; easy rates, easy payments.
E. M. BENNETT & CO., Suite 21, 84 Adams-st.

LOANS TO HIGH-CLASS SALARIED MEN—Best terms and lowest rates, to reliable borrowers; strictest privacy guaranteed. Suite 910 Fort Dearborn Building, 134 Monroe-st.

LOANS TO ALL CLASSES OF SALARIED PEOple; low rates and easy payments; quick results; confidential; call or write. Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE, RETAIL MERCHANTS, teamsters, boarding-house keepers, etc., furnished money without security; easy payments. TOLMAN, 1622 Masonic Temple.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDing permanent positions with responsible concerns on their own names at half rates; amounts and payments to suit. Lutz & Co., 301 Atwood Bldg.

MONEY LOANED ALL SALARIED PEOPLE 1-3 to ½ lower than elsewhere; easy payments; strictly confidential. Independent Credit Co., Room 350, 125 La Salle-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS MONEY TO HONEST salaried people, shop and factory hands, railroad employes, etc. R. 840, 125 La Salle-st.

WE LOAN MONEY TO HONEST SALARIED people without security; reasonable rates; confidential. American Credit Co., 502, 84 La Salle-st.

MONEY—ON FIRST-CLASS PERSONAL PROPerty and collateral security. CAMPL, 423 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—1,000 SHARES OF STOCK $3,000, OR any part of same; paying 5c a share per month, or 20 per cent per year. Adress J 499, Tribune office.

SALARY LOANS, QUIETLY; HALF RATES.
No trouble if you deal with me.
Room 220, 145 La Salle-st., cor. Madison.

YOU CAN GET ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED by asking for it; quick and WAY DOWN COST, if employed. PECK, 215 Dearborn-st.

LOANS MADE TO PERSONS WORKING ON salary; quickly; quietly. 1424 Unity Bldg.

$10-$100 TO SALARIED MEN; NO INDORSEment from good people. R. 1515, 315 Dearborn.

SALARY LOANS MADE ON PLAIN NOTE; lowest rates. Model Loan Co., R. 308, 130 Dearborn.

MINES AND MINING.

FOR SALE—VERY LARGE LEDGE LOW grade gold ore, California; facilities for working ledge are such ore can be mined and milled at 50c per ton; owner in city now; see him. Address J 464, Tribune office.

J. DUNRAVEN YOUNG, ANAL. CHEMIST AND assayer. 1733 Monadnock. 'Phone Har. 2428.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

WANTED—TO RENT—20 TO 40 ACRES, WITH bldgs., 16 miles of city. O 264, Tribune office.

AUTOMOBILES.

MOTORS, STEAM AND GASOLINE, RUNNING gears, boilers, ignition outfits, etc.; wagons built to order. P. J. DASEY & CO., 160 Washington-st.

AUTOMOBILES—DAY STORAGE, ELECTRIC charging, repairs, gasoline. Central Auto Sta., 17 Plymouth-pl.

WANTED—STEAM OR ELECTRIC AUTOMObile. Give full description and price. Address V 440, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LATEST IMPROVED GASOLINE automobile; new; write for description. Address V 439, Tribune office.

RAILROAD-TICKET BROKERS.

RAILROAD TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND exchanged. ALBERT J. GEIS, 203 S. Clark-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"CARRARA" MIXED AND PASTE PAINTS—Nothing like it on the market; would like to show you buildings painted with it; 48 colors; packages ½ pint to barrels; for in or outside work; send for circulars and price list. Orr & Lockett Hardware Co., 71 and 73 Randolph-st., Chicago.

CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONBONS, AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue.
C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, 212 State-st.

52-PAGE CATALOG RUBBER STAMPS, SEALS, and stencils free for business card or 4c in stamps. SAFFORD, 179 Madison-st., Chicago.

S. D. CHILDS & CO., PRINTERS, BINDERS, and lithographers. 140 Monroe-st.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS—
Cairo to Luxor and First Cataract.
Amasis ....Nov. 19 | Amasis ....Dec. 10
Rameses the Great. Dec. 3 | Rameses III......Dec. 17
and weekly thereafter, connecting with service for Second Cataract, Khartoum, etc. In addition, an express steamer sails every Tuesday and Saturday. Dahabeahs and special steamers for families and private parties.
THOS. COOK & SON, 234 South Clark-st.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE—
NEW YORK TO LONDON.
M'haha, Oct. 19, 9:30 am | Min'polis....Nov. 2, 10 am
Menom'ee, Oct. 26, 9 am | Mesaba........Nov. 9, 9 am
Manitou ....Nov. 2, 9 am | Marquette. Nov. 16, 9 am
Modern steamers. Comfort unsurpassed. All berths on upper decks amidships. Cabin only. Rates, etc.
'Phone Harrison 911. 234 La Salle-st., 3d floor.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

MEDITERRANEAN EXPRESS SERVICE—
*HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE to †NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
NAPLES AND GENOA, VIA GIBRALTAR AND ALGIERS BY EXPRESS STEAMERS.
†Lahn.....Oct. 19, 10am | †H'zollern Nov. 16, 10am
*F. Bismarck....Oct. 23 | *F. Bismarck....Nov. 23
†Aller....Nov. 2, 10 am | †Trave....Nov. 30, 10 am
*Columbia........Nov. 9 | †Aller.......Dec. 7, 2 pm
sailing at 11 a. m.
FOR ALEXANDRIA [EGYPT], JAN. 4, 18, 30.
Steamers Aller, Trave, Lahn, and Hohenzollern do not call at Algiers.
Return tickets available for the steamers of either line from Naples, Genoa, Gibraltar, Hamburg, Bremen, London, Southampton, Paris, and Cherbourg.
Hamburg-American Line. | North German Lloyd, Oelrichs & Co., Agents,
37 Broadway, N. Y. | 5 Broadway, N. Y.
Hamb'g-American Line, N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-st. | H. Claussenius & Co. 92 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE—
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—[LONDON].
Sailing Wednesday at 10 a. m.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
Excellent connection for Paris.
Philadelphia ......Oct. 23 | Philadelphia ......Nov. 13
St. Paul ....Oct. 30 | St. Paul ....Nov. 20
Friesland ....Nov. 6 | Haverford ....Nov. 27
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.
Sailing every Saturday.
Belgenland.......Oct. 19 | Noordland ....Nov. 2
Waesland ....Oct. 26 | Rhynland ....Nov. 16
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
Sailing every Wednesday noon.
Kensington ....Oct. 23 | Friesland ....Nov. 6
*Zeeland ....Oct. 30 | Southwark.........Nov. 13
*New twin screw steamers, calling at Cherbourg.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Tel. Cent. 1111. Dearborn and Washington-st.

HAMBURG—AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
Every Thursday to
PLYMOUTH-CHERBOURG-HAMBURG.
Columbia ....Oct. 17 | A. Victoria ....Nov. 7
Deutschland ....Oct. 31 | Deutschland ....Dec. 12
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
Every Saturday to
PLYMOUTH-CHERBOURG-HAMBURG.
Waldersee ....Oct. 19 | *Phoenicia ....Nov. 16
*Palatia ....Oct. 26 | Patricia ....Nov. 23
Pennsylvania .....Nov. 2 | Waldersee ....Nov. 30
Pretoria ....Nov. 9 | *Palatia ....Dec. 7
*To Hamburg direct.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN.
Kaiser...Oct. 22, 10 am | Kaiser ...Nov. 19, 10 am
Kronprinz. Oct. 29, 9 am | Kronprinz. Dec. 3, 10 am
Kaiserin. Nov. 5, 10 am | Kaiser ...Dec. 14, 10 am
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
SOUTHAMPTON-LONDON [PARIS]-BREMEN.
Barbarossa. Oct. 17, noon | K. Luise. Nov. 28, 11 am
K. Luise... Oct. 24, noon | Bremen .....Dec. 5, noon
Bremen ....Oct. 31, noon | Barbarossa. Dec. 26, 10 am
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

DOMINION LINE—
Fastest Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
S. S. COMMONWEALTH, 13,000 tons, Oct. 23.
PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL, DIRECT SERVICE.
S. S. DOMINION, from Portland, Oct. 19.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
NEW SERVICE TO MEDITERRANEAN.
The New Gigantic Twin-Screw Steamer
COMMONWEALTH, 13,000 tons, 600 ft. long, from BOSTON to GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, and GENOA Nov. 27, 1901, and Jan. 4, 1902.
TO ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, VIA NAPLES, Jan. 4 and Feb. 12, 1902.
Apply at Company's Office, 69 Dearborn-st.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French Line—New York to Havre—Paris.
In one week.
Sailing every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Bretagne.....Oct. 17 | La Champagne ..Oct. 31
L'Aquitaine......Oct. 24 | La Gascogne .....Nov. 7
Fast Express Steamers. Company special vestibuled train Havre-Paris in four hours. First cabin rates, $60 and upwards.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Celtic [new twin-screw]..Oct. 22 | Nov. 26 |
Teutonic ....Oct. 23 | Nov. 20 | Dec. 18
Germanic ....Oct. 30 | Nov. 27 | Dec. 25
Majestic ....Nov. 6 | Dec. 4 |
Cymric ....Nov. 5 | Dec. 10 |
Oceanic ....Nov. 13 | Dec. 11 |
S. TENNY FRENCH, General Western Agent.
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
New York-Rotterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer.
Twin-screw S. S., 10,500 tons,
Saturday, Oct. 19, 10 a. m. STATENDAM
Twin-crew S. S., 13,000 tons,
Saturday, Oct. 26, 10 a. m. RYNDAM
Twin-screw S. S., 12,500 tons,
Saturday, Nov. 2, 10 a. m. POTSDAM
HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
86 La Salle-st., Chicago. 'Phone Main 4140.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S.S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: COPTIC, Oct. 15; AMERICA MARU, Oct. 23; PEKING, Oct. 31. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage, orders, and information, apply to W. G. Neimyer, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Lucania ....Oct. 19 | Nov. 16 | Dec. 14 | Jan. 11
Etruria ....Oct. 26 | Nov. 23 | Dec. 21 | Jan. 18
Campania ....Nov. 2 | Nov. 30 | Dec. 28 | Jan. 25
Umbria ....Nov. 9 | Dec. 7 | Jan. 4 |
Ivernia [new twin-scr.]. Oct. 19 | Nov. 22 | Dec. 28
Saxonia [new twin-scr.]. Nov. 2 | Dec. 7 |
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Navigazione Generale Italiana, to Naples-Genoa.
Sicilia [new]....Oct. 24 | Liguria [new]....Nov. 12
Large cabins above deck. Dining-room on promenade deck. Excellent cuisine. Weekly sailings.
HIRZEL, FELTMANN & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Agent.

AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA—
BY FRENCH LINE NEW STEAMERS.
Cabin $50 and up to Azores; to Italy $65 and up.
Trojan Prince....Oct. 29 | Spartan Prince...Nov. 25
Tartar Prince......Nov. 5 | Trojan Prince....Dec. 23
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 61 Broadway, N. Y.
Romano & Schiavone, G. W. Agts., 416 S. Clark-st.

BEAVER LINE, ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS—
Weekly sailings to and from Liverpool. Lowest rates from and to Europe.
C. F. Wenham. Phone Cent. 2082. 47 Dearborn-st.

GAZE'S WINTER TOURS TO THE MEDITERRANEAN, ITALY, EGYPT, and the ORIENT. Limited membership. Programs ready. Write today. HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark-st.

EUROPE: RAYMOND & WHITCOMB'S TOURS. Ocean tickets, all lines; passports; all facilities. WM. A. FLETCHER, Agt., 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

Lake Navigation.

ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR DAILY AT 11 a. m., except Saturday and Sunday; Saturday, 11:30 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m.
HOLLAND, GRAND RAPIDS, ALLEGAN, AND SAUGATUCK every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 p. m., connecting with Pere Marquette Ry. Fare to Grand Rapids and Allegan, $2 one way or $3 round trip, including berth. GRAHAM & MORTON LINE, dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Central 2162.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS—TO MILWAUKEE AND RACINE DAILY, 8 p. m. Kenosha and Waukegan, daily except Sunday, at 9:30 a. m.; Grand Rapids, Grand Haven, and Muskegon, triweekly, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7:45 p. m. Docks foot of Michigan-st. Phone Central 1749.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—$1 TO MILWAUkee and Racine, 8 p. m. daily; $1 to Grand Haven and Muskegon, 7:45 p. m., Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. City ticket office, 103 Adams-st. Docks foot Michigan-av. Tel. Central 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3117 CENtral—Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockford, Forreston	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Mendota, Galesburg	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Galesb'g, Burl'g'n, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 9:05 am	* 8:30 pm
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	* 9:05 am	* 8:30 pm
Helena, Tacoma, Portland	* 9:05 am	* 9:25 am
Illinois and Iowa Local	*11:30 am	* 7:00 am
Texas points and Mexico	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Galesb'g, Quincy, Hannibal	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Denver, Utah, California	* 4:00 pm	* 8:30 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 4:00 pm	* 2:20 pm
Rock Falls, Sterling, Rockf'd	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 5:50 pm	* 9:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison & Leavenworth	* 6:10 pm	* 8:12 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 9:25 am
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona	* 6:30 pm	* 9:25 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Quincy and Hannibal	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	‡10:55 pm	† 9:35 pm
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona	‡10:55 pm	† 9:35 pm
Denver, Utah, California	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	*11:00 pm	* 8:30 pm
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11:00 pm	* 7:00 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Passenger Station, Van Buren, near Clark-st. City ticket office, cor. Adams and Dearborn-sts.

Trains—	Leave.	Arrive.
Illinois and Davenport Mail	† 9:15 am	† 7:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail	† 9:15 am	† 2:00 pm
Peoria	† 9:15 am	† 2:00 pm
Wash'n, Oskaloosa, D. Moines	† 9:15 am	† 4:45 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	* 2:45 pm
Local to Davenport	† 1:05 pm	† 7:50 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 3:15 pm	† 9:57 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 4:15 pm	*10:35 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:15 pm	* 7:50 am
Joliet Exp.—Peru Accom.	† 5:10 pm	† 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, Leavenw'h, Atch., Colo., and Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	† 5:45 pm	† 4:45 pm
Omaha Limited	* 6:30 pm	*10:35 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah & California, via Omaha. Library Buffet Car, Din'g Car	*10:00 pm	* 7:59 am
Cedar Rap., St. Paul & Minn.	‡10:00 pm	‡ 7:00 am
K. City, Atch., St. Joe & Des Moines, Omaha, Tex. & Colo.	‡11:30 pm	‡ 7:00 am
Peoria and Davenport	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. ‖Ex. Monday.

WABASH RAILROAD — DEPOT, DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday] Cen. 3046. Depot H. 755.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	*11:03 am	* 4:45 pm
Peoria & Springfield Exp.	†11:03 am	† 2:30 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:17 pm	* 7:30 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express	*11:30 pm	* 8:00 am
Peoria and Texas Limited	*11:02 am	* 4:45 pm
Forrest Accommodation	* 4:35 pm	* 9:47 am
Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston	*11:00 am	* 3:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls, and N. Y.	* 3:03 pm	* 9:30 pm
Pan-American Special	* 9:15 pm	*10:05 am
Detroit, N. Falls & Bos. ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex.	* 3:03 pm	* 9:30 pm

CHICAGO & ALTON—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal and Adams-sts. *Daily, †Ex. Sun. Office, 101 Adams-st. 'Phone Central 1767. Trains leave for Kansas City and West: *4:00 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *11:45 p. m. For St. Louis and South: *9:30 a. m., *11:45 a. m., *9:00 p. m., *11:45 p. m. For Peoria: †9:30 a. m., *4:00 p. m., *11:45 p. m. Trains arrive from Kansas City: *7:15 a. m., *8:10 a. m. From St. Louis: *7:15 a. m., *8:10 a. m., *4:20 p. m., †8:00 p. m. From Peoria: *7:15 a. m., *1:30 p. m., †8:00 p. m. Bloomington Accommodation trains leave Chicago: *8:15 a. m., arrive Chicago, *10:10 a. m., 1:30 p. m., and 9:15 p. m.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket offices, 212 Clark-st. (Telephone Central ...) Oakley-av. and Wells-st. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Des Moines, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Portland	*10:00 pm	[illegible]
Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Des Moines, Marshalltown, Cedar Rapids	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sioux City, Mason City, Fairmont, Parkersburg, Tracy, Sanborn	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids	[illegible]	[illegible]
Black Hills and Deadwood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Duluth Limited	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Hudson, Stillwater	[illegible]	[illegible]
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato	[illegible]	[illegible]
Winona, La Crosse, Mankato and Western Minnesota	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oshkosh, Appleton Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Bay and Menominee	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Bay, Florence, Crystal Falls	[illegible]	[illegible]

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
G. Bay, Iron Mt., Marquette	† 3:00 am	[illegible]
Janesville, Madison, Beloit	† 7:45 am	[illegible]
Mineral Point Division	† 7:45 am	[illegible]
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
St. Paul—Mpls. Day Express	* 9:00 am	[illegible]
Delavan, Wausau, Merrill	† 9:00 am	[illegible]
Madison & Prairie du Chien	* 9:00 am	[illegible]
Delavan-Beloit	†11:30 am	[illegible]
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 2:00 pm	[illegible]
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Delavan-Beloit	† 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Green Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Rockford	† 4:00 pm	[illegible]
Janesville, Beloit, Madison	† 4:05 pm	[illegible]
Mineral Point Division	† 4:05 pm	[illegible]
Madison, Prairie du Chien	† 5:00 pm	[illegible]
Janesville, Beloit, Madison	† 6:00 pm	[illegible]
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	* 6:15 pm	[illegible]
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford, S. City, D. Moines, S. Falls	* 6:15 pm	[illegible]
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
St. Paul, Mpls. Fast Mail	* 9:55 pm	* 7:00 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq., The Copper Country Lim.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul—Minneapolis	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, Star Lake	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
Ced. Rapids, K. City, S'x City	*10:25 pm	[illegible]
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	*10:25 pm	[illegible]
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver	*10:25 pm	[illegible]

For Milwaukee—Depart, ‡3:00, *7:00, *9:00, †11:30 a. m., *3:00, *5:00, *6:20, *9:55, *10:30 p. m. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. ‖Ex. Monday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for the South [except fast mail] can be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city ticket office, 99 Adams-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
Hot Sp'gs, Ark., via Memphis	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
Memphis and New Orleans Limited—Hot Sp'gs, Ark., via Memphis, Nashville	* 6:10 pm	*10:00 am
Monticello, Ill., and Decatur	* 6:10 pm	* 1:10 pm
St. Louis and Springfield Diamond Special	*10:15 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield Daylight Special, Decatur	*11:00 am	* 7:20 pm
Cairo, Decatur, St. L. Local	† 8:55 am	† 7:10 pm
Fast Mail—New Orleans	* 2:50 am	[illegible]
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 8:55 am	[illegible]
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 4:30 pm	[illegible]
Champaign and Gilman local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Evansville Express	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
Evansville, Cairo, and South	* 8:40 pm	[illegible]
Kankakee and Rantoul	† 4:50 pm	*10:00 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 3:45 pm	[illegible]
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls	* 3:45 pm	[illegible]
Dubuque and Sioux City Ex.	*10:00 pm	[illegible]
Omaha & S. City Fast Mail	* 3:55 am	[illegible]
Rockford Passenger	† 2:30 pm	*10:05 am
Rockford and Dubuque	† 3:45 pm	†12:55 pm

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. 'Phone Cent. 3070.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.	† 7:58 am	[illegible]
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth	† 1:08 pm	[illegible]
Streator, Jol., Lockp't, Lemont	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lemont, Lockport, Joliet	† 5:08 pm	[illegible]
K. City, Colo., Utah & Tex.	* 6:00 pm	[illegible]
K. City, Cal. & Mex.	*10:00 pm	[illegible]
K. City, Oklahoma & Texas	[illegible]	[illegible]

"The California Limited"—Los Angeles, San Francisco—leaves Tuesdays and Saturdays, 1 p. m.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 355. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville	† 8:20 am	[illegible]
Southern Illinois & Thebes	† 8:20 am	[illegible]
Mudlavia Spgs. & Brazil	*10:20 am	[illegible]
New Orleans Special	D* 1:30 pm	[illegible]
Chicago & Nashville Lim.	D* 7:00 pm	[illegible]
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	[illegible]
Arkansas and Texas	*11:34 pm	[illegible]

D—Dining car on these trains.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY. CO.—CITY OFFICE, 230 S. Clark-st. Phone Har. 2357. Depot, 12th-st. and Park Row. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Oshkosh, Eau Claire, Ashland, Ironwood & Pacific Coast	*2:45 am	[illegible]
Duluth and Superior	*6:15 pm	[illegible]
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah	†8:35 am	[illegible]
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire	†8:35 am	[illegible]
Waukesha Local	†4:00 pm	[illegible]

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone ...

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, K. City, St. Joe., Des Moines, Marshall'wn	* 9:30 pm	[illegible]
Sycamore and Byron	*10:30 pm	[illegible]
St. Charles, Sycamore, and De Kalb	† 3:10 pm	[illegible]
	† 5:35 pm	[illegible]

EASTERN ROADS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE — CHICAGO Union Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at the Auditorium Hotel. Through trains runs as follows:

From Chicago to—	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	† 7:30 am	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:00 am	[illegible]
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:00 am	[illegible]
Columbus and the East	*10:00 am	[illegible]
Baltimore and Washington	*10:05 am	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	*10:05 am	[illegible]
Baltimore and Washington	*12:01 n'n	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	*12:01 n'n	[illegible]
Pitts., Balto. and Washington	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburg Special	* 7:30 pm	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:40 pm	[illegible]
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:40 pm	[illegible]
Columbus and the East	* 8:40 pm	[illegible]
Youngstown and Newcastle	*11:45 pm	[illegible]
Pittsburg and the East	*11:45 pm	[illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams-st., and stations, 12th-st. and Park row, 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, 63d-st. Sept. 29, 1901.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Detroit Mail and Express	† 6:45 am	[illegible]
New York and Boston Special	*10:30 am	[illegible]
Niag. Falls, N. York, & Bost.	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Pan-American Special	* 5:00 pm	[illegible]
Detroit Night Express	* 9:35 pm	[illegible]
Niag. Falls, N. York, & Bost.	*11:30 pm	[illegible]
Saginaw & Bay City Sleeper	†11:30 pm	[illegible]
Via Pere Marquette R. R.		
Grand Rapids and Petoskey	† 7:15 am	[illegible]
Grand Rapids and Trav. City	†12:00 n'n	[illegible]
Grand Rapids and Muskegon	† 4:50 pm	[illegible]
Grand Rapids and Muskegon	†11:50 pm	[illegible]
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.		
Grand Rapids Express	† 6:45 am	[illegible]
Grand Rapids Express	† 5:15 pm	[illegible]
Grand Rapids Express	*11:30 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ‖Ex. Monday.

THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys.—Station, Van Buren and La Salle-sts. [on Elevated Loop] and 22d-st. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

*Daily. †Ex. Sun.	No.	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	2	† 7:00 am	† 7:15 pm
Buff., Alb., and N. Y.	6	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
N. Y. & Bost. Special	10	*10:30 am	* 4:00 pm
New England Ex.	16	* 2:00 pm	*11:50 am
Buffalo	14	* 3:00 pm	[illegible]
Lake Shore Lim.	22	* 5:30 pm	* 4:30 pm
Elkhart Accom.			*10:00 am
Pan-American Exp.	26	* 8:30 pm	* 7:20 am
N. Y. Bost. & Pitts.	28	*10:35 pm	* 8:55 am
Buffalo and the East	32	* 3:00 am	

MONON ROUTE — DEPOT DEARBORN Station. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
Lafayette & Cincinnati	† 8:30 am	[illegible]
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	*11:45 am	[illegible]
Lafayette & Bloomington	†11:45 am	[illegible]
Lafayette Accommodation	† 3:20 pm	[illegible]
Lafayette & Louisville	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]
French Lick & W. Baden Sps.	* 8:30 am	[illegible]
French Lick & W. Baden Sps.	* 9:00 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

ERIE LINE [CHICAGO & ERIE RAILROAD]—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station. Phone Harrison 3274.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	†7:30 am	[illegible]
New York and Boston	*3:00 pm	[illegible]
Jamestown and Buffalo	*3:00 pm	[illegible]
Rochester & Huntington Ac.	*4:10 pm	[illegible]
New York and Boston	*9:20 pm	[illegible]
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	*9:20 pm	[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, Van Buren-st., near Clark-st., on Elevated Loop. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	10:35 am	[illegible]
New York Express	2:30 pm	[illegible]
New York and Boston Express	8:35 pm	[illegible]

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st., and Auditorium Annex. Phone Central 2057.

BALTIMORE & OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local Express	† 7:15 am	[illegible]
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited	*10:20 am	[illegible]
N. Y., Wash. & Pitts. Ves. Lim.	* 3:30 pm	[illegible]
Columbus and Wheeling Exp.	* 7:00 pm	[illegible]
Cleveland and Pittsburg Exp.	* 8:00 pm	[illegible]

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion, 12th-st. and Park Row, and 22d, 39th, 53d, 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 234 Clark and Auditorium.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 am	[illegible]
Louisville	* 9:00 am	[illegible]
Cincinnati and Washington	* 1:00 pm	[illegible]
Lafayette and Louisville	* 1:00 pm	[illegible]
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 8:30 pm	[illegible]

CULTURE CLUB HATS OFF.

PRESIDENT MRS. BOWES REMINDS MEMBERS OF ORDINANCE.

All Promptly Comply with Law Which They Had Broken Out of Respect for New Fall Costumes—Professor Coe Talks in Englewood on Hypnotism—Meeting of State Federation at Decatur Beginning Today—Many Going from Chicago.

Mrs. Frederick K. Bowes, President of the Chicago Culture club, which opened its season with a large reception yesterday afternoon, surprised the club women by enforcing a city ordinance which they were all in the act of violating. Mrs. Bowes had just left the platform after an address of welcome. Returning to a position in sight of all she said:

"Permit me, ladies—I have forgotten something. There is a city ordinance which provides——"

Instead of finishing the sentence, Mrs. Bowes drew two hat pins from a handsome hat and removed it. There was a rustle among the 500 present, and the sound of hat pins as they left felt or beaver followed. Then a tangle of feathers, ribbons, pompons, and flowers, as it appeared to one in the rear, seemed to have been mowed down, leaving an unobstructed view of the stage.

It was unusual for the members to keep on their hats, and one woman explained it by pointing out the fact that most of those present had hats and gowns to match, and that it would have spoiled the general effect of their new fall costumes had they removed their hats.

It was "Presidents' day" with the Culture club, and several Presidents of other clubs were present. There was a brief program, during which Mrs. Bowes delivered an address and members of the club sang. Mr. Nat M. Brigham sang a number of Spanish and Indian songs and gave a lecture on "The Grand Cañon of Arizona."

Professor Coe Talks on Hypnotism.

Professor George A. Coe addressed the Englewood Woman's club on "Hypnotism," and when he had concluded his lecture had convinced a large number of the members that they spent much of their time in a hypnotic state. He told of the possibilities of auto-suggestion, the hypnotism of one's self.

"For example," he said, "when a woman goes into the house of her neighbor and sits down at the piano to drum idly and monotonously while waiting she is hypnotized into forgetfulness. It is a hypnotic power of piano keys that leads her to do it, and not a desire to play."

Professor Coe gave many examples of hypnotism in every day life and discussed the psychology of the phenomenon. He disclaimed all intention of hypnotizing his audience, but when the address was over some of the members said they "felt queer."

State Federation Meeting.

Chicago delegates and visitors to the annual meeting of the Illinois Federation of Women's clubs, which will be held this week at Decatur, will leave this morning at 11 o'clock on a special train over the Illinois Central road. Nearly 400 women will go from Chicago.

The Presidents of almost all the clubs will go, and in most instances act as delegates. Each club sends two delegates. The Decatur Woman's club will entertain the convention.

Among the important business to be transacted by the federation is the election of delegates to the biennial meeting of clubs next April at Los Angeles. The color question will come up and may occasion another contention. The clubwomen will try to determine how the teachers of Chicago should be pensioned.

Board meetings, registration, and the preliminaries of the convention will occupy today. The regular sessions of the meeting begin tomorrow at 9 o'clock.

WILL SOON APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

McKinley Memorial Arch Association Completes Its Organization at Washington.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—The general organization of the William McKinley National Memorial Arch association was completed today. An appeal to the public soon will be issued. The officers are: Henry B. F. MacFarland, President of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, President, and Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, Treasurer; Thomas F. Walsh of Colorado, Secretary, and the following national Vice Presidents: Chief Justice Fuller, Admiral Dewey, General Miles, Miss Helen Miller Gould, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Walter S. Logan, President General of the Sons of the American Revolution; John Lee Carroll, President General of the Sons of the Revolution; Eli Torrance, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; General John B. Gordon, Commander-in-Chief of the United Confederate Veterans; Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop Potter of New York, Bishop Edward G. Andrews, the Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clarke of Boston, President of the United Societies of Christian Endeavor; President Eliot of Harvard University, President Hadley of Yale University, President Patton of Princeton University, President Harper of the University of Chicago, President Jordan of Stanford University, President Conaty of the Catholic University of America.

President Roosevelt and the members of his Cabinet were elected honorary members of the association.

Subscriptions are already coming in. Two Vice Presidents for each State and Territory will be appointed by the Executive committee.

NATIONAL MOURNING IS ENDED.

Flags on Public Buildings Raised to Full Mast, First Time Since President McKinley's Death.

When the flags were raised to full mast on all the government buildings yesterday the public announcement was made that the period of national mourning for President McKinley was at an end. The thirty days fixed by law for displaying signs of mourning on public buildings expired Sunday. At Fort Sheridan the officers removed the crape from their sword hilts.

DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

This dress is of myrtle green cloth trimmed with bands of guipure. The bolero is of black velvet and guipure and the waistcoat of ermine.—New York Herald.



MYRTLE GREEN CLOTH DRESS.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

The Singing-Master.

BY H. M. SHARP.



WHEN Mr. Sykes and I entered the schoolroom on Tuesday afternoon we found its occupants ready and waiting for us. My daughters Winnie and Mary were playing a duet in a desultory way, and the governess was correcting an exercise at the table.

At the sound of the opening door she looked up, and, her eyes falling on Mr. Sykes' face, an altogether untranslatable expression crossed her own. If she had been the kind of woman who blushes, I think Miss Lorraine would have blushed then. As she was not, her small, pale face grew if anything a shade paler.

"Mr. Sykes—Miss Lorraine," said I, presenting him.

"It is some time since I had the pleasure of meeting Miss —Lorraine," said the singing-master in his airy, well-bred manner.

"I beg your pardon," answered the girl frigidly, "I think you must be mistaking me for some one else."

"You mean you have forgotten me?" he rejoined.

"One cannot forget a person one has never seen," said the governess.

"Certainly not," said the singing-master politely. "I am sure you must be right, and I can only beg your pardon for my mistake."

He turned to me where I stood regarding them in some bewilderment.

"The time is getting on," he said. "If your daughters are ready shall we begin the lesson?"

Whereupon I left the room.

. . . .

Now it chances that I have become possessed of some particulars regarding that lesson, though I was not a witness thereof. Therefore, to save myself from any imputation of eavesdropping, I wish to state that I heard all I know from Lord Hillingford, a recently acquired but intimate young friend of mine.



The singing-master conducted the lesson gravely enough, albeit on lines which would have amazed Tosti or Conconi had either of those good gentlemen been present. When it was over he turned to the pupils with his polite little smile.

"Thank you," he said. "I need not detain you any longer, young ladies."

Whereat Winnie and Mary promptly took their departure.

The singing-master slowly rearranged the scattered music, and, taking up his hat and gloves, was turning towards the door, when the governess suddenly lifted her eyes from the French grammar on the table.

"Why have you followed me here?" she exclaimed.

Mr. Sykes stood still half way between the piano and the door.

"I beg your pardon," he said suavely, "I think you must be mistaking me for somebody else."

The girl's gray eyes flashed.

"Yes," she said, "I think I once mistook you for a gentleman."

"O," said Mr. Sykes, "I see! You think, then, that I have lowered myself by the profession I have adopted?" And he smiled.

His smile seemed to madden my wife's beautiful governess.

"How dare you come here pretending to be a singing-master?" she said.

There were tears in the gray eyes; but the young man hardened his heart.

"I have just as much right to be a singing-master as you have to be a governess," he retorted.

"I must earn my living," said the girl.

"You could earn it easier by marrying me," answered Mr. Sykes. "Your—relations would be pleased too, and that is always something."

"Yes," said Miss Lorraine passionately, "I know they would be pleased. But I won't marry you for your money."

"I don't want you to marry me for my money," said the singing master. "I want you to marry me for love."

"Love!" repeated Miss Lorraine in a faint voice, that was yet full of scorn.

There was a long silence.

Then Mr. Sykes laid his hat and gloves down on the table and came to her side.

"Look here, Dorothy," he said, "you couldn't marry me for my money now if you wanted to, for I've not got it. I've lost pretty well everthing. I have—it doesn't much matter how. I came down here to see whether it was possible that you cared a bit for me, after all. I've enough to keep myself and you. Of course I was a fool; I might have known that if you wouldn't have me with the cash I couldn't expect you to take me without. Good-by——"

He turned towards the door again, but Miss Lorraine called him back.

"Stop," she said. "I——"

She rose to her feet and stood there looking at him, with trembling lips.

"I didn't want the money," she said. "But I—I do—want you."

. . . .

I was surprised when the singing-master called to see me the next morning.

"I've come," he said, "because I owe you an apology, Mr. North. I'm a fraud. I've merely been using you as a convenience."

"Indeed!" said I. "You do me too much honor. May I inquire further particulars?"

"Yes," said he, and he bowed to me and handed me his card.

"Lord Hillingford!" I exclaimed; and I regret to say that I expressed my astonishment by the utterance of a word which would have shocked my wife. "Then why on earth——"

"The fact is," said the quondam singing-master naïvely, "I merely came here to see your governess."

"O!" said I, "is she a fraud, too?"

"She's an angel!" answered the young man hotly.

"Your Lordship doubtless came here to tell her so?" I suggested.

Lord Hillingford smiled.

"More or less," he replied.

There was a pause.

"I'm afraid," said I, "I have not yet quite grasped the situation. May I remind you that you promised just now to enlighten me?"

"Yes," said he, with what sounded rather like an effort, "I suppose I owe you that."

He paused again, and for the first and last time I saw a shade of embarrassment cross his handsome face.

"The fact is," he began, "Miss Lorraine's name is not Lorraine at all; it's Dorothy Villiers."

"Ah!" I put in sotto voce, "then she is a fraud."

But he interrupted me angrily.

"You've no right to call her a fraud," he said. "She's treated you as squarely as any one could, or should. It's only me that she tried to cheat. She came here to avoid me."

"Yes?" I said, and looked at him questioningly. I was growing interested.

"You may know her father by name," he went on reluctantly. "He's a thorough-paced old scoundrel—drinks, and bets, and gets into no end of difficulties. I've helped him out of them sometimes, because I'm confoundedly well off, you know, and because—well, because I'm in love with Dorothy. She only found out that I'd been paying his bills about two months ago. There was an awful scene. She said her father should think of her self-respect if he had none of his own, and she said I had deceived her, and she would never forgive me. Old Villiers was drunk. He raved at her, and told her she could marry me, and so be beholden to nobody. Of course she refused; she's as proud as Lucifer. She said she wouldn't marry any man for his money—she would rather work for her living. I told her I'd never leave her alone till she gave in, but she would listen to nothing. The next day, when I went to see her, she had gone away and left no address. Old Villiers told me she had said to him that she was going away to work, and that in future he was to let no one pay his bills but her. He knew no more what had become of her than I did."

"Yes," I said, "and then——?"

"Well, I found her out, as you see, and I kept myself informed of what went on here. When I knew for certain that Mrs. North was going away, I came down here and played off my fraud on you. I think, on the whole," said his Lordship complacently, "I did that part of the business rather well."

I agreed that he had done it uncommonly well.

"As for Dorothy," he said, "I merely told her a bald, thundering lie. I said I was more or less a pauper, and she believed me, and——"

He laughed in sheer lightness of heart.

. . . .

When he was gone I went to my wife's boudoir.

"Rose," I said, "that young man has turned out a fraud. He's no more a singing-master than I am."

She looked intensely surprised for a moment and then said:

"My dear John, didn't I tell you so from the beginning?"

"His name isn't Sykes at all," I went on in a crestfallen voice.

"Of course not," said Rose. "Then who and what is he?"

"He's Lord Hillingford," said I.

"What?" she exclaimed. "Jack, what do you mean? It isn't true!"

"It's as true as gospel," said I.

Now I verily believe that my dear wife venerates a title beyond all other earthly vanities—myself, of course, excepted. A light of great joy came into her face.

"O, Jack!" she exclaimed, do you think it's possible that he——Do you think Winnie——"

"No," said I decisively, "I'm afraid not, my dear. It's the governess. She's so disgracefully pretty, you know."

"That girl!" exclaimed my wife.

"Will soon be Countess of Hillingford," said I.

NEW YORK MOTHERS' CONGRESS

All Clubs in State Send Representatives to Big Gathering at Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—The fifth annual New York State convention of mothers opened with a mass-meeting of all mothers' clubs connected with the public schools, the delegates and visitors, and all friends of the organization at Y. M. C. A. hall here tonight. Mrs. Helen B. Montgomery, President of the Education and Industrial union, Rochester, was appointed chairman.

Superintendent Gilbert spoke for the public schools of Rochester, Mrs. Adele C. Brooks spoke for the thirty-four mothers and teachers' clubs connected with the ward schools. Mrs. S. A. Ellis spoke for the Primary Sunday School Teachers' union. Mrs. David O. Mears, President of the New York State Assembly of Mothers, responded for the visitors. Mrs. Mary Boomer Page of the Chicago Kindergarten Institute is scheduled to speak on child study tomorrow morning.

Before Mrs. Montgomery, the chairman, would speak she requested all ladies present to take off their hats.

Superintendent of Public Schools Gilbert said it used to be the hand that rocked the cradle that ruled the world, but according to the latest reports it is the incubator.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

GOVERNOR IN A PULPIT.

YATES TALKS TO METHODISTS AT EVANSTON CONFERENCE.

Audience Cheers Wildly When He Is Introduced by Bishop McCabe—Son of Bishop Hartzell Is Among the Candidates Admitted to the Ministry—Plan to Question Embryo Pastors More Closely Is Defeated—Adjournment Is Looked For This Afternoon.

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

8:30 a. m.—Devotional service, led by the Rev. W. W. Diehl.
2:30 p. m.—Meeting in the interest of the sustentation fund. Chairman, the Rev. J. P. Brushingham. Address by the Rev. C. J. Little.
7:30 p. m.—Anniversary temperance; chairman, the Rev. H. D. Kendall. Addresses by the Rev. R. H. Dolliver, the Rev. William Craven, and the Rev. E. G. Saunderson.

Governor Richard Yates attended the Rock River conference yesterday at Evanston, accompanied by Mrs. Yates. His visit was made the occasion for pledges of fealty to the State and the government by representatives of the Methodist Church. Nearly forty years ago a similar pledge was made by the same conference to Richard Yates, the war Governor and father of the man who accepted the congratulations of the conference yesterday.

"We pledged our assistance to your father," said Bishop McCabe, "and if the son wants the aid of the Methodist Church to drive the Anarchists into the sea, all he has to do is to order the drum beat at the doors of our tents and it will be answered by more men than he will need."

Governor and Mrs. Yates were unexpected guests. The first intimation of their coming the conference had was when Bishop McCabe descended from the pulpit and grasped the hand of a smooth-faced young man.

"I only came to be counted and not to make a speech," said the Governor, apologetically.

"Well, we want to hear you just the same," responded the Bishop, drawing the Governor toward the pulpit.

Sermon by the Governor.

"What glorious opportunities you ministers have to do good," said Governor Yates. "You stand day after day as living examples of what a Christian life should be. We in public life often stray, and our time is consumed by other duties. We can do something, but do not possess the same opportunities."

Governor Yates told of a visit by Bishop McCabe to his home in Jacksonville on the occasion of the funeral of the War Governor. The Bishop, then a chaplain in the United States army, had spoken words of encouragement and hope that had sunk deep into the heart of the lad who listened to them.

More enthusiasm was aroused in the conference when the Rev. John A. Guthridge spoke of the plans of the American University at Washington, D. C. His announcement that President Roosevelt had agreed to serve as a member of the Executive committee for the institution brought forth enthusiastic applause.

Admitted to the Ministry.

The following candidates were admitted to the ministry on trial for two years:

George T. Nesmith,	William C. Godden,
Clare J. Hewitt,	John G. Armstrong,
Ernest O. Storer,	Charles J. Dickey,
Morton C. Hartzell,	Charles W. McCaskill,
John W. Thomas,	Harry E. Sweitzer.

Morton C. Hartzell is a son of Bishop J. C. Hartzell of Africa, and in connection with the announcement of the admission of the young man to the ministry Bishop McCabe said:

"I have just received a remarkable cablegram from his father. It reads as follows: 'I have secured 13,000 acres of land and $50,000 for a training school in Africa.' England has twenty-one Bishops in Africa, but we have only one, J. C. Hartzell."

Heretic Plan Defeated.

Chairman P. H. Swift reported unfavorably on the resolution introduced by the Rev. A. L. Shute on the opening day providing for a more rigid examination of candidates for the ministry in the doctrines and discipline of the church. Dr. Swift said it was the opinion of the committee that the present examination is adequate to bar out heretics. Dr. Shute insisted that all applicants should be compelled to state their personal views of Methodist doctrine. He presented a substitute providing for more rigid interrogation of applicants and asked its passage. The conference refused to table it on a vote of 49 to 47. After several ministers had spoken the substitute was voted down and the report of the committee leaving the examination as at present was adopted.

Treasurer P. W. Powers submitted his annual report showing that the total collection for the year for benevolent purposes was $111,994.

The following were elected managers of the Conference Missionary Society:

M. E. Cady,	T. A. Matlack,
Robert Dooley,	A. H. Kistler,
W. O. Sheppard,	William Craven,
W. H. Burns,	J. H. Alling,
O. F. Matteson,	A. M. White.

The report of the committee on Sunday observance recommended that all Methodist camp meetings be so arranged as not to "desecrate the Sabbath."

Nominate University Trustees.

The Committee on Education met and nominated the Rev. J. P. Brushingham of Chicago and the Rev. J. T. Ladd of Elgin as trustees of the Northwestern University.

The congregation of the Emmanuel Church, Evanston, has extended a unanimous call to the Rev. George Howard Studley, who has been preaching at Lisbon, Ill., for the last year. The Rev. Mr. Studley is one of the youngest members of the conference, being only 27 years of age.

At the annual meeting of the Rock River Pastors' association the following officers were elected:

President—James Rowe, Chicago.
Secretary—F. R. Greene, West Pullman.
Executive committee—J. D. Leek, Englewood; F. H. Sheets, Chicago; R. B. Kester, Auburn Park; J. A. Whipple, Joliet; N. H. Axtell, Freeport; W. A. Phillips, Dixon.

The association recommended the Rev. D. M. Tompkins, the Rev. E. C. Arnold, the Rev. A. T. Horn, and the Rev. L. C. Burling to the Bishop for Presiding Elderships.

Presiding Elder Jackson submitted the annual report of the Board of Deaconesses for the year, showing 21,441 calls had been made, 1,070 Bible readings given, and $5,087 expended in the work.

The conference will meet next year in Austin. The present session is expected to close tonight after assignments for the coming year have been read. Should the report from the Hoover Trial committee be late in coming in the members may be compelled to remain another day.

On motion of Dr. Charles J. Little resolutions of sympathy for William Deering, a trustee of the Northwestern University, were adopted by a rising vote. Mr. Deering is seriously ill at his Evanston home.

GIVES HIS HOUSE TO CHURCH.

New York Man Offers Home in Syracuse to Presbyterians as Site for New Edifice.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—It was announced this evening that James J. Belden of New York, owner of the Manhattan Hotel, and formerly Congressman from this district, had offered his residence in this city to the First Presbyterian Church. The property which Mr. Belden gives is valued at $60,000. It has been accepted by the Official board and probably will be ratified by a meeting of the church. The church officials propose to sell their present church property and build on the property of Mr. Belden. The present site is in the center of the business district and is valued at $250,000.

Fifty Years Man and Wife.

Aurora, Ill., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. William H. Taylor of this city celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary today. The family present included four generations, among whom five were grandchildren and two great-grandchildren. Mr. Taylor has been prominently identified with Aurora business interests for forty years.

Features of Southern Travel.

Two daily fast through trains via Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad. The shortest route, quickest time. Reduced rate round-trip tickets on sale every day. Meals in dining cars à la carte. Ticket office, 131 Adams street. 'Phone Central 555.

CHARLES C. M'CABE, SINGING CHAPLAIN, SINGING MISSIONARY, AND SINGING BISHOP.

"Singing chaplain, singing missionary, singing Bishop." That is the record of Bishop Charles C. McCabe, now presiding over the Rock River Conference at Evanston.

When Bishop McCabe has a song to sing he does not make any apologies about it. He simply lifts up his head, opens his mouth, and permits the words to roll forth with a willingness and a richness of voice that compels his auditors to join in good old congregational custom. In his public life Bishop McCabe has done this for years. The records fail to show whether he sang before the war, but there are some who have been heard to aver that the leaves of the border trees were set to waving by the voice of the young evangelist before the ruthless hand of civil strife had awakened him from his dreams.

Bishop McCabe always has been a singer, according to his own modest confession. He acknowledges that when the weary and hopeless "boys" in Libby Prison were homesick and heartsick he sang them back to life. He inspired them with his spirit, and as his song sprang from his lips he said he was glad God had given him a voice with which to cheer those about him.

It was a favorite custom with him during the war to gather kindred spirits about him and lead them in song. When the last battle had been fought he continued to comfort and cheer the soldier in the barracks. Then a broad field opened. He became secretary of a missionary society, and in the fulfillment of its duties became known around the world as the "singing missionary." As a lecturer he often paused to sing a stanza of some familiar song. As he grew older he sang less, but his voice still is full of melody. Straight as an arrow, vigorous, and full of life, spiritual and physical, Dr. McCabe has carried his inspiration with him into the episcopate.

When there is a feeling that the audience is near to tears a song is sure to follow. Yesterday morning, after speaking of his friendship for Richard Yates, the war Governor, Bishop McCabe broke out into the "Battle Hymn of the Republic." Tears were streaming down the faces of many in the conference before he concluded. At another time when the announcement of the death of Dr. W. A. Spencer was made, the voice of the Bishop rose in "I Would Not Live Alway." "Nearer, My God, to Thee," President McKinley's favorite, is a hymn that Bishop McCabe often sings. It would be difficult to name a great song he does not know.

Ministers of the various conferences look forward to the coming of the "singing Bishop" because they know they will have a "great conference." He is a favorite with them and his songs invariably are called forth by some request. Wearers of the copper button of the Grand Army of the Republic look upon him as one inspired. No better evidence of this is given than the haste with which they approach him and shake him by the hand. As one said yesterday:

"May the 'singing Bishop' remain long to warm the hearts of our young evangelists."

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

Copyright, 1901, by the Marquis de Fontenoy.

CHARGES of forgery in connection with an imperial will are now occupying the attention of the law courts at Munich, the contestants in the suit being two beautiful Countesses, each of them under 30 years, while the will which forms the subject of the contest is that of their grandmother, the Archduchess Marie Leopoldine of Austria, consort of the last Prince Elector of Batavia, and herself a granddaughter of the famous Empress Marie Theresia of Germany. I may add that the marriage between the Archduchess and the Prince Elector was negotiated by an American hailing from England, who, under the name of Benjamin Rumford, entered the Bavarian service at the close of the American war of independence, became the principal counselor of the Elector of Bavaria, his Prime Minister and generalissimo, and a Count, and subsequently won knighthood in England, where he founded the Royal Society.

At the time when the Elector married the Archduchess he was already 71 years of age. The union remained without issue and subsequently the young widow married her principal chamberlain and gentleman-in-waiting, Count Louis Arco, a member of that same house to which that Count Arco who so long represented Germany at Washington belonged. The Archduchess left at her death two sons, Count Aloys Arco and Count Max Arco, and by her will divided her enormous fortune equally between them, with the proviso that in the event of one of her two sons dying without male issue two-thirds of his inheritance should go to the children of his brother. The marriage of the eldest brother, Count Aloys, remained without issue, and then at his wife's death he married a Mlle. Oswald, by whom he had a daughter, for whom he obtained recognition as Countess Arco. She is now married to Count Ernest Moy, a dignitary of the Port of Munich.

Previous to his death her father, Count Aloys Arco, made an agreement with his younger brother, Max, according to which the former agreed both for himself and for his daughter to pay over a sum of a million marks at his death to Count Max's youngest son, Maximilian, being the chief male survivor of that branch of the Arco family of which the Archduchess was the ancestress. Countess Moy in accordance with the terms of this agreement paid over 1,000,000 marks to her cousin, Count Maximilian Arco. The latter's father, however, had an elder brother of the name of Charles, who had died a number of years previously, leaving a daughter, who has now grown up to a beautiful woman, and who bears the name of Countess Mathilde Arco. The Countess Mathilde has now brought suit against the Countess Moy, declaring that she had no business to pay the million marks in question to Count Maximilian and that the money should have come to her instead as Count Charles' only child, and she has succeeded in accumulating a quantity of evidence tending to show that the clause in the Archduchess' will directing that two-thirds of the moiety inherited by the elder brother should go to the male issue of the younger brother was a forgery.

It is difficult as yet to see which way the case will go. But it is attracting an enormous amount of attention throughout Germany, as the Arcos are related to most of the houses of the old German nobility, while the reigning families of Bavaria and of Austria are involved. It has likewise served to recall many forgotten anecdotes about the imperial grandmother of the fair litigants.

There seems to be a sort of blight attached to the millions of the late Sir William Brooks, the great Liverpool banker, who, a sensible man in other respects, excited so much ridicule both north and south of the Tweed by his posturings as a Scottish chieftain. He left two daughters, one married to the Marquis of Huntly and the other married to the late Lord Francis Cecil, on whose demise she became the wife of Captain Tillard of the royal navy.

On the death of Sir William Brooks it was found that he had left his entire fortune to the two sons of Lady Francis, making no provision for Lady Huntly nor for his widow beyond the latter's jointure, a pittance of $7,000 a year. A lawsuit was immediately instituted by the widowed Lady Brooks, and by her eldest daughter, Lady Huntly, to prove that Sir William was more of a Scotchman than an Englishman. For, according to Scotch law, the widow and the children are entitled to certain moieties of a man's fortune. It was during this suit that many of the funny episodes in connection with Sir William's aspirations to be looked upon as a Highland chief were brought to light. The court, however, decided that he was an Englishman and that his will must stand and that the two boys of Lady Francis Cecil remain the sole heirs to his millions.

This, of course, had the effect of rendering the two young men exceedingly attractive matrimonial catches, and, judging by the extraordinary notice which Lady Francis Cecil has published in the newspapers, it would appear that the younger of the two boys is in danger of falling a prey to matrimonial designs which his mother regards as undesirable. The notice is as follows:

"To ministers of all denominations, registrars of marriages, and all others whom it may concern: I, the undersigned, the Lady Francis Cecil, do hereby give you notice not to publish any bans of marriage or issue any license for or otherwise perform the ceremony of marriage between my son, Richard William Francis Cecil, and Jessie Bain, a daughter of John Bain of Belfast, insurance agent and broker, my son being an infant of the age of 19 years. Dated this twenty-seventh day of September, 1901.
"Edith F. Cecil."

It remains to be seen whether this notice will serve its purpose and render invalid any marriage which young Richard Cecil may contract while still a minor. Strictly speaking a minor has no legal right to put his name to any civil contract and cannot be held thereto. Whether this extends to matrimonial contracts has yet to be decided by the courts.

The senior branch of the Cecils, of which the Marquis of Exeter is the chief—Lord Salisbury being the head of the junior branch—have frequently married out of their caste. It was the first Marquis of Exeter, Tennyson's "Lord of Burghley," who married the peasant girl Sallie Hoggins, while numbers of others have wedded girls of almost equally plebeian birth.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

Record of American Poets.

"A History of American Verse," by James L. Onderdonk. A. C. McClurg & Co.

The late James L. Onderdonk, whom many Chicagoans will remember, prepared a short "History of American Verse," which has appeared now, four years after his untimely death. He traces the history of American verse from the earliest colonial to the present time. He had a decided feeling for his subject, and undoubtedly, had he lived to revise it, his little book would have been better done and of more value, although this is not saying that it has not considerable worth.

Beginning with "Voices from the Wilderness," he follows the course of native poets through the Puritan and middle colonial periods down to the day of Freneau and the Connecticut bards. Freneau, who has so often been neglected by chroniclers of American literature, receives ample justice at the hands of Mr. Onderdonk. In a series of comprehensive chapters he treats the dull poetasters who filled in the space till Poe and his fellows appeared. The South, the Knickerbocker poets, the poets of nature and American life, each have a chapter devoted to their work, and it is gratifying to find that Mr. Onderdonk makes honorable mention of the songsters who wrote for the negro minstrel stage in the early days. Idealism and realism, humor and satire, idyllic and lyric are some of the divisions Mr. Onderdonk makes in his subjects. He devotes much space to Poe, to Whitman, and to Bryant, passes lightly over the really deep sentiment and unique fancy of Lanier, lingers lovingly over Longfellow and Whittier, and closes his book with a chapter on "The Aftermath."

One does not, except in such cases as have been mentioned, get definite opinions in general upon his estimate of the value of American verse, past, present, or in the future. But the mere mention of these writers and their work, their place in the general scheme of American literature, and their relation to their contemporaries is in itself valuable. The last chapter is lamentably lacking in names we know so well. It is strange, for instance, to look in vain for mention of Madison Cawein, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, James Boyle O'Reilly, Oliver Herford, Richard Realf, Frank L. Stanton, the Goodale sisters, Charles G. Halpine, J. A. Wilstach, the translator of Dante; Emily Dickinson, George T. Lanigan, Richard Hovey, John B. Tabb, Tom Masson, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Carolyn Wells, Carlotta Perry, Ernest McGaffey, Louise Chandler Moulton, Stephen Crane, and a great many others.

An Innocuous Romance.

"The Presumption of Stanley Hay, M. P." By Nowell Cay. Frederick Warner & Co.

There is an engaging little poem not sufficiently known to fame, which begins something after this fashion:

What is it that the whing-whang seeks,
Wandering down by the lonely creeks,
Holding his breath for weeks and weeks?

No satisfactory answer has been made to this question, but it is not beyond the bounds of possibility that the whing-whang was of a literary turn of mind, and was trying to find the solution to a popular mystery story. Certainly, such a tale as "The Presumption of Stanley Hay, M. P.," by Nowell Cay, gives one a sensation similar to that enjoyed or suffered by the whing-whang. Mystery hangs over every line, and though the reader occasionally seems to be upon the verge of discovery, he is led on till almost the end before his burning curiosity is satisfied. The little novel is quite innocuous morally, notwithstanding its sensational character. A young member of Parliament falls in love with an unknown lady at the theater, sees her faint upon the appearance in the theater of a man unknown to the hero, and at her request carries her away from the obnoxious individual, who, she says, is pursuing her. The acquaintance formed between Bernice Christian and Stanley Hay ripens into love with agreeable celerity, and as she continues to be hectored by the mysterious Baron Mertzog, Stanley follows his policy of protecting her. He feels her to be a person of importance, though she is known to him merely as Miss Christian. Moreover, as even the Minister of Foreign Affairs interceded for the Baron, Stanley believes him to be a person of power. Stanley and Bernice are married after strenuous opposition on her part—not, however, because she did not love the dashing young man—and an hour after their marriage she is abducted and carried away by the Baron. Stanley searches Europe for her, finds her at length in Liguria, and discovers her to be Princess Bernice, daughter of the reigning King. The Baron, as he has been called, proves to be the Prime Minister, and a diplomat "second only to Bismarck." What happens next it would be folly to tell, seeing that the story is written for its mysterious developments.

Brief Mention.

Thomas Carlyle's "Sartor Resartus" and "On Heroes, Hero Worship, and the Heroic in History" have just received a fine reprint from Macmillan & Co. The book is of 500 pages, light in weight considering its size, and on cream paper of excellent quality. The printing is also agreeable, and no lover of these great books, these mountains of eccentric thought, this vast accumulation of egoistic philosophy, but will be gratified at seeing the sardonic philosopher so well set forth. The eye falls casually upon the familiar page, and behold here are the memorable phrases: "Man is, properly speaking, based upon hope; he has no other possession but hope; this world of his is emphatically the place of hope." What then was our professor's possession? We see him for the present quite shut out from hope; looking not into the golden Orient, but vaguely all around into a dim copper firmament, pregnant with earthquake and tornado. Alas, shut out from hope in a deeper sense than we dream of! For as he wanders wearisomely through this world he has lost all tidings of another and higher. Full of religion, or at least of religiosity, he hides not that in those dark days he was wholly irreligious. "Doubt has darkened into unbelief," says he; "shade after shade goes grimly over your soul, till you have the fixed, starless, Tartarean black." It's an epic note, take it how you will, and its massive lines bring back thoughts of years long past, when the words, comprehended by a more youthful and expectant mind, seemed the utmost wisdom, the ultimate reflection. The Macmillan company is to be complimented upon its attractive edition.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

DATE OF WALSH-BABCOCK WEDDING SET FOR NOV. 20.

Marriage of Miss May Webster to Mr. Harry Eldridge Will Take Place on Saturday, Nov. 9; That of Miss Katharine F. Thurber to Mr. Ernest W. Teagle on Oct. 24; and That of Miss Margaret M. Hughes to Mr. Robert E. Hill on Oct. 17.

The date for the marriage of Miss Ellen Walsh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Walsh of 2133 Calumet avenue, to Mr. Orville E. Babcock has been set for Nov. 20. The wedding will be a home affair.

The wedding of Miss May Webster, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Webster, to Mr. Harry Eldridge will take place on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 9, at 4 o'clock at the family residence, 2821 Prairie avenue.

The marriage of Miss Katharine Frances Thurber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Eugene Thurber, to Mr. Ernest W. Teagle will take place at the home of the bride's parents, 118 South Park avenue, Austin, on Thursday evening, Oct. 24, at 8:30 o'clock. Miss Pauline M. Reynolds of Cleveland, O., will be maid of honor, and the bridemaids will be Miss Jean B. Irwin of Newport, Pa., and Miss Dorothy M. Barteleme of Austin. Mr. Walter C. Teagle of Cleveland will be the best man, and the ushers will be Mr. Harris M. Thurber and Mr. Walter B. Thurber, brothers of the bride.

At the wedding of Miss Margaret Mary Hughes to Mr. Robert Erwin Hill on Thursday evening, Misses Jeanne and Hester Hill will be bridemaids, and Mr. Henry Ives Robinson of New York City the best man. The wedding will take place at the residence of the bride's parents, 1407 Ridge avenue, Evanston.

The marriage of Miss Marie Louise Darling to Mr. Sewell T. Collins Jr. will take place on Wednesday evening, Oct. 23, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sewell T. Collins, 6254 Jackson Park boulevard.

Invitations have been received in Chicago for the marriage of Mr. Brice Campbell to Miss Mabel Entwisle on Wednesday evening, Oct. 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Entwisle, Johnstown, Pa.

The wedding of Miss Abbie Russell of Evanston to Dr. Edwin Gardiner of 110 Astor street will take place tomorrow evening in Evanston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Oldstrom are the guests of Miss Kathleen Scudder of 104 Lincoln Park boulevard. Mrs. Oldstrom was formerly Miss Emery of Cambridge, Mass. Mr. and Mrs. Oldstrom are on their wedding trip, and will make their home in Stockholm.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Swift are in the city. They have been traveling since their wedding last winter, and will go East again in a short time. Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Swift have moved into their new residence at 2904 Prairie avenue, and will be at home on Sunday afternoons throughout the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Albert Quan, when they return from their wedding trip, will live at 86 Lincoln Park boulevard.

Mr. George de Mare has issued invitations for Friday, Oct. 18, from 3 till 6 o'clock, at his studio in the Tree Building, North State and Ontario streets.

Miss Adele Turner of 4915 Washington avenue will give a luncheon today for Miss Huling and her bridemaids.

The Chicago Phoenix club, which has been organized to take the place of the West Chicago club, which went out of existence two years ago, will open the season with a reception and dance on Thursday evening, Oct. 17, at the clubhouse, 50 Throop street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Olff of 921 Jackson boulevard will celebrate their silver wedding anniversary this evening with a reception at 8 o'clock.

Miss Daisy MacHutchins, who spent the summer with her uncle, Mr. William Wyndham, the British Consul, left yesterday to return to her home in England. Mr. and Mrs. Wyndham accompany her to New York.

Miss Celeste J. Miller has just returned from a journey through South America and the West Indies. She is the first woman who has traveled over South America alone. Miss Miller is at the Chicago Beach Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mercer Parker have come in from Evanston, where they spent the summer, and have taken an apartment at 113 Cass street. Miss Irene Parker will be introduced to society this winter.

Mrs. Robert Drouet of New York is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Loring of the Lakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hall Wiles have moved into their new residence at 5711 Woodlawn avenue.

Mrs. L. L. Warshauer of New York and Mrs. B. H. Brunswick of Cincinnati are visiting their mother, Mrs. J. A. Rothschild of 2633 Michigan avenue, and will be at home on Thursday afternoon and evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hewitt are in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Norton of 57 Cedar street have come in from Highland Park.

Mrs. R. P. Gormully of 459 Dearborn avenue is in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Stroebel of 570 Division street will close their Wheaton cottage today.

FLOWER SHOW LIST IS ISSUED.

Horticultural Society Takes Many Steps to Insure Success of Annual Exhibition at Auditorium.

Many new steps have been taken by the Horticultural Society of Chicago to make the annual chrysanthemum and flower show to be held in the Auditorium during the first week in November more attractive than any of its predecessors. Exceptional inducements are offered in the advance premium and classification list which was completed and placed in the mails yesterday. Several thousand dollars are devoted to prizes, and the inducements also include a generous provision for all recognized kinds of flowers and plants. The Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturalists offers a silver and a bronze medal to new and meritorious plants or flowers of American origin, to be shown at this exhibition. The plans also provide for a series of daily talks on the practical points of growing and caring for plants and flowers by recognized authorities.

TO MAKE CHILDREN PATRIOTIC.

Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution to Be Started for the Young.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 14.—[Special.]—Cincinnati Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will celebrate on Oct. 19 the anniversary of the battle of Yorktown by establishing a children's chapter. This will come under the department of neighborhood patriotic work, and will have for its object the teaching of American history and the propagation of patriotic sentiment. Membership is not to be confined to children of members of the D. A. R., but all children between 9 and 19 are eligible. Children of foreigners in the poorer quarters of the city will receive special attention.

MISS HAMLIN SOON WILL WED.

Daughter of Attorney General of Illinois to Marry C. L. Mertens of Syracuse, N. Y.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 14.—The engagement was announced today of Charles L. Mertens of Syracuse, N. Y., and Miss Agnes York Hamlin, daughter of Attorney General Howland J. Hamlin of Illinois. The wedding will take place at the residence of the bride's parents in this city, but owing to the illness of Miss Hamlin the date has not yet been set.

CORN CARNIVAL AT PEORIA.

Round Trip from Chicago, $2.00.

The Wabash road will sell excursion tickets as above, good to leave Chicago only on 11:08 a. m. train, Oct. 17; good to leave Peoria until 11:30 p. m. train, Oct. 18. Ticket office, 97 Adams street.

VOLUME LX.—NO

THE COLONEL SET



NEWS—Sum

THE WEATHER—
Fair and cooler Wednesday and T
Sun rises at 6:13; sets at 5:19. Mo

LOCAL:—
At a banquet of the Citizens' a
at Kinsley's Speaker L. Y. Sher
Samuel Alschuler declared party bo
to blame for bad legislation. Cu
primaries.
Sir Thomas Lipton intimated in h
at the Chicago Athletic club ban
he would build a Shamrock III. t
a third time for the America cup.
Syndicate headed by Henry Sie
firm of Siegel, Cooper & Co. bough
York department store of Simpso
ford & Simpson for $4,000,000.
Rock River Conference recomme
the canteen law be made effectiv
colonies and national buildings,
nounced anarchy.
Mayor Harrison declared his opp
any settlement of the Chicago tract
tion until the Legislature authorize
pal ownership.
Witnesses in the Colleran case a
to disprove charge of neglect of d
fense charges Conick with mutil
dence.
Chicago Athletic club gave rece
banquet for Sir Thomas Lipton,
sented him with a loving cup.
Schooner Kanters, of 164 tons, s
Pine Lake to Chicago by Captain
because of crew striking.
Coroner began investigation into
of E. J. Colby while a patient at th
kee Insane Hospital.
Herman Liebers of Minden, Neb.,
to Chicago to get a wife, lost he
worth of presents.
Well dressed woman 50 years old f
in the street at Thirty-second a
Stewart avenue.
Federal authorities looking for w
is selling large numbers of songs d
purchasers.
Roman Catholic ecclesiastical
fused to recognize divorce of A. J
of Detroit.
Adjutant General Corbin appro
of Retiring board in the case of C
Horne.

WASHINGTON:—
Secretary Root's illness is sai
serious that he may not resume
duties. Assistant Secretary Sa
of as his possible successor as
War department.
Admiral Schley's part in the Sa
paign told by the officers of the
Actual lack of coal shown to be
for the retrograde movement.
Unless conditions materially i
the Philippines soon there will b
tion in the military forces of the
Governor Wood notified the S
War that the Cuban Presidenti
has been set for Feb. 24.
Exports of merchandise for n
ending Sept. 30 showed increase
636.
Wife of Lieutenant H. E. Parm
navy committed suicide because

NEW YORK:—
Bar association adopted resolut
ing Mayor Van Wyck conspicu
for the judicial office for which
nominated by Tammany Hall.
John D. Rockefeller gave Barn
$200,000 on condition that the tru
college raise a like amount by Ja
Action brought by a creditor t
of the annual income of G. E. Til
to payment of debts.
Report of physicians and surge
tended McKinley read at meeti
medical society.
Duke of Alba, who accompanied
Lipton to America to see the y
died suddenly.
Fourteen-story hotel to be bui
old St. Cloud Hotel, at Broadway
second street.

FOREIGN:—
King Edward seems to be in
despite persistent rumors to th
Preparing royal reception for D
Companion of Miss Stone w
urging cessation of pursuit of ba
to save them from death. Hidd
Count de la Vaulx failed to
across Mediterranean in a balloo
Syndicate formed at Belfast,
challenge for the America cup.
Ten sailors deserted from the U
training ship Buffalo at Kiel.